

Charmed Homes Inc.
Form 10-Q
June 16, 2009

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED April 30, 2009

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 000-53285

CHARMED HOMES INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

60 Mt Kidd Point SE
Calgary, Alberta
Canada T2Z 3C5
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code.)

(403) 831-2202
(telephone number, including area code)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the last 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "non-accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
YES NO

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: 6,690,000 as of June 15, 2009.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)

April 30, 2009

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

	(Unaudited)	
	April 30, 2009	January 31, 2008
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	83,531	86,957
Total Assets	83,531	86,957
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13,843	3,413
Total Liabilities	13,843	3,413
Contingency (Note 1)		
Commitment (Note 4)		
Stockholders' Equity		
Common Stock, 200,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.00001 par value; 6,690,000 shares issued and outstanding	67	67
Additional Paid-in Capital	173,933	173,933
Donated Capital (Note 3)	17,000	15,500
Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	(121,312)	(105,956)
Total Stockholders' Equity	69,688	83,544
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	83,531	86,957

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.)

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

	Accumulated from June 27, 2006 (Date of Inception) to April 30, 2009 \$	Three Months Ended April 30, 2009 \$	Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 \$
Revenue	505,665	–	–
Cost of Goods Sold	490,598	–	–
Gross Profit	15,067	–	–
Expenses			
Donated services and rent (Note 3)	17,000	1,500	1,500
Foreign exchange loss	12,376	–	6,101
General and administrative	3,468	12	181
Professional fees	102,215	13,844	10,238
Property taxes and utilities	1,320	–	–
Total Expenses	136,379	15,356	18,020
Net Loss for the Period	121,312	15,356	18,020
Net Loss Per Share – Basic and Diluted		–	–
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		6,690,000	6,690,000

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(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.)

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

	Accumulated from June 27, 2006 (Date of Inception) to April 30, 2009 \$	Three Months Ended April 30, 2009 \$	Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 \$
Operating Activities			
Net loss for the period	(121,312)	(15,356)	(18,020)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Donated services and rent	17,000	1,500	1,500
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Accounts payable	4,393	980	1,435
Accrued liability	9,450	9,450	7,088
Due to related party	–	–	6,101
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	(90,469)	(3,426)	(1,896)
Financing Activities			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	174,000	–	–
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Financing Activities	174,000	–	–
Increase (decrease) in Cash	83,531	(3,426)	(1,896)
Cash - Beginning of Period	–	86,957	22,748
Cash - End of Period	83,531	83,531	20,852
Supplemental Disclosures			
Interest paid	–	–	–

Income taxes paid	-	-	-
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(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.)

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

1. Nature of Operations and Continuance of Business

Charmed Homes Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on June 27, 2006. The Company is a Development Stage Company, as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (“SFAS”) No.7, “Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises”. The Company’s principal business is the sale of constructed or purchased homes.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which implies the Company will continue to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has generated revenues of \$505,665 since inception and has never paid any dividends and is unlikely to pay dividends or generate earnings in the immediate or foreseeable future. The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the continued financial support from its shareholders, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations, and the attainment of profitable operations. As at April 30, 2009, the Company has accumulated losses of \$121,312. These factors raise substantial doubt regarding the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation

These financial statements and related notes are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, are expressed in US dollars and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Charmed Homes Subsidiary, Inc., which was incorporated on November 26, 2008. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation. The Company’s fiscal year-end is January 31.

b) Interim Financial Statements

These interim unaudited financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual financial statements and in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company’s financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods shown. The results of operations for such periods are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for a full year or for any future period.

c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions related to donated expenses and deferred income tax asset valuations. The Company bases its estimates and

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assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ materially and adversely from the Company's estimates. To the extent there are material differences between the estimates and the actual results, future results of operations will be affected.

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

d) Earnings Per Share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share". SFAS No. 128 requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing earnings (loss) available to common shareholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding (denominator) during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and convertible preferred stock using the if-converted method. In computing Diluted EPS, the average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options or warrants. Diluted EPS excludes all dilutive potential shares if their effect is anti dilutive. There are no dilutive securities outstanding at April 30, 2009.

e) Comprehensive Loss

SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive loss and its components in the financial statements. As at April 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company has no items that represent a comprehensive loss and, therefore, has not included a schedule of comprehensive loss in the financial statements.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance to be cash equivalents.

g) Inventory

Inventory consists of real estate purchased for resale and is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the specific identification method.

h) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments, which include cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, were estimated to approximate their carrying values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The Company's operations are in Canada, which results in exposure to market risks from changes in foreign currency rates. The financial risk is the risk to the Company's operations that arise from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. Currently, the Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

i) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". The asset and liability method provides that deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the currently enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to

reverse. The Company records a valuation allowance to reduced deferred tax assets to the amount that is believed more likely than not to be realized.

j) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the United States dollar. Significant transactions may occur in Canadian dollars and management has adopted SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation". Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange in effect at the date of the transaction. Average monthly rates are used to translate revenues and expenses. Gains and losses arising on translation or settlement of foreign currency denominated transactions or balances are included in the determination of income.

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

k) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with SFAS No. 66, "Accounting for Sales of Real Estate". The sale of constructed or purchased houses will be recognized in full once the real estate property has been sold, the profit is determinable, collectibility of the sales price is reasonably assured, and the earnings process is virtually complete whereas the Company is no longer further obligated to perform significant activities after the sale to earn the profit.

l) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165 "Subsequent Events". SFAS No. 165 provides general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued or available to be issued. The statement sets forth the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The statement also sets forth the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements. Furthermore, this statement identifies the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. It is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this statement.

In April 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 164, "Not-for-Profit Entities: Mergers and Acquisitions". SFAS No. 164 provides guidance on accounting for a combination of not-for-profit entities, which is a transaction or other event that results in a not-for-profit entity initially recognizing another not-for-profit entity, a business, or a non-profit activity in its financial statements. It is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2009. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles". SFAS No. 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements of non-governmental entities that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. It is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles". The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

m) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 163, "Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts – An interpretation of FASB Statement No. 60". SFAS No. 163 requires that an insurance enterprise recognize a claim liability prior to an event of default when there is evidence that credit deterioration has occurred in an insured financial obligation. It also clarifies how Statement 60 applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts, including the recognition and measurement to be used to account for premium revenue and claim liabilities, and requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. Effective February 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS No. 163. The adoption of SFAS No. 163 did not have a material effect

on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an amendment to FASB Statement No. 133". SFAS No. 161 is intended to improve financial standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities by requiring enhanced disclosures to enable investors to better understand their effects on an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures about: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations; and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Effective February 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS No. 161. The adoption of SFAS No. 161 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

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Charmed Homes Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
April 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

m) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In December 2007, the FASB issued No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements - an amendment of ARB No.51". SFAS No. 160 requires consolidated net income to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest. It also requires disclosure, on the face of the consolidated statement of income, of the amounts of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest. SFAS No. 160 also requires that a parent recognize a gain or loss in net income when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. SFAS No. 160 also requires expanded disclosures in the consolidated financial statements that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent's owners and the interests of the noncontrolling owners of a subsidiary. Effective February 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS No. 160. The adoption of SFAS No. 160 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations". This statement replaces SFAS No. 141 and defines the acquirer in a business combination as the entity that obtains control of one or more businesses in a business combination and establishes the acquisition date as the date that the acquirer achieves control. SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007) requires an acquirer to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date. SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007) also requires the acquirer to recognize contingent consideration at the acquisition date, measured at its fair value at that date. Effective February 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS No. 141. The adoption of SFAS No. 141 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

3. Related Party Transactions

Commencing July 1, 2006, the President of the Company provided management services and office space to the Company with a fair value of \$300 and \$200 per month, respectively. During the three months ended April 30, 2009, the Company recorded donated services of \$900 (2008 - \$900) and donated rent of \$600 (2008 - \$600).

4. Commitment

On January 8, 2009, the Company entered into a merger agreement (the "Agreement") with IntelaSight, Inc. ("IntelaSight"). Under the Agreement, the Company will engage in a 1 for 2 reverse stock split and IntelaSight's stock and derivative securities will be exchanged for stock and derivative securities of the Company at a ratio of one share of the Company's common stock for one share of IntelaSight. IntelaSight will merge with the Company's subsidiary, Charmed Homes Subsidiary, Inc. The Agreement is subject to the satisfaction of closing conditions and shareholder approval.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION.

This section of the report includes a number of forward-looking statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Forward-looking statements are often identified by words like: believe, expect, estimate, anticipate, intend, project and similar expressions, or words which, by their nature, refer to future events. You should not place undue certainty on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this report. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or our predictions.

We are a development-stage corporation and at this point we have realized a nominal profit on our first project.

Our auditors have issued a going concern opinion. This means that our auditors believe there is substantial doubt that we can continue as an on-going business for the next twelve months unless we obtain additional capital to pay our bills. This is because we have not purchased any contracts and only generated nominal revenues from the first development. We must raise cash from operations. Our only other source for cash at this time is investments by others in our company. We must raise cash to implement our project and begin our operations. Even with the money we raised from our public offering, we do not know how long the money will last, however, we do believe it will last twelve months. Operations are now under way since we raised the money from our public offering.

To meet our need for cash, we have raised money through the public offering. We cannot guarantee that once we begin operations we will stay in business after operations have commenced. Further, if we are unable to attract enough clients to utilize our services, we may quickly use up the proceeds from the minimum amount of money from our public offering and will need to find alternative sources, like a second public offering, a private placement of securities, or loans from our officers or others in order for us to maintain our operations. At the present time, we have not made any arrangements to raise additional cash, other than through our public offering.

If we need additional cash and cannot raise it, we will either have to suspend operations until we do raise the cash, or cease operations entirely. We believe the amount raised from our public offering will last a year but with limited funds available to develop growth strategy. If at some point we need more money, we will have to revert to obtaining additional money as described in this paragraph. Other than as described in this paragraph, we have no other financing plans.

Operation to Date

With the success of our offering, we were able to begin our operations. We established our office and acquired the equipment we needed to begin. We did not hire any employees up to this point and our officers and directors are handling the administrative duties.

We located a suitable piece of land in order to start our first project. The lot was acquired in the community of Lake Chaparral.

Once the land was located, we chose a home plan which best suited the property. The blueprints were drawn up, specifications outlined and decisions on materials made.

Initial financing through the bank was avoided by obtaining an interest free loan of \$25,000 from our President Ian Quinn. The plot plan and blueprint were submitted to the developer of the subdivision and approvals were received.

The process of tendering out for construction was avoided by working with Shane Homes, who have all the suppliers and trades people in place. Construction of the home was completed at the end of December, approximately three months earlier than expected.

The home was listed as soon as it was completed as it was decided that with the slowing in the market it would be best to market the home once it was showing its best.

The home is now sold, but with the significantly slower market in Calgary and area, it took much longer than expected to sell and we did not realize the profit we had anticipated. The sale of the home was just on June 3, 2008.

Due to the state of the Calgary housing market, there is a tremendous amount of new home inventory available and house prices are dropping significantly. Therefore we have discontinued our operations in home building.

Future Operations

Because of the change in the economy, we believed that it was in the best interests of our shareholders to change our business course.

On November 12, 2008, we entered into a letter of intent with IntelSight, Inc., a Washington corporation d/b/a Iveda Solutions ("Iveda"). Under the Letter of Intent ("LOI"), we have agreed to merger with Iveda whereby Iveda will become our wholly-owned subsidiary and Iveda's shareholders will receive approximately 10 million shares of our common stock. Prior to the merger, we will engage in a 1-for-2 reverse stock split to reduce the number of our outstanding shares.

Iveda provides remote video monitoring services and currently has clients in Arizona and California. Iveda offers a proactive security solution using network cameras, real-time Internet-based surveillance system, and a remote monitoring facility with trained intervention specialists. Based in Mesa, Arizona, Iveda's core monitoring service offers private and public entities what Iveda management believes to be a more affordable, reliable, and effective security solution than either security guards or closed circuit television on-site monitoring.

As part of the merger, we have agreed to change our name to "Iveda Corporation." After the filing of the amended articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada, we will cease using the corporate name "Charmed Homes Inc." and do business as "Iveda Corporation."

Limited operating history; need for additional capital

There is limited historical financial information about us upon which to base an evaluation of our performance. We are in start-up stage operations and have not generated any revenues. We cannot guarantee we will be successful in our business operations. Our business is subject to risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise, including limited capital resources and possible cost overruns due to price and cost increases in services and products.

We have no assurance that future financing will be available to us on acceptable terms. If financing is not available on satisfactory terms, we may be unable to continue, develop or expand our operations. Equity financing could result in additional dilution to existing shareholders.

Results of operations

From Inception on June 27, 2006 to April 30, 2009

During this period we incorporated the company, hired the attorney, and hired the auditor for the preparation of our registration statement. We have also completed and sold our first house. Our loss since inception is \$121,312 of which \$102,215 is for professional fees; \$17,000 is for donated rent and services; \$3,468 is for filing fees and general office costs; \$1,320 is for property tax and utilities and \$12,376 is for foreign exchange loss. We have changed our proposed business operations and will continue to complete the merger with Iveda Corporation.

Since inception, we have issued 5,000,000 shares of common stock to our officers and directors for cash proceeds of \$5,000. On August 2007, we completed our public offering by selling 1,690,000 shares of common stock and raising \$169,000.

Liquidity and capital resources

On June 15, 2006, we issued 5,000,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. This was accounted for as a sale of common stock. In August, 2007, we also issued 1,690,000 shares of common stock to 54 individuals. This was also accounted for as a sale of common stock.

As of April 30, 2009, our total assets were \$83,531 comprised of \$83,531 in cash and our total liabilities were \$13,843, comprised of accounts payable of \$13,843.

On June 3, 2008, we sold our real property for consideration of CDN\$510,000.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165 "Subsequent Events". SFAS No. 165 provides general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued or available to be issued. The statement sets forth the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The statement also sets forth the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements. Furthermore, this statement identifies the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. It is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this statement.

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In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, “Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an amendment to FASB Statement No. 133”. SFAS No. 161 is intended to improve financial standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities by requiring enhanced disclosures to enable investors to better understand their effects on an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures about: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations; and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity’s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Effective February 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS No. 161. The adoption of SFAS No. 161 did not have a material effect on the Company’s financial statements.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are not required to provide the information under this item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2009 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

The following documents are included herein:

Exhibit No.	Document Description
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following person on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities on this 15th day of June, 2009.

CHARMED HOMES INC.
(Registrant)

BY:

IAN QUINN
Ian Quinn
President, Principal Accounting Officer,
Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial
Officer, Treasurer and a member of the Board
of Directors

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