WALGREEN CO
Form 10-Q
July 08, 2005

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
[X]
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MAY 31, 2005
OR
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to

Commission File Number

## 1-604

## WALGREEN CO.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Illinois
(State of Incorporation)

36-1924025
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

200 Wilmot Road, Deerfield, Illinois
60015
(Address of principal executive offices)
(847) 914-2500
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [X] No [ ]

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock, $\$ .078125$ par value, as of June 30, 2005 was 1,015,560,270.

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## WALGREEN CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated condensed financial statements included herein have been prepared by the company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as of May 31, 2005, the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Earnings for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2005 and 2004, and the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended May 31, 2005 and 2004, have been prepared without audit. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. It is suggested that these consolidated condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the company's latest annual report on Form 10-K/A.

In the opinion of the company, the consolidated condensed statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present a fair statement of the results for such interim periods. Because of the influence of certain holidays, seasonal and other factors on the company's operations, net earnings for any interim period may not be comparable to the same interim period in previous years, nor necessarily indicative of earnings for the full year.

## WALGREEN CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in Millions)

| May 31, | August 31, |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |

Assets
Current Assets:

| Cash and cash equivalents | $\$$ | 541.2 | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Short term investments - available for sale |  | 829.0 |  |
| Accounts receivable, net | $1,515.7$ | $1,251.5$ |  |
| Inventories | $5,204.6$ | $1,169.1$ |  |
| Other current assets | $\underline{191.9}$ | $4,738.6$ |  |
| Total Current Assets | $8,282.4$ | $\underline{161.2}$ |  |

Property and Equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,921.2 at May 31 and $\$ 1,647.9$ at August 31
Other Non-Current Assets
Total Assets

## Liabilities \& Shareholders' Equity

Current Liabilities:

| Trade accounts payable | $\$$ | $2,827.1$ | $\$$ | $2,641.5$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities |  | $1,454.4$ |  | $1,370.5$ |
| Income taxes | $\underline{106.5}$ |  | $\underline{65.9}$ |  |
| Total Current Liabilities | $4,388.0$ | $4,077.9$ |  |  |

## Non-Current Liabilities:

Deferred income taxes
271.8
274.1
Other non-current liabilities
965.3
850.4
Total Non-Current Liabilities
1,237.1
1,124.5
Shareholders' Equity:
Preferred stock $\$ .0625$ par value; authorized
32 million shares; none issued
Common stock $\$ .078125$ par value; authorized
3.2 billion shares; issued 1,025,400,000
at May 31 and August 31
80.1
80.1
Paid-in capital
577.6
632.6
Employee stock loan receivable
Retained earnings
8,573.1
7,503.3
Treasury stock, at cost; $10,176,184$ shares at May 31 and

| Total Shareholders' Equity | $\underline{8.716 .5}$ |  | $\underline{8.139 .7}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Total Liabilities \& Shareholders' <br> Equity | $\$$ | $\underline{14.341 .6}$ | $\$$ | $\underline{13.342 .1}$ |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial
Statements are an integral part of these Statements.
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## WALGREEN CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED) (In Millions Except Per Share Data)

Three Months Ended
May 31,
2004
May 31,
$\underline{2005}$

Net sales

Costs and Deductions:

| Cost of sales | $7,814.4$ | $7,000.7$ | $22,852.0$ | $20,498.0$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Selling, occupancy and |  |  |  |  |
| administration | $\underline{2,378.7}$ | $\underline{2,036.8}$ | $\underline{6,955.2}$ | $\underline{5,969.0}$ |
|  | $10,193.1$ | $9,037.5$ | $29,807.2$ | $26,467.0$ |

Other Income:

| Interest income | 10.9 | 3.6 | 22.7 | 10.4 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Other income | $\underline{6.6}$ | $\underline{3.0}$ | $\underline{26.3}$ | $\underline{15.7}$ |
|  | 17.5 | 6.6 | 49.0 | 26.1 |


| Earnings before income tax provision | 655.0 | 547.6 | 1,948.5 | 1,640.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income tax provision | $\underline{244.0}$ | $\underline{205.3}$ | 718.0 | 615.2 |
| Net earnings | \$ 411.0 | \$342.3 | \$ 1.230.5 | \$1.025.4 |
| Per share- |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ . 41 | \$ 33 | \$ 1.21 | \$ 1.00 |
| Diluted | \$ . 40 | \$ . 33 | \$ 1.20 | \$ . 99 |
| Dividends declared | \$. 0525 | \$.043125 | \$. 1575 | \$. 129375 |
| Average shares outstanding | 1,019.5 | 1,023.3 | 1,021.2 | 1,024.2 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options | 9.6 | 7.0 | 8.2 | 7.4 |
| Average shares outstanding |  |  |  |  |
| assuming dilution | 1.029.1 | 1.030.3 | 1.029.4 | 1.031 .6 |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements are an integral part of these Statements.

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WALGREEN CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in Millions)

Net cash provided by operating activities
\$ 1,139.9
\$ 1,419.6

Cash flows from investing activities:

| Purchases of short term investments - available for sale | $(8,264.3)$ | $(8,702.5)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Proceeds from sale of short term investments - available for | $8,702.1$ | $7,485.4$ |
| sale |  |  |
| Additions to property and equipment | $(855.9)$ | $(630.9)$ |
| Net proceeds from corporate-owned life insurance policies | 8.5 | 8.6 |

Disposition of property and equipment
10.8
16.1

Net cash used for investing activities (398.8)

Cash flows from financing activities:
Stock purchases
Proceeds related to employee stock plans
137.6

Cash dividends paid (161.1)

Other
24.3

Net cash used for financing activities
(643.9)

Changes in cash and cash equivalents:
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 97.2
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year
444.0
(227.2)

| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 97.2 | (630.9) |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | $\underline{444.0}$ | $\underline{1.268 .0}$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | $\$ 541.2$ | $\underline{\$ 637.1}$ |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial
Statements are an integral part of these Statements.

## WALGREEN CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS


#### Abstract

(1) The company has recorded a non-cash correction of lease accounting errors. These adjustments conform the accounting for leases to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as described in a letter issued by the Chief Accountant of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Although the company does not believe that these errors resulted in a material misstatement of its consolidated financial statements for any annual or interim period previously reported, the effect of correcting the cumulative impact of the errors in the current year would have had a material effect on the current fiscal year results.


Prior to February 28, 2005, when accounting for leases, the company recorded rent expense on a straight-line basis over the firm term of the lease, with the term commencing when actual rent payments began. Depreciation of buildings on leased land occurred over a period that may have included both the firm term of the lease as well as certain option periods.

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The company has revised its accounting such that the commencement date of all lease terms is the earlier of the date the company becomes legally obligated to make rent payments or the date the company has the right to control the property. Additionally, the company recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis over a time period that equals or exceeds the time period used for depreciation of buildings on leased land.

The following is a summary of the effects of the corrections (In Millions, Except Per Share Data):

## Consolidated Condensed Statement of Earnings

|  | Three Months Ended May 31, 2004 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As Reported | Adjustment | As Restated |
| Selling, Occupancy and Administration | \$ 2,033.1 | \$ 3.7 | \$ 2,036.8 |
| Earnings Before Income Tax Provision | 551.3 | (3.7) | 547.6 |
| Income Tax Provision | 206.7 | (1.4) | 205.3 |
| Net Earnings | 344.6 | (2.3) | 342.3 |
| Per Share- |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ 34 | (.01) | \$ 33 |
| Diluted | . 33 | - | . 33 |

## Consolidated Condensed Statement of Earnings

|  | Nine Months Ended May 31, 2004 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | As Reported | Adjustment | As Restated |
|  | $\$ 5,956.8$ | $\$ 12.2$ | $\$ 5,969.0$ |
| Selling, Occupancy and Administration | $1,652.8$ | $(12.2)$ | $1,640.6$ |
| Earnings Before Income Tax Provision | 619.8 | $(4.6)$ | 615.2 |
| Income Tax Provision | $1,033.0$ | $(7.6)$ | $1,025.4$ |
| Net Earnings |  |  |  |
| Per Share- | $\$ 1.01$ | $(.01)$ | $\$ 1.00$ |
|  | 1.00 | $(.01)$ | .99 |

Additionally, auction rate securities which were previously classified as cash and cash equivalents have been reclassified as short term investments-available for sale. The cash flows related to these investments are disclosed as investing activities in the company's Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows.
(2) Inventories are valued on a lower of last-in, first-out (LIFO) cost or market basis. At May 31, 2005 and August 31, 2004, inventories would have been greater by $\$ 806.2$ million and $\$ 736.4$ million, respectively, if they had been valued on a lower of first-in, first-out (FIFO) cost or market basis. LIFO inventory costs can only be determined annually when inflation rates and inventory levels are finalized; therefore, LIFO inventory costs for interim financial statements are estimated. Cost of sales is primarily based upon point-of-sale scanning information with an estimate for shrinkage and adjusted based on periodic inventories.
(3) The company capitalized interest expense as part of significant construction projects. The amounts capitalized
were $\$ .9$ million and $\$ 2.9$ million for the quarter and nine-month periods ended May 31, 2005 versus $\$ .2$ million and $\$ .6$ million for the comparable periods of a year ago.
(4) The company remains secondarily liable on 31 assigned leases. The maximum potential of undiscounted future payments is $\$ 7.4$ million as of May 31, 2005. Lease option dates vary with some extending to 2013. Approximately half of the assignments were a result of the sale of the "Wag's" restaurants in August 1988.
(5) The company applies Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for its stock-based compensation plans. Accordingly, no compensation has been recognized based on the fair value of its grants under these plans. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to stock-based employee compensation in fiscal 2005 and 2004.

forma
(6) The principal retirement plan for employees is the Walgreen Profit-Sharing Retirement Trust to which both the company and the employees contribute. The company's contribution, which is determined annually at the discretion of the Board of Directors, has historically related to pre-tax income. The profit-sharing provision was $\$ 58.3$ million for the quarter and $\$ 173.4$ million for the nine month periods as compared to $\$ 49.0$ million and $\$ 147.0$ million for the same periods last year. The company's contributions were zero during the quarter and $\$ 262.3$ million during the nine month period ended May 31, 2005. This compares to no contribution for the quarter and $\$ 161.5$ million for the nine month period ended May 31, 2004.

The company provides certain health insurance benefits for retired employees who meet eligibility requirements, including age, years of service and date of hire. The costs of these benefits are accrued over the period earned. The company's postretirement health and life benefit plans currently are not funded.

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| Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs | Three Months Ended |  | Nine Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May 31, | May 31, | May 31, | May 31, |
| (In Millions): | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| Service cost | \$ 6.5 | \$ 4.8 | \$17.7 | \$14.5 |
| Interest cost | 6.1 | 5.6 | 18.8 | 16.8 |
| Amortization of actuarial loss | 2.8 | 2.5 | 7.8 | 7.4 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (.5) | (.1) | (1.5) | (.3) |
| Transition obligation | 4.9 | - | 4.9 | --- |
| Total postretirement benefit cost | \$19.8 | \$12.8 | \$47.7 | \$38.4 |

On December 8, 2003, the Medicare Prescription Drug Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (the Act) was signed into law. The Act introduces a prescription drug benefit under Medicare as well as a federal subsidy to sponsors of retirement health care benefit plans.

Effective March 1, 2005, the company's retiree prescription drug plan became qualified under ERISA. This qualification will allow the company to apply for the federal subsidy under the Act. The company has performed a
remeasurement of the plan as of March 1, 2005 to reflect the benefit of the subsidy. The accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO) and net periodic benefit costs have been reduced by approximately $\$ 13.4$ million and $\$ .8$ million, respectively. The remeasurement reflects a $5.5 \%$ discount rate. The reduction in expenses is offset by the costs for additional retiree medical coverage.
(7) Certain other amounts for fiscal 2004 and 2003 have been reclassified to be consistent with the fiscal 2005 presentation.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

## INTRODUCTION

Walgreens is engaged in the retail sale of prescription and nonprescription drugs and general merchandise. General merchandise includes, among other things, over-the-counter medicine, cosmetics, health and beauty care products, household items, food, beverages and photofinishing. Customers can have prescriptions filled at the drugstore counter, as well as through the mail, by telephone, and on the Internet. The total number of drugstores (including three mail service facilities) at May 31, 2005 was 4,805 located in 45 states and Puerto Rico.

The drugstore industry is highly competitive. In addition to other drugstore chains, independent drugstores, mail order prescription providers and Internet pharmacies, we also compete with various other retailers including grocery stores, convenience stores, mass merchants and dollar stores.

The long-term outlook for prescription sales is strong due in part to the aging population, as well as the continued development of innovative drugs that improve quality of life and control healthcare costs. Although the effect of the new Medicare prescription drug legislation on retail pharmacy is difficult to ascertain at this time, we are experiencing additional prescription sales as a result of the new senior discount cards; however, gross margin rates on these sales are lower. As an efficient provider, we feel we are positioned well for these industry developments. We continue with expansion into new markets and increased penetration in existing markets. We believe we are well-staffed with pharmacists for both current demands and future growth, with only select market needs.

## RESTATEMENT AND RECLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As disclosed in our March 21, 2005 Form 8-K, we recorded a non-cash correction of lease accounting errors. These adjustments conform the accounting for leases to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as described in a letter issued by the Chief Accountant of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Although we do not believe that these errors resulted in a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements for any annual or interim period previously reported, the effect of correcting the cumulative impact of the

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errors in the current year would have had a material effect on the current fiscal year results.
Prior to February 28, 2005, when accounting for leases, we recorded rent expense on a straight-line basis over the firm term of the lease, with the term commencing when actual rent payments began. Depreciation of buildings on leased land occurred over a period that may have included both the firm term of the lease as well as certain option periods.

We revised our accounting such that the commencement date of all lease terms is the earlier of the date we become legally obligated to make rent payments or the date we have the right to control the property. Additionally, we recognize rent expense on a straight-line basis over a time period that equals or exceeds the time period used for depreciation of buildings on leased land.

As a result, we have restated our consolidated condensed statement of earnings for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2004. Refer to Note 1 on page 6. The following discussion of Results of Operations and Liquidity and Capital Resources reflects those restatements.

Additionally, auction rate securities which were previously classified as cash and cash equivalents have been reclassified as short term investments-available for sale. The cash flows related to these investments are now disclosed as investing activities in the company's Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows.

## OPERATING STATISTICS

|  | Percentage Increase (Decrease) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three Months Ended <br> May 31, 2005 | Nine Months Ended May 31, 2005 |
| Net Sales | 13.1 | 12.9 |
| Net Earnings | 20.1 | 20.0 |
| Comparable Drugstore Sales | 8.7 | 8.6 |
| Prescription Sales | 14.0 | 14.1 |
| Comparable Prescription Sales | 10.2 | 10.5 |
| Front-End Sales | 11.8 | 11.1 |
| Comparable Front-End Sales | 6.1 | 5.4 |
|  | Percent to Sales |  |
|  | Three Months Ended | Nine Months Ended |
|  | May 31 | May 31 |
|  | $\underline{2005} \underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2005} \underline{2004}$ |


| Gross Margin | 27.9 | 26.9 | 27.9 | 27.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selling, Occupancy and Administration Expenses | 22.0 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 21.3 |
|  | Other Statistics |  |  |  |
|  |  | May 31, 2005 |  |  |
| Year to Date Prescription Sales as a \% of Net Sales |  | 63.4 |  |  |
| Year to Date Third Party Sales as a \% of Prescription Sales |  | 92.7 |  |  |
| Total Number of Stores |  | 4,805 |  |  |

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net earnings for the third quarter ended May 31, 2005, were $\$ 411.0$ million or $\$ .40$ per share (diluted). This was a $20.1 \%$ increase in net earnings over the third quarter last year. Net earnings for the nine months increased $20.0 \%$ to $\$ 1,230.5$ million or $\$ 1.20$ per share (diluted). This quarter's results included a $\$ 6.6$ million pre-tax gain for receipt of our share of litigation settlements. This compares to similar pre-tax settlements of $\$ 3.0$ million recorded in the third quarter last year. The nine month periods included $\$ 26.3$ million (pre-tax) in litigation settlements this year and $\$ 15.7$ million (pre-tax) last year. Excluding these gains, earnings rose $19.5 \%$ to $\$ 406.9$ million in the third quarter and $19.5 \%$ to $\$ 1,214.0$ million for the nine-month period. The quarter and nine month net earnings increases resulted from improved sales and higher gross margin ratios partially offset by higher expense ratios.

Net sales increased by $13.1 \%$ in the third quarter to $\$ 10.8$ billion, and rose by $12.9 \%$ to $\$ 31.7$ billion for the first nine months. Drugstore sales increases resulted from sales gains in existing stores and added sales from new stores, each of which include an indeterminate amount of market-driven price changes. Comparable drugstore (those open at least one year) sales were up $8.7 \%$ for the quarter and $8.6 \%$ for the first nine month period. We operated 4,805 drugstores as of May 31, 2005 compared to 4,414 a year earlier.

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Prescription sales increased $14.0 \%$ for the third quarter and $14.1 \%$ for the first nine months. The effect of generic drugs, which have a lower retail price, replacing brand name drugs reduced drugstore prescription sales by $2.5 \%$ in the quarter and $2.4 \%$ for the nine month period. Prescriptions accounted for $64.6 \%$ of sales in the quarter and $63.4 \%$ year-to-date compared to $64.0 \%$ for the quarter and $62.7 \%$ for the nine month period a year ago. Prescription sales in comparable drugstores increased $10.2 \%$ for the quarter and $10.5 \%$ for the nine-month period. Third party sales, where reimbursement is received from managed care organizations and government and private insurance, were $92.9 \%$ of pharmacy sales for the quarter and $92.7 \%$ for the nine month period in fiscal 2005. This compares to $92.0 \%$ for the quarter and $91.5 \%$ for the nine month period a year ago.

Non-prescription (front-end) sales increased $11.8 \%$ in the third quarter and $11.1 \%$ for the first nine months. Front-end sales are $35.3 \%$ of total sales for the quarter and $36.5 \%$ for the nine-month period. This compares to $35.7 \%$ and $37.1 \%$ for the same periods a year ago. Comparable front-end drugstore sales were up $6.1 \%$ for the quarter and $5.4 \%$ for the first nine months. Sales increased in part due to new items in the cough and cold category during the periods, as well as the flu season peaking later this year.

Gross margins were $27.9 \%$ of sales in the quarter and nine-month periods compared to $26.9 \%$ and $27.0 \%$ for the comparable periods last year. The quarter and nine month increase in gross margin was caused by a number of factors. Growth in generic drug sales, better purchasing terms and more digital photofinishing all contributed to the increase. The higher generic drug utilization was primarily due to a steady stream of new generics over the past year. Partially offsetting these increases was a shift in sales mix toward prescriptions, which carry a lower margin than front-end merchandise. In addition, third party sales, which typically have lower profit margins than cash prescriptions, continue to become a larger portion of prescription sales. Front-end margins were slightly lower for the quarter and nine month periods.

We use the LIFO method of inventory valuation, which can only be determined annually when inflation rates and inventory levels are finalized; therefore, LIFO inventory costs for interim financial statements are estimated. Cost of sales includes a LIFO provision of $\$ 24.2$ million ( $\$ .01$ per share) and $\$ 69.8$ million ( $\$ .03$ per share) for the quarter and nine-month periods ended May 31, 2005 versus $\$ 12.7$ million (less than $\$ .01$ per share) and $\$ 55.2$ million ( $\$ .03$ per share) for the same periods a year ago. Last year the estimated annual inflation rate was lowered from $1.75 \%$ to $1.50 \%$ in the third quarter. This year our estimated annual inflation rate remains $1.75 \%$.

Selling, occupancy and administration expenses increased to $22.0 \%$ from $21.3 \%$ of sales in the quarter and to $21.9 \%$ from $21.3 \%$ for the nine month period. The quarter increase was principally caused by costs associated with various legal matters, store salaries and other store expenses. The nine month period increase was principally caused by store salaries, costs associated with our on-going conversion from analog to digital photo labs and other store expenses. New generic drugs, which tempered the rate of sales growth, also increased expense ratios in the quarter and nine month periods of both fiscal years.

The effective tax rate was $37.25 \%$ for the quarter and $36.85 \%$ for the nine-month period this fiscal year compared to $37.50 \%$ for the quarter and nine month periods a year ago. The decrease for the nine month period is principally the result of the settlement of prior year Internal Revenue Service matters in the quarter ended November 30, 2004. We expect that our effective income tax rate for the remainder of fiscal 2005 will be $37.25 \%$.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include amounts based management's prudent judgments and estimates. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Management believes that any reasonable deviation from those judgments and estimates would not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations. To the
extent that the estimates used differ from actual results, however, adjustments to the statement of earnings and corresponding balance sheet accounts would be necessary. These adjustments would be made in future statements. Some of the more significant estimates include liability for closed locations, liability for insurance claims, vendor allowances, allowance for doubtful accounts, and cost of sales. We use the following techniques to determine estimates:

Liability for closed locations -
The liability is based on the present value of future rent obligations and other related costs (net of estimated sublease rent) to the first lease option date.

Liability for insurance claims -
The liability for insurance claims is recorded based on estimates for claims incurred. The provisions are estimated in part by considering historical claims experience, demographic factors and other actuarial assumptions.

## Vendor allowances -

Vendor allowances are principally received as a result of purchases, sales or promotion of vendors' products. Allowances are generally recorded as a reduction of inventory and are recognized as a reduction of cost of sales when the related merchandise is sold. Those allowances received for promoting vendors' products are offset against advertising expense and result in a reduction of selling, occupancy and administration expense to the extent of advertising incurred, with the excess treated as a reduction of inventory costs.

Allowance for doubtful accounts -
The provision for bad debt is based on both specific receivables and historic write-off percentages.
Cost of sales -
Drugstore cost of sales is primarily derived based on point-of-sale scanning information with an estimate for shrinkage and adjusted based on periodic inventories.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and cash equivalents were $\$ 541.2$ million at May 31, 2005, compared to $\$ 637.1$ million at May 31, 2004. Short-term investment objectives are to minimize risk, maintain liquidity and maximize after-tax yields. To attain these objectives, investment limits are placed on the amount, type and issuer of securities. Investments are principally in top-tier money market funds and commercial paper.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the first nine months of fiscal 2005 was $\$ 1,139.9$ million compared to $\$ 1,419.6$ million a year ago. The change between periods was primarily caused by increased inventory levels. Our profitability is the principal source of funds for expansion and remodeling programs, dividends to shareholders and funding for various technological improvements.

Net cash used for investing activities was $\$ 398.8$ million versus $\$ 1,823.3$ million last year. Redemptions, net of investments, provided $\$ 1,654.9$ million over last year for the nine month period. These short-term investments are subject to the cash investment objectives stated above. We actively invest in municipal bonds and student obligations and purchase these securities at par. While the underlying security is issued as a long term investment, they typically can be purchased and sold every 7, 28 and 35 days. The trading of auction rate securities takes place through a dutch auction with an interest rate reset at the beginning of each holding period. At the end of each holding period the

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interest is paid to the investor. Additions to property and equipment were $\$ 855.9$ million compared to $\$ 630.9$ million last year. There were 267 new or relocated stores, including four home medical centers and three clinical pharmacies opened during the first nine months of this year. This compares to 234 in the same period last year, which included four home medical centers, three home infusion locations and one clinical pharmacy. New stores are owned or leased. There were 60 owned locations added during the first nine months and 100 under construction at May 31, 2005 versus 22 owned locations added and 60 under construction as of May 31, 2004

Capital expenditures for fiscal 2005 are expected to be approximately $\$ 1.2$ billion, which is a decrease of $\$ .3$ billion from estimates at the beginning of the year. We plan to open approximately 440 new stores in fiscal 2005, with a net increase of approximately 365 stores; approximately 475 new stores in fiscal year 2006, with a net increase of approximately 390 stores; and still have a total of 7,000 drugstores by the year 2010 . We are continuing to relocate stores to more convenient and profitable freestanding locations. In addition to new stores, expenditures are planned for technology and distribution centers. A new distribution center is planned for South Carolina with an anticipated opening date in 2007.

Net cash used for financing activities was $\$ 643.9$ million compared to $\$ 227.2$ million last year. On July 14,2004 the Board of Directors announced a stock repurchase program of up to $\$ 1$ billion, which we plan to execute over the next four years. During the nine months, we purchased $\$ 286.2$ million of company shares related to the stock repurchase program for a total of $\$ 308.2$ million purchases since the start of the program. An additional $\$ 358.5$ million of shares were purchased to support the long-term needs of the employee stock plans, compared to purchases of $\$ 184.6$ million last year. There were no short-term borrowings during either period. At May 31, 2005, we had a multi-year syndicated bank line of credit facility of $\$ 200$ million to support our short-term commercial paper program.

## CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The following table lists our contractual obligations and commitments as of May 31, 2005:

## Payments Due by Period (In Millions)

|  | Less than 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Year | 1-3 Years | 3-5 Years | Over 5 Years |
| Operating leases* | \$ 23,131.5 | \$ 1,335.9 | \$2,712.0 | \$2,594.1 | \$ 16,489.5 |
| Purchase obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory commitments* | 1,212.2 | 1,074.9 | 64.4 | 62.7 | 10.2 |
| Real estate development* | 440.3 | 440.3 | - | - | - |
| Other corporate obligations* | 324.1 | 186.6 | 87.6 | 43.5 | 6.4 |
| Insurance | 424.4 | 155.8 | 143.3 | 82.7 | 42.6 |
| Retiree health \& life | 246.1 | 6.3 | 14.6 | 19.2 | 206.0 |
| Closed location obligations | 78.0 | 19.5 | 27.8 | 16.7 | 14.0 |


| Long-term debt | 34.6 | 22.5 | 9.6 | .6 | 1.9 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capital lease obligations | 40.4 | .5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 35.9 |
| Other long-term liabilities <br> reflected on the balance sheet | $\underline{364.9}$ | $\underline{18.6}$ | $\underline{35.7}$ | $\underline{37.7}$ | $\underline{272.9}$ |
| Total | $\underline{\$ 26.296 .5}$ | $\underline{\$ 3.260 .9}$ | $\underline{\$ 3.097 .0}$ | $\underline{\$ 2.859 .2}$ | $\underline{\$ 17.079 .4}$ |

* Not on balance sheet.


## OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Letters of credit are issued to support purchase obligations and other commitments (as reflected on the Contractual Obligations and Commitments table) as follows (in millions):

Inventory obligations
Real estate development
Insurance $\underline{225.3}$

Total

We have no other off-balance sheet arrangements other than those disclosed on the above Contractual Obligations and Commitments table. Both on and off balance sheet financing are considered when targeting debt to equity ratios to balance the interest of equity and debt investors. This balance allows us to lower our cost of capital while maintaining a prudent level of financial risk.

## RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement 151, "Inventory Costs - an Amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4" which will be effective in the first quarter of fiscal year 2006. We have evaluated this pronouncement and no material impact is anticipated.

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement 123 (revised) "Share-Based Payment," which will be effective in the first quarter of fiscal year 2006. This statement will eliminate the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using APB Opinion No. 25 (Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees) and will require instead that compensation expense be recognized based on the fair value on the date of the grant. The recognition of compensation expense for stock options will reduce net income in the future. We cannot predict the amount of that expense as it will depend on the number of stock options granted as well as the assumptions used to value them.

In May 2005, FASB issued Statement 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections," which will be effective in the first quarter of fiscal year 2007. This statement addresses the retrospective application of such changes and corrections and will be followed if and when necessary.

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Certain information in this Form 10-Q, as well as in other public filings, the company website, press releases and oral statements made by our representatives, is forward-looking information based on current expectations and plans that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking information includes statements concerning pharmacy sales trends, prescription margins, number and location of new store openings, level of capital expenditures, demographic trends, growth trends related to our business or industry; as well as those that include or are preceded by the words "expects," "estimates," "believes," "plans," "anticipates" or similar language. For such statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

The following factors, in addition to those discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004, could cause results to differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements: the impact of events related to any terrorist actions; changes in economic conditions generally or in the markets served by the company; consumer preferences and spending patterns; competition from other drugstore chains, independent drugstores, mail order prescription providers, Internet pharmacies, and various other retailers including grocery stores, convenience stores, mass merchants and dollar stores; the introduction of new brand and generic prescription drugs; changes in or the introduction of new state or federal legislation or regulations; the efforts of third party payers to reduce pharmacy reimbursement rates; the success of planned advertising and merchandising strategies; the availability and cost of real estate and construction; changes in accounting policies and practices; the company's ability to hire and retain pharmacists and other store and management personnel; the company's relationships with its suppliers; the company's ability to successfully implement new computer systems and technology; and adverse determinations with respect to litigation or other claims. Unless otherwise required by applicable securities laws, the company assumes no obligation to update its forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Item 3. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosure about Market Risk
Management does not believe that there is any material market risk exposure with respect to derivative or other financial instruments that would require disclosure under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures
Based on their evaluation as of May 31, 2005 pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), the company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believe the company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) are effective.

In connection with the evaluation pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(d) of the company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) by the company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, no changes during the quarter ended May 31, 2005 were identified that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities
(e) The following table provides information about purchases by the company during the quarter ended May 31, 2005 of equity securities that are registered by the company pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased (1) | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 03 / 01 / 2005- \\ 03 / 31 / 2005 \end{gathered}$ | - | \$ - | - | \$898,415,282 |
| $\begin{gathered} 04 / 01 / 2005- \\ 04 / 30 / 2005 \end{gathered}$ | 4,273,000 | 43.61 | 1,773,000 | 820,999,365 |
| 05/01/2005-05/31/2005 | $\underline{3.880,000}$ | 44.80 | $\underline{2.880,000}$ | 691,828,485 |
| Total | 8,153,000 | \$44.18 | 4,653,000 | \$691,828,485 |

(1) The company repurchased an aggregate of $3,500,000$ shares of its common stock in open-market transactions pursuant to the requirements of the company's employee stock purchase and option plans, as well as the company's Nonemployee Director Stock Plan.
(2) On July 14, 2004, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program, pursuant to which up to $\$ 1$ billion of the company's common stock may be repurchased. This program was announced in the company's report on Form 8-K, which was filed on July 15, 2004. The total remaining authorization under the repurchase programs was $\$ 691,828,485$ as of May 31, 2005. The expiration date of the repurchase program is July 13, 2008.

Item 6. Exhibits
(a) Exhibits
3. (a)

Articles of Incorporation of the company, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as Exhibit 3(a) to the company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended

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(b)
4. (a) February 28, 1999, and incorporated by reference herein. By-Laws of the company, as amended and restated effective as of July 9, 2003, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as Exhibit 3(b) to the company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2003, and incorporated by reference herein.

Rights Agreement dated as of July 10, 1996, between the company and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as Exhibit 1 to Registration Statement on Form 8-A on July 11, 1996 (File No. 1-604), and incorporated by reference herein.
31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## WALGREEN CO.

(Registrant)

Dated: July 7, 2005

/s/ W.M. Rudolphsen<br>W.M. Rudolphsen<br>Senior Vice President<br>(Chief Financial Officer)

Dated: July 7, 2005
/s/M.M. Scholz
M.M. Scholz

Controller
(Chief Accounting Officer)

