HEICO CORP Form 10-Q September 11, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended July 31, 2006 or

[] TRANSACTION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number 1-4604

HEICO CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

65-0341002 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3000 Taft Street, Hollywood, Florida (Address of principal executive offices)

33021 (Zip Code)

(954) 987-4000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [X] Non-accelerated filer []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [] No [X]

The number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock as of August 31, 2006:

Common Stock, \$.01 par value 10,297,064 shares Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value 15,026,802 shares

HEICO CORPORATION

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PART I. ITEM 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - UNAUDITED

	 JULY 31, 2006	OCTOBER 31, 2005
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,371,000	\$ 5,330,0
Accounts receivable, net	61,831,000	
Inventories, net	90,668,000	62,758,0
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,990,000	3,159,0
Deferred income taxes	9,030,000	7,218,0
Total current assets	 171,890,000	126,133,0
Property, plant and equipment, net	48,894,000	46,663,0
Goodwill	272,037,000	248,229,0
Other assets	21,517,000	14,599,0

Total assets	\$ 514,338,000	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt and current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 56,000	\$ 63 , 0
Trade accounts payable	18,023,000	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	33,152,000	
Income taxes payable	1,606,000	6,285,0
Total current liabilities	52,837,000	
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	60,030,000	34,061,0
Deferred income taxes	27,762,000	22,431,0
Other non-current liabilities	5,537,000	6,644,0
Total liabilities	146,166,000	113,086,0
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	 61,097,000	49,035,0
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12) Shareholders' equity: Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 300,000 shares designated as Series B Junior Participating Preferred Stock and 300,000 shares designated as Series C Junior		
Participating Preferred Stock; none issued Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 10,296,989 and 10,057,690 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 15,015,718 and 14,517,669 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Capital in excess of par value Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Retained earnings	103,000 150,000 205,424,000 36,000 101,362,000	192,523,0 (65,0 80,799,0
Participating Preferred Stock; none issued Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 10,296,989 and 10,057,690 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 15,015,718 and 14,517,669 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Capital in excess of par value Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	 150,000 205,424,000 36,000	 145,0 192,523,0 (65,0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS - UNAUDITED

	NINE MONTHS EN	NDED	JULY 31,	THREE MONTHS	END
	2006		2005	 2006	_
\$	282,365,000	\$	193,123,000	\$ 102,172,000	\$

179 192 000		121 799 000		64 587 000
53,879,000				20,197,000
 233,071,000				84,784,000
				17,388,000
(2,627,000) 365,000				(958,000) 111,000
 47.032.000		31.479.000		16.541.000
 16,193,000				5,462,000
30,839,000		20,049,000		11,079,000
 8,272,000		3,862,000		2,803,000
, ,				8,276,000 ======
•		, ,		
\$ 0.080	\$	0.050	\$	0.040
\$ \$	53,879,000	53,879,000 233,071,000 49,294,000 (2,627,000) 365,000 47,032,000 47,032,000 30,839,000 8,272,000 \$22,567,000 \$22,567,000 \$\$ \$22,567,000 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$	53,879,000 39,481,000 233,071,000 161,280,000 49,294,000 31,843,000 (2,627,000) (785,000) 365,000 421,000 47,032,000 31,479,000 16,193,000 11,430,000 30,839,000 20,049,000 8,272,000 3,862,000 \$ 22,567,000 \$ \$ 22,567,000 \$ \$.66 \$.90 \$ \$.62	233,071,000 161,280,000 49,294,000 31,843,000 (2,627,000) (785,000) 365,000 421,000 47,032,000 31,479,000 16,193,000 11,430,000 30,839,000 20,049,000 8,272,000 3,862,000 \$ 22,567,000 \$ 16,187,000 \$ \$ 22,567,000 \$ 16,187,000 \$ \$.85 \$.62 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - UNAUDITED

	NINE MONTHS E	NDED	JULY 31,
	 2006		2005
Operating Activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$ 22,567,000	\$	16,187,000

provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,636,000	5,267,000
Deferred income tax provision	2,839,000	2,914,000
Minority interests' share of income	8,272,000	3,862,000
Tax benefit from stock option exercises	7,252,000	2,826,000
Excess tax benefit from stock option exercises	(1,139,000)	
Stock option compensation expense	1,187,000	1,000
Changes in assets and liabilities, net		
of acquisitions:	46 600 000	(0.760.000)
Increase in accounts receivable	(6,690,000)	. , , ,
Increase in inventories	(11,038,000)	(8,833,000)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets	(140,000)	(252 000)
	(148,000)	(352,000)
Increase in trade accounts payables, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	2,111,000	4,136,000
Decrease in income taxes payable	(4,705,000)	
Other	16,000	(2,237,000)
other	10,000	(27,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	27,160,000	20,964,000
Investing Activities:		
Acquisitions and related costs, net of cash acquired	(45,618,000)	
Capital expenditures	(7,055,000)	(6,804,000)
Proceeds from sale of building held for sale		3,520,000
Other	539 , 000	224,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(52,134,000)	(22,103,000)
Pinanaina Pakiwikiaa		
Financing Activities: Borrowings on revolving credit facility	46 000 000	22,000,000
Payments on revolving credit facility	• •	(18,000,000)
Borrowings on short-term line of credit	1,000,000	(10,000,000)
Payments on short-term line of credit	(3,000,000)	
Cash dividends paid	(2,004,000)	(1,224,000)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	4,471,000	1,338,000
Excess tax benefit from stock option exercises	1,139,000	1,330,000
Other	(1,638,000)	(554,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	25,968,000	3,560,000
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	47,000	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,041,000	2,421,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	5,330,000	214,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 6,371,000	\$ 2,635,000
		=======================================

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - UNAUDITED

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of HEICO Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Company") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-0. Therefore, the condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information and footnotes normally included in annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2005. The October 31, 2005 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet has been derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting principally of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the condensed consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations and statements of cash flows for such interim periods presented. The results of operations for the nine months ended July 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for the entire fiscal year.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Effective November 1, 2005, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment", as interpreted by the Securities and Exchange Commission in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 and began recording compensation expense associated with stock options. SFAS No. 123(R) requires companies to recognize in the statement of operations the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of those awards (with limited exceptions). Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company accounted for stock-based employee compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". Accordingly, compensation expense had only been recorded in the consolidated financial statements for any stock options granted below fair market value of the underlying stock as of the date of grant.

The Company adopted the modified prospective transition method provided for under SFAS No. 123(R) and accordingly, prior period results have not been retroactively adjusted. The modified prospective transition method requires that stock-based compensation expense be recorded for (i) all new stock options granted on or after November 1, 2005 based on the grant date fair value determined under the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) and (ii) all unvested stock options granted prior to November 1, 2005 based on the grant date fair value as determined under the provisions of SFAS No. 123.

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Beginning in fiscal 2006, the Company has presented the cash flows resulting from tax deductions in excess of the cumulative compensation cost recognized for stock options exercised on or after November 1, 2005 ("excess tax benefit") as a financing activity in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as prescribed by SFAS No. 123(R). Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company presented all tax benefits resulting from stock option exercises as an operating activity in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. For the nine months ended July 31, 2006, the excess tax benefit from stock option exercises of \$1,139,000 was presented in financing activities in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company's net income for the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2006 includes compensation expense of \$1,187,000 and \$300,000, respectively, and income tax benefit related to the Company's stock options of \$351,000 and \$84,000, respectively. Substantially all of the stock option compensation expense was recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following table illustrates the pro forma effects on net income and net income per share as if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based compensation during the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2005:

	NINE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2005		ENDED		
Net income, as reported	\$	16,187,000	\$	6,046,000	
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net income, net of tax		1,000			
Deduct: Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under a fair-value method, net of tax				(280,000)	
Pro forma net income		15,286,000		5,766,000 ======	
Net income per share: Basic - as reported Basic - pro forma	\$.66 .63		.25 .24	
Diluted - as reported Diluted - pro forma	\$ \$.62 .58	\$ \$.23	

Further information regarding stock options can be found in Note 8, Stock Options.

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OTHER NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 151, "Inventory Costs, an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4". SFAS No. 151 requires the allocation of fixed production overhead costs be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities and unallocated overhead costs recognized as an expense in the period incurred. The Statement also clarifies that abnormal inventory costs such as costs of idle facilities, excess freight and handling costs, and wasted materials (spoilage) are required to be recognized as current period charges. The provisions of SFAS No. 151 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of SFAS No. 151 did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47 ("FIN 47"),

"Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143." This Interpretation clarifies the timing of liability recognition for legal obligations associated with an asset retirement when the timing and (or) method of settling the obligation are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. FIN 47 is effective no later than the end of fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005. The Company does not expect the adoption of FIN 47 to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3." SFAS No. 154 changes the requirements for the accounting and reporting of a change in accounting principle. The Statement eliminates the requirement in APB Opinion No. 20 to include the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle in the income statement in the period of change, and instead requires that changes in accounting principle be retrospectively applied unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. The Statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. SFAS No. 154 is effective for changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 154 to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," which seeks to reduce the diversity in practice associated with the accounting and reporting for uncertainty in income tax positions. This Interpretation prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. FIN 48 presents a two-step process for evaluating a tax position. The first step is to determine whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step is to measure the benefit to be recorded from tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, by determining the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement, and recognizing that amount in the financial statements. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of FIN 48 will have on its results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

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2. ACQUISITIONS

In November 2005, the Company, through its HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. subsidiary, acquired a 51% interest in the assets and business of Seal Dynamics LLC ("SDI"). The remaining 49% interest is principally held by a member of SDI's management group. As part of the agreement to acquire a 51% interest in SDI, the Company has the right to purchase the remaining 49% interest over a seven-year period beginning approximately after the second anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holder has the right to cause the Company to purchase the same equity interest over the same period. SDI is a distributor and designer of FAA-approved hydraulic, pneumatic, mechanical and electro-mechanical components for the commercial, regional and general aviation markets.

In November 2005, the Company, through its HEICO Electronic Technologies Corp. subsidiary, acquired all of the stock of Engineering Design Team, Inc. and substantially all of the assets of its affiliate (collectively "EDT"). Subject to meeting certain earnings objectives during the first four years following the

acquisition, the Company may be obligated to pay additional consideration of up to \$53.0 million in aggregate. EDT specializes in the design, manufacture and sale of advanced high-technology, high-speed interface products that link devices such as telemetry receivers, digital cameras, high resolution scanners, simulation systems and test systems to almost any computer. EDT's products are utilized in homeland security, defense, medical, research, astronomical and other applications across numerous industries.

In May 2006, the Company, through its HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. subsidiary, acquired all of the stock of Arger Enterprises, Inc. and its related companies (collectively "Arger"). Arger designs and distributes FAA-approved aircraft and engine parts primarily for the commercial aviation market. The Company intends to combine the operations of Arger within other subsidiaries of HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. during the year following the acquisition. Accordingly, the Company recognized a \$1.8 million restructuring liability as part of the acquisition costs consisting principally of employee termination and relocation costs, moving costs and associated expenses and contract termination costs. As of July 31, 2006, \$.2 million of such accrued costs had been paid.

The acquisitions of SDI, EDT and Arger were accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The purchase price of each acquisition was principally paid in cash using proceeds from the Company's revolving credit facility and was not significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements individually. The allocation of the purchase price of each acquisition to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed in these condensed consolidated financial statements is preliminary until the Company obtains final information regarding their fair values.

The results of operations of SDI, EDT and Arger were included in the Company's results of operations from their effective acquisition date. The following table presents the Company's unaudited pro forma consolidated operating results assuming the acquisitions of SDI, EDT and Arger had been consummated as of the beginning of fiscal 2005. The pro forma financial information is presented for comparative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that actually would have been achieved if the acquisitions had taken place as

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of the beginning of fiscal 2005. The unaudited pro forma financial information includes adjustments to historical amounts such as additional amortization expense related to acquired intangible assets, increased interest expense associated with borrowings to finance the acquisitions, increased performance awards under the terms of the acquisitions and the incremental minority interest in the net income of SDI and Arger.

	NINE MONTHS EN	NDED	JULY 31,	THREE MONTHS	ENDED	JULY 31,
	 2006		2005	 2006		2005
Net sales	\$ 292,635,000	\$	248,034,000	\$ 103,273,000	\$	87,427,000
Net income Net income per share:	\$ 22,251,000	\$	18,307,000	\$ 8,157,000	\$	6,378,000
Basic	\$.89	\$.75	\$.32	\$.26
Diluted	\$.84	\$.70	\$.31	\$.24

Cash investing activities related to acquisitions (principally SDI, EDT, and Arger), including contingent purchase price payments to previous owners of acquired businesses, and adjustments to the preliminary allocation of the purchase price of prior year acquisitions to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed for the nine months ended July 31, 2006 is as follows:

	UINE MONTHS ENDED ULY 31, 2006
Fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed: Liabilities assumed Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	\$ 11,054,000 5,358,000
Less: Goodwill Inventories, net Identifiable intangible assets Accounts receivable, net Accrued additional purchase consideration Other assets	 23,536,000 16,846,000 9,080,000 7,424,000 3,045,000 2,099,000
Acquisitions and related costs, net of cash acquired	\$ (45,618,000)

Accrued additional purchase consideration in the above table represents amounts accrued as of October 31, 2005 as a component of goodwill in accordance with the agreements related to certain prior year acquisitions that were paid in fiscal 2006.

3. SELECTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	JULY 31, 2006			2005
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	64,557,000 (2,726,000)	\$	49,816,000 (2,148,000)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ ===	61,831,000	\$ ===	47,668,000

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COSTS AND ESTIMATED EARNINGS ON UNCOMPLETED PERCENTAGE-OF-COMPLETION CONTRACTS

	 JULY 31, 2006		OCTOBER 31, 2005		
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts Estimated earnings	\$ 16,527,000 10,138,000	\$	18,344,000 11,252,000		
	 26,665,000		29,596,000		

Less: Billings to date	(19,418,000			(21,747,000)		
	\$	7,247,000	\$	7,849,000		
Included in accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets under the following captions: Accounts receivable, net (costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings) Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings)	==== \$	7,648,000	=== \$	7,889,000 (40,000)		
	\$	7,247,000	\$	7,849,000		

Changes in estimates did not have a material effect on net income or diluted net income per share in the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005.

INVENTORIES

	 JULY 31, 2006	 OCTOBER 31, 2005
Finished products Work in process Materials, parts, assemblies and supplies	\$ 47,261,000 12,788,000 30,619,000	\$ 26,136,000 12,634,000 23,988,000
Inventories, net	\$ 90,668,000	\$ 62,758,000

Inventories related to long-term contracts were not significant as of July 31, 2006 and October 31, 2005.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	 JULY 31, 2006	OCTOBER 31, 2005		
Land Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and tooling Construction in progress	\$ 3,155,000 25,311,000 56,863,000 6,369,000	\$	3,155,000 25,344,000 53,460,000 3,128,000	
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization Property, plant and equipment, net	 \$ 91,698,000 (42,804,000) 	 \$	85,087,000 (38,424,000) 46,663,000	

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The Company has two operating segments: the Flight Support Group ("FSG") and the Electronic Technologies Group ("ETG"). Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by operating segment for the nine months ended July 31, 2006 are as follows:

	SEGMEN		
	 FSG	 ETG	 ONSOLIDATED TOTALS
Balances as of October 31, 2005 Goodwill acquired Adjustments to goodwill	\$ 139,343,000 19,863,000 497,000	\$ 108,886,000 3,188,000 260,000	\$ 248,229,000 23,051,000 757,000
Balances as of July 31, 2006	\$ 159,703,000	\$ 112,334,000	\$ 272,037,000

(1) During the third quarter of fiscal 2006, one of the Company's subsidiaries formerly included in the ETG was reclassified to the FSG. Balances as of October 31, 2005 have been retroactively restated to reflect the revised segment classification.

The goodwill acquired is a result of the acquisitions described in Note 2, Acquisitions. Adjustments to goodwill consist primarily of adjustments related to the preliminary allocation of the purchase price of prior year acquisitions to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed (see Note 2) and contingent purchase price payments to previous owners of acquired businesses.

Identifiable intangible assets, which are recorded within other assets in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, consist of:

		P	S OF	JULY 31, 20			AS	OF O	CTOBER	
	C	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		CCUMULATED DRTIZATION		NET CARRYING AMOUNT		GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		CCUMULA ORTIZAT
Amortizing Assets:										
Customer relationships	\$	3,969,000	\$	(385,000)	\$	3,584,000	\$	0	\$	
Intellectual property		1,992,000		(374,000)		1,618,000				
Licenses		1,000,000		(308,000)		692,000		1,000,000		(252,
Non-compete agreements		800,000		(356,000)		444,000		660,000		(129,
Patents		541,000		(91,000)		450,000		477,000		(60,
		8,302,000		(1,514,000)		6,788,000		2,137,000		(441,
Non-Amortizing Assets: Trade names		6,629,000				6,629,000		3,650,000		
Trade frames										
	\$ 1	4,931,000	\$	(1,514,000)	\$	13,417,000	\$	5,787,000	\$	(441,
	===		===		==		==		===	

The increase in the gross carrying amount of customer relationships, intellectual property, non-compete agreements and trade names as of July 31, 2006 compared to October 31, 2005 principally relates to such intangible assets

recognized in connection with the acquisitions of EDT, SDI and Arger (see Note 2, Acquisitions). A portion of the change in the gross carrying amount of trade names and non-compete agreements reflects adjustments to the preliminary

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allocation of the purchase price of prior year acquisitions to such identifiable intangible assets (see Note 2). The weighted average amortization period of the customer relationships, intellectual property and non-compete agreements acquired during the nine months ended July 31, 2006 is approximately six years, four years, and six years, respectively.

Amortization expense of other intangible assets for the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2006 was \$1,073,000 and \$380,000, respectively. Amortization expense of other intangible assets for the fiscal year ending October 31, 2006 is estimated to be \$1,472,000. Amortization expense for each of the next five fiscal years is estimated to be \$1,526,000 in fiscal 2007, \$1,373,000 in fiscal 2008, \$1,257,000 in fiscal 2009, \$612,000 in fiscal 2010 and \$612,000 in fiscal 2011.

5. SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT

In June 2006, one of the Company's subsidiaries entered into a \$7.0 million short-term line of credit with a bank, which expires in April 2007. The line of credit may be used for inventory purchases and other working capital needs and is secured by all the assets of the subsidiary. Advances under the line of credit bear interest at the subsidiary's choice of the "Prime Rate Advance" (prime rate less .75%) or "LIBOR Advance" (LIBOR rate plus .75%). As of July 31, 2006, no borrowings were outstanding under the line of credit.

Long-term debt consists of:

	JULY 31, 2006			OCTOBER 31, 2005		
Borrowings under revolving credit facility Industrial Development Revenue Refunding	\$	58,000,000	\$	32,000,000		
Bonds - Series 1988		1,980,000		1,980,000		
Capital leases and equipment loans		106,000		144,000		
		60,086,000		34,124,000		
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt		(56,000)		(63,000)		
	 \$	60,030,000	\$	34,061,000		
	===		===			

In July 2006, the Company amended its \$130 million revolving credit facility principally to include a less restrictive covenant regarding requisite approval of acquisitions by the bank syndicate. The prior covenant relating to approval by the bank syndicate of acquisitions in excess of an aggregate of \$50 million over any twelve-month period was eliminated provided the Company maintains an agreed upon, or lower, leverage ratio.

As of July 31, 2006 and October 31, 2005, the weighted average interest rates on borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility were 6.1% and 4.7%, respectively. The revolving credit facility contains both financial and non-financial covenants. As of July 31, 2006, the Company believes it is in

compliance with all such covenants.

The interest rates on the Series 1988 industrial development revenue bonds were 3.7% and 2.8% as of July 31, 2006 and October 31, 2005, respectively.

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6. INCOME TAXES

As previously reported, certain individual holders of non-qualified stock options issued by the Company exchanged certain stock options for annuity contracts in 1999 - 2002. As a result, the recognition of compensation income otherwise reportable upon the exercise of stock options was deferred by the individual holders. Based on a preliminary agreement between the individuals and the Internal Revenue Service, the remaining compensation income was accelerated and reported by the individuals on income tax returns filed during the current year. As a result, the Company's corresponding compensation deduction benefit was recognized in its fiscal 2005 income tax return filed in July 2006. Accordingly, the Company recorded a \$5.0 million tax benefit from stock option exercises during the third quarter of fiscal 2006 by increasing capital in excess of par value, a component of shareholders' equity in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (see Note 7, Shareholders' Equity) and increasing the tax benefit from stock option exercises, a component of net cash provided by operating activities in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The Company claimed an income tax credit for qualified research and development activities in its income tax return for fiscal 2005 and an amended return for a previous tax year that were filed in the third quarter of fiscal 2006. The aggregate tax credit, net of expenses, increased net income by approximately \$.2 million for the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2006. The Company is reviewing other open tax years and may file amendments to claim additional tax credits for qualified research and development activities incurred during such years. The benefit of such tax credits will be recorded when the Company has completed its review and sustainability is considered probable.

7. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Changes in consolidated shareholders' equity for the nine months ended July 31, 2006 are as follows:

		COMMON STOCK		CLASS A COMMON STOCK		CAPITAL IN EXCESS OF PAR VALUE	COMP	CUMULA OTHER REHEN ME/(L
Balances as of October 31, 2005 Net income	\$	101,000	\$	145,000	\$	192,523,000	\$	(6
Foreign currency translation adjustments								1.0
Cash dividends (\$.08 per share)								
Tax benefit from stock option exercises						7,252,000		
Proceeds from stock option exercises		3,000		5,000		4,463,000		
Stock option compensation expense						1,187,000		
Other		(1,000)				(1,000)		
Balances as of July 31, 2006	\$	103,000	\$	150,000	\$	205,424,000	\$	3
	==	=======	==	=======	==:		=====	:====

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8. STOCK OPTIONS

The Company currently has two stock option plans, the 2002 Stock Option Plan ("2002 Plan") and the Non-Oualified Stock Option Plan under which stock options may be granted. The Company's 1993 Stock Option Plan ("1993 Plan") terminated in March 2003 on the tenth anniversary of its effective date. No options may be granted under the 1993 Plan after such termination date; however, options outstanding as of the termination date may be exercised pursuant to their terms. In addition, the Company granted stock options to two former shareholders of an acquired business pursuant to employment agreements entered into in connection with the acquisition in fiscal 1999. A total of 2,958,616 shares of the Company's stock are reserved for issuance to employees, directors, officers, and consultants as of July 31, 2006, including 2,796,153 shares currently under option and 162,463 shares available for future grants. Options issued under the 2002 Plan may be designated as incentive stock options or non-qualified stock options. Incentive stock options are granted with an exercise price of not less than 100% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock as of date of grant (110% thereof in certain cases) and are exercisable in percentages specified as of the date of grant over a period up to ten years. Only employees are eligible to receive incentive stock options. Non-qualified stock options under the 2002 Plan may be granted at less than fair market value and may be immediately exercisable. Options granted under the Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan may be granted with an exercise price of no less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock as of the date of grant and are generally exercisable in four equal annual installments commencing one year from the date of grant. The options granted pursuant to the 2002 Plan may be designated as Common Stock and/or Class A Common Stock in such proportions as shall be determined by the Board of Directors or the Stock Option Plan Committee in its sole discretion. The stock options granted to two former shareholders of an acquired business were fully vested and transferable as of the grant date and expire ten years from the date of grant. The exercise price of such options was the fair market value as of the date of grant. Options under all stock option plans expire not later than ten years after the date of grant, unless extended by the Stock Option Plan Committee or the Board of Directors.

Information concerning stock option activity for the nine months ended July $31,\ 2006$ is as follows:

	SHARES	SHARES U	UNDER OPTION	
	AVAILABLE FOR GRANT	SHARES	WEIGHTED AVER EXERCISE PRI	_
Outstanding as of October 31, 2005 Granted	156,303	3,588,680	\$ 9 \$.50
Cancelled Exercised	6,160 	(9,491) (783,036)	\$ 8	.95
Outstanding as of July 31, 2006	162,463	2,796,153	\$ 10	.16

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Information concerning stock options outstanding and stock options exercisable by class of common stock as of July 31, 2006 is as follows:

COMMON STOCK

OPTIONS OUTSTANDING

RANGE OF EXERCISE PRICES	NUMBER OUTSTANDING		WEIGHTED AVERAGE RCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE (YEARS)	_	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE
\$1.16 - \$ 2.90 \$2.91 - \$ 7.00 \$7.01 - \$12.00 \$12.01 - \$21.92	111,182 127,250 583,000 456,750	\$ \$ \$ \$	1.84 6.31 8.97 14.21	1.1 0.4 5.1 4.5	\$	3,225,000 3,123,000 12,755,000 7,600,000
	1,278,182 =======	\$	9.96	4.1	\$	26,703,000

OPTIONS EXERCISABLE

RANGE OF EXERCISE PRICES	NUMBER EXERCISABLE		WEIGHTED AVERAGE RCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE (YEARS)	_	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE
\$1.16 - \$ 2.90 \$2.91 - \$ 7.00 \$7.01 - \$12.00 \$12.01 - \$21.92	111,182 127,250 460,999 450,750	\$ \$ \$	1.84 6.31 9.19 14.22	1.1 0.4 4.8 4.5	\$	3,225,000 3,123,000 9,986,000 7,495,000
	1,150,181	\$	10.13	3.8	\$	23,829,000

CLASS A COMMON STOCK

OPTIONS OUTSTANDING

RANGE OF EXERCISE PRICES	NUMBER OUTSTANDING		WEIGHTED AVERAGE RCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE (YEARS)	_	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE
\$1.16 - \$ 2.90 \$2.91 - \$ 7.00 \$7.01 - \$12.00 \$12.01 - \$21.92	95,795 150,735 684,159 587,282	\$ \$ \$ \$	1.71 5.65 8.35 15.22	1.1 5.2 4.7 3.6	\$	2,346,000 3,098,000 12,210,000 6,447,000
	1,517,971 =======	\$	10.32	4.1	\$ ===	24,101,000

OPTIONS EXERCISABLE

RANGE OF EXERCISE PRICES	NUMBER EXERCISABLE		WEIGHTED AVERAGE RCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE (YEARS)	_	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE
\$1.16 - \$ 2.90 \$2.91 - \$ 7.00 \$7.01 - \$12.00 \$12.01 - \$21.92	95,795 99,475 624,471 564,647	\$ \$ \$ \$	1.71 5.71 8.31 15.31	1.1 4.5 4.6 3.5	\$	2,346,000 2,039,000 11,170,000 6,149,000
	1,384,388	\$	10.52	3.9	\$	21,704,000

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The aggregate intrinsic values in the tables above are calculated based on the difference between the closing price per share of the underlying common stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange as of July 31, 2006 less the option exercise price (if a positive spread) multiplied by the number of stock options.

If there were a change in control of the Company, options outstanding for an additional 77,707 shares of Common Stock and 116,799 shares of Class A Common Stock would become immediately exercisable.

Information concerning stock options exercised during the nine months ended July 31, 2006 is as follows:

		NIN	E MONTHS
			ENDED
		JULY	31, 2006
Cash proceeds from stock option	exercises	\$	4,471,000
Tax benefit realized from stock	option exercises		1,391,000
Intrinsic value of stock option	exercises	1	4,924,000

Effective as of November 1, 2005, the Company generally recognizes compensation expense ratably over the vesting period. As of July 31, 2006, there was \$1.0 million of pretax unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.5 years.

9. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

Cost of sales for the nine months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005 includes approximately \$12.2 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, of new product research and development expenses. Cost of sales for the three months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005 includes approximately \$4.0 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, of new product research and development expenses. The expenses are net of reimbursements pursuant to research and development cooperation and joint venture agreements, which were not significant.

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10. NET INCOME PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share for the nine months and three months ended July 31:

	NINE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31,					THREE
	2006			2005		20
Numerator: Net income	\$	22,567,000		16,187,000	\$	8,
Denominator: Weighted average common shares outstanding-basic Effect of dilutive stock options	===			24,425,235 1,855,460	===	25, 1,
Weighted average common shares outstanding-diluted	==:	26,521,065		26,280,695 ======	==:	26, =====
Net income per share- basic Net income per share- diluted	\$	0.90 0.85			\$	
Anti-dilutive stock options excluded		16,720		197,241		

11. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Information on the Company's two operating segments, the Flight Support Group ("FSG"), consisting of HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries, and the Electronic Technologies Group ("ETG"), consisting of HEICO Electronic Technologies Corp. and its subsidiaries, for the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, as well as for the three months ended April 30, 2006 and 2005, January 31, 2006 and 2005, and October 31, 2005, is as follows:

	SEGMENT (1)			OTHER, PRIMARILY CORPORATE AND		
	FSG				TERSEGMENT	
For the nine months ended July 31, 2006:						
Net sales	\$	198,586,000	\$	83,858,000	\$	(79 , 000)
Depreciation and amortization		4,467,000		1,939,000		230,000
Operating income		33,832,000		25,036,000		(9,574,000)
Capital expenditures		5,915,000		1,034,000		106,000
For the nine months ended July 31, 2005:						
Net sales	\$	142,849,000	\$	50,421,000	\$	(147,000)
Depreciation and amortization		4,151,000		794,000		322,000
Operating income		25,347,000		12,075,000		(5,579,000)
Capital expenditures		6,337,000		441,000		26,000

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OTHER, PRIMARILY

		FSG ETG		INTERSEGMEN		
For the three months ended July 31, 2006: Net sales	\$	71,069,000	Ś	31,113,000	\$	(10,0
Depreciation and amortization	Y	1,570,000		670,000		73,0
Operating income				9,688,000		
Capital expenditures		2,196,000		173,000		64,0
For the three months ended July 31, 2005:						
Net sales	\$			17,748,000		
Depreciation and amortization		1,377,000		281,000		106,0
Operating income				4,479,000		
Capital expenditures		3,632,000		132,000		11,0
For the three months ended April 30, 2006:	•	62 020 000	<u> </u>	00 062 000	^	(10.0
Net sales	\$			28,263,000		
Depreciation and amortization		1,462,000		641,000		71,0
Operating income				8,945,000		36,0
Capital expenditures		2,896,000		483,000		30,0
For the three months ended April 30, 2005:	<u>^</u>	47 021 000	ć	10 100 000	ć	167.0
Net sales	\$			19,109,000		
Depreciation and amortization		1,377,000		290,000		112,0
Operating income Capital expenditures		8,423,000 1,846,000		4,665,000 226,000		13,0
capital expenditures		1,040,000		220,000		13,0
For the three months ended January 31, 2006:	\$	62 670 000	ć	04 400 000	ć	/ F0 0
Net sales Depreciation and amortization	Ş		Ş	24,482,000 628,000		(59,0 86,0
Operating income		1,435,000 11,615,000		6,403,000		
Capital expenditures		823,000		378,000		6,0
		023,000		370,000		0,0
For the three months ended January 31, 2005:						.=
Net sales	\$	43,473,000	Ş	13,564,000		
Depreciation and amortization		1,397,000		223,000		104,0
Operating income		7,129,000		2,931,000		(1,399,0
Capital expenditures		859 , 000		83,000		2,0
For the three months ended October 31, 2005:		40 4 40 00-	_	0.0.000		
Net sales	\$	49,140,000	Ş	27,400,000		
Depreciation and amortization		1,724,000		323,000		95,0
Operating income		7,448,000		8,903,000		(3,545,0
Capital expenditures		1,122,000		322,000		25 , 0

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The total assets held by each operating segment as of July 31, 2006 and October 31, 2005 is as follows:

	SEGMENT (1)					
		FSG ETG		ETG	PRIMARILY CORPORATE	
Total assets as of July 31, 2006 Total assets as of October 31, 2005	\$	321,022,000 259,957,000	\$	176,834,000 159,123,000	\$	16,482,000 16,544,000

(1) During the third quarter of fiscal 2006, one of the Company's subsidiaries formerly included in the ETG was reclassified to the FSG. Prior period amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the revised segment classification.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

GUARANTEES

The Company has arranged for standby letters of credit aggregating \$2.2 million to meet the security requirement of its insurance company for potential workers' compensation claims, which are supported by the Company's revolving credit facility. In addition, the Company's industrial development revenue bonds are secured by a \$2.0 million letter of credit expiring April 2008 and a mortgage on the related properties pledged as collateral.

Changes in the Company's product warranty liability for the nine months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are as follows:

	2006	2005
Balances as of beginning of fiscal year	\$ 395,000	\$ 129,000
Acquired warranty liabilities	15,000	
Accruals for warranties	396,000	430,000
Warranty claims settled	(410,000)	(188,000)
Balances as of July 31	\$ 396,000	\$ 371,000
	========	

As part of the agreement to acquire an 80% interest in a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2004, the Company has the right to purchase the minority interests beginning at approximately the tenth anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holders have the right to cause the Company to purchase their interests commencing on approximately the fifth anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions.

As part of the agreement to purchase a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2005, the Company may be obligated to pay additional purchase consideration of up to \$3.8 million in aggregate should the subsidiary meet certain earnings objectives during the first four years following the acquisition. In the second quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company paid \$2.2 million of such additional purchase consideration based on the subsidiary's earnings relative to target for the first year.

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As part of the agreement to purchase a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2005, the Company may be obligated to pay additional purchase consideration currently estimated to total up to \$2.3 million should the subsidiary meet certain product line-related earnings objectives during the fourth and fifth years following the acquisition. The additional purchase consideration will be accrued when the earnings objectives are met.

As part of the agreement to acquire an 85% interest in a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2005, the minority holders have the right to cause the Company to purchase their interests over a four-year period starting around the second anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions.

As part of the agreement to acquire a 51% interest in a subsidiary by the FSG in fiscal 2006, the Company has the right to purchase 28% of the equity

interests of the subsidiary over a four-year period beginning approximately after the second anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holder has the right to cause the Company to purchase the same equity interest over the same period. Further, the Company has the right to purchase the remaining 21% of the equity interests of the subsidiary over a three-year period beginning approximately after the fourth anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holder has the right to cause the Company to purchase the same equity interest over the same period.

As part of the agreement to acquire a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2006, the Company may be obligated to pay additional consideration of up to \$53.0 million in aggregate during the first four years following the acquisition. The maximum amount of additional consideration that may become payable by year is \$6.8 million in fiscal 2006, \$9.2 million in fiscal 2007, \$17.8 million in fiscal 2008 and \$19.2 million in fiscal 2009. The additional purchase consideration will be accrued when the earnings objectives are met.

The Company has also accrued additional purchase consideration aggregating \$.3 million as of July 31, 2006 in accordance with the agreements related to certain acquisitions based principally on the actual value of the net assets acquired. The Company paid this amount in August 2006.

As part of an agreement for exclusive license rights to intellectual property, one of the subsidiaries of the ETG has guaranteed minimum royalty payments aggregating \$.2 million through fiscal 2007.

LITIGATION

The Company is involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Based upon the Company's and its legal counsel's evaluations of any claims or assessments, management is of the opinion that the outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

This discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included herein. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates if different assumptions were used or different events ultimately transpire.

The Company's critical accounting policies, some of which require management to make judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain, are described in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," under the heading "Critical Accounting Policies" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2005.

The Company has two operating segments: the Flight Support Group ("FSG"),

consisting of HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. ("HEICO Aerospace") and its subsidiaries, and the Electronic Technologies Group ("ETG"), consisting of HEICO Electronic Technologies Corp. and its subsidiaries.

The Company's results of operations during the nine months ended July 31, 2006 have been affected by several recent acquisitions.

In November 2005, the Company, through its HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. subsidiary, acquired a 51% interest in Seal Dynamics LLC ("SDI"). The remaining 49% interest is principally held by a member of SDI's management group. In November 2005, the Company, through its HEICO Electronic Technologies Corp. subsidiary, acquired Engineering Design Team, Inc. and its affiliate (collectively "EDT"). In May 2006, the Company, through its HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. subsidiary, acquired all of the stock of Arger Enterprises, Inc. and its related companies (collectively "Arger"). The purchase price of each acquisition was principally paid in cash using proceeds from the Company's revolving credit facility and was not significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements individually. The operating results of SDI, EDT and Arger were included in the Company's results of operations effective from each of their respective acquisition dates. For further information regarding these acquisitions, see Note 2, Acquisitions, of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

During fiscal 2005, the Company, through its HEICO Electronic Technologies Corp. subsidiary, acquired Connectronics, Corp. and its affiliate, Wiremax, Ltd. (collectively "Connectronics") in December 2004, Lumina Power, Inc. ("Lumina") in February 2005, and an 85% interest in HVT Group, Inc. ("HVT") in September 2005. The remaining 15% interest is held by certain members of HVT's management group. The operating results of each acquired

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company were included in the Company's results of operations from their effective acquisition date.

As further explained within Comparison of First Nine Months of Fiscal 2006 to First Nine Months of Fiscal 2005, the first nine months of fiscal 2006 reflects operating results of all of the above mentioned fiscal 2006 and 2005 acquisitions from each of their respective acquisition dates, whereas the first nine months of fiscal 2005 includes just eight months of operating results of Connectronics and six months of operating results of Lumina from their respective aforementioned acquisition dates.

As further explained within Comparison of Third Quarter of Fiscal 2006 to Third Quarter of Fiscal 2005, the third quarter of fiscal 2006 reflects operating results of all of the above mentioned fiscal 2006 and 2005 acquisitions, whereas the third quarter of fiscal 2005 includes just the operating results of Connectronics and Lumina and not of HVT, SDI, EDT and Arger, which were acquired subsequently.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth the results of the Company's operations, net sales and operating income by segment, and the percentage of net sales represented by the respective items in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	NINE MONTHS	ENDED JULY 31,	THR
	2006	2005	2
Net sales	\$ 282,365,000		\$ 102
Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses	179,192,000 53,879,000	121,799,000 39,481,000	64 20
Total operating costs and expenses	233,071,000	161,280,000	84
Operating income	\$ 49,294,000	\$ 31,843,000	\$ 17
Net sales by segment: (1) Flight Support Group Electronic Technologies Group Intersegment sales	\$ 198,586,000	\$ 142,849,000 50,421,000 (147,000)	\$ 71 31
	\$ 282,365,000	\$ 193,123,000	\$ 102
Operating income by segment: (1) Flight Support Group Electronic Technologies Group Other, primarily corporate	\$ 33,832,000 25,036,000 (9,574,000)	\$ 25,347,000 12,075,000 (5,579,000)	===== \$ 11 9 (3
	\$ 49,294,000	\$ 31,843,000	\$ 17
Net sales Gross profit Selling, general and administrative expenses Operating income Interest expense	100.09 36.59 19.19 17.59 0.99	100.0% 36.9% 5 20.4% 6 16.5% 6 0.4%	
Interest and other income Income tax expense Minority interests' share of income Net income	0.19 5.79 2.99 8.09	5.9% 2.0%	

(1) During the third quarter of fiscal 2006, one of the Company's subsidiaries formerly included in the Electronic Technologies Group was reclassified to the Flight Support Group. Prior period amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the revised segment classification.

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COMPARISON OF FIRST NINE MONTHS OF FISCAL 2006 TO FIRST NINE MONTHS OF FISCAL 2005

Net Sales

Net sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 increased by 46.2% to \$282.4 million, as compared to net sales of \$193.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2005. The increase in net sales reflects an increase of \$55.7 million (a 39.0% increase) to \$198.6 million in net sales within the FSG, and an increase of \$33.4 million (a 66.3% increase) to \$83.9 million in net sales within the ETG. The FSG's net sales increase reflects the acquisitions of SDI and Arger and organic growth of approximately 12%. The organic growth reflects increased sales of new products and services as well as improved demand for the FSG's aftermarket replacement parts and repair and overhaul services associated

with continued recovery within the commercial airline industry. The ETG's net sales increase reflects the acquisitions of Connectronics, Lumina, HVT and EDT and organic growth of approximately 15% reflecting increased demand for certain products.

Gross Profit and Operating Expenses

The Company's gross profit margin decreased slightly to 36.5% for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 as compared to 36.9% for the first nine months of fiscal 2005, reflecting lower margins within the FSG offset by an increase in the ETG margin. The FSG's gross profit margin decrease was due principally to a less favorable product mix including the expected impact of lower margins realized on products distributed by SDI. The ETG's gross profit margin increase was principally from improved product mix, including a higher margin product mix contributed by some of the recent acquisitions. Consolidated cost of sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 and 2005 includes approximately \$12.2 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, of new product research and development expenses.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses were \$53.9 million and \$39.5 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively. The increase in SG&A expenses was mainly due to higher operating costs, principally personnel related, associated with the aforementioned acquisitions, the increase in net sales discussed above, an increase in corporate expenses and stock option compensation expense (see Stock Based Compensation below). Corporate expenses are up due to increased costs to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and higher accrued performance awards. The majority of such costs incurred in fiscal 2005 were not incurred until the second half of fiscal 2005.

As a percentage of net sales, SG&A expenses decreased to 19.1% for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 compared to 20.4% for the first nine months of fiscal 2005. The decrease as a percentage of net sales is due to improved efficiencies in controlling costs while increasing revenues.

Operating Income

Operating income for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 increased by 54.8% to \$49.3 million, compared to operating income of \$31.8 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2005. The increase in operating income reflects an increase of \$8.5 million (a 33.5% increase) to \$33.8 million

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in operating income of the FSG in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 from \$25.3 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2005. Operating income of the ETG increased \$13.0 million (a 107.3% increase) to \$25.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 from \$12.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2005. These increases were partially offset by the aforementioned increase in corporate expenses. As a percentage of net sales, operating income increased from 16.5% in the first nine months of fiscal 2005 to 17.5% in the first nine months of fiscal 2006. The increase in operating income as a percentage of net sales reflects a slight decrease in the FSG's operating income as a percentage of net sales from 17.7% in the first nine months of fiscal 2005 to 17.0% in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 and an increase in the ETG's operating income as a percentage of net sales from 23.9% in the first nine months of fiscal 2005 to 29.9% in the first nine months of fiscal 2006. The decrease in the FSG's operating income as a percentage of net sales reflects the lower gross profit margins discussed previously, partially offset by improved operating efficiencies within SG&A expenses. The increase in the ETG's operating income as a percentage of net sales reflects the increased gross profit margins

discussed previously.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased to \$2,627,000 in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 from \$785,000 in the first nine months of fiscal 2005. The increase was principally due to a higher weighted average balance outstanding under the revolving credit facility in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 attributable to borrowings to fund acquisitions and higher interest rates.

Interest and Other Income

Interest and other income in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 were not material.

Income Tax Expense

The Company's effective tax rate for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 decreased to 34.4% from 36.3% for the first nine months of fiscal 2005. The decrease is principally due to a higher amount of the minority interests' share of income excluded from the Company's fiscal 2006 consolidated income subject to federal income taxes, as well as an income tax credit for qualified research and development activities claimed in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 on the Company's fiscal 2005 tax return and an amended return for a previous tax year. The aggregate tax credit, net of expenses, increased net income by approximately \$.2 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2006. The Company is reviewing other open tax years and may file amendments to claim additional tax credits for qualified research and development activities incurred during such years. The benefit of such tax credits will be recorded when the Company has completed its review and sustainability is considered probable.

Minority Interests' Share of Income

Minority interests' share of income of consolidated subsidiaries relates to the minority interests held in HEICO Aerospace, including the 49% minority interest held in SDI, and the minority interests held in the ETG, which consist of the 20% minority interest held in Sierra

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Microwave Technology, LLC ("Sierra") and the 15% minority interest held in HVT. The increase in the minority interests' share of income for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2005 is attributable to the acquisitions of SDI (November 2005) and HVT (September 2005) and the higher earnings of the FSG and Sierra.

Net Income

The Company's net income was \$22.6 million, or \$.85 per diluted share, for the first nine months of fiscal 2006 compared to \$16.2 million, or \$.62 per diluted share, for the first nine months of fiscal 2005 reflecting the increased operating income referenced above, partially offset by the increased minority interests' share of income of certain consolidated subsidiaries.

OUTLOOK

The Company reported increased sales and operating income in its two business segments reflecting both growth through acquisitions and strong organic growth. Consolidated operating margins experienced in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 approximate those currently expected for the full fiscal 2006 year.

Based on the Company's continued success in introducing new products and services and increasing product demand, the Company continues to target growth in fiscal 2006 sales and net income over fiscal 2005.

COMPARISON OF THIRD QUARTER OF FISCAL 2006 TO THIRD QUARTER OF FISCAL 2005

Net Sales

Net sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 increased by 47.7% to \$102.2 million, as compared to net sales of \$69.2 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. The increase in net sales reflects an increase of \$19.6 million (a 38.1% increase) to \$71.1 million in net sales within the FSG, and an increase of \$13.4 million (a 75.3% increase) to \$31.1 million in net sales within the ETG. The FSG's net sales increase reflects the acquisitions of SDI and Arger and organic growth of approximately 8%. The organic growth reflects increased sales of new products and services as well as improved demand for the FSG's aftermarket replacement parts and repair and overhaul services associated with continued recovery within the commercial airline industry. The ETG's net sales increase reflects the acquisitions of HVT and EDT and organic growth of approximately 30% reflecting increased demand for certain products.

Gross Profit and Operating Expenses

The Company's gross profit margin decreased to 36.8% for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared to 37.6% for the third quarter of fiscal 2005, reflecting lower margins within the FSG partially offset by an increase in the ETG margin. The FSG's gross profit margin decrease was due principally to a less favorable product mix including the expected impact of lower margins realized on products distributed by SDI. The ETG's gross profit margin increase was principally from improved product mix, including a higher margin product mix contributed by some of the

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recent acquisitions. Consolidated cost of sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 and 2005 includes approximately \$4.0 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, of new product research and development expenses.

SG&A expenses were \$20.2 million and \$14.3 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively. The increase in SG&A expenses was mainly due to higher operating costs, principally personnel related, associated with the aforementioned acquisitions, the increase in net sales discussed above, an increase in corporate expenses and stock option compensation expense (see Stock Based Compensation below). Corporate expenses are up due to increased costs to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and higher accrued performance awards. The majority of such costs incurred in fiscal 2005 were not incurred until the second half of fiscal 2005.

As a percentage of net sales, SG&A expenses decreased to 19.8% for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 compared to 20.6% for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. The decrease as a percentage of net sales is due to improved efficiencies in controlling costs while increasing revenues.

Operating Income

Operating income for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 increased by 48.0% to \$17.4 million, compared to operating income of \$11.7 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. The increase in operating income reflects an increase of \$1.7 million (a 17.1% increase) to \$11.5 million in operating income of the FSG in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 from \$9.8 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. Operating income of the ETG increased \$5.2 million (a 116.3%

increase) to \$9.7 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 from \$4.5 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. These increases were partially offset by the aforementioned increase in corporate expenses. As a percentage of net sales, operating income approximated 17.0% in both the third quarter of fiscal 2006 and 2005. The operating income as a percentage of net sales reflects an increase in the ETG's operating income as a percentage of net sales from 25.2% in the third quarter of fiscal 2005 to 31.1% in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 offset by a decrease in the FSG's operating income as a percentage of net sales from 19.0% in the third quarter of fiscal 2005 to 16.1% in the third quarter of fiscal 2006. The increase in the ETG's operating income as a percentage of net sales reflects the increased gross profit margins discussed previously. The decrease in the FSG's operating income as a percentage of net sales reflects the decreased gross profit margins discussed previously partially offset by improved operating efficiencies within SG&A expenses.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased to \$958,000 in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 from \$252,000 in the third quarter of fiscal 2005. The increase was principally due to a higher weighted average balance outstanding under the revolving credit facility in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 attributable to borrowings to fund acquisitions and higher interest rates.

Interest and Other Income

Interest and other income in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 and 2005 were not material.

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Income Tax Expense

The Company's effective tax rate for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 decreased to 33.0% from 36.3% for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. The decrease is principally due to a higher amount of the minority interests' share of income excluded from the Company's fiscal 2006 consolidated income subject to federal income taxes, as well as an income tax credit for qualified research and development activities claimed in the third quarter of fiscal 2006 on the Company's fiscal 2005 tax return and an amended return for a previous tax year. The aggregate tax credit, net of expenses, increased net income by approximately \$.2 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2006. The Company is reviewing other open tax years and may file amendments to claim additional tax credits for qualified research and development activities incurred during such years. The benefit of such tax credits will be recorded when the Company has completed its review and sustainability is considered probable.

Minority Interests' Share of Income

Minority interests' share of income of consolidated subsidiaries relates to the minority interests held in HEICO Aerospace, including the 49% minority interest held in SDI, and the minority interests held in the ETG, which consist of the 20% minority interest held in Sierra and the 15% minority interest held in HVT. The increase in the minority interests' share of income for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2005 is attributable to the acquisitions of SDI (November 2005) and HVT (September 2005) and the higher earnings of the FSG and Sierra.

Net Income

The Company's net income was \$8.3 million, or \$.31 per diluted share, for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 compared to \$6.0 million, or \$.23 per diluted

share, for the third quarter of fiscal 2005 reflecting the increased operating income referenced above, partially offset by the increased minority interests' share of income of certain consolidated subsidiaries.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company generates cash primarily from its operating activities and financing activities, including borrowings under long-term credit agreements.

Principal uses of cash by the Company include acquisitions, payments of principal and interest on debt, capital expenditures, cash dividends and increases in working capital.

The Company believes that its net cash provided by operating activities and available borrowings under its revolving credit facility will be sufficient to fund cash requirements for the foreseeable future.

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$27.2 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2006, consisting primarily of net income of \$22.6 million, minority interests' share of income of

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consolidated subsidiaries of \$8.3 million, a tax benefit on stock option exercises of \$7.3 million, depreciation and amortization of \$6.6 million, a deferred income tax provision of \$2.8 million, and stock option compensation expense of \$1.2 million, partially offset by an increase in net operating assets of \$20.5 million and the presentation of \$1.1 million of excess tax benefit from stock option exercises as a financing activity in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) (see Stock Based Compensation below). The increase in net operating assets (current assets used in operating activities net of current liabilities) primarily reflects a higher investment in inventories by the FSG required to meet increased sales demand associated with new product offerings, sales growth and increased lead times on certain raw materials; an increase in accounts receivable due to sales growth; and the payment of income taxes that were accrued as of October 31, 2005. Net cash provided by operating activities increased from \$21.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2005 principally as a result of the increase in net income and the minority interests' share of income and an increased tax benefit from stock option exercises, partially offset by the increase in net operating assets referenced above. During the third quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company recognized a \$5.0 million tax benefit from stock option exercises after the individuals who exercised certain stock options entered into a preliminary agreement with the Internal Revenue Service under which their compensation income that had been previously deferred was accelerated (see Note 6, Income Taxes, of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities during the first nine months of fiscal 2006 related primarily to acquisitions and related costs (principally SDI, EDT and Arger) of \$45.6 million and capital expenditures totaling \$7.1 million.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities during the first nine months of fiscal 2006 primarily related to borrowings of \$46.0 million on the Company's revolving credit facility principally used to fund the aforementioned

acquisitions, proceeds from stock option exercises of \$4.5 million and the presentation of \$1.1 million of excess tax benefit from stock option exercises as a financing activity in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), partially offset by repayments of \$20.0 million and \$3.0 million on the Company's revolving credit facility and short-term line of credit, respectively, and the payment of \$2.0 million in cash dividends on the Company's common stock.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has arranged for standby letters of credit aggregating \$2.2 million to meet the security requirement of its insurance company for potential workers' compensation claims, which are supported by the Company's revolving credit facility. In addition, the Company's industrial development revenue bonds are secured by a \$2.0 million letter of credit expiring April 2008 and a mortgage on the related properties pledged as collateral.

As part of the agreement to acquire an 80% interest in a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2004, the Company has the right to purchase the minority interests beginning at approximately the tenth

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anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holders have the right to cause the Company to purchase their interests commencing on approximately the fifth anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions.

As part of the agreement to purchase a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2005, the Company may be obligated to pay additional purchase consideration of up to \$3.8 million in aggregate should the subsidiary meet certain earnings objectives during the first four years following the acquisition. In the second quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company paid \$2.2 million of such additional purchase consideration based on the subsidiary's earnings relative to target for the first year.

As part of the agreement to purchase a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2005, the Company may be obligated to pay additional purchase consideration currently estimated to total up to \$2.3 million should the subsidiary meet certain product line-related earnings objectives during the fourth and fifth years following the acquisition. The additional purchase consideration will be accrued when the earnings objectives are met.

As part of the agreement to acquire an 85% interest in a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2005, the minority holders have the right to cause the Company to purchase their interests over a four-year period starting around the second anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions.

As part of the agreement to acquire a 51% interest in a subsidiary by the FSG in fiscal 2006, the Company has the right to purchase 28% of the equity interests of the subsidiary over a four-year period beginning approximately after the second anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holder has the right to cause the Company to purchase the same equity interest over the same period. Further, the Company has the right to purchase the remaining 21% of the equity interests of the subsidiary over a three-year period beginning approximately after the fourth anniversary of the acquisition, or sooner under certain conditions, and the minority holder has the right to cause the Company to purchase the same equity interest over the same period.

As part of the agreement to acquire a subsidiary by the ETG in fiscal 2006, the Company may be obligated to pay additional consideration of up to \$53.0

million in aggregate during the first four years following the acquisition. The maximum amount of additional consideration that may become payable by year is \$6.8 million in fiscal 2006, \$9.2 million in fiscal 2007, \$17.8 million in fiscal 2008 and \$19.2 million in fiscal 2009. The additional purchase consideration will be accrued when the earnings objectives are met.

The Company has also accrued additional purchase consideration aggregating \$.3 million as of July 31, 2006 in accordance with the agreements related to certain acquisitions based principally on the actual value of the net assets acquired. The Company paid this amount in August 2006.

As part of an agreement for exclusive license rights to intellectual property, one of the subsidiaries of the ETG has guaranteed minimum royalty payments aggregating \$.2 million through fiscal 2007.

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STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Effective November 1, 2005, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment", as interpreted by the Securities and Exchange Commission in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 and began recording compensation expense associated with stock options. SFAS No. 123(R) requires companies to recognize in the statement of operations the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of those awards (with limited exceptions). Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company accounted for stock-based employee compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". Accordingly, compensation expense had only been recorded in the consolidated financial statements for any stock options granted below fair market value of the underlying stock as of the date of grant.

The Company adopted the modified prospective transition method provided for under SFAS No. 123(R) and accordingly, prior period results have not been retroactively adjusted. The modified prospective transition method requires that stock-based compensation expense be recorded for (i) all new stock options granted on or after November 1, 2005 based on the grant date fair value determined under the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) and (ii) all unvested stock options granted prior to November 1, 2005 based on the grant date fair value as determined under the provisions of SFAS No. 123.

Beginning in fiscal 2006, the Company has presented the cash flows resulting from tax deductions in excess of the cumulative compensation cost recognized for stock options exercised on or after November 1, 2005 ("excess tax benefit") as a financing activity in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as prescribed by SFAS No. 123(R). Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company presented all tax benefits resulting from stock option exercises as an operating activity in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. For the nine months ended July 31, 2006, the excess tax benefit from stock option exercises of \$1,139,000 was presented in financing activities in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company's net income for the nine months and three months ended July 31, 2006 includes compensation expense of \$1,187,000 and \$300,000, respectively, and income tax benefit related to the Company's stock options of \$351,000 and \$84,000, respectively. Substantially all of the stock option compensation expense was recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of July 31, 2006, there was \$1.0 million of pretax unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.5 years.

Further information regarding stock options can be found in Note 8, Stock Options, of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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OTHER NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 151, "Inventory Costs, an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4". SFAS No. 151 requires the allocation of fixed production overhead costs be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities and unallocated overhead costs recognized as an expense in the period incurred. The Statement also clarifies that abnormal inventory costs such as costs of idle facilities, excess freight and handling costs, and wasted materials (spoilage) are required to be recognized as current period charges. The provisions of SFAS No. 151 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of SFAS No. 151 did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 47 ("FIN 47"), "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143." This Interpretation clarifies the timing of liability recognition for legal obligations associated with an asset retirement when the timing and (or) method of settling the obligation are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. FIN 47 is effective no later than the end of fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005. The Company does not expect the adoption of FIN 47 to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3." SFAS No. 154 changes the requirements for the accounting and reporting of a change in accounting principle. The Statement eliminates the requirement in APB Opinion No. 20 to include the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle in the income statement in the period of change, and instead requires that changes in accounting principle be retrospectively applied unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. The Statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. SFAS No. 154 is effective for changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 154 to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," which seeks to reduce the diversity in practice associated with the accounting and reporting for uncertainty in income tax positions. This Interpretation prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. FIN 48 presents a two-step process for evaluating a tax position. The first step is to determine whether it is more—likely—than—not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step is to measure the benefit to be recorded from tax positions that meet the more—likely—than—not recognition threshold, by determining the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement, and recognizing that amount in the financial statements. FIN 48 is effective for

fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of FIN 48 will have on its results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Report constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained herein that are not clearly historical in nature may be forward-looking and the words "believe," "expect," "estimate" and similar expressions are generally intended to identify forward looking statements. Any forward-looking statements contained herein, in press releases, written statements or other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or in communications and discussions with investors and analysts in the normal course of business through meetings, phone calls and conference calls, concerning our operations, economic performance and financial condition are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performance or achievements. Also, forward-looking statements are based upon management's estimates of fair values and of future costs, using currently available information. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from those expressed in or implied by those statements. Factors that could cause such differences, but are not limited to: lower demand for commercial air travel or airline fleet changes, which could cause lower demand for our goods and services; product specification costs and requirements, which could cause an increase to our costs to complete contracts; governmental and regulatory demands, export policies and restrictions, reductions in defense or space spending by U.S. and/or foreign customers, or competition from existing and new competitors, which could reduce our sales; HEICO's ability to introduce new products and product pricing levels, which could reduce our sales or sales growth; HEICO's ability to make acquisitions and achieve operating synergies from acquired businesses, customer credit risk, interest rates and economic conditions within and outside of the aviation, defense, space and electronics industries, which could negatively impact our costs and revenues; and HEICO's ability to maintain effective internal controls, which could adversely affect our business and the market price of our common stock. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Substantially all of the Company's borrowings bear interest at floating interest rates. Based on the outstanding debt balance as of July 31, 2006, a hypothetical 10% increase in interest rates would increase the Company's interest expense by approximately \$362,000 on an annual basis.

The Company is also exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on the United States dollar value of its foreign currency denominated transactions, which are principally in British pound sterling. A hypothetical 10% weakening in the exchange rate of the British pound sterling to the United States dollar as of July 31, 2006 would not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation referred to above that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The Company did not incur any unregistered sales of its equity securities or repurchase any of its equity securities during the first nine months of fiscal 2006.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION
10.1	First Amendment, effective as of July 14, 2006, to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement among HEICO Corporation, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time party hereto, and SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent. *
31.1	Rule $13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)$ Certification of Chief Executive Officer. *
31.2	Rule $13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)$ Certification of Chief Financial Officer. *
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer. **
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer. **

^{*} Filed herewith.

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^{**} Furnished herewith.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HEICO CORPORATION

Date: September 11, 2006 By: /s/ THOMAS S. IRWIN

Thomas S. Irwin
Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and
Accounting Officer)

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32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.