

RPC INC
Form 10-Q
May 05, 2009

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2009

Commission File No. 1-8726

RPC, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

58-1550825
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2801 Buford Highway, Suite 520, Atlanta, Georgia 30329
(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code -- (404) 321-2140

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of April 24, 2009, RPC, Inc. had 98,426,892 shares of common stock outstanding.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
AS OF MARCH 31, 2009 AND DECEMBER 31, 2008
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

| | March 31, 2009 | December 31, 2008 (Note 1) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,312 | \$ 3,037 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 153,307 | 210,375 |
| Inventories | 56,611 | 49,779 |
| Deferred income taxes | 6,004 | 6,187 |
| Income taxes receivable | 12,279 | 15,604 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 4,294 | 7,841 |
| Total current assets | 234,807 | 292,823 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 461,480 | 470,115 |
| Goodwill | 24,093 | 24,093 |
| Other assets | 7,217 | 6,430 |
| Total assets | \$ 727,597 | \$ 793,461 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 50,633 | \$ 61,217 |
| Accrued payroll and related expenses | 12,888 | 20,398 |
| Accrued insurance expenses | 4,764 | 4,640 |
| Accrued state, local and other taxes | 3,196 | 2,395 |
| Income taxes payable | 1,007 | 3,359 |
| Other accrued expenses | 315 | 320 |
| Total current liabilities | 72,803 | 92,329 |
| Long -term accrued insurance expenses | 8,377 | 8,398 |
| Notes payable to banks | 132,500 | 174,450 |
| Long-term pension liabilities | 12,034 | 11,177 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 2,065 | 3,628 |
| Deferred income taxes | 53,706 | 54,395 |
| Total liabilities | 281,485 | 344,377 |
| Common stock | 9,843 | 9,770 |
| Capital in excess of par value | 3,322 | 3,990 |
| Retained earnings | 443,018 | 445,356 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (10,071) | (10,032) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 446,112 | 449,084 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 727,597 | \$ 793,461 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 and 2008

(In thousands except per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | Three months ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Revenues | \$ 176,271 | \$ 197,227 |
| Cost of revenues | 109,970 | 117,670 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 27,606 | 28,317 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 32,020 | 27,326 |
| Gain on disposition of assets, net | (1,722) | (1,527) |
| Operating profit | 8,397 | 25,441 |
| Interest expense | (594) | (1,471) |
| Interest income | 33 | 22 |
| Other income (expense), net | 143 | (7) |
| Income before income taxes | 7,979 | 23,985 |
| Income tax provision | 3,513 | 9,228 |
| Net income | \$ 4,466 | \$ 14,757 |
| | | |
| Earnings per share | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.15 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.15 |
| | | |
| Dividends per share | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.06 |
| | | |
| Average shares outstanding | | |
| Basic | 96,178 | 96,586 |
| Diluted | 96,729 | 98,091 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Common Stock Shares | Common Stock Amount | Capital in Excess of Par Value | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Total |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2008 | | 97,705 | \$ 9,770 | \$ 3,990 | \$ 445,356 | \$ (10,032) | \$ 449,084 |
| Stock issued for stock incentive plans, net | | 925 | 93 | (230) | — | — | (137) |
| Stock purchased and retired | | (202) | (20) | (1,640) | — | — | (1,660) |
| Net income | \$ 4,466 | — | — | — | 4,466 | — | 4,466 |
| Pension adjustment, net of taxes | 309 | — | — | — | — | 309 | 309 |
| Loss on cash flow hedge, net of taxes | (114) | — | — | — | — | (114) | (114) |
| Foreign currency translation, net of taxes | (164) | — | — | — | — | (164) | (164) |
| Unrealized loss on securities, net of taxes | (70) | — | — | — | — | (70) | (70) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 4,427 | | | | | | |
| Dividends declared | | — | — | — | (6,804) | — | (6,804) |
| Stock-based compensation | | — | — | 1,015 | — | — | 1,015 |
| Excess tax benefits for share- based payments | | — | — | 187 | — | — | 187 |
| Balance, March 31, 2009 | | 98,428 | \$ 9,843 | \$ 3,322 | \$ 443,018 | \$ (10,071) | \$ 446,112 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this consolidated financial statement.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 and 2008

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net income | \$ 4,466 | \$ 14,757 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation, amortization and other non-cash charges | 31,999 | 27,327 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 1,015 | 889 |
| Gain on disposition of assets, net | (1,722) | (1,527) |
| Deferred income tax (benefit) provision | (1,173) | 586 |
| Excess tax benefits for share-based payments | (187) | (421) |
| Changes in current assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 57,029 | 2,179 |
| Income taxes receivable | 3,512 | 5,095 |
| Inventories | (6,871) | (4,851) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 3,431 | 789 |
| Accounts payable | (15,334) | 4,847 |
| Income taxes payable | (2,352) | 490 |
| Accrued payroll and related expenses | (7,510) | (3,512) |
| Accrued insurance expenses | 124 | 156 |
| Accrued state, local and other taxes | 801 | 562 |
| Other accrued expenses | (3) | (27) |
| Changes in working capital | 32,827 | 5,728 |
| Changes in other assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accrued pension | 1,344 | 543 |
| Accrued insurance expenses | (21) | 755 |
| Other non-current assets | (784) | (631) |
| Other non-current liabilities | (1,743) | (1,279) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 66,021 | 46,727 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Capital expenditures | (19,475) | (46,335) |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | 2,571 | 2,466 |
| Net cash used for investing activities | (16,904) | (43,869) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Payment of dividends | (6,804) | (5,794) |
| Borrowings from notes payable to banks | 68,300 | 99,000 |
| Repayments of notes payable to banks | (110,250) | (86,350) |
| Excess tax benefits for share-based payments | 187 | 421 |
| Cash paid for common stock purchased and retired | (1,349) | (5,193) |
| Proceeds received upon exercise of stock options | 74 | 210 |

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| | | |
|--|----------|-----------|
| Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities | (49,842) | 2,294 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (725) | 5,152 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 3,037 | 6,338 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 2,312 | \$ 11,490 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of RPC, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (“RPC” or the “Company”) and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (all of which consisted of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three month period ended March 31, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2008 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company’s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

A group that includes the Company’s Chairman of the Board, R. Randall Rollins and his brother Gary W. Rollins, who is also a director of the Company, and certain companies under their control, controls in excess of fifty percent of the Company’s voting power.

2. REVENUES

RPC’s revenues are generated principally from providing services and the related equipment. Revenues are recognized when the services are rendered and collectibility is reasonably assured. Revenues from services and equipment are based on fixed or determinable priced purchase orders or contracts with the customer and do not include the right of return. Rates for services and equipment are priced on a per day, per unit of measure, per man hour or similar basis. Sales tax charged to customers is presented on a net basis within the consolidated statement of operations and excluded from revenues.

3. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (“SFAS”) No. 128, “Earnings Per Share,” requires a basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share presentation. The two calculations differ as a result of the dilutive effect of stock options and time lapse restricted shares and performance restricted shares included in diluted earnings per share, but excluded from basic earnings per share. Basic and diluted earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the respective periods. A reconciliation of weighted average shares outstanding is as follows:

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| (In thousands except per share data) | Three months ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Net income available for stockholders (numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share): | \$ 4,466 | \$ 14,757 |
| Shares (denominator): | | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding (denominator for basic earnings per share) | 96,178 | 96,586 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | |
| Employee stock options and restricted stock | 551 | 1,505 |
| Adjusted weighted average shares (denominator for diluted earnings per share) | 96,729 | 98,091 |
| Earnings per share: | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.15 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.15 |

In June 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) EITF 03-6-1, "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities," to clarify that all outstanding unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid, are participating securities. An entity must include participating securities in its calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) pursuant to the two-class method, as described in FASB Statement 128, Earnings per Share. The Company has periodically issued share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends. The Company evaluated the impact of FSP EITF 03-6-1 and determined that the impact was not material and determined the basic and diluted earnings per share amounts as reported are equivalent to the basic and diluted earnings per share amounts calculated under FSP EITF 03-6-1.

4. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements:

Financial Accounting Standards Board Staff Positions and Interpretations

In June 2008, the FASB issued FSP EITF 03-6-1, "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities." The Company adopted FSP EITF 03-6-1 effective January 1, 2009 and the adoption of this accounting guidance did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements or EPS. See Note 3 titled Earnings Per Share for further details.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In April 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS No. 142-3, which amends the factors that must be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life over which to amortize the cost of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." The FSP requires an entity that is estimating the useful life of a recognized intangible asset to consider its historical experience in renewing or extending similar arrangements or, in the absence of historical experience, must consider assumptions that market participants would use about renewal or extension that are both consistent with the asset's highest and best use and adjusted for entity-specific factors under SFAS No. 142. The Company adopted the provisions of this FSP on January 1, 2009 and plans to apply the guidance for determining the useful life of a recognized intangible asset acquired hereafter.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted:

Financial Accounting Standards Board Staff Positions and Interpretations

In December 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FAS 132R-1, "Employers' Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets." The FASB issued the FSP, which amends FASB Statement 132R, Employers' Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits, in order to provide adequate transparency about the types of assets and associated risks in employers' postretirement plans. Disclosures are designed to provide an understanding of how investment decisions are made: the major categories of plan assets; the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of plan assets; the effect of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements in FASB Statement 157, Fair Value Measurements) on changes in plan assets for the period; and significant concentrations of risk within plan assets. The disclosures about plan assets required by this FSP are required to be provided for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2009, with the provisions of this FSP not required for earlier periods that are presented for comparative purposes, upon initial application. Earlier application of the provisions of this FSP is permitted. The Company is currently in the process of determining the additional disclosures required upon the adoption of this FSP.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP SFAS 157-4, "Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly." FSP SFAS 157-4 affirms that the objective of fair value when the market for an asset is not active is the price that would be received to sell the asset in an orderly transaction, and clarifies and includes additional factors for determining whether there has been a significant decrease in market activity for an asset when the market for that asset is not active. FSP SFAS 157-4 requires an entity to base its conclusion about whether a transaction was not orderly on the weight of the evidence. FSP SFAS 157-4 also amended SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements," to expand certain disclosure requirements. This FSP shall be effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, and shall be applied prospectively. Adoption of this FSP SFAS 157-4 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP SFAS 115-2 and SFAS 124-2, "Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments." FSP SFAS 115-2 and SFAS 124-2 (i) changes existing guidance for determining whether an impairment is other than temporary to debt securities and (ii) replaces the existing requirement that the entity's management assert it has both the intent and ability to hold an impaired security until recovery with a requirement that management assert: (a) it does not have the intent to sell the security; and (b) it is more likely than not it will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis. Under FSP SFAS 115-2 and SFAS 124-2, declines in the fair value of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities below their cost that are deemed to be other than temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses to the extent the impairment is related to credit losses. The amount of the impairment related to other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income. This FSP shall be effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. Adoption of this FSP is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP SFAS 107-1 and APB 28-1, "Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments." FSP SFAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 amends SFAS 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments," to require an entity to provide disclosures about fair value of financial instruments in interim financial information and amends Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 28, "Interim Financial Reporting," to require those disclosures in summarized financial information at interim reporting periods. Under FSP SFAS 107-1 and APB 28-1, a publicly traded company shall include disclosures about the fair value of its financial instruments whenever it issues summarized financial information for interim reporting periods. In addition, entities must disclose, in the body or in the accompanying notes of its summarized financial information for interim reporting periods and in its financial statements for annual reporting periods, the fair value of all financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value, whether recognized or not recognized in the statement of financial position, as required by SFAS 107. This FSP shall be effective for interim reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. The new interim disclosures required by this FSP will be included in the Company's interim financial statements beginning with the second quarter of 2009.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP SFAS 141R-1, "Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination That Arise from Contingencies." FSP SFAS 141R-1 amends the guidance in SFAS 141R to require that assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies be recognized at fair value if fair value can be reasonably estimated. If fair value of such an asset or liability cannot be reasonably estimated, the asset or liability would generally be recognized in accordance with SFAS 5, "Accounting for Contingencies," and FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 14, "Reasonable Estimation of the Amount of a Loss." FSP SFAS 141R-1 removes subsequent accounting guidance for assets and liabilities arising from contingencies from SFAS 141R and requires entities to develop a systematic and rational basis for subsequently measuring and accounting for assets and liabilities arising from contingencies. FSP SFAS 141R-1 eliminates the requirement to disclose an estimate of the range of outcomes of recognized contingencies at the acquisition date. For unrecognized contingencies, entities are required to include only the disclosures required by SFAS 5. FSP SFAS 141R-1 also requires that contingent consideration arrangements of an acquiree assumed by the acquirer in a business combination be treated as contingent consideration of the acquirer and should be initially and subsequently measured at fair value in accordance with SFAS 141R. FSP SFAS 141R-1 is effective for assets or liabilities arising from contingencies the Company acquires in business combinations occurring after January 1, 2009.

5. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The components of comprehensive income are as follows:

| (In thousands) | Three months ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Net income as reported | \$ 4,466 | \$ 14,757 |
| Pension adjustment, net of taxes | 309 | - |
| Loss on cash flow hedge, net of taxes | (114) | - |
| Foreign currency translation, net of taxes | (164) | 44 |
| Unrealized (loss) gain on securities, net of taxes | (70) | 19 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 4,427 | \$ 14,820 |

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company reserved 5,062,500 shares of common stock under its 2004 Stock Incentive Plan which expires ten years from the date of approval. This plan provides for the issuance of various forms of stock incentives, including, among others, incentive and non-qualified stock options and restricted stock. As of March 31, 2009, there were approximately 2,180,000 shares available for grants.

Stock-based employee compensation expense was as follows for the periods indicated:

| (in thousands) | Three months ended March 31, | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Pre-tax expense | \$ 1,015 | \$ 889 |
| After tax expense | 645 | 576 |

Stock Options

Transactions involving RPC's stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2009 were as follows:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2009 | 1,108,022 | \$ 3.12 | 2.68 years | |
| Granted | - | - | N/A | |
| Exercised | (204,112) | 2.75 | N/A | |
| Forfeited | - | - | N/A | |
| Expired | - | - | N/A | |
| Outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2009 | 903,910 | \$ 3.41 | 2.99 years | \$3,155,000 |

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was approximately \$1,318,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2009 and approximately \$4,666,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2008. The tax benefits related to options exercised totaled \$100,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2009 and have been classified as financing cash flows in accordance with SFAS 123(R), "Shared-Based Payments."

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Restricted Stock

The following is a summary of the changes in non-vested restricted shares for the three months ended March 31, 2009:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Non-vested shares at January 1, 2009 | 1,762,478 | \$ 11.34 |
| Granted | 722,000 | 8.55 |
| Vested | (318,208) | 8.86 |
| Forfeited | (2,500) | 14.49 |
| Non-vested shares at March 31, 2009 | 2,163,770 | \$ 10.48 |

The total fair value of shares vested during the three months ended March 31, 2009 was approximately \$2,712,000 and during the three months ended March 31, 2008 was approximately \$2,057,000. The tax benefits for compensation tax deductions in excess of compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2009 totaled approximately \$87,000 and were credited to capital in excess of par value and are classified as financing cash flows in accordance with SFAS 123R.

Other Information

As of March 31, 2009, total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted shares was approximately \$22,160,000 which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 4.2 years. As of March 31, 2009, all of the compensation cost related to stock options has been recognized.

7. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

RPC's service lines have been aggregated into two reportable oil and gas services segments, Technical Services and Support Services, because of the similarities between the financial performance and approach to managing the service lines within each of the segments, as well as the economic and business conditions impacting their business activity levels. Corporate includes selected administrative costs incurred by the Company that are not allocated to business units. Gains or losses on disposition of assets are reviewed by the Company's chief decision maker on a consolidated basis, and accordingly the Company does not report gains or losses at the segment level.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Technical Services include RPC's oil and gas service lines that utilize people and equipment to perform value-added completion, production and maintenance services directly to a customer's well. These services include pressure pumping services, snubbing, coiled tubing, nitrogen pumping, well control consulting and firefighting, down-hole tools, wireline, and fluid pumping services. These Technical Services are primarily used in the completion, production and maintenance of oil and gas wells. The principal markets for this segment include the United States, including the Gulf of Mexico, the mid-continent, southwest and Rocky Mountain regions, and international locations including primarily Africa, Canada, China, Latin America and the Middle East. Customers include major multi-national and independent oil and gas producers, and selected nationally-owned oil companies.

Support Services include RPC's oil and gas service lines that primarily provide equipment for customer use or services to assist customer operations. The equipment and services include drill pipe and related tools, pipe handling, inspection and storage services and oilfield training services. The demand for these services tends to be influenced primarily by customer drilling-related activity levels. The principal markets for this segment include the United States, including the Gulf of Mexico and the mid-continent regions, and international locations, including primarily Canada, Latin America, and the Middle East. Customers include domestic operations of major multi-national and independent oil and gas producers, and selected nationally-owned oil companies.

Inter-segment revenues are generally recorded in segment operating results at prices that management believes approximate prices for arm's length transactions and are not material to operating results.

Certain information with respect to RPC's business segments is set forth in the following tables:

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| (in thousands) | | |
| Revenues: | | |
| Technical Services | \$ 151,079 | \$ 169,231 |
| Support Services | 25,192 | 27,996 |
| Total revenues | \$ 176,271 | \$ 197,227 |
| Operating profit (loss): | | |
| Technical Services | \$ 6,149 | \$ 20,687 |
| Support Services | 3,706 | 5,858 |
| Corporate | (3,180) | (2,631) |
| Gain on disposition of assets, net | 1,722 | 1,527 |
| Total operating profit | \$ 8,397 | \$ 25,441 |
| Interest expense | (594) | (1,471) |
| Interest income | 33 | 22 |
| Other income (expense), net | 143 | (7) |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 7,979 | \$ 23,985 |

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| Three months ended March 31, 2009 (in thousands) | Technical Services | Support Services | Corporate | Total |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| Identifiable assets at March 31, 2009 | \$ 502,748 | \$ 182,848 | \$ 42,001 | \$ 727,597 |
| Capital expenditures | 15,985 | 3,374 | 116 | 19,475 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 21,603 | 10,231 | 186 | 32,020 |

8. INVENTORIES

Inventories of \$56,611,000 at March 31, 2009 and \$49,779,000 at December 31, 2008 consist of raw materials, parts and supplies.

9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The following represents the net periodic benefit cost (credit) and related components of the Company's multiple employer Retirement Income Plan:

| (in thousands) | Three months ended March 31, | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Service cost | \$ - | \$ - |
| Interest cost | 485 | 430 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (380) | (636) |
| Amortization of net losses | 384 | 71 |
| Net periodic benefit cost (credit) | \$ 489 | \$ (105) |

The Company has not made any contributions to the plan during the three months ended March 31, 2009 and does not currently expect to make any additional contributions to this plan during the remainder of 2009.

10. NOTES PAYABLE TO BANKS

The Company currently has a revolving credit agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement") with SunTrust Capital Markets, Inc, as Joint Lead Arranger and Sole Book Manager, Banc of America Securities LLC as Joint Lead Arranger, and a syndicate of other lenders. The Revolving Credit Agreement includes a full and unconditional guarantee by RPC's 100% owned domestic subsidiaries whose assets equal substantially all of the consolidated assets of RPC and its subsidiaries. The subsidiaries of the Company that are not guarantors are considered minor.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Revolving Credit Agreement has a general term of five years and provides for an unsecured line of credit of up to \$296.5 million, which includes a \$50 million letter of credit subfacility, and a \$20 million swingline subfacility. The maturity date of all revolving loans under the Credit Agreement is September 8, 2011. The Company has incurred loan origination fees and other debt related costs associated with the line of credit and Commitment Increase Amendment in the aggregate of approximately \$514,000. These costs are being amortized over the remaining term of the five year loan, and the net amount is classified as non-current other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

Revolving loans under the Revolving Credit Agreement bear interest at one of the following two rates, at RPC's election:

the Base Rate, which is the greater of SunTrust Bank's "prime rate" for the day of the borrowing and a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the Federal Funds Rate plus .50%; or

with respect to any Eurodollar borrowings, Adjusted LIBOR (which equals LIBOR as increased to account for the maximum reserve percentages established by the U.S. Federal Reserve) plus a margin ranging from .40% to .80%, based upon RPC's then-current consolidated debt-to-EBITDA ratio. In addition, RPC will pay an annual fee ranging from .10% to .20% of the total credit facility based upon RPC's then-current consolidated debt-to-EBITDA ratio.

The Revolving Credit Agreement contains customary terms and conditions, including certain financial covenants and restrictions on indebtedness, dividend payments, business combinations and other related items. Further, the Revolving Credit Agreement contains financial covenants limiting the ratio of RPC's consolidated debt-to-EBITDA to no more than 2.5 to 1, and limiting the ratio of RPC's consolidated EBIT to interest expense to no less than 2 to 1.

As of March 31, 2009, RPC has outstanding borrowings of \$132.5 million under the Revolving Credit Agreement. Interest incurred on the line of credit was \$658,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$1,748,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2008. The weighted average interest rate was 1.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 4.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2008. For the three months ended March 31, 2009, and March 31, 2008, the Company capitalized interest of approximately \$63,000 and \$293,000 related to facilities and equipment under construction. Additionally there were letters of credit outstanding relating to self-insurance programs and contract bids for \$19.4 million as of March 31, 2009.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Effective December 2008 the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement that effectively converted \$50 million of our variable-rate debt to a fixed rate basis, thereby hedging against the impact of potential interest rate changes on future interest expense. The agreement terminates on September 8, 2011. Under this agreement the Company pays a fixed interest rate of 2.07%. In return, the issuing lender refunds the Company the variable-rate interest paid to the syndicate of lenders under the Company's revolving credit agreement on the same notional amount, excluding the margin that varies from 0.40% to 0.80%, depending upon RPC's then-current consolidated debt-to-EBITDA ratio.

11. INCOME TAXES

The Company determines its periodic income tax expense based upon the current period income and the annual estimated tax rate for the Company adjusted for any change to prior period estimates. The estimated tax rate is revised, if necessary, as of the end of each successive interim period during the fiscal year to the Company's current annual estimated tax rate.

12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

The Company had accounts payable for purchases of property, plant and equipment of approximately \$14,222,000 as of March 31, 2009 and approximately \$33,934,000 as of March 31, 2008.

13. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

The Company adopted SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements," and FSP 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157," in the first quarter of 2008 for financial assets and liabilities. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements about items measured at fair value. SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. It applies to accounting pronouncements that already require or permit fair value measures.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the Company's assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy consists of three broad levels as follows:

1. Level 1 – Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
2. Level 2 – Inputs other than level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable.
3. Level 3 – Unobservable inputs developed using the Company's estimates and assumptions, which reflect those that market participants would use.

The following table summarizes the valuation of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the balance sheet as of March 31, 2009:

| (in thousands) | Fair value measurements at March 31, 2009 with: | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |
| Assets: | | | |
| Trading securities | \$ 4,868 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Available for sale securities | 401 | - | - |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ - | \$ (1,010) | \$ - |

The Company determines the fair value of the marketable securities that are trading and available for sale through quoted market prices.

At March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, there was \$132,500,000 and \$174,450,000 outstanding under the Company's Revolving Credit Agreement. The borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement bear interest at the variable rate described in Note 10 and therefore approximate fair value at March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008. The Company is subject to interest rate risk on the variable component of the interest rate. The Company's risk management objective is to lock in the interest cash outflows on a portion of our debt. As a result, as described in Note 10, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement to a fixed-rate, thereby hedging against the impact of potential interest rate changes on future interest expense. The interest rate swap had a negative fair value, which is recorded in other long-term liabilities, of \$1,010,000 at March 31, 2009 and \$830,000 at December 31, 2008. The fair value of the interest rate swap was based on quotes from the issuer of the swap and represents the estimated amounts that we would expect to pay to terminate the swap.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities — including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115.” This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, including interim periods within that fiscal year. The Company did not elect the fair value option for any of its existing financial instruments as of March 31, 2009 and the Company has not determined whether or not it will elect this option for financial instruments it may acquire in the future.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF
2. OPERATIONS

Overview

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this document. See also "Forward-Looking Statements" on page 29.

RPC, Inc. ("RPC") provides a broad range of specialized oilfield services primarily to independent and major oilfield companies engaged in exploration, production and development of oil and gas properties throughout the United States, including the Gulf of Mexico, mid-continent, southwest and Rocky Mountain regions, and selected international locations. The Company's revenues and profits are generated by providing equipment and services to customers who operate oil and gas properties and invest capital to drill new wells and enhance production or perform maintenance on existing wells. We continuously monitor factors that impact the level of current and expected customer activity levels, such as the price of oil and natural gas, changes in pricing for our services and equipment, and utilization of our equipment and personnel. Our financial results are affected by geopolitical factors such as political instability in the petroleum-producing regions of the world, overall economic conditions and weather in the United States, the prices of oil and natural gas, and our customers' drilling and production activities.

The discussion of our key business and financial strategies set forth under the Overview section in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 is incorporated herein by reference. Since year-end, the Company's operational strategies have not changed.

During the first quarter of 2009, revenues decreased 10.6 percent to \$176.3 million compared to the same period in the prior year. The decline in revenues is primarily due to lower equipment utilization and more competitive pricing in most of our service lines. International revenues for the first quarter of 2009 increased due to increases in customer activity levels in Egypt, Mexico and Canada partially offset by decreases in Kuwait and Gabon. We continue to focus on developing international growth opportunities; however, it is difficult to predict when contracts and projects will be initiated and their ultimate duration.

Cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues increased approximately 2.7 percentage points in the first quarter of 2009 compared to the same period of 2008. This increase was due primarily to higher maintenance and repairs expenses and negative leverage from direct personnel costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues increased by approximately 1.3 percentage points in the first quarter of 2009 compared to the same period in the prior year due to the fixed nature of several of these costs and lower revenues.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Income before income taxes declined to \$8.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to \$24.0 million in the prior year because of lower revenues and higher depreciation expense. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2009 was 44.0 percent compared to 38.5 percent in the prior year. Diluted earnings per share decreased to \$0.05 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to \$0.15 in the same period in the prior year. Cash flows from operating activities were \$66.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to \$46.7 million for the same period in the prior year due to decreased working capital requirements, and cash and cash equivalents were \$2.3 million at March 31, 2009, a decrease of \$0.7 million compared to December 31, 2008. The notes payable to banks were \$132.5 million as of March 31, 2009, a reduction of \$42.0 million compared to \$174.5 million as of December 31, 2008.

Consistent with our strategy to selectively grow our capacity and maintain our existing fleet of high demand equipment, capital expenditures were \$19.5 million during the first three months of 2009. Although we currently expect capital expenditures to be approximately \$80 million during 2009, the total amount of expenditures for the year will depend primarily on equipment maintenance requirements and the ultimate delivery dates and timing of payments for equipment delivered. We expect these expenditures to be primarily directed toward our larger, core service lines including primarily pressure pumping, but also hydraulic workover, coiled tubing, nitrogen, and rental tools.

Outlook

Drilling activity in the U.S. domestic oilfield, as measured by the rotary drilling rig count, has been increasing for several years, reaching a cyclical peak of 2,031 rigs in the third quarter of 2008. Between the third quarter of 2008 and the end of the first quarter of 2009, the rig count has declined dramatically. The annualized decline rate of 81.9 percent is the steepest in U.S. history. The overall domestic rig count during the three months ended March 31, 2009 was approximately 24.1 percent lower than in the comparable period in 2008. The unconventional rig count declined as well, but by less than the overall rig count. The unconventional rig count during the first quarter of 2009 was 56.6 percent of the total rig count, which is higher than the prior year. RPC's growth strategy has focused on unconventional drilling, so this relatively stronger unconventional rig count is one reason that RPC's revenues declined at a lower rate than the overall domestic rig count. The average price of oil decreased by approximately 55.5 percent and the average price of natural gas decreased by approximately 47.6 percent during the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to the prior year. The softness in natural gas and oil prices and the steep, rapid decline in the rig count, along with the global recession and financial crisis, have reduced our customers' demands for our services. Indications during the second quarter of 2009 are that customer activity levels will continue to decline during the near term.

Our response to the industry's severe downturn has been to reduce expenses and capital expenditures, thereby maintaining sufficient liquidity to continue our operations and maintain a conservative capital structure. We decreased the borrowings under our syndicated credit facility during the first three months of 2009 due to lower capital expenditures, and lower working capital requirements due to decreased activity levels.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

We expect revenues will be lower in 2009 than in 2008. Although we project that the cost of critical materials used in performing our services, selling, general and administrative expenses, and interest expense will be lower in 2009 than in 2008, these cost reductions will be more than offset by the decline in revenues. In all of our service lines and geographic markets, we are experiencing the negative impacts of increased competition and lower oilfield activity. These negative impacts include lower pricing for our services and lower utilization of our equipment. One positive impact of the current depressed environment is that competition for qualified employees has declined tremendously which has caused the upward labor cost pressure we have experienced over the past few years to abate. Subsequent to March 31, 2009, we reduced base salaries and wages as well as incentive compensation for most of our employees, and believe that if these negative conditions persist we will retain these employees in spite of these actions because of the decline in competition for labor. We may evaluate consolidation of certain under-performing facilities in the future if activity continues to decline. In addition, we believe that the costs of certain raw materials used in providing our services, such as the proppant used in our pressure pumping service line, will decline due to lower oilfield activity and increased supplies of this material.

Further discussion of the Company's outlook is set forth under the Outlook section in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 and is incorporated herein by reference. There have been no significant changes in the Company's outlook since the filing of the 10-K for 2008 except as discussed above.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Consolidated revenues [in thousands] | \$ 176,271 | \$ 197,227 |
| Revenues by business segment [in thousands]: | | |
| Technical | \$ 151,079 | \$ 169,231 |
| Support | 25,192 | 27,996 |
| Consolidated operating profit [in thousands] | \$ 8,397 | \$ 25,441 |
| Operating profit (loss) by business segment [in thousands]: | | |
| Technical | \$ 6,149 | \$ 20,687 |
| Support | 3,706 | 5,858 |
| Corporate | (3,180) | (2,631) |
| Gain on disposition of assets, net | \$ 1,722 | \$ 1,527 |
| Percentage cost of revenues to revenues | 62% | 60% |
| Percentage selling, general & administrative expenses to revenues | 16% | 14% |
| Percentage depreciation and amortization expense to revenues | 18% | 14% |
| Average U.S. domestic rig count | 1,344 | 1,770 |
| Average natural gas price (per thousand cubic feet (mcf)) | \$ 4.52 | \$ 8.63 |
| Average oil price (per barrel) | \$ 43.65 | \$ 98.03 |

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased 10.6 percent compared to the three months ended March 31, 2008. Domestic revenues decreased 12 percent to \$166.7 million compared to the same period in the prior year. The decreases in revenues are due primarily to lower equipment utilization and more competitive pricing in most of our service lines. International revenues increased from \$8.4 million to \$9.7 million compared to the prior year quarter. Our international revenues are impacted by the timing of project initiation and their ultimate duration and can be volatile in nature.

The average price of natural gas decreased approximately 47.6 percent and the average price of oil decreased 55.5 percent during the first quarter of 2009 as compared to the prior year. The average domestic rig count during the quarter was approximately 24.1 percent lower than the same period in 2008. This decrease in drilling activity had a negative impact on our financial results. We believe that our activity levels are affected more by the price of natural gas than by the price of oil, because the majority of U.S. domestic drilling activity relates to natural gas, and many of our services are more appropriate for gas wells than oil wells.

The Technical Services segment revenues for the quarter decreased 10.7 percent compared to the first quarter of last year. Revenues in this segment decreased due primarily to competitive pricing and lower equipment utilization. The Support Services segment revenues for the quarter fell by 10.0 percent compared to the first quarter of prior year. This decline was due primarily to decreased activity in the rental tool service line, the largest within this segment. Operating profit decreased in both segments primarily due to lower revenues and higher costs and expenses as a percentage of revenues.

Cost of revenues. Cost of revenues decreased 6.5 percent to \$110.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to \$117.7 million for three months ended March 31, 2008. This decrease was due to the variable nature of several of these expenses, including fuel and materials and supplies. Cost of revenues, as a percentage of revenues, increased in the first quarter of 2009 compared to the first quarter of 2008 due primarily to higher maintenance and repairs expenses and negative leverage from direct personnel costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased 2.5 percent to \$27.6 million compared to \$28.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. This decrease was primarily due to lower incentive compensation costs and the impact of cost control measures. However, these costs as a percent of revenues increased during the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to the same period in the prior year due to lower revenues and the fixed nature of several of these expenses.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization totaled \$32.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009, a 17.2 percent increase, compared to \$27.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2008. This increase in depreciation and amortization resulted from capital expenditures made during the last year within both Technical Services and Support Services to increase capacity, expand facilities and to maintain our existing fleet of equipment.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Gain on disposition of assets, net. Gain on disposition of assets, net was \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The gain on disposition of assets, net includes gains or losses related to various property and equipment dispositions or sales to customers of lost or damaged rental equipment.

Other income (expense), net. Other income (expense), net was \$143 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$(7) thousand for the same period in the prior year. Other income (expense), net primarily includes gains and losses from investments in the non-qualified benefit plan being marked to market, settlements of various legal and insurance claims, and royalty receipts.

Interest expense and interest income. Interest expense was \$594 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to \$1.5 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2008. The decrease in 2008 is due to lower interest rates and lower average balance on our revolving line of credit, net of interest capitalized on equipment and facilities under construction. Interest income was \$33 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$22 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

Income tax provision. Income tax provision was \$3.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2009, compared to \$9.2 million in 2008. This decrease was due to the decrease in income before taxes. The effective tax rate was 44.0 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to 38.5 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The higher rate results primarily from pretax income declining at a faster rate than our non deductible permanent tax differences.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Flows

The Company's cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2009 were \$2.3 million. The following table sets forth the historical cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008:

| (In thousands) | Three months ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 66,021 | \$ 46,727 |
| Net cash used for investing activities | (16,904) | (43,869) |
| Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities | (49,842) | 2,294 |

Cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2009 increased by \$19.3 million compared to the comparable period in the prior year. Although net income decreased \$10.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 compared to the same period of 2008, cash provided by operating activities increased due primarily to decreases in working capital, and an increase in depreciation due to higher capital expenditures in 2008. The significant changes in working capital requirements were decreases in accounts receivable, as revenue declined, partially offset by decreases in accounts payable from lower activity levels, and increases in inventory.

Cash used for investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2009 decreased by \$27.0 million, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2008, as a result of lower capital expenditures.

Cash used for financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2009 increased by \$52.1 million, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2008, due to an increase in net repayments of notes payable to banks and an increase in dividends per share paid to common stockholders, partially offset by lower open market repurchases of the Company's shares.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

The Company's financial condition as of March 31, 2009, remains strong. We believe the liquidity provided by our existing cash and cash equivalents, our overall strong capitalization, cash expected to be generated from operations and our credit facility will provide sufficient capital to meet our requirements for at least the next twelve months. The Company currently has a \$296.5 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Agreement") that matures in September 2011. The Revolving Credit Agreement contains customary terms and conditions, including certain financial covenants including covenants restricting RPC's ability to incur liens or merge or consolidate with another entity. Our outstanding borrowings were \$132.5 million at March 31, 2009 and approximately \$15.1 million of the credit facility supports outstanding letters of credit relating to self-insurance programs or contract bids. A total of \$148.9 million was available under our facility as of March 31, 2009. Additional information regarding our Revolving Credit Agreement is included in Note 10 to our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this report.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Company's decisions about the amount of cash to be used for investing and financing purposes are influenced by its capital position, including access to borrowings under our credit facility, and the expected amount of cash to be provided by operations. We believe our liquidity will continue to provide the opportunity to grow our asset base and revenues during periods with positive business conditions and strong customer activity levels. In addition, the Company's decisions about the amount of cash to be used for investing and financing activities may also be influenced by the financial covenants in our credit facility.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Cash Requirements

The Company currently expects that capital expenditures during 2009 will be approximately \$80 million, of which \$19.5 million has been spent as of March 31, 2009. We expect these expenditures to be primarily directed towards revenue-producing equipment in our larger, core service lines including pressure pumping, snubbing, nitrogen, and rental tools. The actual amount of 2009 expenditures will depend primarily on equipment maintenance requirements, expansion opportunities, and equipment delivery schedules.

The Company has ongoing sales and use tax audits in various jurisdictions and may be subjected to varying interpretations of statutes that could result in unfavorable outcomes that cannot be currently estimated.

The Company's Retirement Income Plan, a multiple employer trustee defined benefit pension plan, provides monthly benefits upon retirement at age 65 to eligible employees. The Company did not make any contributions to the pension plan in the three months ended March 31, 2009 and does not currently expect to make any contributions to the pension plan for the remainder of 2008.

The Company's Board of Directors announced a stock buyback program on March 9, 1998 authorizing the repurchase of 11,812,500 shares. The Company repurchased no shares of common stock under the program during the three months ended March 31, 2009 but may repurchase outstanding common shares periodically based on market conditions and our capital allocation strategies and restrictions under our credit facility. The stock buyback program does not have a predetermined expiration date.

On April 28, 2009, the Board of Directors approved a \$0.07 per share cash dividend payable June 10, 2009 to stockholders of record at the close of business May 8, 2009. The Company expects to continue to pay cash dividends to common stockholders, subject to the earnings and financial condition of the Company and other relevant factors.

INFLATION

The Company purchases its equipment and materials from suppliers who provide competitive prices, and employs skilled workers from competitive labor markets. If inflation in the general economy increases, the Company's costs for equipment, materials and labor increase as well. Due to the increases in activity in the domestic oilfield, as well as a shortage of a skilled work force due to historically low activity in the oilfield, the Company experienced upward wage pressures in the labor markets from which it hires employees for several years. However, this pressure abated with the sudden, steep decline in domestic oilfield activity which began in the third quarter of 2008. The Company has recently reduced the compensation of salaried and hourly employees and changed the structure of incentive compensation plans, thus lowering these costs. The Company has experienced shortages for critical materials used in some of its largest service lines over the past several years, and these shortages have caused price increases for these materials as well as higher transportation costs, since some alternative suppliers are located farther from the Company's operational locations than the original suppliers. Inventory levels have also grown due to price increases and our purchases of large quantities of these materials in order to receive quantity discounts. We believe that this cost pressure is abating as well, due to lower oilfield activity coupled with supply increases from international sources. If these trends continue, the Company's costs and working capital requirements relating to labor and materials and supplies will be lower in the future. However, such lower costs may not necessarily lead to higher future profitability, as the Company is experiencing tremendous competitive pricing pressures for its services due to lower oilfield activity and a large amount of oilfield service capacity in the markets in which we operate.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any material off balance sheet arrangements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Marine Products Corporation

Effective February 28, 2001, the Company spun-off the business conducted through Chaparral Boats, Inc, RPC's former powerboat manufacturing segment. In conjunction with the spin-off, RPC and Marine Products entered into various agreements that define the companies' relationship. A detailed discussion of the various agreements in effect is contained in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. During the three months ended March 31, 2009, RPC charged Marine Products for its allocable share of administrative costs incurred for services rendered on behalf of Marine Products totaling \$227,000 compared to \$263,000 for the comparable period in 2008.

Other

The Company periodically purchases in the ordinary course of business products or services from suppliers who are owned by officers or significant shareholders of, or affiliated with the directors of RPC. The total amounts paid to these affiliated parties were approximately \$176,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$91,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

RPC receives certain administrative services and rents office space from Rollins, Inc. (a company of which Mr. R. Randall Rollins is also Chairman, and which is controlled by Mr. Rollins and his affiliates). The service agreements between Rollins, Inc. and the Company provide for the provision of services on a cost reimbursement basis and are terminable on six months notice. The services covered by these agreements include office space, selected administration services for certain employee benefit programs, and other administrative services. Charges to the Company (or to corporations which are subsidiaries of the Company) for such services and rent aggregated approximately \$24,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and \$21,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The discussion of Critical Accounting Policies is incorporated herein by reference from the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. There have been no significant changes in the critical accounting policies since year-end.

IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Notes 4 and 13 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of recent accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption and estimated effects on results of operations and financial condition.

SEASONALITY

Oil and natural gas prices affect demand throughout the oil and natural gas industry, including the demand for the Company's products and services. The Company's business depends in large part on the conditions of the oil and gas industry, and specifically on the capital expenditures of its customers related to the exploration and production of oil and natural gas. There is a positive correlation between these expenditures and customers' demand for the Company's services. As such, when these expenditures fluctuate, customers' demand for the Company's services fluctuates as well. These fluctuations depend on the current and projected prices of oil and natural gas and resulting drilling activity, and are not seasonal to any material degree.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made in this report that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" under Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements regarding the effect of recent accounting pronouncements on the Company's consolidated financial statements, forecasted revenues, costs, expenses and operating profit for 2009, forecasted lower income before taxes and net income in 2009 compared to 2008, our belief that customer activity levels will continue to decline during the near term, our ability to retain our employees, our business strategy, plans and objectives, market risk exposure, adequacy of capital resources and funds, opportunity for growth and expansion, anticipated pension funding payments and capital expenditures, expectations as to future payment of dividends, the possible unfavorable outcome of sales and use tax audits, the impact of inflation and related trends on the Company's financial position and operating results, our beliefs and expectations regarding future demand for our products and services, and other events and conditions that may influence the oilfield services market and our performance in the future. The Company does not undertake to update its forward-looking statements.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

The words “may,” “will,” “expect,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “project,” “estimate,” “focus,” “plan,” and similar expressions generally identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by our management in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors it believes to be appropriate. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of RPC to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied in such forward looking statements. Risk factors that could cause such future events not to occur as expected include those described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, its other SEC filings and the following: the declines in the price of oil and natural gas, which tend to result in a decrease in drilling activity and therefore a decline in the demand for our services, the actions of the OPEC cartel, the ultimate impact of current and potential political unrest and armed conflict in the oil producing regions of the world, which could impact drilling activity, adverse weather conditions in oil or gas producing regions, including the Gulf of Mexico, competition in the oil and gas industry, the Company's ability to implement price increases, and risks of international operations.

ITEM QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

3.

The Company is subject to interest rate risk exposure through borrowings on its credit facility. As of March 31, 2009, there are outstanding interest-bearing advances of \$132.5 million on our credit facility which bear interest at a floating rate. Effective December 2008 we entered into a \$50 million interest rate swap agreement that effectively converted this portion of the outstanding variable-rate borrowings under the Revolving Credit Agreement to a fixed-rate basis, thereby hedging against the impact of potential interest rate changes. Under this agreement, we pay a fixed interest rate of 2.07% and in return, the issuing lender refunds us the variable-rate interest paid to the syndicate of lenders under our Revolving Credit Agreement on the same notional amount, excluding the margin. The swap agreement terminates on September 8, 2011. As of March 31, 2009 the interest rate swap had a negative fair value of \$1,010,000 and is reflected in other long-term liabilities on the balance sheet. An increase in interest rates of one percent would result in the interest rate swap having a positive fair value of approximately \$155,000. A decrease in interest rates of one percent would result in the interest rate swap having a negative fair value of approximately \$2,194,000. A change in interest rates will have no impact on the interest expense associated with the \$50,000,000 of borrowings under the Revolving Credit Agreement that are subject to the interest rate swap. A change in the interest rate of one percent on the remaining outstanding balance of the credit facility at March 31, 2009 not subject to the interest rate swap would cause a change of \$825,000 in total annual interest costs.

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RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

4.

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures – The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in its Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, March 31, 2009 (the “Evaluation Date”), the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of the Evaluation Date.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting – Management’s evaluation of changes in internal control did not identify any changes in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company’s most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

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RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

1.

RPC is involved in litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of its business. RPC does not believe that the outcome of such litigation will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of RPC.

ITEM RISK FACTORS

1A.

See risk factors described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

ITEM UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

2.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

Shares repurchased by the Company and affiliated purchases in the first quarter of 2009 are outlined below.

| Period | Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased | Average Price Paid Per Share (or Unit) | Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1) |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Month #1 January 1, 2009 to January 31, 2009 | 201,862(2) | \$ 8.22 | - | 2,807,265 |
| Month #2 February 1, 2009 to February 28, 2009 | - | - | - | 2,807,265 |
| Month #3 March 1, 2009 to March 31, 2009 | - | - | - | 2,807,265 |
| Totals | 201,862 | \$ 8.22 | - | 2,807,265 |

(1) The Company's Board of Directors announced a stock buyback program in March 1998 authorizing the repurchase of 11,812,500 shares in the open market. Currently the program does not have a predetermined expiration date.

(2)

Consists of shares repurchased by the Company in connection with option exercises and taxes related to the vesting of restricted shares.

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

3.

None

ITEM SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

4.

None

ITEM OTHER INFORMATION

5.

None

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RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM Exhibits
6.

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| 3.1(a) | Restated certificate of incorporation of RPC, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999). |
| 3.1(b) | Certificate of amendment of the certificate of incorporation of RPC, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1(b) to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 8, 2006). |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated Bylaws of RPC, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 25, 2007). |
| 4 | Form of Stock Certificate (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998). |
| 31.1 | Section 302 certification for Chief Executive Officer. |
| 31.2 | Section 302 certification for Chief Financial Officer. |
| 32.1 | Section 906 certifications for Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. |

RPC, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RPC, INC.

Date: May 5, 2009

/s/ Richard A. Hubbell
Richard A. Hubbell
President and Chief
Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 5, 2009

/s/ Ben M. Palmer
Ben M. Palmer
Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and
Accounting Officer)