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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the period ended 23 October 2007

BP p.l.c. (Translation of registrant's name into English)

1 ST JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, SW1Y 4PD, ENGLAND (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F |X| Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No |X|

BP p.l.c. Group Results Third Quarter 2007

London 23 October 2007

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007	\$ million	N 2007	line Months 2006
6,231	7 , 376	4,406	Profit for the period*	16,446	19,120
744	(1,289)	(539)	Inventory holding (gains) losses	(2,131)	(762)
6,975 =====	6,087		Replacement cost profit	14,315 =====	18,358
18.76	15.96	9.94	- per ordinary share (pence)	37.44	50.01
35.08	31.67	20.34	- per ordinary share (cents)	74.51	91.02
2.10	1.90	1.22	- per ADS (dollars)	4.47	5.46
=====			L		

- BP's third-quarter replacement cost profit was \$3,867 million, compared with \$6,975 million a year ago, a decrease of 45%. For the nine months, replacement cost profit was \$14,315 million compared with \$18,358 million, down 22%.

- The third-quarter result included a net non-operating loss of \$346 million compared with a net non-operating gain of \$1,225 million in the third quarter of 2006. For the nine months, the net non-operating gain was \$758 million compared with a net non-operating gain of \$1,214 million for the first nine months of 2006.

- Net cash provided by operating activities for the quarter and nine months was \$6.4 billion and \$20.4 billion respectively compared with \$5.1 billion and \$23.2 billion a year ago.

- The effective tax rate on replacement cost profit from continuing operations for the third quarter was 35% compared with 40% a year ago. For the nine months, the rate was 35% compared with 37% in the equivalent period of 2006.

- Net debt at the end of the quarter was \$22.8 billion. The ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 20% compared with 16% a year ago.

- Capital expenditure, excluding acquisitions and asset exchanges, was \$4.6 billion for the quarter and for the nine months was \$12.6 billion. Total capital expenditure and acquisitions was \$4.6 billion for the quarter and \$14 billion for the nine months. The nine months included \$1.1 billion in respect of the acquisition of Chevron's Netherlands manufacturing company. Disposal proceeds were \$0.2 billion for the quarter and were \$3.9 billion for the nine months.

- The quarterly dividend, to be paid in December, is 10.825 cents per share (\$0.6495 per ADS) compared with 9.825 cents per share a year ago. For the nine months, the dividend showed an increase of 10%. In sterling terms, the quarterly dividend is 5.308 pence per share, compared with 5.241 pence per share a year ago; for the nine months the decrease was less than 1%. During the quarter, the company repurchased 128 million of its own shares for cancellation at a cost of \$1.5 billion. For the nine months, share repurchases were 542 million at a cost of \$6.0 billion.

- Information on fair value accounting effects in relation to Refining and Marketing and Gas, Power and Renewables is set out on page 10.

* Profit attributable to BP shareholders.

The commentaries above and following are based on replacement cost profit and should be read in conjunction with the cautionary statement on page 11.

Analysis of Replacement Cost Profit and Reconciliation to Profit for the Period

Third	Second	Third		
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		Nine
2006	2007	2007	\$ million	2007

9,935	6,893	6,343	Exploration and Production	19,279
1,503	2,740	376	Refining and Marketing	3,954
152	190	(57)	Gas, Power and Renewables	339
(261)	(164)	(451)	Other businesses and corporate	(731)
440	(69)	59	Consolidation adjustments	73
11,769	9,590	6,270	RC profit before interest and tax	22,914
(117)	(155)	(173)	Finance costs and other finance income	(499)
(4,614)	(3,283)	(2,158)	Taxation	(7,881)
(63)	(65)	(72)	Minority interest	(219)
			RC profit from continuing operations	
6,975	6,087	3,867	attributable to BP shareholders(a)	14,315
				======

(744)	1,289	539	Inventory holding gains (losses) for continuing operations	2,131
6,231	7,376		Profit for the period from continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders Profit (loss) for the period from Innovene operations(b)	16,446 _
6,231 =======	7,376	4,406	Profit for the period attributable to BP shareholders	16,446 =====
6,975 -	6,087 _		RC profit from continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders RC profit (loss) from Innovene operations	14,315
6,975 =======	6,087	3,867	Replacement cost profit	14,315 ======

(a)Replacement cost profit reflects the current cost of supplies. The replacement cost profit for the period is arrived at by excluding from profit inventory holding gains and losses. BP uses this measure to assist investors to assess BP's performance from period to period. Replacement cost profit is not a recognized GAAP measure.

(b) See further detail in Note 2.

Results inc	lude Non-	operating	Items
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Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007	\$ million	Nine Mo 2007
======= 2,466	 399	22	Exploration and Production	======= 1,169
(431)	767		Refining and Marketing	194
(85)	(36)		Gas, Power and Renewables	(35)
78	7	(205)	Other businesses and corporate	(164)
2,028	1,137	(535)		1,164
(803)	(396)	189	Taxation(a)	(406)
1,225	741	(346)	Continuing operations	758
_	_	_	Innovene operations	_
_	_	-	Taxation	-

1,225 741 (346) Total for all operations

758

An analysis of non-operating items by type is provided on page 21.

(a)Tax on non-operating items is calculated using the quarter's effective tax rate on replacement cost profit from continuing operations.

Per Share Amounts

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007			Nine 1 2007	
6,231	7,376 6,087	4,406	Results for the period (\$m) Profit(a) Replacement cost profit	16,446 14,315	
			Shares in issue at period end		
19,815,830	19,133,973	19,019,579	(thousand) (b)	19,019,579	19
3,302,638	3,188,996	3,169,930	- ADS equivalent (thousand)(b)	3,169,930	3
			Average number of shares outstanding		
19,818,106	19,186,461	19,061,853	(thousand) (b)	19,209,757	20
3,303,018	3,197,744	3,176,976	- ADS equivalent (thousand)(b)	3,201,626	3
			Shares repurchased in the period		
299,155	175,806	128,253	(thousand)	541,975	1
			Per ordinary share (cents)		
31.46	38.37	23.18	Profit for the period	85.61	
			RC profit for the period	74.51	
			Per ADS (cents)		
188.76	230.22	139.08	Profit for the period	513.66	
			RC profit for the period	447.06	

(a)Profit attributable to BP shareholders.(b)Excludes treasury shares.

Dividends

Dividends Payable

BP today announced a dividend of 10.825 cents per ordinary share to be paid in December. Holders of ordinary shares will receive 5.308 pence per share and holders of American Depository Receipts (ADRs) \$0.6495 per ADS. The dividend is payable on 3 December to shareholders on the register on 9 November. Participants in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) or the DRIP facility in the US Direct Access Plan will receive the dividend in the form of shares, also on 3 December.

Dividends Paid

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mon 2007
========	============			
			Dividends paid per ordinary share	
9.825	10.325	10.825	Cents	31.475
5.324	5.151	5.278	Pence	15.687
58.95	61.95	64.95	Dividends paid per ADS (cents)	188.85
=======			=	

Net Debt Ratio - Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007	\$ million	Nine Mon 2007
19,973	23,754	25,245	Gross debt	25,245
3,199	2,643		Cash and cash equivalents	2,410
16,774	21,111	22,835	Net debt	22,835
85,070	89,423		Equity	91,494
16%	19%		Net debt ratio	20%

Exploration and Production

	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007	\$ million	Nine Mon 2007
9,929 6	(1)		Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	======== 19,295 (16)
	6,893	6,343	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	19,279
264 3,827 4,538	1,113 183 2,038 3,559	1,843 3,576	Rest of Europe US Rest of World	2,878 1,124 5,533 9,744
9,935	6,893	6,343		19,279
540 (27) 2,016 (63)	187 (2) 177 37	33 7 (15)	Results include: Non-operating items UK Rest of Europe	365 538 154 112
2,466	399	22		1,169
7 	7 - 54 94 155	60 	Exploration expense UK Rest of Europe US Rest of World	29
213 58 523 1,628 	218 43 532 1,656 2,449	52 475 1,614 2,292	Rest of World	202 52 510 1,632 2,396
754 100 2,332 4,900 	731 22 2,165 4,941 7,859	2,186	Rest of Europe	739 30 2,171 5,138
343	344	251	Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(d) UK	329

7

45.47	44.97	46.36	Total hydrocarbons (\$/boe)	44.05
4.49	4.45	3.93	Natural gas (\$/mcf)	4.42
64.15	62.58	71.12	Total liquids (\$/bbl)	62.00
			Average realizations(e)	
3,816	3,804	3,651		3,788
2,473	2,508	2,492	Rest of World	2,517
925	905	851	US	885
75	47		Rest of Europe	57

(a)Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

(b)Includes BP's share of production of equity-accounted entities. (c)Crude oil and natural gas liquids.

(d)Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

(e)Based on sales of consolidated subsidiaries only - this excludes equity-accounted entities.

(f)Because of rounding, some totals may not agree exactly with the sum of their component parts.

Exploration and Production

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the third quarter was \$6,343 million, a decrease of 36% from the third quarter of 2006. The result benefited from higher liquids realizations, but was impacted by lower gas realizations, lower reported volumes and higher costs. In addition, the result was lower due to the absence of significant gains from non-operating items in the third quarter of 2006 (see below) and the absence of disposal gains in equity-accounted entities, primarily the \$892 million gain on TNK-BP's disposal of the Urdmurtneft assets.

The net non-operating gain in the third quarter of 2007 was \$22 million which included gains on the sale of assets and fair value gains on embedded derivatives relating to North Sea gas contracts, partially offset by an impairment charge relating to a gas plant in the US. This compares with a net non-operating gain of \$2,466 million in the third quarter of 2006, which was primarily comprised of disposal gains.

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax of \$19,279 million for the first nine months represents a decrease of 22% over the same period of the previous year. This result was impacted by lower gas realizations as well as lower reported volumes and higher costs, reflecting sector-specific inflation, increased integrity spend and higher depreciation charges. The nine-months result included a net non-operating gain of \$1,169 million compared with a net non-operating gain of \$2,559 million in the equivalent period of 2006.

Reported production for the third quarter and the first nine months was 3,651mboe/d and 3,788mboe/d respectively, 4% lower than in the equivalent periods of 2006. After adjusting for the effect of disposals, entitlement changes in our production-sharing agreements and the impact of the CATS pipeline incident in the North Sea, production in both the third quarter and the first nine months was broadly flat compared with 2006. Full year production in 2007 is expected to be in the range of 3.8 to 3.9mmboe/d, in line with the guidance provided earlier in the year.

During the quarter, we were the highest bidder for 91 blocks in the Western Gulf of Mexico lease sale and we were awarded two new exploration licences in Colombia. Additionally, in early October we participated in the Central Gulf of Mexico lease sale, where we were highest bidder for 83 blocks.

Our major projects are progressing well. In October, we had first oil from Greater Plutonio in Angola, where BP holds a 50% working interest. In the Gulf of Mexico we have started commissioning the Atlantis field.

Refining and Marketing

Quarter	Second Quarter 2007		\$ million	Nine Mon 2007
717 786	(1,241)	936 (560)	Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	======== 6,046 (2,092)
1,503		376	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	3,954
138 765 388	963 584 964 229	22 492 (527)	By region: UK Rest of Europe	975 1,374 559 1,046
,	2,740			 3,954
(27) (18) (264) (122) (431)	844 (44) 170	(4) (16) (316) (8) (344)	Results include: Non-operating items UK Rest of Europe US Rest of World	677 (72) (204) (207) 194
			Refinery throughputs (mb/d)	

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123 700 996	735	Rest of Europe	90 691 1,086
309	304	Rest of World	302
2,128	•	Total throughput	2,169 ========
82.7	83.4	Refining availability (%)(b)	82.6
		Oil sales volumes (mb/d)	
0.4.0	0.5.0	*	0.4.0
			343
1,2/1			1,282
			1,559
	641	Rest of World	627
	3,855	Total marketing sales	3,811
1,867			1,860
5,675	5,542	Total refined product sales	5,671
2,161		Crude oil	1,964
7,836	7,251	Total oil sales	7,635
		Global Indicator Refining Margin (\$/bbl)(c)	
7.12	3.82		5.03
24.46			15.74
26.05			16.02
22.71	6.90	USWC	17.22
6.01	4.52	Singapore	5.12
16.66	8.05	BP Average	11.38
0.4.6	0.07	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	720
			739
		-	1,990
			3,240
1,49/	۲,309 	RESU OF WOLLD	4,586
3,445		Total production	10,555
	700 996 309 2,128 82.7 343 1,271 1,579 615 3,808 1,867 5,675 2,161 7,836 7.12 24.46 26.05 22.71 6.01 16.66 246 655 1,047 1,497 3,445	700 735 996 1,109 309 304 2,128 2,148 82.7 83.4 343 350 1,271 1,329 1,579 1,535 615 641 3,808 3,855 1,867 1,687 5,675 5,542 2,161 1,709 7,836 7,251 7.12 3.82 24.46 12.58 26.05 14.31 22.71 6.90 6.01 4.52 16.66 8.05 246 237 655 587 1,047 1,117 1,497 1,569	700 735 Rest of Europe 996 1,109 US 309 304 Rest of World 2,128 2,148 Total throughput 82.7 83.4 Refining availability (%) (b) Oil sales volumes (mb/d) Refined products 343 350 UK 1,271 1,329 Rest of Europe 1,579 1,535 US 615 641 Rest of World Global marketing sales 1,867 1,687 1,867 1,687 7,836 7,251 7,836 7,251 Global Indicator Refining Margin (\$/bbl)(c) 7.12 3.82 24.46 12.58 22.71 6.90 Global Indicator Refining Margin (\$/bbl)(c) 7.12 3.82 22.71 6.90 USGC 24.66 12.58 22.71 6.90 6.01 4.52 Singapore 16.66 8.05 65 587<

(a)Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

(b)Refining availability is defined as the ratio of units which are available for processing, regardless of whether they are actually being used, to total capacity. Where there is planned maintenance, such capacity is not regarded as being available. During 2006, there was planned maintenance of a substantial part of the Texas City refinery.

(c) The Global Indicator Refining Margin (GIM) is the average of regional indicator margins weighted for BP's crude refining capacity in each region. Each regional indicator margin is based on a single representative crude with product yields characteristic of the typical level of upgrading complexity. The regional indicator margins may not be representative of the margins achieved by BP in any period because of BP's particular refinery configurations and crude and product slate.

Refining and Marketing

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the third quarter and nine months was \$376 million and \$3,954 million respectively. The results in the equivalent periods of 2006 were \$1,503 million and \$4,971 million respectively.

The third-quarter result included a net non-operating charge of \$344 million which was primarily comprised of charges in respect of new, and revisions to existing, provisions. The nine-months result included a net non-operating gain of \$194 million.

Compared with the third quarter of 2006, realized refining margins were lower due to the effects of narrowing light heavy crude differentials, particularly in the US. Marketing margins remained robust although they were lower than the exceptionally strong margins of a year ago. Relative to 2006, both refining and marketing margins were stronger in the first nine months of 2007. Compared with the equivalent periods of 2006, both the current quarter and nine-months results reflected the adverse impact of operational issues, particularly at the Whiting refinery, and scheduled turnarounds, along with reduced supply optimization benefits and higher integrity and repair costs.

Information on fair value accounting effects is set out on page 10.

Refining throughputs for the quarter and nine months were 2,148mb/d and 2,169mb/ d respectively, compared with 2,287mb/d and 2,200mb/d for the same periods last year. The lower throughputs were mainly due to the disposal of Coryton refinery on 31 May 2007 and lower availability at the Whiting refinery, partially offset by the benefits of the ongoing recommissioning at the Texas City refinery and the acquisition of the remaining interests in the Rotterdam refinery.

Marketing sales were 3,855mb/d for the quarter and 3,811mb/d for the nine months, slightly lower than the comparative periods in the previous year, mainly due to lower European heating oil demand as a result of milder weather.

Refining availability, at 83.4%, improved for the third successive quarter. We continue to make progress in the recommissioning of both the Texas City and Whiting refineries. In line with our prior guidance, by the end of the fourth quarter of 2007 we expect available production capacity to reach 400mb/d and 300mb/d at Texas City and Whiting respectively, with sour crude processing having resumed at Whiting. We expect to restore both refineries to their full crude capacity and flexibility in the first half of 2008.

Gas, Power and Renewables

	Second Quarter 2007		\$ million	Nine Mc 2007
======= 152	235 (45)	(71)	Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	====== 370 (31)
				(31)
152		(57)	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	339
======			By region:	======
(46)	(38)	(85)	UK	(75)
(17)	(8)	(37)	Rest of Europe	(38)
150	102	(23)	US	105
65	134	88	Rest of World	347
152	190	(57)		339
			Results include: Non-operating items	
(20)	(38)	(12)		(43)
_	_	-	Rest of Europe	_
5	1	4	-	6
(70)	1	-	Rest of World	2
(85)	(36)	(8)		(35)
======				======

(a)Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

The replacement cost loss before interest and tax for the third quarter was \$57 million compared with a profit of \$152 million in the same period of 2006. The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the nine months was \$339 million compared with \$906 million in the same period of 2006. Included in the result for the quarter was a net charge for non-operating items of \$8 million primarily arising from fair value losses on embedded derivatives related to long-term gas contracts. The corresponding quarter of 2006 included a net non-operating charge of \$85 million.

The third-quarter result decreased by more than \$200 million over the third quarter of 2006. This reflected a significant reduction in the contribution from the marketing and trading businesses, lower natural gas liquids volumes and higher Alternative Energy expenditure, partly offset by improved margins in the natural gas liquids business and a lower charge related to non-operating items. The nine-months result was lower than the same period in 2006, largely reflecting weaker contributions from the marketing and trading businesses and higher expenditure in the Alternative Energy business. Information on fair value accounting effects is set out on page 10.

Other Businesses and Corporate

Quarter 2006		Quarter 2007	\$ million	Nine Mont 2007
(213)		(462)	Profit (loss) before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	 (739) 8
. ,	(164)	. ,	Replacement cost profit (loss) before interest and tax	(731)
9 35	(2) (112)	124 (77) (359)	Rest of Europe	53 (58) (585) (141)
(261)	(164)	(451)		(731)
(25) (2) 105 –	_	1 (11) (199)	Results include: Non-operating items UK Rest of Europe	1 17 (186) 4
78	7	(205)		(164)

(a)Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

Other businesses and corporate comprises Finance, the group's aluminium asset, interest income and costs relating to corporate activities. The third quarter's result included a net charge of \$205 million in respect of non-operating items which was primarily comprised of new, and revisions to existing, provisions.

Information on fair value accounting effects

BP uses derivative instruments to manage the economic exposure relating to inventories above normal operating requirements of crude oil, natural gas and petroleum products as well as certain contracts to supply physical volumes at future dates. Under IFRS, these inventories and contracts are recorded at historic cost and on an accruals basis respectively. The related derivative instruments, however, are required to be recorded at fair value with gains and losses recognized in income because hedge accounting is either not permitted or not followed, principally due to the impracticality of effectiveness testing requirements. Therefore, measurement differences in relation to recognition of gains and losses occur. Gains and losses on these inventories and contracts are not recognized until the commodity is sold in a subsequent accounting period. Gains and losses on the related derivative commodity contracts are recognized in the income statement from the time the derivative commodity contract is entered into on a fair value basis using forward prices consistent with the contract

IFRS requires that inventory held for trading be recorded at its fair value using period end spot prices whereas any related derivative commodity instruments are required to be recorded at values based on forward prices consistent with the contract maturity. Depending on market conditions, these forward prices can be either higher or lower than spot prices resulting in measurement differences.

The Gas, Power and Renewables business enters into contracts for pipelines and storage capacity which, under IFRS, are recorded on an accruals basis. These contracts are risk managed using a variety of derivative instruments which are fair valued under IFRS. This results in measurement differences in relation to recognition of gains and losses.

The way that BP manages the economic exposures described above, and measures performance internally, differs from the way these activities are measured under IFRS. BP calculates this difference by comparing the IFRS result with management's internal measure of performance, under which the inventory and the supply and capacity contracts in question are valued based on fair value using relevant forward prices prevailing at the end of the period. We believe that disclosing management's estimate of this difference provides useful information for investors because it enables investors to see the economic effect of these activities as a whole. The impacts of fair value accounting effects, relative to management's internal measure of performance, are shown in the table below. Information for all quarters of 2005 and 2006 can be found at www.bp.com/FVAE.

Third Second Third Quarter Quarter Quarter 2006 2007 2007 \$ million

Nine Mont 2007

_			Refining and Marketing	
			Unrecognized gains (losses) brought forward from	
222	611	274		70
332	611	274	previous period	72
252	(274)	(367)	Unrecognized (gains) losses carried forward	(367)
			Favourable/(unfavourable) impact relative to	
584	337	(93)	management's measure of performance	(295)
======				
			Gas, Power and Renewables	
			Unrecognized gains (losses) brought forward from	
376	124	198	previous period	155
(399)			Unrecognized (gains) losses carried forward	(234)
				· · ·
			Favourable/(unfavourable) impact relative to	
(23)	(74)	(36)	management's measure of performance	(79)
=======			-	
561	263	(129)		(374)
(222)	(92)	46	Taxation(a)	134
339	171	(83)		(240)
			By region	
			Refining and Marketing	
111	83	45		(53)
156	48		Rest of Europe	(115)
315	174	(142)		(133)
2	32	. ,	Rest of World	6
584	337	(93)		(295)
			Gas, Power and Renewables	
(48)	(4)	(22)	UK	12
-	_	-	Rest of Europe	-
14	(71)	(19)		(96)
11	1	5	Rest of World	5
(23)	(74)	(36)		(79)
, ,		. ,		========

(a) Tax is calculated using the quarter's effective tax rate on replacement cost profit from continuing operations.

The amounts shown in the table above, in respect of comparative periods for the Refining and Marketing segment, have been revised from those disclosed previously. The revisions reflect changes in the basis for valuation of certain forward supply contracts to be consistent with the method used for other forward supply contracts when calculating management's internal measure of performance. The changes to comparative figures are not material in relation to management's internal measure of the Refining and Marketing segment's performance. The changes have no impact on the results reported under IFRS.

Cautionary Statement: The foregoing discussion contains forward looking statements particularly those regarding production and refining production and capacity. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risk and uncertainty and actual results may differ from those expressed in such statements depending on a variety of factors including the following: the timing of bringing new fields on stream; industry product supply; demand and pricing; operational problems; general economic conditions (including inflation); political stability and economic growth in relevant areas of the world; changes in laws and governmental regulations and quotas; exchange rate fluctuations; development and use of new technology; the success or otherwise of partnering; the actions of competitors; natural disasters and adverse weather conditions; changes in public expectations and other changes to business conditions; wars and acts of terrorism or sabotage; and other factors discussed in this Announcement. For more information you should refer to our Annual Report and Accounts 2006 and our 2006 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

Summarized Group Income Statement

Third	Second	Third	
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Nine Mon
2006	2007	2007	2007

				======	
	\$ million			\$ mi	11i
68,540	71 , 872	71,334	Sales and other operating revenues (Note 3)	204,513	2
			Earnings from jointly controlled entities - after		
1,878	910	900	interest and tax	2,143	
88	173	204	Earnings from associates - after interest and tax	540	
220	128	172	Interest and other revenues	533	
70,726	73,083	72,610	Total revenues	207,729	2
	1,309		Gain on sale of businesses and fixed assets	2,217	
73,002			Total revenues and other income	209,946	2
48,431	49,983	51,810	Purchases	144,453	1
6,275	6,276	6,297	Production and manufacturing expenses	18,325	
1,202	827		Production and similar taxes (Note 4)	2,495	
2,194	2,535	2,505	Depreciation, depletion and amortization	7,559	
			Impairment and losses on sale of businesses and		
387	455	129	fixed assets	807	
351	155	244	Exploration expense	555	
3,630	3,565	4,137	Distribution and administration expenses	11,159	
(493)	(283)	(14)	Fair value (gain) loss on embedded derivatives	(452)	
			Profit before interest and taxation from		
11,025	10,879	6,809	continuing operations	25,045	

169 (52)			Finance costs (Note 5) Other finance income (Note 6)	777 (278)
	10,724 3,283		Profit before taxation from continuing operations Taxation	24,546 7,881
			Profit from continuing operations Profit (loss) from Innovene operations (Note 2)	16,665 _
	7,441		Profit for the period	16,665
6,231	7,376	4,406	Attributable to: BP shareholders Minority interest	16,446 219
6,294	7,441	4,478		16,665
31.40		23.07	Diluted Profit from continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders	85.61 85.19
	38.37 38.18		Basic Diluted	85.61 85.19

Summarized Group Balance Sheet

30 September 31 D 2007

	\$ million
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	96,934
Goodwill	11,138
Intangible assets	5,971
Investments in jointly controlled entities	15,350
Investments in associates	5,994
Other investments	1,650
Fixed assets	137,037
Loans	1,016
Other receivables	979
Derivative financial instruments	3,105
Prepayments and accrued income	1,031
Defined benefit pension plan surplus	7,596
	150,764

Loans Inventories Trade and other receivables Derivative financial instruments Prepayments and accrued income Current tax receivable Cash and cash equivalents	166 21,784 39,418 7,326 3,497 246 2,410
Assets classified as held for sale	74,847
	74,847
Total assets	225,611 ==================
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Derivative financial instruments Accruals and deferred income Finance debt Current tax payable Provisions	42,649 6,954 6,522 12,789 2,995 1,896
Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	73,805 _
	73,805
Non-current liabilities Other payables Derivative financial instruments Accruals and deferred income Finance debt Deferred tax liabilities Provisions Defined benefit pension plan and other post-retirement benefit plan deficits	1,176 3,685 988 12,456 19,072 13,211 9,724
Total liabilition	
Total liabilities	134,117
Net assets	91,494
Equity BP shareholders' equity Minority interest	90,541 953
	91,494

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007			Nine Mon 2007
	======================================			======================================
531	621	788	Currency translation differences	1,583
			Exchange gain on translation of foreign operations transferred to gain on sale of businesses and fixed	
-	(128)	-	assets	(147)
144	6	78	Available-for-sale investments marked to market	(25)
(1)		(01)	Available-for-sale investments - recycled to the	(01)
(1) (15)	- 13	. ,	income statement Cash flow hedges marked to market	(91) 180
(15)	(21)		Cash flow hedges - recycled to the income statement	(86)
(20)	(21)		Cash flow hedges - recycled to the balance sheet	(9)
(166)	105			118
472	596	997	Net income recognized directly in equity	1,523
6,294	7,441	4,478	Profit for the period	16,665
			Total recognized income and expense relating to	
-	8,037		the period	18,188
			Attributable to:	
6,703	7,967	5,372	BP shareholders	17,917
63	70	103	Minority interest	271
6,766	8,037	5,475		18,188

Movement in BP Shareholders' Equity

Movement in BP shareholders' equity At 31 December 2006 Profit for the period Distribution to shareholders Currency translation differences (net of tax) Exchange gain on translation of foreign operations transferred to gain on sale (net of tax) Share-based payments (net of tax) Repurchase of ordinary share capital Available-for-sale investments (net of tax) Cash flow hedges (net of tax) Other

At 30 September 2007

Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mon 2007
=====	======================================			======================================
			Operating activities	
10,908	10,724	6,636	Profit before taxation from continuing operations Adjustments to reconcile profits before tax to net cash provided by operating activities	24,546
232	60	146	Exploration expenditure written off	261
2,194	2,535	2,505	Depreciation, depletion and amortization Impairment and (gain) loss on sale of businesses	7,559
(1,889)	(854)	(99)	and fixed assets	(1, 410)
(1,966)	(1,083)	(1,104)	Earnings from jointly controlled entities and associates	(2,683)
			Dividends received from jointly controlled entities	
2,407	813	1,060	and associates	2,102
	(6,109)		Working capital and other movements	(9,955) (
5,130			Net cash provided by operating activities(a)	20,420
			Investing activities	
(3,945)			Capital expenditure	(12,315) (
(102)	(111)		Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(1,225)
-	(12)		Investment in jointly controlled entities	(143)
(159)	(65)		Investment in associates	(146)
2,662	836	211	Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of businesses, net of cash	1,357
135	1,905	-	disposed	2,513
33	33	45	Proceeds from loan repayments	123
-	374		Other	374
(1,376)	(1,374)	(4,266)	Net cash used in investing activities	(9,462)
			Financing activities	
(3,430)			Net repurchase of shares	(5,761) (
706	1,513	107	Proceeds from long-term financing	2,978
(996)	(93)	(369)	Proceeds from long-term financing Repayments of long-term financing	(1,596)
294	(1,499)		Net increase (decrease) in short-term debt	(631)
(1,943)	(1,983)	(2,066)	Dividends paid – BP shareholders	(6,050)
(57)	(71)	(24)	- Minority interest	(159)
(5,426)	(4,051)	(2,367)	Net cash used in financing activities	(11,219) (

19	26	44	Currency translation differences relating to cash and cash equivalents	81
(1,653) 4,852	687 1 , 956		Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	(180 2,590
 3,199	2,643	2,410	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	2,410

(a)Net cash provided by operating activities is calculated from the starting point of profit before taxation which includes inventory holding gains and losses. Net cash provided by operating activities also reflects working capital movements including inventories, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. The carrying value of these working capital items will change for various reasons, including movements in oil, gas and product prices.

Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

rter Quar
2006 2
\$ mil
(141)
120
169
(267)
(52)
134
(36)
(115) (
,477 (
,616) (
,763) (2,
,666) (2,
,756) (6,
(((((2,

Capital Expenditure and Acquisitions

Third Quarter 2006 	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mon 2007
===	\$ million	:======	By business	=============== \$ milli
220	195	276	Exploration and Production	692
52	108		Rest of Europe	317
1,160	1,453			3,636
2,505	1,874	1,710	Rest of World(a)	5,222
 3 , 937	3,630	3,241		9,867
			Refining and Marketing	
67	94	137		304
149	266		Rest of Europe(b)	1,855
289	380	466		1,115
117	118	155	Rest of World	353
622	858	1,137		3,627
1 7	1.0	<i>.</i>	Gas, Power and Renewables	0.5
17	12	6		25
7	3		Rest of Europe(b)	18
187	106	90		232
9	20	34 	Rest of World	67
220	141	138		342
			Other businesses and corporate	
13	21	22	UK	78
-	-		Rest of Europe	2
32	46		US Rest of World	112
			Rest OI worrd	
45	67	56		192
4,824	4,696	4,572		14,028
			By geographical area	
317	322	441		1,099
208	377		Rest of Europe	2,192
1,668	1,985	1,723		5,095
2,631	2,012	1,899	Rest of World	5,642
4,824	4,696	4,572		14,028
			Included above:	
106	332	2	Acquisitions and asset exchanges(b)	1,447
				,

(a) Third quarter 2006 included \$1 billion for the purchase of shares in Rosneft.

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(b)Nine months ended 30 September 2007 included \$1,132 million for the acquisition of Chevron's Netherlands manufacturing company.

			Exchange rates	
1.87	1.99	2.02	US dollar/sterling average rate for the period	1.99
1.87	2.00	2.02	US dollar/sterling period-end rate	2.02
1.27	1.35	1.37	US dollar/euro average rate for the period	1.34
1.27	1.35	1.42	US dollar/euro period-end rate	1.42
			-	

Analysis of Profit Before Interest and Tax

ird Second Third ter Quarter Quarter 2006 2007 2007	Nine Mon 2007
\$ million	======================================
By business	
Exploration and Production	
306 1,113 703 UK	2,878
264 183 221 Rest of Europe	1,124
820 2,037 1,845 US	5,545
539 3,561 3,578 Rest of World	9,748
929 6,894 6,347	19,295
Refining and Marketing	
46 1,028 (10) UK	954
387 1,029 623 Rest of Europe	2,133
65 1,631 (136) US	1,784
219 293 459 Rest of World	1,175
717 3,981 936	6,046
Gas, Power and Renewables	
(46) (38) (85) UK	(75)
(15) (7) (37) Rest of Europe	(37)
141 124 (26) US	122
72 156 77 Rest of World	360
152 235 (71)	370
Other businesses and corporate	
327) (25) 124 UK	53
11 (1) (78) Rest of Europe	(58)
81 (111) (369) US	(593)
22 (25) (139) Rest of World	(141)
213) (162) (462)	(739)
585 10,948 6,750	24,972

440	(69)	59	Consolidation adjustment	73
11,025	10,879	6,809	- Total for continuing operations	25,045
			- Innovene operations	
_	_	_	UK	_
_	-	-	Rest of Europe	_
_	-	-	US	_
-	-	_	Rest of World	-
	_	-	Total for Innovene operations	
11,025	10,879	6,809	Total for period	25,045
=			= By geographical area	
989	2,080	731	UK	3,809
695	1,213	718	Rest of Europe	3,176
4,491	3,622	1,364	US	6,918
			Rest of World	11,142
 11,025	10,879	6,809	- Total for continuing operations	25 , 045
			:	=========

Analysis of Replacement Cost Profit

Before Interest and Tax

Quarter 2006		Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mon 2007
	======================================			======================================
			By business	
			Exploration and Production	
1,306	1,113	703	UK	2,878
264	183	221	Rest of Europe	1,124
3,827		1,843		5,533
4,538	3,559	3,576	Rest of World	9,744
9,935	6,893	6,343		19,279
			Refining and Marketing	
138	963	22	UK	975
765	584	492	Rest of Europe	1,374
388	964	(527)	US	559
212	229	389	Rest of World	1,046
1,503	2,740	376		3,954
			Gas, Power and Renewables	
(46)	(38)	(85)	UK	(75)
(17)	(8)	(37)	Rest of Europe	(38)
150	102	(23)	US	105
65	134	88	Rest of World	347

190	(57)		339
		Other businesses and corporate	
(25)	124	-	53
			(58)
		-	(585)
			(141)
·/			
(164)	(451)		(731)
9,659	6,211		22,841
•		Consolidation adjustment	73
9,590	6,270	Total for continuing operations	22,914
		Innovene operations	
_	_	-	_
_	_	Rest of Europe	_
_	_	US	_
-	_	Rest of World	-
	_	Total for Innovene operations	
9 590	6 270	Total for period	22,914
		-	=======================================
		By geographical area	
2,015	763	UK	3,830
766	590	Rest of Europe	2,417
			5,672
			10,995
9,590	6,270	Total for continuing operations	22,914
	(25) (2) (112) (25) (164) 9,659 (69) 9,590 	(25) 124 (2) (77) (112) (359) (25) (139) (164) (451) 9,659 6,211 (69) 59 9,590 6,270 	Other businesses and corporate (25) 124 UK (2) (77) Rest of Europe (112) (359) US (25) (139) Rest of World

Analysis of Non-operating Items

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mon 2007
	\$ million		By business	\$ milli
			Exploration and Production Impairment and gain (loss) on sale of businesses and	
1,962	100	1	fixed assets	704
(17)		(12)		(12)
-	_	-	Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs	-
521	299	33	Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives	477
-	_	_	Other	-
2,466	399	22		1,169
			Refining and Marketing	

Refining and Marketing

2 (33) - (400) (431)	767 - - - - 767	-		693 (138) - (361)
(65) - - (20) -	(13) (23) 	-	Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives	(7) - (28) -
(85)	(36)	(8)		(35)
(10) 96 - (8) - 78	- - 7 - 7	_ (7)	Other businesses and corporate Impairment and gain (loss) on sale of businesses and fixed assets Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives Other	20 (35) - 3 (152) (164)
2,028 (803)	1,137 (396)		Total before taxation for continuing operations Taxation credit (charge)(a)	1,164 (406)
1,225	741	(346)	Total after taxation for continuing operations	758
			Innovene operations Total before taxation for Innovene operations(b) Taxation credit (charge)	
-	-	-	Total after taxation for Innovene operations	-
1,225 =======	741		Total after taxation for period	758

(a) Tax on non-operating items is calculated using the quarter's effective tax rate on replacement cost profit from continuing operations.

(b)Includes the loss on remeasurement to fair value of $184\ million$ in the nine months of 2006.

Realizations and Marker Prices

Third Second Third

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2006	Quarter 2007	Quarter 2007		Nine mor 2007
			- Average realizations(a)	
			Liquids (\$/bbl)(b)	
63.57	63.82	72.99	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	62.88
62.95		67.47		59.30
				63.88
64.15	62.58	71.12		62.00
			= Natural gas (\$/mcf)	========
5.55	4.84	4.89	UK	5.84
5.51	5.94	4.64	US	5.44
3.62	3.56	3.42	Rest of World	3.63
4.49	4.45	3.93		4.42
69.60	68.76	74.74	Average oil marker prices (\$/bbl)	67.12
69.60 70.44	68.76 64.89	74.74		66.15
70.44 69.02		76.31		66.06
	62.16	69.37	1	61.67
65.90		71.98		63.82
39.83	39.56	41.95	Russian domestic oil	36.33
			= Average natural gas marker prices	
6.58	7.55	6.16		6.83
33.72	20.24	30.58	UK Gas - National Balancing Point (p/therm)	24.45

(a) Based on sales of consolidated subsidiaries only – this excludes equity-accounted entities.

(b) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.

(c) Henry Hub First of the Month Index.

Notes

1.

Basis of preparation

BP prepares its Annual Report and Accounts on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use by the European Union (EU). The financial information presented herein has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies expected to be used in preparing the Annual Report and Accounts 2007 which do not differ significantly from those used for the Annual Report and Accounts 2006.

2. Sale of Olefins and Derivatives business

The sale of Innovene, BP's olefins, derivatives and refining group, to INEOS, was completed on 16 December 2005. The period to 30 September 2006 includes a loss on remeasurement to fair value of \$184 million.

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mor 2007	nths 200
	======================================			======================================	====== ion
_	_	_	Loss recognized on the remeasurement to fair value Taxation	-	(18
-	-	-	Related to profit before tax	_	16
-	-	-	Related to remeasurement to fair value	-	(
-	-	-	Profit (loss) from Innovene operations	_	(2
=====				=========	
			Earnings (loss) per share from Innovene operations - cents		
-	-	-	Basic	-	(0.1
_	_	-	Diluted	-	(0.1
=====				=========	

3.

Sales and other operating revenues

Months 200	Nine M 2007		Quarter	Second Quarter 2007	
======= llion				======================================	
	7	By business		+	
40,34	37,762	Exploration and Production	12,796	12,747	12,932
179 , 07	180,840	Refining and Marketing	63 , 761	63,960	61 , 169
18,48	15,506	Gas, Power and Renewables	4,490	5,403	5,840
67	622	Other businesses and corporate	238	178	212
238,57	234,730		81,285	82,288	80,153
	30,217	Less: sales between businesses			
,	204,513	Total third party sales	71 , 334	71,872	68 , 540
		By geographical area			
81,84	76,785		25,017	27,713	27,809
	55,469	Rest of Europe	,	•	,
	76,268			26,825	
	53,491	Rest of World	•	•	•
271,38	262,013		89,617	91,875	93,005
67 , 42		Less: sales between areas	18,283	20,003	24,465
203,96	204,513		 71,334	 71,872	 68,540

Notes

4. Profit before interest and taxation is after charging:

Third	Second	Third			
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		Nine Mo	onths
2006	2007	2007		2007	200
=====				======================================	
	\$ million			\$ mill	LIOU
			Production and similar taxes		
96	-	(34)	UK	33	40
1,106	827	955	Overseas	2,462	2,58
1,202	827	921		2,495	2,98
=====				=======	

5. Finance costs

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Months 2007 200
328 (159)			\$ million 1,040 90 (263) (39	
169	251 	262		

6. Other finance income

Third Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Third Quarter 2007		Nine Mo 2007	onths 200
=====	======================================			======================================	====== lion
489	546	555		1,639	1,44
(610)	(708)	(719)	Expected return on pension and other post-retirement benefit plan assets	(2,125)	(1,79
(121)	(162)	(164)	Interest net of expected return on plan assets	(486)	(34
63	66	75	Unwinding of discount on provisions	208	17
6	-	_	Unwinding of discount on deferred consideration for acquisition of investment in TNK-BP	-	2

(52) (96) (89) _____

Notes

7. Analysis of changes in net debt

Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2007	Quarter 2007		Nine M 2007	200
=====	======================================			========= \$ mil	
			Opening balance Finance debt Less: Cash and cash equivalents	24,010 2,590	
14,434	21,772	21,111	Opening net debt	21,420	16,20
•	•	•	Closing balance Finance debt Less: Cash and cash equivalents	25,245 2,410	
16,774	21,111	22,835	Closing net debt	22,835	16 , 77
	661		Decrease (increase) in net debt	(1,415)	(57
			- Movement in cash and cash equivalents (excluding exchange adjustments) Net cash outflow (inflow) from financing	(261)	24
(5)	79	(1,164)	(excluding share capital)	(751)	(36
(515)			Fair value hedge adjustment	(342)	-
(34)	(13)		Other movements	(45)	2
			Movement in net debt before exchange effects Exchange adjustments	(1,399) (16)	(46 (10
(2,340)	661	(1,724)	Decrease (increase) in net debt	(1,415)	(57

Notes

8. TNK-BP Operational and Financial Information

Third Second Third

Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		Nine Mo	onths
2006	2007	2007		2007	200
			Production (Net of royalties) (BP share)		
867	837	830	Crude oil (mb/d)	833	89
472	441	364	Natural gas (mmcf/d)	456	52
948	913	892	Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(a)	912	98
=====	======================================			======================================	====== lion
			Income statement (BP share)		
2,321	1,016	1,094	Profit before interest and tax(b)	2,465	4,25
(52)	(64)	(67)	Interest expense	(193)	(14
(651)	(188)	(289)	Taxation	(579)	(1,34
(100)	(78)	(66)	Minority interest	(173)	(18
1,518	686		Net Income	1,520	2,58
			Excludes unwinding of discount on		
6	-	-	consideration	-	2
			Cash Flow		
2,000	500	800	Dividends received(c)	1,300	2,77

Balance Sheet	30 September 2007	31 Decemb 20
Investments in jointly controlled entities	8,066 =======	8,3

(a)Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

(b)Third quarter 2006 included a net gain of \$892 million on the disposal of the Urdmurtneft assets.

(c)Nine months of 2006 included \$771 million declared in fourth quarter 2005.

9. Fourth quarter results

BP's fourth quarter results will be announced on 5 February

2008.

10. Statutory accounts

The financial information shown in this publication is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements. The 2006 BP Annual Report and Accounts have been filed with the Registrar of Companies; the report of the auditors on those accounts was unqualified and did not contain a statement under section 237(2) or section 237(3) of the Companies Act 1985.

Contacts

London

United States

Press Office

Investor Relations

Roddy Kennedy +44 (0)20 7496 4624 Fergus MacLeod +44 (0)20 7496 4717

Ronnie Chappell +1 281 366 5174 Rachael MacLean +1 212 451 8072

http://www.bp.com/investors

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BP p.l.c. (Registrant)

Dated: 23 October 2007

/s/ D. J. PEARL

D. J. PEARL Deputy Company Secretary