| Bankrate, Inc. Form 10-Q August 08, 2016 |
|---|
| Table of Contents |
| UNITED STATES |
| SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION |
| Washington, D.C. 20549 |
| FORM 10-Q |
| (Mark One) |
| |
| |
| |
| QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 |
| FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 |
| OR |
| TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 |
| FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO |
| Commission File No. 1-35206 |
| (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) |

Delaware 65-0423422

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

477 Madison Avenue, Suite 430

New York, NY 10022 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 917-368-8600

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of outstanding shares of the issuer's common stock as of July 29, 2016 was as follows: 90,265,033 shares of Common stock, \$.01 par value.

Table of Contents

Table of Contents

Bankrate, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended June 30, 2016

| <u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATIO</u> N | 6 |
|---|----|
| Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) | 6 |
| Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 30 |
| Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk | 42 |
| Item 4. Controls and Procedures | 42 |
| PART II. OTHER INFORMATION | 43 |
| Item 1. Legal Proceedings | 43 |
| Item 1A. Risk Factors | 43 |
| Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds | 44 |
| Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities | 44 |
| Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures | 44 |
| Item 5. Other Information | 44 |
| <u>Item 6. Exhibits</u> | 45 |
| Signatures | 46 |

Table of Contents

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" which involve risks and uncertainties. You can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as "believes," "expects," "may," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "intends," "plans," "estimates," or "anticipates" or similar expressions that relate to our strategy, plans or intentions. All statements we make relating to our estimated and projected earnings, margins, revenues, costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and financial results or to our expectations regarding future industry trends or regarding resolution of regulatory matters described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. In addition, we, through our senior management, from time to time make forward-looking public statements concerning our expected future operations and performance and other developments. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may change at any time, and, therefore, our actual results may differ materially from those that we expected. We derive many of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based upon certain assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known or unknown factors, and it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. All forward-looking statements are based upon information available to us on, and speak only as of, the date of this report.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations, which we refer to as cautionary statements, are discussed in detail in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") on March 9, 2016 as updated in Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016. All forward-looking information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements. Some of the factors that we believe could affect our results include without limitation:

- the willingness or interest of banks, lenders, brokers, credit card issuers, senior care providers and other advertisers in the business verticals in which we operate to advertise on our websites or mobile applications, or purchase our leads, clicks, calls and referrals;
- · changes in application approval rates by our credit card issuer customers;
- · increased competition and its effect on our website traffic, click-through rates, advertising rates, margins, and market share;
- · our dependence on internet search engines to attract a significant portion of the visitors to our websites and our ability to diversify the sources from which we obtain visitor traffic to our websites and mobile applications, including without limitation through use of social media channels;
- · changes in the way that search engines display paid and organic search results and the impact of those changes on the number of consumers that visit our online network and the cost of driving consumers to our online network;
- · our dependence on traffic from our partners to produce a significant portion of the Company's revenue and our ability to establish and maintain distribution arrangements;
- · risks related to the successful integration of the NextAdvisor business acquired and the ability to realize the expected benefits from such acquisition;
- · risks and uncertainties associated with the NextAdvisor business;
- the willingness of consumers to accept the Internet and our online network as a medium for obtaining information on financial products or senior care;
- · shift of visitors from desktop to mobile and mobile app environments;
- the rate of conversion of consumers' visits to our websites or mobile applications into senior care referrals and the rate at which those referrals result in move-ins with our senior care customers;
- the number of consumers seeking information about the financial and senior care products we have on our websites or mobile applications;

- · our ability to successfully execute on our strategies, and the effectiveness of our strategies and investments in our business, including without limitation whether they result in increased revenue or profitability;
- · our ability to maintain good working relationships with our customers and third-party providers and to continue to attract new customers;
- the material weakness in the operating effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting discussed in our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K and our ability to remediate the weakness completely and promptly;

- risks relating to the defense or litigation of lawsuits, including without limitation the failure to obtain preliminary or final court approval of the proposed settlement of the putative securities law class action lawsuit described in our SEC filings or delay in obtaining such approval, risks related to decisions by class members to opt out of or object to the proposed settlement, or the potential impact of the proposed settlement on our stock price;
- the timing and outcome of, including potential expense associated with, and the potential impact on our business and stock price of any announcements regarding, the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") investigation relating to our financial reporting during 2012;
- the timing and outcome of, including potential expense associated with, and the potential impact on our business and stock price of any announcements regarding, the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") investigation;
- · the costs of indemnification obligations to current and former directors, officers and employees;
- any delay or failure to pay the deferred portion of the purchase price, or contractually required reduction in the purchase price as a result of closing working capital adjustments, in connection with the sale of the Company's Insurance business in December 2015;
- · our ability to anticipate and manage cybersecurity risk and data security risk and to mitigate or resolve issues that may arise;
- the effects of any security breach, data breach or cyberattack on our systems, websites or mobile applications, or on our reputation, and the impact of any notification costs or other liability arising from any security breach, data breach or cyberattack on our business;
- technological changes and our ability to adapt to new or evolving technologies that affect our business environment or operations;
- · our ability to maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting;
- · our ability to manage traffic on our websites or mobile applications, and service interruptions;
- · our ability to maintain and develop our brands and content;
- · our indebtedness and the effect such indebtedness may have on our business;
- · our need and our ability to obtain additional debt or equity financing;
- · our ability to integrate the operations and realize the expected benefits of businesses that we have acquired and may acquire in the future;
- · the effect of unexpected liabilities we assume (whether intentional or not) from our acquisitions;
- · the effect of programmatic advertising platforms on display revenue;
- · our ability to attract and retain executive officers and personnel;
- · any failure or refusal by our insurance providers to provide coverage under our insurance policies, including without limitation in connection with the putative securities class action lawsuit;
- · our ability to protect our intellectual property;
- the effects of potential liability for content on our websites or mobile applications;
- the effect of our operations in the United Kingdom and possible expansion to other international markets, in which we may have limited experience, and our ability to successfully execute on our business strategies in international markets;
- the strength of the U.S. economy in general and the financial services industry in particular;
- · changes in monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. government and interest rate volatility;
- · changes in consumer spending and saving habits;
- · review of our business and operations by regulatory or other governmental authorities;
- · changes in laws and regulations or interpretations of laws and regulations, other changes in the legal and regulatory environment, and the impact of such changes on the operation of our business;
- · any impairment to our goodwill and/or intangible assets, including without limitation the impairment of our Banking segment and the potential for impairment of the goodwill of our Senior Care segment as discussed in Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this report;
- · changes in accounting principles, policies, practices or guidelines; and
- · our ability to manage the risks involved in the foregoing.

Table of Contents

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors may not contain all of the material factors that are important to you. In addition, in light of these risks and uncertainties, the matters referred to in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may not in fact occur. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on those statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Bankrate, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

| | (Unaudited) | D 1 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| | June 30, | December 31, |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 121,951 | \$ 237,204 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of | | |
| \$142 and \$147, respectively | 59,054 | 56,265 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 33,614 | 27,773 |
| Total current assets | 214,619 | 321,242 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of | | |
| \$16,977 and \$16,027, respectively | 10,294 | 10,189 |
| Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of | | |
| \$185,212 and \$168,627, respectively | 218,714 | 205,766 |
| Goodwill | 609,008 | 567,544 |
| Other assets | 35,143 | 23,127 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,087,778 | \$ 1,127,868 |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 5,442 | \$ 10,147 |
| Accrued expenses | 30,689 | 25,838 |
| Deferred revenue and customer deposits | 1,509 | 1,508 |
| Accrued interest payable | 6,984 | 6,890 |
| Other current liabilities | 26,385 | 15,583 |
| Total current liabilities | 71,009 | 59,966 |
| Deferred income taxes | 6,950 | 7,552 |
| Long term debt, net of unamortized discount | 294,487 | 293,284 |
| Other liabilities | 41,111 | 5,871 |
| Total liabilities | 413,557 | 366,673 |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 9) | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | |
| Common stock, par value \$.01 per share - | | |
| 300,000,000 shares authorized | | |
| 103,241,990 shares and 103,845,310 shares issued, | | |
| respectively; 90,266,376 shares and 96,794,018 shares outstanding, respectively | 1,034 | 1,039 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 893,705 | 886,261 |
| | | |

| Accumulated deficit | (77,659) | (36,985) |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Less: Treasury stock, at cost - 12,975,614 shares and 7,051,292 shares, respectively | (142,198) | (88,616) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (661) | (504) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 674,221 | 761,195 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 1,087,778 | \$ 1,127,868 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Bankrate, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

| | Three months ended | | Six months | s ended |
|---|--------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Revenue | \$ 98,302 | \$ 89,334 | \$ 191,780 | \$ 178,560 |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | 52,641 | 41,768 | 99,952 | 83,174 |
| Sales and marketing | 4,471 | 4,401 | 9,366 | 8,504 |
| Product development and technology | 7,470 | 5,796 | 14,049 | 10,740 |
| General and administrative | 19,822 | 16,510 | 36,710 | 32,399 |
| Legal settlements | 20,000 | 3 | 19,149 | 3 |
| Acquisition, disposition and related expenses | 1,335 | 311 | 1,335 | 574 |
| Restructuring charges | - | - | (34) | - |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition | | | | |
| consideration | 263 | 628 | 101 | 387 |
| Impairment charge | 25,000 | - | 25,000 | - |
| Depreciation and amortization | 11,079 | 9,744 | 20,706 | 19,302 |
| Total costs and expenses | 142,081 | 79,161 | 226,334 | 155,083 |
| (Loss) income from operations | (43,779) | 10,173 | (34,554) | 23,477 |
| Interest and other expenses, net | 4,974 | 6,414 | 9,822 | 11,683 |
| (Loss) income before taxes | (48,753) | 3,759 | (44,376) | 11,794 |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (7,444) | 1,647 | (3,788) | 5,303 |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations | (41,309) | 2,112 | (40,588) | 6,491 |
| Net income (loss) from discontinued operations | 353 | (1,792) | (86) | (1,221) |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (40,956) | \$ 320 | \$ (40,674) | \$ 5,270 |
| Basic net (loss) income per share: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.02 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.07 |
| Discontinued operations | - | (0.02) | - | (0.02) |
| Basic net (loss) income per share | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.05 |
| Diluted net (loss) income per share: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.02 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.07 |
| Discontinued operations | - | (0.02) | - | (0.02) |
| | | | | |

Edgar Filing: Bankrate, Inc. - Form 10-Q

| Diluted net (loss) income per share | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.05 |
|---|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Weighted average common shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 88,030,655 | 98,592,056 | 90,469,093 | 98,502,592 |
| Diluted | 88,030,655 | 99,157,615 | 90,469,093 | 99,055,782 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (40,956) | \$ 320 | \$ (40,674) | \$ 5,270 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax | 94 | 138 | (157) | 27 |
| Comprehensive (loss) income | \$ (40,862) | \$ 458 | \$ (40,831) | \$ 5,297 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Bankrate, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

| | Six months | ended |
|---|-------------|----------|
| | June 30, | June 30, |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (40,674) | \$ 5,270 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 20,706 | 31,751 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts receivable | 64 | 267 |
| Deferred income taxes | (602) | - |
| Amortization of deferred financing charges and original issue discount | 1,373 | 507 |
| Stock-based compensation | 8,659 | 11,852 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 179 | 44 |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration | 101 | 387 |
| Impairment charge | 25,000 | - |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of business acquisitions: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 5,403 | (16,336) |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (20,007) | 18,977 |
| Accounts payable | (6,981) | 4,216 |
| Accrued expenses | 2,521 | (7,036) |
| Other liabilities | 21,938 | (5,727) |
| Deferred revenue and customer deposits | 1 | 337 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 17,681 | 44,509 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchases of furniture, fixtures and equipment and capitalized software and website | | |
| development costs | (2,574) | (7,456) |
| Cash used in business acquisitions, net | (63,409) | (30,753) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (65,983) | (38,209) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Cash paid for contingent acquisition consideration | (8,613) | (7,169) |
| Cash paid for deferred acquisition consideration | (3,750) | - |
| Purchase of Company stock | (54,437) | (2,303) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (66,800) | (9,472) |
| Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents | (151) | 126 |
| Net decrease in cash | (115,253) | (3,046) |

| Cash - beginning of period | 237,204 | 142,051 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Cash - end of period | 121,951 | 139,005 |
| Less cash of discontinued operations - end of period | - | 23,281 |
| Cash of continuing operations - end of period | \$ 121,951 | \$ 115,724 |
| Supplemental disclosure of other cash flow activities | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 9,255 | \$ 10,469 |
| Cash paid (refunded) for taxes, net | 1,737 | (10,708) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

Bankrate, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Company

Bankrate, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Bankrate" or the "Company," "we," "us," "our") own and operate an Internet-based consumer banking, personal finance and senior care network ("Online Network"). Our flagship websites, Bankrate.com, CreditCards.com and Caring.com are some of the Internet's leading aggregators of information on more than 300 financial products and services, including mortgages, deposits, credit cards, and other personal finance categories. Additionally, we provide financial applications and information to a network of distribution partners and through national and state publications.

We operate the following reportable business segments:

- · Banking we offer information on rates for various types of mortgages, home lending and refinancing. We maintain current rate information for more than 600 local markets, covering all 50 U.S. states. Consumers can customize searches for mortgage rates by loan size, type, maturity, and location through our online portals. We also offer rate information and original editorial content on various deposit products, retirement, taxes and debt management.
- · Credit Cards we present visitors a comprehensive selection of consumer and business credit and prepaid cards, providing detailed information and comparison capabilities and host news and advice on personal finance, credit card and bank policies, as well as tools, calculators and products such as free credit reports and estimates of card benefits.
- Senior Care we provide helpful caregiving content, a comprehensive online senior living directory for the United States, a local directory covering a wide array of other senior caregiving services and telephone support and advice from trained Family Advisors.
- · Other includes the results of operations of Quizzle, the results of the Company's investments, unallocated corporate overhead and the elimination of transactions between segments.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Bankrate, Inc., and subsidiaries CreditCards.com, Inc. ("CreditCards"), LinkOffers, Inc., CreditCards.com Limited (United Kingdom), Freedom Marketing Limited (United Kingdom), Caring, Inc., Wallaby Financial Inc., Quizzle, LLC., and BR1 Holdings, LLC. after elimination of all intercompany accounts and transactions.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for the fair statement of our results have been included. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent gains and losses at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2016, for any other interim period or for any other future year.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K ("2015 Annual Report") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 9, 2016.

Other than as noted below, there have been no significant changes in the Company's accounting policies from those disclosed in our 2015 Annual Report.

Table of Contents

Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 reflect reclassifications made to conform to the presentation in our 2015 Annual Report and our current presentation. We revised the calculations of basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding for certain adjustments to the prior year presentation. There was no change in the calculated basic net income per share or diluted net income per share for continuing operations, discontinued operations or in total for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

In accordance with the adoption of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") ASU 2015-03, "Imputation of Interest—Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs," our senior unsecured notes are presented net of their related deferred financing costs as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Our operations in China were previously presented as discontinued operations as we were marketing them for sale. During the second quarter 2016 we could not come to terms with the potential buyers of the business, negotiations ended and the plan to sell the business was abandoned. It was then determined to start the process of winding down and closing the operations in China, a process which, based on local requirements and regulations, is not expected to be completed until early in 2017. During the second quarter 2016, we recorded approximately \$723,000 for the acceleration of amortization and depreciation of certain intangible and work-in-process assets, furniture, fixtures and equipment and other assets based on their estimated remaining future economic life as the operations are being wound down and closed.

Discontinued Operation

In December 2015, we sold our Insurance business segment. In accordance with GAAP, the results of our Insurance business segment through the date of sale, December 29, 2015, are presented as discontinued operations, and, as such, have been excluded from continuing operations in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for all periods presented. The operating results of the Insurance business segment for 2015 are classified as discontinued operations in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements with the exception of the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows which is presented on a consolidated basis. The operating results of the Insurance business segment are consistently excluded from the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for all periods presented. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 we incurred expenses and received reimbursements related to our 2015 disposal of our Insurance business, which have been classified as discontinued operations. See Note 13—Discontinued Operations for presentation of the results of the discontinued operations of the Insurance segment.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Pronouncements

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, "Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Allow a Performance Target to Be Achieved After the Requisite Service Period," which requires that a performance target that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition that affects the vesting of the award. We adopted ASU 2014-12 on January 1, 2016, as required, and it did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-01, "Income Statement—Extraordinary and Unusual Items." This guidance eliminates the concept of an extraordinary item, which required that an entity separately classify, present, and disclose extraordinary events and transactions, on the income statement, net of tax after earnings from continuing operations and disclose applicable income taxes and earnings per share date applicable to the extraordinary item. We adopted ASU 2015-01 on January 1, 2016, as required, and it did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, "Imputation of Interest—Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs." This guidance requires that the debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. We adopted ASU 2015-03 on January 1, 2016, as required. The Company's \$300.0 million senior unsecured notes due 2018 are presented at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 net of deferred financing costs of \$4.0 million and \$4.9 million, respectively. Deferred financing costs were previously included in other assets in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05 "Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40)—Customers Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement." The guidance in this update provide a basis for evaluating whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license and clarification of the treatment of fees paid by the customer if

that license is to internal-use software, other than internal-use software or not considered a license. We adopted ASU 2015-05 on January 1, 2016, as required, and it did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-10, "Technical Corrections and Improvements." This guidance's intention is (i) to clarify the Codification for differences between original guidance and the Codification, (ii) correct unintended application of guidance and correct references, or (iii) streamline, simplify or make minor improvements to the Codification through minor structural changes to headings or minor editing of text to improve the usefulness and understandability, that are not expected to have a significant effect on current accounting practice. We adopted ASU 2015-10 on January 1, 2016, as required, and it did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, "Business Combinations (Topic 805)—Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments." The intention of this guidance is to simplify the accounting adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in business combinations, as the amendment requires the adjustments to provisional amounts be recorded in the current period that they are identified, which eliminates the need to retrospectively account for those adjustments. We adopted ASU 2015-16 on January 1, 2016, as required, and it did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Pronouncements, Not Adopted as of June 30, 2016

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and in August 2015 issued ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of Effective Date." The standard provides companies with a single model for use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers that supersedes current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific revenue guidance. The core principle of the model is to recognize revenue when control of the goods or services transfers to the customer, as opposed to recognizing revenue when the risks and rewards transfer to the customer under the existing revenue guidance. The guidance permits companies to either apply the requirements retrospectively to all prior periods presented, or apply the requirements in the year of adoption, through a cumulative adjustment. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, to be effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, "Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern," which requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the date the financial statements are issued and to provide related footnote disclosures in certain circumstances. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01 "Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This update amends some of the existing guidance related to the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 "Leases (Topic 842)." This update will supersede the leases requirements in Topic 840, Leases, and create an additional Topic 842, which specifies the accounting for leases. The objective is to establish the principles that lessees and lessors shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from a lease. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)." This update is intended to clarify the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. The effective date and transition requirements for the amendments in this Update are the same as the effective date and transition requirements of ASU 2014-09. ASU 2015-14 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date," defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year, as such, this guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09 "Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting." This update is intended to reduce complexity in accounting standard and simplify several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. In addition, the amendments in this update eliminate the guidance in Topic 718. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for any entity in any interim or annual period. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements, earnings per share and related disclosures.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing." This update is to clarify several aspects of Topic 606, (i) identifying performance obligation and (ii) licensing implementation guidance, while retaining the related principles for those areas. The effective date and transition requirements for this amendment are the same as the effective date and transition requirements of Update 2014-09. ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date," defers the effective date of ASU 2019-09 by one year, as such, this guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-11, "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) and Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Rescission of SEC Guidance Because of Accounting Standards Updates 2014-09 and 2014-16 Pursuant to Staff Announcements at the March 3, 2016 EITF (Emerging Issue Task Force) Meeting." This update rescinds SEC paragraphs pursuant to the SEC Staff Announcement, "Rescission of Certain SEC Staff Observer Comments upon Adoption of Topic 606," and the SEC Staff Announcement, "Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or Equity," announced at the March 3, 2016 Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) meeting. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-12, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients." This update does not change the core principle of Topic 606, but affect several aspects related to how an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The effective date and transition requirements for this amendment are the same as the effective date and transition requirements of Update 2014-09. ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date," defers the effective date of ASU 2019-09 by one year, as such, this guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." This update requires a financial asset, or group of financial assets, measured

at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for any entity in any interim or annual period within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. We are evaluating the effect that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

NOTE 2 – GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

During the second quarter 2016 management noted that the operating results of its Banking reporting unit had begun to track below plan, primarily due to macroeconomic trends impacting its deposit and display advertising businesses. This triggering event resulted in impairment testing as of June 30, 2016. It was concluded that the reporting unit's goodwill is impaired and we recorded a \$25.0 million expense for the impairment of its goodwill, determined using the income and market approach. If Banking does not track to expectations, this could lead to further impairment.

During the first quarter, the Company's agreement with a large customer of Senior Care was not renewed. This triggering event resulted in impairment testing as of February 29, 2016. It was concluded that no impairment had occurred. The fair value was greater than the carrying value by approximately 17.9%, however, the absolute dollar amount of the Senior Care cushion was small. If Senior Care does not track to expectations for strong growth, this could lead to impairment.

Management did not identify any circumstances or triggers with the Credit Cards or Senior Care reporting units during the second quarter that could "more likely than not" reduce the fair value of those reporting units below the carrying amounts based upon the financial performance in the second quarter of 2016.

Table of Contents

During the second quarter 2016, the Company acquired the Next Advisor business, which is reported in our Credit Cards segment (see Note 11—Acquisitions).

Goodwill activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 is shown below:

| | | Credit | Senior | | Total |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| (In thousands) | Banking | Cards | Care | Other | Company |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | \$ 140,546 | \$ 383,878 | \$ 24,518 | \$ 18,602 | \$ 567,544 |
| Additions due to acquisitions | - | 66,464 | - | - | 66,464 |
| Impairment charge | (25,000) | - | - | - | (25,000) |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | \$ 115,546 | \$ 450,342 | \$ 24,518 | \$ 18,602 | \$ 609,008 |

Intangible assets consist primarily of trademarks and domain names, customer relationships, affiliate relationships and developed technologies. Intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The increase in intangible assets relates to our acquisition of the Next Advisor business.

Intangible assets subject to amortization were as follows as of June 30, 2016:

| | | Accumulated | | Weighted Average Amortization Period |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| (In thousands) | Cost | Amortization | Net | Years |
| Trademarks and domain | | | | |
| names | \$ 205,170 | \$ (76,440) | \$ 128,730 | 16.8 |
| Customer relationships | 158,065 | (91,771) | 66,294 | 9.0 |
| Affiliate relationships | 12,670 | (6,652) | 6,018 | 10.3 |
| Developed technologies | 26,573 | (10,329) | 16,244 | 7.7 |
| Non-compete | 1,448 | (20) | 1,428 | 3.0 |
| | \$ 403,926 | \$ (185,212) | \$ 218,714 | 12.9 |

Intangible assets subject to amortization were as follows as of December 31, 2015:

(In thousands) Cost Net

Edgar Filing: Bankrate, Inc. - Form 10-Q

| | | Accumulated Amortization | | Weighted Average Amortization Period Years |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|---|
| Trademarks and domain | | | | |
| names | \$ 199,461 | \$ (69,002) | \$ 130,459 | 17.1 |
| Customer relationships | 135,831 | (84,183) | 51,648 | 9.1 |
| Affiliate relationships | 12,670 | (6,382) | 6,288 | 10.3 |
| Developed technologies | 26,431 | (9,060) | 17,371 | 7.6 |
| | \$ 374,393 | \$ (168,627) | \$ 205,766 | 13.3 |

Amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$8.7 million and \$17.1 million, respectively, and amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$8.7 million and \$17.3 million, respectively.

Future amortization expense for intangible assets placed into service on or before June 30, 2016 is expected to be:

| | Amortization |
|---|--------------|
| (In thousands) | Expense |
| Remainder of 2016 | \$ 18,986 |
| 2017 | 35,434 |
| 2018 | 31,802 |
| 2019 | 23,338 |
| 2020 | 16,838 |
| 2021 | 14,515 |
| Thereafter | 77,801 |
| Total expected amortization expense for intangible assets | \$ 218,714 |

NOTE 3 – EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

We compute basic earnings (loss) per share by dividing net income (loss) for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share includes the effects of dilutive common stock equivalents, consisting of outstanding stock-based awards in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation, to the extent the effect is not anti-dilutive, using the treasury stock method.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:

| | Three months | ended | Six months en | ded |
|---|--------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| (In thousands, except share and per share data) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations | \$ (41,309) | \$ 2,112 | \$ (40,588) | \$ 6,491 |
| Net income (loss) from discontinued operations | 353 | (1,792) | (86) | (1,221) |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (40,956) | \$ 320 | \$ (40,674) | \$ 5,270 |
| Tito (1888) meeme | ¢ (10,500) | φ 0 = 0 | ¢ (.0,0/.) | φ ε,= / ε |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding for | | | | |
| basic earnings (loss) per share | 88,030,655 | 98,592,056 | 90,469,093 | 98,502,592 |
| Additional dilutive shares related to share based | | | | |
| awards | - | 565,559 | - | 553,190 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding for | | | | |
| diluted earnings (loss) per share | 88,030,655 | 99,157,615 | 90,469,093 | 99,055,782 |
| | , , | , , | , , | , , |
| Basic net (loss) income per share: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.02 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.07 |
| Discontinued operations | - | (0.02) | - | (0.02) |
| Basic net (loss) income per share | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.05 |
| • | | | | |
| Diluted net (loss) income per share: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.02 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.07 |
| Discontinued operations | - | (0.02) | - | (0.02) |
| Diluted net (loss) income per share | \$ (0.47) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.45) | \$ 0.05 |

As we incurred a loss from continuing operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, all outstanding stock options, restricted stock awards and performance stock awards have an anti-dilutive effect and therefore are excluded from the computation of diluted weighted average shares outstanding for those periods. Accordingly, basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding are equal for such periods. The following were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their impact would have been anti-dilutive:

| | Three month | is ended | Six months ended | | |
|--|-------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|--|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | |
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Restricted shares and restricted share units | 1,247,313 | 1,336,172 | 1,385,643 | 1,322,430 | |
| Stock options | 2,385,656 | 2,765,113 | 2,428,326 | 2,777,902 | |

NOTE 4 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The activity in stockholders' equity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 is shown below:

| | Common | Stock | Stock Treasury Stock | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|----------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|--|--------------------------------|
| (In thousands) | Shares | Amount | Additional paid-in capital | Accumulate Deficit | · | Amount | Accumulate Other Comprehen Loss - Foreign Currency Translation | sive Total Stockholders' |
| Balance at | | | | | | | | |
| December 31, | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2015 | 103,845 | 1,039 | 886,261 | (36,985) | (7,051) | (88,616) | (504) | 761,195 |
| Other | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive | | | | | | | | |
| loss, net of taxes | - | - | - | - | - | - | (157) | (157) |
| Treasury stock | | | | | | | | |
| purchased | - | - | - | - | (5,998) | (54,437) | - | (54,437) |
| Restricted stock | | | | | | | | |
| issued, net of | | | | | | | | |
| cancellations | (74) | - | (855) | - | 74 | 855 | - | - |
| Performance stock | | | | | | | | |
| issued, net of | | | | | | | | |
| cancellations | (529) | (5) | 5 | - | - | | - | - |
| Stock-based | | | | | | | | |
| compensation | - | - | 8,294 | - | - | - | - | 8,294 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (40,674) | - | - | - | (40,674) |
| Balance at June 30, | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 103,242 | \$ 1,034 | \$ 893,705 | \$ (77,659) | (12,975) | \$ (142,198) | \$ (661) | \$ 674,221 |

In February 2016, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a \$50.0 million share repurchase program. Under the terms of the program, the Company was authorized to repurchase up to \$50.0 million of its outstanding common stock, excluding commissions. Stock repurchases under this program could be made through open market and privately negotiated transactions. The timing and amount of specific repurchases were subject to the requirements of federal securities law, market conditions, alternative uses of capital and other factors. The stock repurchase program did not obligate the Company to acquire any particular amount of shares and the program could have been limited or terminated at any time without prior notice. The program was completed in April 2016.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we repurchased approximately 2.7 million and 5.6 million shares, respectively, for approximately \$24.2 million and \$50.0 million, respectively, plus commission fees.

NOTE 5 - SEGMENTS

The reportable segments presented below represent the Company's operating segments for which separate financial information is available and utilized on a regular basis by its chief operating decision maker, the Company's chief executive officer, to assess performance and allocate resources. Management evaluates the operating results of each of the Company's operating segments based upon revenue and "Adjusted EBITDA", which we define as income from continuing operations before depreciation and amortization; interest; income taxes; changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration; stock-based compensation and other items such as loss on extinguishment of debt, legal settlements, acquisition, disposition and related expenses; restructuring charges; any impairment charge; Next Advisor contingent payments for the acquisition; CEO transition costs; costs related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and indemnification obligations; purchase accounting adjustments; and the adjusted EBITDA results of our operations in China as we are winding down and ceasing its operations. The Company's presentation of Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

| | Three months ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| | 2016 | | 2015 | |
| | | Adjusted | | Adjusted |
| (In thousands) | Revenue | EBITDA | Revenue | EBITDA |
| Banking | \$ 23,249 | \$ 4,815 | \$ 26,972 | \$ 9,202 |
| Credit Cards | 69,650 | 24,690 | 56,054 | 25,816 |
| Senior Care | 6,022 | 464 | 5,714 | (90) |
| Other | (619) | (7,353) | 594 | (3,660) |
| Total Company | \$ 98,302 | 22,616 | \$ 89,334 | 31,268 |
| | | | | |
| Less: | | | | |
| Interest and other expenses, net | | 4,974 | | 6,414 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 11,079 | | 9,744 |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration | | 263 | | 628 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | 4,754 | | 4,959 |
| Legal settlements (A) | | 20,000 | | 3 |
| Acquisition, disposition and related expenses (B) | | 1,335 | | 311 |
| Restatement charges (C) | | 1,995 | | 5,385 |
| Impact of purchase accounting | | - | | 1 |
| Next Advisor contingent payments | | 1,371 | | - |
| China adjusted EBITDA loss (D) | | 598 | | 64 |
| Impairment charge (E) | | 25,000 | | - |
| (Loss) income before income taxes | | \$ (48,753) | | \$ 3,759 |

⁽A) During the three months ended June 30, 2016, \$20.0 million was recorded for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit pending against the Company. Approximately 70% of the settlement is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds.

⁽B) During the three months ended June 30, 2016, acquisition, disposition and related expenses represent direct expenses related to the Next Advisor acquisition. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, these costs related to the acquisition of Quizzle.

⁽C) Restatement charges include expenses related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and indemnification obligations.

⁽D) Represents the Adjusted EBITDA loss of the operations in China. The results of China were previously presented as discontinued operations when it was actively marketed for sale. After the negotiations with the potential buyer did not result in a sale of the business, we initiated the process of winding down the operations.

⁽E) During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded \$25.0 million for the impairment of goodwill in our Banking segment.

| | Six months ended June 30, | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| | 2016 | | 2015 | |
| | | Adjusted | | Adjusted |
| (In thousands) | Revenue | EBITDA | Revenue | EBITDA |
| Banking | \$ 47,595 | \$ 10,097 | \$ 55,142 | \$ 19,761 |
| Credit Cards | 132,793 | 50,488 | 112,828 | 51,904 |
| Senior Care | 12,209 | 12 | 10,900 | (167) |
| Other | (817) | (14,672) | (310) | (8,152) |
| Total Company | \$ 191,780 | 45,925 | \$ 178,560 | 63,346 |
| | | | | |
| Less: | | | | |
| Interest and other expenses, net | | 9,822 | | 11,683 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 20,706 | | 19,302 |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration | | 101 | | 387 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | 8,659 | | 9,718 |
| Legal settlements (A) | | 19,149 | | 3 |
| Acquisition, disposition and related expenses (B) | | 1,335 | | 574 |
| Restatement charges (C) | | 3,422 | | 9,558 |
| Impact of purchase accounting | | - | | 35 |
| Restructuring charges | | (34) | | - |
| China adjusted EBITDA loss (D) | | 770 | | 292 |
| Impairment charge (E) | | 25,000 | | - |
| Next Advisor contingent payments | | 1,371 | | - |
| (Loss) income before income taxes | | \$ (44,376) | | \$ 11,794 |

⁽A) During the six months ended June 30, 2016, \$20.0 million was recorded for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit pending against the Company, approximately 70% of which is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds, and an \$851,000 insurance payment was received for reimbursement of previously incurred legal expenses in connection with this lawsuit.

⁽B) During the six months ended June 30, 2016, acquisition, disposition and related expenses represent direct expenses related the Next Advisor acquisition. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, these costs related to the acquisition of Quizzle.

⁽C) Restatement charges include expenses related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and indemnification obligations.

⁽D) Represents the Adjusted EBITDA loss of the operations in China. The results of China were previously presented as discontinued operations when it was actively marketed for sale. After the negotiations with the potential buyer did not result in a sale of the business, we initiated the process of winding down the operations.

⁽E) During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded \$25.0 million for the impairment of goodwill in our Banking segment.

NOTE 6 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The carrying amounts of cash, accounts receivable and accrued interest approximate estimated fair value due to their short term nature. In measuring the fair value of our long term debt, we used market information. These estimates require considerable judgment in interpreting market data, and changes in assumptions or estimation methods could significantly affect the fair value estimates.

The following table presents estimated fair value, and related carrying amounts:

| | June 30, 2016 | | December 3 | 31, 2015 |
|------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Carrying | Estimated | Carrying | Estimated |
| (In thousands) | Amount | Fair Value | Amount | Fair Value |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | |
| Long term debt (A) | \$ 294,487 | \$ 300,000 | \$ 293,284 | \$ 297,000 |

⁽A) The long term debt carrying amount is net of debt issuance costs of approximately \$4.5 million and \$4.9 million at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

In addition, we make recurring fair value measurements of contingent acquisition consideration using Level 3 unobservable inputs. We recognize the fair value of contingent acquisition consideration based on its estimated fair value at the date of acquisition using discounted cash flows and subsequent adjustments to the fair value are due to the passage of time as we approach the payment date or changes to management's estimates of the projected results of the acquired business. In determining the fair value of contingent acquisition consideration, we review current results of the acquired business along with projected results for the remaining earnout period to calculate the expected contingent acquisition consideration to be paid using the agreed upon formula as laid out in the acquisition agreements.

The following tables present the fair value measurements of contingent acquisition consideration and the assets of the non-qualified deferred compensation plan using the fair value hierarchy:

(In thousands)

Fair Value Measurement at June 30, 2016
Using
Quoted Significant Significant Total
Prices Other Unobservable
in Observable Inputs (Level
Active Inputs 3)
Markets (Level 2)
for
Identical
Assets

| | (Level 1) | | | |
|---|-----------|---------|--------------|-----------|
| Recurring fair value measurement: | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Investments of the non-qualified deferred compensation plan | \$ 168 | \$ - | - | \$ 168 |
| Total asset recurring fair value measurements | \$ 168 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 168 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Contingent acquisition consideration | \$ - | \$ - | 37,595 | \$ 37,595 |
| Total liabilities recurring fair value measurements | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 37,595 | \$ 37,595 |

| | Fair Value Measurement at December 31 2015 Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Significant IdenticalOther Significant Assets Observable Unobservable | | | r 31, | | |
|---|--|----|--------|-------|-------------|----------|
| (In thousands) | (Level 1) | _ | rel 2) | 3) | outs (Level | Total |
| Recurring fair value measurement: | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Investments of the non-qualified deferred compensation plan | \$ 173 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 173 |
| Total asset recurring fair value measurements | \$ 173 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 173 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Contingent acquisition consideration | \$ - | \$ | _ | \$ | 9,107 | \$ 9,107 |
| Total liabilities recurring fair value measurements | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 9,107 | \$ 9,107 |

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of changes in the fair value of Level 3 financial liabilities, contingent acquisition consideration, for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

| | Six |
|--------------------------|----------|
| | months |
| | ended |
| | June 30, |
| (In thousands) | 2016 |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | \$ 9,107 |
| Additions to Level 3 | 37,000 |
| Transfers into Level 3 | - |
| Transfers out of Level 3 | - |
| Change in fair value | 101 |
| Payments | (8,613) |

Balance, June 30, 2016 \$ 37,595

The unobservable inputs used in determining the fair value of contingent acquisition consideration for earnout periods not yet completed include discount factors of 14% to 16% based on our weighted average cost of capital and projected results of the acquired businesses. The fair value calculated as of June 30, 2016 is subject to sensitivity as it relates to the projected results of the acquired businesses, which are uncertain in nature. Each calculation is based on a separate formula and results that differ from our projections could impact the fair value significantly.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded an expense of \$101,000 for the change in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration, which consists of an increase of \$322,000 related to the passage of time, partially offset by a decrease in the fair value due to a change in estimate of \$221,000.

NOTE 7 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company's stock-based compensation program is a long-term retention program that is intended to attract, retain and provide incentives for directors, officers and employees in the form of awards of non-qualified stock options, restricted stock and performance-based restricted shares or units. Stock unit awards entitle the holder to receive shares of common stock of the Company upon vesting on a one-to-one basis. The Company typically settles stock based awards with treasury shares. As of June 30, 2016, approximately 6.2 million shares were available for future grants of awards under the plan.

The stock-based compensation expense for stock options, restricted stock and performance stock awards recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

| | Three mo | onths | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|--|
| | ended | | Six months ended | | |
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | |
| (In thousands) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Cost of revenue | \$ 481 | \$ 499 | \$ 909 | \$ 978 | |
| Sales and marketing | 458 | 687 | 934 | 1,339 | |
| Product development and technology | 1,122 | 963 | 1,866 | 1,863 | |
| General and administrative | 2,693 | 2,810 | 4,950 | 5,538 | |
| Total stock-based compensation | \$ 4,754 | \$ 4,959 | \$ 8,659 | \$ 9,718 | |

Stock compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 includes \$213,000 and \$366,000, respectively, of expense related to performance based restricted share grants that are classified as a liability until the number of shares is determinable. This amount is included in the performance based restricted share expense discussed below. These grants vest on their determination dates, ratably over three years.

Restricted Stock

The following table summarizes restricted stock award activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

| | | Weighted |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | Average |
| | | Grant |
| | Number of | Date |
| | | Fair |
| | Shares | Value |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | 1,890,379 | \$ 13.35 |
| Granted | 72,886 | 11.73 |
| Vested and released | (591,004) | 14.10 |
| Forfeited | (74,219) | 11.94 |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | 1,298,042 | \$ 12.77 |

Stock-based compensation expense related to restricted stock awards for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$2.3 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$3.8 million and \$7.2 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2016, there was unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock awards of \$12.6 million, net of forfeitures, which is estimated to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.2 years.

Restricted Stock Units

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, restricted stock units were awarded that vest ratably over a three year period following the date of the grant.

| | | Weighted |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | Average |
| | | Grant |
| | Number of | Date |
| | | Fair |
| | Units | Value |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | - | \$ - |
| Granted | 2,420,442 | 8.26 |
| Forfeited | (53,596) | 8.35 |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | 2,366,846 | \$ 8.26 |

Stock-based compensation expense related to restricted stock units for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2016, there was unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock units of \$18.1 million, net of forfeitures, which is estimated to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.7 years.

Performance Based Restricted Shares

Performance based restricted shares activity was as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

| | | Weighted |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | Average |
| | | Grant |
| | Number of | Date |
| | | Fair |
| | Shares | Value |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | 1,218,418 | \$ 12.80 |
| Granted | - | - |
| Vested/Earned | (94,584) | 15.31 |
| Forfeited | (13,153) | 16.06 |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | 1,110,681 | \$ 12.55 |

Stock-based compensation expense related to performance-based shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$364,000 and \$794,000, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$64,000 and \$121,000, respectively. As of June 30, 2016, there was unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested performance stock awards of \$1.4 million, net of forfeitures, which is estimated to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.5 years.

Performance-based Restricted Stock Units

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, performance-based restricted stock units were awarded that vest based upon a performance factor, which is equal to a measure of the Company's profitability over a 2 year period and multiplied by a total shareholder return factor achieved by the Company relative to a determined peer group, with 50% vesting on the determination date, which will be the later of (i) the date on which the audit of the Company's financial statements for its fiscal year 2017 is completed and (ii) the date on which the final calculation of the relative total shareholder return factor is made by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors; and 50% on the third anniversary of the grant date. The granted amount represents the target amount of performance-based restricted stock units to be awarded. The amount awarded is determined based on the Company's financial performance metric, Adjusted EBITDA. The total number of performance-based restricted stock units earned based on the financial performance metric can range from 0% to 150% of the target amount. The total shareholder return factor could further adjust the number of performance-based restricted stock units earned by a maximum increase or decrease of 25%. Stock-based compensation expense related to the performance-based restricted stock units for the three and six

months ended June 30, 2016 was \$616,000 and \$758,000, respectively. As of June 30, 2016, there was unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested performance-based restricted stock units of \$5.3 million, net of forfeitures, which is estimated to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years.

The grant date fair value of performance-based restricted stock units incorporates a total-stockholders return metric, which is estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model to estimate the Company's ranking relative to an applicable stock index of peers. The weighted average assumptions used in the Monte Carlo simulation model to calculate the fair value of the Company's performance-based restricted stock unit awards are outlined below.

| | Six months |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| | ended June |
| | 30, 2016 |
| Expected volatility of stock price | 56.35% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 0.94% |
| Valuation period | 2.06 years |
| Dividend yield | 0.00% |
| | |

Performance-based restricted stock unit activity was as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

| | | Weighted |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | Average |
| | | Grant |
| | Number of | Date |
| | | Fair |
| | Units | Value |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | - | \$ - |
| Granted | 873,053 | 9.21 |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | 873,053 | \$ 9.21 |

Stock Options

Stock option activity was as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

| | | | Weighted | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|-----------|
| | Number of | Exercise Price | Average | Aggregate |
| | | | Exercise | Intrinsic |
| | Options | Per Share | Price | Value |
| Balance, January 1, 2016 | 2,501,926 | \$ 11.05 - 22.39 | \$ 16.04 | \$ 86,326 |
| Granted | - | - | - | |
| Exercised | - | - | - | |
| Forfeited | - | - | - | |
| Expired | (544,323) | 11.05 - 22.39 | 16.54 | |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | 1,957,603 | \$ 12.55 - 22.39 | \$ 15.90 | \$ - |

Pursuant to the income tax provisions of ASC 718 "Stock Compensation", we follow the "long-haul method" of computing our hypothetical additional paid-in capital, or APIC, pool. Approximately 50,000 stock options vested during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

The following table summarizes our options outstanding and options currently exercisable.

June 30, 2016

| | , | | Weighted Average | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|------------------|-----------|
| | | Weighted | | |
| | Number of | Average | Contractual Term | Aggregate |
| | | Exercise | | Intrinsic |
| | Options | Price | (in years) | Value |
| Options vested and expected to vest | 1,957,603 | \$ 15.90 | 4.7 | \$ - |
| Options vested and exercisable | 1,868,218 | 15.70 | 4.7 | _ |

The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options outstanding in the tables above calculated as the difference between the closing price of Bankrate's common stock on the last trading day of the reporting period (\$7.48 at June 30, 2016) and the exercise price of the stock options multiplied by the number of shares underlying options with an exercise prices less than the closing price on the last trading day of the reporting period. Stock-based compensation expense related to stock option awards for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$215,000 and \$440,000, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$1.3 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, approximately \$788,000 of total unrecognized compensation costs, net of forfeitures, related to non-vested stock option awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.6 years.

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

We calculate our income tax provision for interim periods based on two components: (i) the estimate of the annual effective tax rate and (ii) the existence of any interim period (i.e., discrete) events. The difference between income tax expense computed at the statutory rate and the reported income tax expense during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 is primarily due to a tax charge taken for stock compensation expense and the effect of U.S. state income tax expense, in addition to the non-deductibility of the GAAP goodwill impairment in 2016.

Table of Contents

Our effective tax rate on continuing operations was a benefit of 8.5% during the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to an expense of 45.0% during the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The change in our effective tax rate during the six months ended June 30, 2016 is primarily attributed to a higher charge taken for stock compensation and the tax non-deductibility of the GAAP goodwill impairment charge over a loss before taxable income.

We have approximately \$4.2 million and \$4.0 million of unrecognized tax benefits at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

We are subject to income taxes in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, various states, and foreign jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for the years before 2011.

On March 3, 2016, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") notified us of an examination into the 2013 and 2014 tax years.

On March 3, 2016, the NYC Department of Revenue notified us of an examination into the 2013 and 2014 tax years.

On March 28, 2016 an assessment was issued for the California Income tax audit for 2013 and 2014 tax years for additional tax due of approximately \$296,000.

We accrued approximately \$21,000 and \$10,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$28,000 and \$22,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, for the payment of interest which is recorded as income tax expense.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded an additional reserve for an uncertain tax position in the amount of \$166,000.

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is party to litigation and regulatory matters and claims. The Company expenses legal fees as incurred. The Company records a provision for contingent losses when it is both probable that a liability will be incurred and the amount or range of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The results of complex proceedings and reviews are difficult to predict and the Company's view of these matters may change in the future as events related thereto unfold. Except as otherwise stated, we have concluded that we cannot estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss, including reasonably possible losses in excess of amounts already accrued, for each matter disclosed below. An unfavorable outcome to any legal or regulatory matter, if material, could have an adverse effect on the Company's operations or its financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

BanxCorp Litigation

In July 2007, BanxCorp, an online publisher of rate information provided by financial institutions with respect to various financial products, filed suit against the Company in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey alleging violations of Federal and New Jersey State antitrust laws, including the Sherman Act and the Clayton Act. BanxCorp has alleged that it has been injured as a result of monopolistic and otherwise anticompetitive conduct on the part of the Company and is seeking approximately \$180 million in compensatory damages, treble damages, and attorneys' fees and costs. In October 2012, BanxCorp filed a Seventh Amended Complaint, alleging violations of Section 2 of the Sherman Act, Section 7 of the Clayton Act and parallel provisions of New Jersey antitrust laws, and dropping its claims under Section 1 of the Sherman Act. Discovery closed on December 21, 2012 and both parties filed motions in the first quarter of 2013 seeking summary judgment that are pending before the court. The Company will continue to vigorously defend this lawsuit. The Company cannot presently estimate the amount of loss, if any, that would result from an adverse resolution of this matter.

Table of Contents

Securities Litigation

In October 2014, a putative class action lawsuit was brought in federal court in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida against the Company, certain of its current and former officers and directors, and other defendants, which is captioned The City of Los Angeles v. Bankrate, Inc., et al., No. 14-CV-81323-DMM. On November 23, 2015, the District Court dismissed an amended complaint in its entirety without prejudice for failing to adequately plead material misrepresentations or omissions, scienter, or loss causation and damages. On December 8, 2015, Lead Plaintiff filed a Second Amended Complaint alleging that the Company's 2012, 2013, and first half of 2014 financial statements improperly recognized revenues and expenses and therefore were materially false and misleading and caused damages. Plaintiffs sought relief (including damages and rescission or rescissionary damages) under the Securities Act of 1933 based on a March 2014 secondary offering and under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of a proposed class consisting of all persons, other than the defendants, who purchased the Company's securities between August 1, 2012 and October 9, 2014, inclusive. On May 17, 2016, the Company announced a proposed agreement, subject to Court approval, to settle this private securities class action against all defendants. Bankrate would pay a total of \$20 million in cash to a Settlement Fund to resolve all claims asserted on behalf of investors who purchased or otherwise acquired Bankrate stock between October 27, 2011 and October 9, 2014. The Company has accrued for this settlement amount as of June 30, 2016. The proposed settlement further provides that Bankrate denies all claims of wrongdoing or liability. Approximately 70% of the settlement fund is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds. The Company has not recorded the benefit of any insurance proceeds as of June 30, 2016. Papers requesting preliminary approval of the settlement were filed on July 18, 2016, and notice of the proposed settlement is being given to the class. The Court will then hold a hearing to determine whether to give the settlement final approval.

DOJ Investigation

As previously reported, the DOJ has informed the Company that it is investigating the matters that were the subject of the SEC investigation settled by the Company in 2015. It is not possible to predict when the DOJ investigation will be completed, the final outcome of the investigation, and what if any actions may be taken by the DOJ.

CFPB Investigation

The Company and certain of its employees have received Civil Investigative Demands (CIDs) from the CFPB to produce certain documents and answer questions relating to the Company's quality control process for its online mortgage rate tables. The Company has cooperated in responding to the CIDs. The Company received a communication from the CFPB inviting the Company to respond to the CFPB's identified issues in the form of a Notice of Opportunity to Respond and Advise during which the CFPB identified potential claims it might bring against the Company. The Company has submitted a response that it believes addresses the CFPB's issues with respect to the Company's online mortgage rate tables and its quality control processes. We are unable to predict when the CFPB investigation will be completed or the final outcome of the investigation, and cannot presently estimate the amount of loss, if any, that would result from an adverse resolution of this matter.

In addition to the above, we are also involved in other litigation and regulatory matters and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business and although we cannot be certain of the outcome of any such litigation or claims, nor the amount of damages and exposure that we could incur, we currently believe that the final disposition of such matters will not have a material effect on our business, financial position, results of operations or cash flow. Regardless of the outcome, litigation and regulatory matters can have an adverse impact on us because of investigative, defense or settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

Headquarters Office Lease

During March 2016, we entered into an office lease for our New York headquarters office. The lease for the current New York headquarters office space expires September 2016.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

Senior Notes

The Company's \$300.0 million 6.125% senior unsecured notes due 2018 (the "Senior Notes" or "Notes") were issued in August 2013. Interest on the Senior Notes accrues daily on the outstanding principal amount thereof and is payable semi-annually, in arrears, on August 15 and February 15. On or after August 15, 2015, the Company may redeem some or all of the Senior Notes at a premium that will decrease over time as set forth in Bankrate, Inc.'s Indenture, dated as of August 7, 2013 (the "Senior Notes Indenture").

The carrying amount of the Senior Notes at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, is \$294.5 million and \$293.3 million, respectively. With the adoption of ASU 2015-03 on January 1, 2016, the carrying amount of the Senior Notes is presented net of debt issuance costs for all periods presented.

We amortize original issue discount and deferred loan fees related to the Senior Notes, which are included within interest and other expenses, net on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Interest expense, amortization of original issue discounts and amortization of deferred financing costs, related to the Senior Notes was as follows:

| Three months | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|
| | ended | | Six months ended | |
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| (in thousands) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Interest expense | \$ 4,709 | \$ 4,623 | \$ 9,507 | \$ 9,305 |
| Original issue discount | 162 | 152 | 323 | 302 |
| Deferred financing costs | 443 | 408 | 881 | 766 |

The following amounts remain to be amortized as of:

| | June 30, | December |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|
| (in thousands) | 2016 | 31, 2015 |
| Original issue discount | \$ 1,465 | \$ 1,788 |
| Deferred financing costs | 4,047 | 4,928 |

On March 31, 2015 and May 11, 2015, as required under the terms of the Company's Senior Notes Indenture, as supplemented by the Third Supplemental Indenture thereto, we made consent payments of \$354,000 and \$374,000, respectively, to certain holders of the Senior Notes due to the delay in providing timely financial statements. These payments were recorded as deferred financing costs and are being amortized over the remaining term of the Senior Notes.

Our Senior Notes Indenture and Credit Agreement generally permit us to apply the net cash proceeds of approximately \$130.0 million from the sale of our Insurance business to prepay outstanding debt and/or invest in assets useful to our business, in each case, within 365 days of our receipt of such net cash proceeds (subject, in the case of any investment, to a further 180-day extension under certain circumstances). If we do not apply such net cash proceeds in the manner and within the time period described above and the amount of unapplied net cash proceeds exceeds \$10.0 million, we will be required to offer to purchase a portion of our outstanding Senior Notes using those unapplied net cash proceeds at an offer price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, up to but not including, the date of purchase.

Revolving Credit Facility

The Company has a \$70.0 million revolving credit facility ("Revolving Credit Facility"), which matures on May 17, 2018. The proceeds can be used for ongoing working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes, including the financing of capital expenditures and acquisitions.

Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at our option, either (i) an alternate base rate (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility) or (ii) an adjusted LIBO rate (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility), each calculated in a customary manner, plus applicable margin. The applicable margin is 3.00% per annum with respect to alternate base rate loans and 2.00% per annum with respect to adjusted LIBO rate loans. In addition to paying interest on the outstanding principal amount of borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, we must pay a commitment fee to the Lenders in respect of their average daily unused amount of revolving commitments at a rate that ranges from 0.375% to 0.50% per annum depending on our consolidated total leverage ratio. We may voluntarily prepay loans under the Revolving Credit Facility at any time without premium or penalty (subject to customary "breakage" fees in the case of Eurodollar rate loans).

The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default and requires the Company to comply with a maximum consolidated total leverage ratio of 4.00:1.00 as of the last day of any fiscal quarter only if the aggregate amount (without duplication) of letters of credit (other than letters of credit that are issued and not drawn to the extent such letters of credit are cash collateralized) and loans outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility exceed, on a pro forma basis, 30% of the total revolving commitments of all Lenders at such time. We were in compliance with all required covenants as of June 30, 2016.

All obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by the Guarantors and are secured, subject to certain exceptions, by first priority liens on the assets of the Company and the Guarantors.

As of June 30, 2016 \$69.2 million was available for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility and there were approximately \$803,000 in letters of credit issued against the facility.

Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs related to the Revolving Credit Facility was as follows:

| | Three | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|------------|--------|
| | months | | Six months | |
| | ended | | ended | |
| | June | June | June | June |
| | 30, | 30, | 30, | 30, |
| (in thousands) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Interest expense | \$ 73 | \$ 77 | \$ 140 | \$ 164 |
| Deferred financing costs | 85 | 85 | 169 | 169 |

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, approximately \$585,000 and \$754,000, respectively, in deferred loan fees remains to be amortized.

NOTE 11 – ACQUISITIONS

2016 Acquisition

On June 17, 2016, we completed the acquisition of certain assets of Next Advisor, Inc. (the "Acquired Next Advisor Business"), an online source of research and reviews of credit cards, personal finance and internet services. This acquisition was made to accelerate our business, broaden our reach and increase ways to engage consumers looking for credit cards. The results of operations of the Acquired Next Advisor Business are being reported in our Credit Cards segment and are included in our condensed consolidated results from the acquisition date. The acquisition is accounted for as a business combination and the acquisition accounting is preliminary and subject to change as third

party valuations are not finalized.

The Company paid \$63.4 million at closing, recorded \$37.0 million of deferred contingent consideration, and placed \$11.9 million into escrow as a deferred payment and to serve as recourse for indemnity obligations. The deferred payment is recorded in other assets and will be amortized into compensation expense over the period earned. As of June 30, 2016, no escrow payments have been made to the seller.

The transaction called for cash consideration as well as a series of contingent payments based on the achievement of Adjusted EBITDA targets. These contingent payments are classified as purchase consideration if made to seller and compensation if made to current and future employees. As part of the purchase price, the Company recorded a \$37.0 million liability for the deferred contingent consideration due to seller based upon the net present value of the Company's estimate of the future payments. Subsequent measurements are made using the same methodology. This fair value measurement represents a Level 3 measurement as it is based on significant inputs not observable in the market. Significant judgment is employed in determining the appropriateness of these assumptions as of the acquisition date.

We recorded approximately \$66.5 million in goodwill, which reflects the adjustments necessary to allocate the purchase price to the fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed and represents the expected future economic benefits from future growth arising from the Acquired Next Advisor Business's scale and expertise in driving traffic via sponsored content, benefits expected from using that expertise to drive traffic to other Bankrate owned websites, future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. We expect goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes. Intangible assets including trademarks and internet domain name, customer relationships, and the non-compete covenant were valued using the income approach, and the developed technology was valued using cost methodology. Approximately \$30.3 million was recorded as intangible assets consisting of customer relationships for \$22.4 million, trademarks and internet domain name for \$6.2 million, non-compete covenant for \$1.5 million and developed technology for \$150,000.

The following table presents the June 30, 2016, preliminary estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

| (In thousands) Current assets Receivables Intangible assets Total identifiable assets acquired | Preliminary Acquisition Date Estimated Fair Value \$ 43 8,256 30,253 38,552 |
|--|---|
| Current liabilities Total liabilities assumed Net assets acquired Goodwill Purchase price | 4,607 4,607 33,945 66,464 \$ 100,409 |

The valuations used to determine the preliminary estimated fair value of the intangible assets and the resulting goodwill in the purchase price allocation principally use the discounted cash flow methodology and were made concurrent with the effective date of the acquisition. The estimated weighted average amortization periods for intangible assets recorded in the acquisition are as follows:

| | Weighted Average |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Amortization Period |
| | (Years) |
| Trademarks and domain names | 5.0 |
| Customer relationships | 8.0 |
| Developed technology | 2.0 |
| Non-compete | 3.0 |

The amounts of revenue, net income and adjusted EBITDA generated by the Acquired Next Advisor Business included in our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) from the acquisition date are approximately \$1.5 million, \$43,000 and \$235,000, respectively.

Unaudited pro forma data disclosures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 have not been provided as required under ASC 805-10-50-2 for the Next Advisor acquisition as the Company continues to review the impact of its policies on the acquired company. This information will be disclosed in Form 8-K in the required timeframe.

2015 Acquisitions

On April 1, 2015 we acquired Quizzle, LLC and during 2015 we acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of certain entities. These acquisitions had an aggregate purchase price of \$40.3 million, including \$6.9 million in fair value of deferred payments and \$2.7 million in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration. The acquisitions were accounted for under purchase accounting and were included in our consolidated results from the acquisition dates. The financial results of the acquired businesses are immaterial individually and in aggregate to our net assets and results of operations. We recorded \$21.8 million in goodwill and \$19.2 million of intangible assets related to these acquisitions with estimated weighted average useful lives of 10 years, consisting of approximately \$11.5 million of developed technology, approximately \$4.6 million of domain names and approximately \$3.1 million of customer relationships.

NOTE 12 - RESTRUCTURING

In 2015, management adopted a restructuring plan with respect to the Company's corporate and Banking segment finance operations to align them with our commitment to implement best practices, enhance internal controls and drive efficiency throughout the finance functions by improving processes, separating corporate and business unit functions, and co-locating finance teams, where appropriate. During the same period, management also adopted a restructuring plan consisting of certain changes in corporate and business unit leadership in connection with further aligning Company leadership with its strategic initiatives. As part of this process, we formally

communicated the termination of employment to 15 employees, all of whom have been terminated. The costs associated with these initiatives primarily represent modifications of share based awards, severance, outplacement services and other costs associated with employee terminations, the majority of which have been or are expected to be settled in shares and cash. As of June 30, 2016, the restructuring plan has been completed and we anticipate no further charges under this plan. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, certain restructuring charges were reversed for payments that would not be made under the plan.

The following tables summarize the changes to our restructuring-related liabilities and identify the amounts recorded for restructuring expense and corresponding payments:

Six months ended June 30, 2016

(In thousands)

Balance at January 1, 2016 \$ 2,166 Restructuring charges (34) Utilized (1,464) Balance at June 30, 2016 \$ 668

NOTE 13 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In December 2015, we sold our Insurance business. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the results of operations of the Insurance business are classified as discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we had \$353,000 of net income and \$86,000 of a loss, respectively, in discontinued operations related to the previous disposal of our former Insurance business. This activity primarily relates to reimbursements from some states for previous sales tax remittances, and legal and other post-closing expenses.

The following table presents the major classes of line items constituting net loss from discontinued operations, which is presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income:

| | Three months ended June 30, | Six months ended June 30, |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (In thousands) | 2015 | 2015 |
| Revenue | \$ 43,902 | \$ 96,433 |
| Costs and expenses: | | |
| Cost of revenue | 33,017 | 70,462 |
| Other expenses | 13,660 | 27,712 |
| Operating expenses | 46,677 | 98,174 |
| Loss on discontinued operations | (2,775) | (1,741) |
| Income tax benefit | (983) | (520) |
| Net loss on discontinued operations | \$ (1,792) | \$ (1,221) |

The following tables present the major cash flow components of discontinued operations for the six months ended:

| | Six |
|----------------------------|----------|
| | months |
| | ended |
| | June 30, |
| (In thousands) | 2015 |
| Depreciation | \$ 2,013 |
| Amortization | 10,437 |
| Stock compensation expense | 2,136 |
| Capital expenditures | 1,201 |

Table of Contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition with the financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report and with our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "2015 Annual Report"). The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs, and that involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those described in the "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the materials referenced therein. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. See "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements."

Introduction

Our Company

We are a leading online publisher, aggregator and distributor of personal finance content. We provide consumers with proprietary, fully researched, comprehensive, independent and objective personal finance editorial content across multiple vertical categories including mortgages, deposits, credit cards, senior care and other personal finance categories.

Our sources of revenue include performance-based advertising, lead generation, display advertising, distribution arrangements and traditional media avenues, such as syndication of editorial content and subscriptions.

Primarily through our Bankrate.com brand, we provide consumer inquiries to advertisers that are listed in our mortgage and deposit rate tables and that hyperlink their listings or provide a phone number. Under this arrangement, advertisers pay Bankrate each time a consumer clicks on that advertiser's hyperlink or calls the phone number. All clicks and calls are screened for fraudulent characteristics in accordance with Interactive Advertising Bureau advertising standards and then charged to the customer's account.

Primarily through our CreditCards.com brand, other owned and operated sites, and through our affiliate networks, we provide consumer inquiries to credit card issuers and principally record sales after the credit card issuers approve the consumer's credit application.

Primarily through our Caring.com brand, we provide helpful caregiving content, a comprehensive online directory of senior living communities and in-home care providers for the United States, and telephone support and advice from trained Family Advisors to consumers looking for senior care options as well as thousands of original articles, helpful tools, and the collective wisdom of an involved online community.

Primarily through our Quizzle.com brand, we provide consumers with tools, services and content that includes credit monitoring, identity theft protection, debt management, credit reports and credit scores, budget planning and credit management techniques.

We provide a variety of digital display advertising formats. Our most common digital display advertisement sizes are leader boards and banners, which are prominently displayed at the top, bottom or side rails of a page. We charge for these advertisements based on the number of times the advertisement is displayed or based on a fixed amount for a campaign. Advertising rates may vary depending upon the product areas targeted, geo-targeting, the quantity of advertisements purchased by an advertiser, and the length of time an advertiser runs an advertisement on our online network. We sell to advertisers targeting a specific audience in a city or state and also to national advertisers targeting the entire country.

We also derive revenue through the sale of print advertisements and the distribution (or syndication) of our editorial content.

We operate the following business segments:

· Banking – we offer information on rates for various types of mortgages, home lending and refinancing options, specific to geographic location and covering all 50 states; rate information on various deposit products such as money markets, savings and certificates of deposits; and information on retirement, taxes and debt management. We provide information and allow consumers to shop for personal and auto loans. This segment also provides original articles on topics related to the housing market and loan refinancing; provides online analytic tools to calculate investment values; and provides content on topics such as retirement 401(k) accounts, Social Security, tax deductions and exemptions, auto loans, debt consolidation and credit risk.

Table of Contents

- · Credit Cards we present visitors a comprehensive selection of consumer and business credit and prepaid cards, providing detailed information and comparison capabilities and host news and advice on personal finance, credit card and bank policies, as well as tools, calculators and products such as free credit reports and estimates of card benefits.
- · Senior Care we provide a comprehensive online directory of senior living communities and in-home care providers for the United States, and telephone support and advice from trained Family Advisors to consumers looking for senior care options, as well as thousands of original articles, helpful tools, and the collective wisdom of an involved online community.
- · Other includes unallocated corporate overhead, the elimination of transactions between segments and the results of operations of Quizzle, and our operations in China which we are winding down and ending.

Executive Summary

During 2016:

- Revenues increased 10.0% to \$98.3 million and 7.4% to \$191.8 million in the second quarter and year-to-date, respectively, from the same periods in 2015
- · Net income from continuing operations decreased by \$43.4 million to a loss of \$41.3 million and decreased \$47.1 million to a loss of \$40.6 million in the second quarter and year-to-date, respectively, from the same periods in 2015
- Adjusted EBITDA decreased 27.7% to \$22.6 million and 27.5% to \$45.9 million in the second quarter and year-to-date, respectively, from the same periods in 2015
- · Completed the acquisition of the Next Advisor Business, a leading online source of independent and in-depth research and reviews of credit cards, personal finance and internet services, which will accelerate our business, broaden our reach and increase the number of ways we can engage with consumers looking for credit card information
- · Initiated the process of winding down our operations in China after negotiations with potential buyers did not result in a transaction
- · Recorded a \$25.0 million impairment charge to goodwill in our Banking segment as the operating results began to track below plan, primarily due to macroeconomic trends impacting its deposit and display advertising businesses
- · Recorded a \$20.0 million expense for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit, of which approximately 70% of the settlement is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds
- \cdot Completed the authorized share repurchase program with the repurchase of approximately 5.6 million shares Certain Trends Influencing Our Business

Our business benefits from the secular shift toward consumer use of online networks to research and shop for personal finance products coupled with increased consumer interest in comparison shopping for such products, and the related shift in advertiser demand from offline to online and toward the targeting of in-market consumers. Our ability to benefit from these trends depends on the strength of our position in the personal finance services markets driven by

our brands, proprietary and aggregated content, breadth and depth of personal finance products, distribution, position in search results and monetization capabilities. The key drivers of our business include the number of in-market consumers visiting our online network, including the number of page views they generate; the cost of bringing those consumers to our online network; the availability of financial products; and the demand of our online network advertisers. We believe that increases in housing activity and general consumer financial activity and fluctuations in interest rates positively impact these drivers while decreases in these areas, or a deterioration in macroeconomic conditions, could have a negative impact on these drivers.

| ~~ | - | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|----|-----|------|
| Kev | In | 11t | 19 | f13 | 700 |
| 170 1 | 111 | ш | ла | u. | v Co |

We are focused on the following key initiatives to drive our business:

- · increasing visitor traffic to our online network, including enhancing search engine marketing and keyword buying, and expanding display advertising and content marketing on social networks and via direct response advertising;
- · traffic optimization and monetization for both desktop and mobile;
- · investing in our technical infrastructure to enhance the experience of both consumers and advertisers;
- · developing tools and content that result in repeat visits and ongoing engagement by the consumers on our site;

Table of Contents

- · optimizing the revenue of our cost-per-thousand-impressions, cost-per-click, cost-per-call and cost-per-approval models on our online network;
- · revenue optimization associated with updated site designs and functionality;
- · revenue optimization through value-based pricing for our mortgage and deposit products; and
- · integrating our acquisitions to maximize synergies and efficiencies.

Critical Accounting Policies

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent gains and losses at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. We base our judgments, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies or estimates during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates disclosed in management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 9, 2016 and filed with the SEC, except as updated in Note 1 in Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 in Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

Our chief operating decision maker manages, assesses performance and allocates resources based upon separate financial information from our operating segments (see Note 5 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information). In identifying our reportable segments, we also considered the nature of the services provided by our operating segments and other relevant factors. We aggregate certain of our operating segments into our reportable segments.

Management evaluates the operating results of each of our operating segments based upon revenue and "Adjusted EBITDA", which we define as income from continuing operations before depreciation and amortization; interest; income taxes; changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration; stock-based compensation; and other

items such as loss on extinguishment of debt, legal settlements, acquisition, disposition and related expenses; restructuring charges; any impairment charge; Next Advisor contingent payments for the acquisition; CEO transition costs; costs related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and indemnification obligations; purchase accounting adjustments; and the adjusted EBITDA results of our operations in China as we are winding down and ceasing its operations. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures used by other companies.

The following table displays our results for the respective periods expressed as a percentage of total revenue.

| | Three months ended | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| Statement of Operations Data: | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Revenue | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | 54% | 47% | 52% | 47% |
| Sales and marketing | 4% | 5% | 5% | 5% |
| Product development and technology | 8% | 6% | 7% | 6% |
| General and administrative | 20% | 19% | 19% | 18% |
| Legal settlements | 20% | (1%) | 10% | 0% |
| Acquisition, disposition and related expenses | 1% | 0% | 1% | 0% |
| Restructuring charges | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration | 0% | 2% | 0% | 0% |
| Impairment charge | 25% | 0% | 13% | 0% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 11% | 11% | 11% | 11% |
| Total costs and expenses | 145% | 89% | 118% | 87% |
| (Loss) income from operations | (45%) | 11% | (18%) | 13% |
| Interest and other expenses, net | 5% | 7% | 5% | 7% |
| (Loss) income before taxes | (50%) | 4% | (23%) | 7% |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (8%) | 2% | (2%) | 3% |
| Net (loss) income from continuing operations | (42%) | 2% | (21%) | 4% |
| Net income (loss) from discontinued operations | 0% | (2%) | 0% | (1%) |
| Net (loss) income | (42%) | 0% | (21%) | 3% |

Three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to June 30, 2015

Revenue

Total revenue was \$98.3 million and \$89.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, representing an increase of \$9.0 million or 10.0%. Banking segment revenue decreased \$3.7 million, Credit Cards revenue increased \$13.6 million and Senior Care revenue increased \$308,000, while revenue in Other decreased \$1.2 million. See our segment results of operations discussion for further information.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$52.6 million was \$10.9 million higher than the same period in 2015. The increase was primarily attributed to higher paid marketing expense of \$8.8 million, higher employee compensation and benefits expense of \$1.0 million, higher spend on web analytics of \$967,000, higher outside labor and consultant expense of \$249,000, increased information technology spend of \$376,000 and other costs, partially offset by lower distribution payments to our online partners of \$686,000.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$4.5 million increased \$70,000 from prior year, primarily due to a \$289,000 increase in software, computers and other information technology spend, \$353,000 increase in professional fees and other expense, partially offset by \$229,000 lower stock compensation expense, \$184,000 lower marketing, conference and other expenses, \$159,000 decreased compensation and benefits costs.

| Table | e of | Contents |
|-------|------|----------|
| | | |

Product Development and Technology

Product development and technology costs for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$7.5 million were approximately \$1.7 million higher than the comparable period in 2015, primarily due to \$1.1 million of higher total employee costs, including compensation, benefits and incentive compensation, and a \$539,000 increase in technology spend.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$19.8 million were \$3.3 million higher than the same period in 2015, due primarily to \$3.5 million of higher compensation and benefit costs, which includes contingent payments to Next Advisor employees, \$1.2 million higher facility and other expenses, which includes additional lease expense for the new headquarters location, \$1.0 million of higher outside labor and consulting costs, \$554,000 higher incentive compensation expense, \$237,000 increased information technology costs and \$191,000 increased travel expense, partially offset by \$3.4 million in lower expenses related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and \$117,000 lower stock compensation expense.

Legal Settlements

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded a \$20.0 million expense for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit. Approximately 70% of the settlement is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds.

Acquisition, Disposition and Related Expenses

Acquisition, disposition and related expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 were \$1.3 million, primarily related to our acquisition of the Next Advisor business, as compared to \$311,000 for the same period in 2015.

Changes in Fair Value of Contingent Acquisition Consideration

Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$263,000 which related to \$168,000 expense for the passage of time and \$95,000 expense for the change in estimate. Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$628,000 for an increase due to the passage of time. Impairment During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded \$25.0 million for the impairment of goodwill in our Banking segment as management noted that the operating results of this segment had begun to track below plan, primarily due to macro trends impacting its deposit and display advertising businesses which resulted in a triggering event for impairment testing. Depreciation and Amortization Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$11.1 million was \$1.3 million higher than the same period in 2015 primarily as a result of amortization expense in connection with our acquisitions and higher depreciation expense associated with increased internal capitalized software as compared to 2015. Interest and Other Expenses, net Interest and other expenses, net for the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$5.0 million, decreased \$1.4 million from the same period in 2015, primarily due the interest income from the deferred receivable for the sale of our insurance business. Income Tax Expense

Our effective tax rate was a benefit of 15.3% during the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to an expense of 43.8% in the same period in 2015. This change is primarily attributed to a higher charge taken for stock compensation

in 2015 and the non-deductibility of the GAAP goodwill impairment charge over a loss before taxes in 2016.

Following is a discussion of the results of each of our reportable segments:

| | Revenues Three months ended | | Adjusted EBITDA Three months ended | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| (In thousands) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Banking | \$ 23,249 | \$ 26,972 | \$ 4,815 | \$ 9,202 |
| Credit Cards | 69,650 | 56,054 | 24,690 | 25,816 |
| Senior Care | 6,022 | • | | (90) |
| Other | (619) | • | | (3,660) |
| Total Company | \$ 98,302 | | | 31,268 |
| r | , , , , , | , , | , | , , , , |
| Less: | | | | |
| Interest and other expenses, net | | | 4,974 | 6,414 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | 11,079 | 9,744 |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration | | | 263 | 628 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | | 4,754 | 4,959 |
| Legal settlements (A) | | | 20,000 | 3 |
| Acquisition, disposition and related expenses (B) | | | 1,335 | 311 |
| Restatement charges (C) | | | 1,995 | 5,385 |
| Impact of purchase accounting | | | - | 1 |
| Next Advisor contingent payments | | | 1,371 | - |
| China adjusted EBITDA loss (D) | | | 598 | 64 |
| Impairment charge (E) | | | 25,000 | - |
| (Loss) income before income taxes | | | \$ (48,753) | \$ 3,759 |
| | | | | |

⁽A) During the three months ended June 30, 2016, a \$20.0 million expense was recorded for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit pending against the Company. Approximately 70% of the settlement is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds.

⁽B) Acquisition, disposition and related expenses represent direct expenses related to the Next Advisor acquisition.

⁽C) Restatement charges include costs related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and indemnification obligations.

⁽D) Represents the Adjusted EBITDA loss of the operations in China. The results of China were previously presented as discontinued operations when it was actively marketed for sale. After the negotiations with the potential buyer did not result in a sale of the business, we initiated the process of winding down the operations.

⁽E) During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded \$25.0 million for the impairment of goodwill in our Banking segment.

Banking

Revenue decreased \$3.7 million (13.8%) for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015. Of the total revenue decrease, consumer inquiry revenues generated through our rate tables decreased by \$790,000 (4.9%) due to lower advertiser demand in our deposit vertical compared to the prior year. Overall unit pricing was 17.9% lower due to our efforts to align the price of each click with the value received by the advertisers, partially offset by a 15.9% increase in volume due to growth in our mortgage vertical. Other revenue decreased by \$2.9 million primarily driven by a decline in sold advertising impressions.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$4.4 million (47.7%) due primarily to reduced revenue. Expenses included in Adjusted EBITDA increased \$663,000 from the prior year period. Cost of revenue declined by \$530,000 primarily due to reduced paid marketing spend. Sales and marketing expense increased by \$433,000, mainly attributed to increased compensation and benefits and technology spend. Product development costs increased by approximately \$581,000 primarily due to increased technology spend. General and administrative expenses increased \$179,000.

Credit Cards

Revenue increased \$13.6 million (24.3%) for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015, of which \$1.5 million of the year over year increase was related to the results of the Next Advisor business which was acquired during the quarter. Of the total revenue growth, consumer inquiry revenues from our owned and operated sites grew by \$14.5 million (37.6%), of which

Table of Contents

approximately 54% came through higher consumer volume and the remainder came through better pricing and sales conversion. However, overall revenue growth was negatively impacted by lower affiliate revenues. Other revenue, which is largely comprised of revenue generated through third-party affiliates, was down \$868,000.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$1.1 million (4.4%) for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015. Expenses included in Adjusted EBITDA increased \$14.7 million from the prior year period, primarily due to a \$12.2 million increase in cost of revenue, mainly related to increased paid marketing expense. Sales and marketing expense increased \$48,000. Product development and technology cost increased by \$1.3 million primarily due to higher compensation, benefit and incentive compensation expense. General and administrative expenses were \$1.3 million higher, mainly attributed to higher compensation, benefit expense and incentive compensation and contract labor and consulting costs.

Senior Care

Revenue increased \$308,000 (5.4%) for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015. Of the total increase in revenue, consumer inquiry revenues generated through our platform increased by \$587,000 (11.3%), which was primarily driven by a higher number of move-ins from leads we provided to senior living communities, and an increase in the average referral fees generated. Other revenue, which is largely comprised of revenue generated through advertisers, was down \$279,000 following a decision to de-emphasize pharmaceutical ad campaigns.

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$555,000 primarily due to revenue growth and decreased cost of revenue and general and administrative expenses. Expenses included in Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$248,000 from the prior year period. Cost of revenue decreased by \$278,000 primarily due to lower lead acquisition costs. Sales and marketing expense was \$95,000 higher, primarily attributed to employee compensation, benefits and commissions. Product development and technology cost increased by \$48,000, and general and administrative expenses decreased \$114,000.

Other

The Other segment includes the results of Quizzle, along with general corporate expenses and intercompany eliminations. Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015 decreased \$1.2 million, while Adjusted EBITDA excluding China decreased \$3.7 million. The revenue decrease is primarily attributed to the lower results of Quizzle and increased intersegment revenue eliminations. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA was primarily due to compensation, benefits and incentive compensation expense, accounting and other professional fees.

Six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the June 30, 2015

Revenue

Total revenue was \$191.8 million and \$178.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, representing an increase of \$13.2 million or 7.4%. Banking segment revenue decreased \$7.5 million, Credit Cards revenue increased \$20.0 million and Senior Care revenue increased \$1.3 million, while revenue in Other decreased \$508,000. See our segment results of operations discussion for further information.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$100.0 million was \$16.8 million higher than the same period in 2015. The increase was primarily attributed to higher paid marketing expense of \$13.6 million, higher spend on web analytics of \$2.2 million, higher employee compensation and benefits expense of \$2.3 million, higher incentive compensation of \$314,000 and other costs, partially offset by lower distribution payments to our online partners of \$2.5 million.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$9.4 million increased \$862,000 from prior year, primarily due to a \$215,000 increase in compensation and benefits, \$498,000 increase in software, computers and other information technology spend, \$87,000 increase in incentive compensation expense, \$103,000 increase in sales commissions, \$144,000 higher travel expense, and other expenses, partially offset by \$405,000 lower stock compensation costs.

| Tai | ble | of | Contents |
|-----|-----|----|----------|
| | | | |

Product Development and Technology

Product development and technology costs for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$14.0 million were approximately \$3.3 million higher than the comparable period in 2015, primarily due to \$2.5 million of higher total employee costs, including compensation, benefits and incentive compensation and a \$651,000 increase in technology spend.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$36.7 million were \$4.3 million higher than the same period in 2015, due primarily to \$4.6 million of higher compensation and benefit costs, which includes the contingent payments to Next Advisor employees, \$1.4 million higher corporate expenses including accounting, legal, insurance and other expenses, \$1.4 million of higher outside labor and consulting costs, \$1.1 million higher incentive compensation expense, \$629,000 increased information technology costs, and \$358,000 increased travel expense, partially offset by \$6.1 million in lower expenses related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and \$588,000 lower stock compensation expense.

Legal Settlements

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded a \$20.0 million expense for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit, of which approximately 70% is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds. This expense was partially offset by the recognition of insurance proceeds of \$851,000 for reimbursement of previously incurred legal expenses in connection with this lawsuit.

Acquisition, Disposition and Related Expenses

Acquisition, disposition and related expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$1.3 million, primarily related to our acquisition of the Next Advisor business, as compared to \$574,000 for the same period in 2015 primarily related to expenses for our acquisition of Ouizzle.

Changes in Fair Value of Contingent Acquisition Consideration

Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was an expense of \$101,000 which consisted of an increase of \$322,000 related to the passage of time, partially offset by decrease in the fair value due to a change in estimate of \$221,000.

Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was an increase of \$388,000 and consisted of an increase of \$1.3 million due to the passage of time, partially offset by a decrease in the fair value due to changes in estimates of \$946,000.

Impairment

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded \$25.0 million for the impairment of goodwill in our Banking segment as management noted that the operating results of this segment had begun to track below plan, primarily due to macro trends impacting its deposit and display advertising businesses which resulted in a triggering event for impairment testing.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$20.7 million was \$1.4 million higher than the same period in 2015 primarily as a result of amortization expense in connection with our acquisitions and higher depreciation expense associated with increased internal capitalized software as compared to 2015.

Interest and Other Expenses, net

Interest and other expenses, net for the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$9.8 million, decreased \$1.9 million from the same period in 2015, primarily due the interest income from the deferred receivable for the sale of our insurance business.

Income Tax Expense

Our effective tax rate was a benefit of 8.5% during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to an expense of 45.0% in the same period in 2015. This change is primarily attributed to a higher charge taken for stock compensation in 2015 and the tax non-deductibility of the GAAP goodwill impairment charge over a loss before income taxes in 2016.

Following is a discussion of the results of each of our reportable segments:

| | Revenues Six months ended | | Adjusted EBITDA Six months ended | |
|---|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| (In thousands) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Banking | \$ 47,595 | \$ 55,142 | \$ 10,097 | \$ 19,761 |
| Credit Cards | 132,793 | 112,828 | 50,488 | 51,904 |
| Senior Care | 12,209 | 10,900 | 12 | (167) |
| Other | (817) | (310) | (14,672) | (8,152) |
| Total Company | \$ 191,780 | \$ 178,560 | \$ 45,925 | \$ 63,346 |
| | | | | |
| Less: | | | | |
| Interest and other expenses, net | | | 9,822 | 11,683 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | 20,706 | 19,302 |
| Changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration | | | 101 | 387 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | | 8,659 | 9,718 |
| Legal settlements (A) | | | 19,149 | 3 |
| Acquisition, disposition and related expenses (B) | | | 1,335 | 574 |
| Restatement charges (C) | | | 3,422 | 9,558 |
| China adjusted EBITDA loss (D) | | | 770 | 292 |
| Next Advisor contingent payments | | | 1,371 | - |
| Impairment charge (E) | | | 25,000 | - |
| Impact of purchase accounting | | | - | 35 |
| Restructuring charges | | | (34) | - |
| (Loss) income before income taxes | | | \$ (44,376) | \$ 11,794 |

(A)

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, legal settlements included a charge for \$20.0 million for a proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit pending against the Company, of which approximately 70% is expected to be reimbursed from insurance proceeds; partially offset by an \$851,000 insurance claim that was reimbursed for previously incurred legal expenses related to this lawsuit.

- (B) Acquisition, disposition and related expenses represent direct expenses related to the Next Advisor acquisition.
- (C) Restatement charges include costs related to the Restatement, the Internal Review, the SEC and DOJ investigations and related litigation and indemnification obligations.
- (D) Represents the Adjusted EBITDA loss of the operations in China. The results of China were previously presented as discontinued operations when it was actively marketed for sale. After the negotiations with the potential buyer did not result in a sale of the business, we initiated the process of winding down the operations.
- (E) During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded \$25.0 million for the impairment of goodwill in our Banking segment.

Banking

Revenue decreased \$7.5 million (13.7%) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015. Of the total revenue decrease, consumer inquiry revenues generated through our rate tables decreased by \$3.0 million (8.6%) due to lower advertiser demand in our deposit vertical compared to the prior year. Overall unit pricing was 18.4% lower due to our efforts to align the price of each click with the value received by the advertisers, partially offset by an 11.7% increase in volume due to growth in our mortgage vertical. Other revenue decreased by \$4.6 million primarily driven by a decline in sold advertising impressions.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$9.7 million (48.9%) due primarily to reduced revenue. Expenses included in Adjusted EBITDA increased \$2.1 million from the prior year period. Cost of revenue declined by \$809,000 primarily due to reduced paid marketing spend. Sales and marketing expense increased by \$1.1 million, mainly attributed to increased compensation and benefits, variable

Table of Contents

compensation expense and technology spend. Product development costs increased by approximately \$1.3 million primarily due to higher compensation, benefit and incentive compensation expense, technology spend and increased consulting costs. General and administrative expenses increased \$493,000, primarily due to increased compensation, benefit and incentive compensation expense compensation expense.

Credit Cards

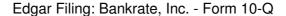
Revenue increased \$20.0 million (17.7%) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015, of which \$1.5 million was generated by the Next Advisor business since its acquisition date of June 17, 2016. Of the total revenue growth, consumer inquiry revenues from our owned and operated sites grew by \$24.3 million (32.9%), of which approximately 54% came through higher pricing and sales conversion and the remainder came through increased consumer volume. However, overall revenue growth was negatively impacted by lower affiliate revenues. Other revenue, which is largely comprised of revenue generated through third-party affiliates, was down \$4.3 million.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$1.4 million (2.7%) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to with 2015. Expenses included in Adjusted EBITDA increased \$21.4 million from the prior year period, primarily due to a \$17.3 million increase in cost of revenue, mainly related to increased paid marketing expense which was partially offset by lower affiliate revenue share payments. Sales and marketing expense increased \$226,000, primarily due to higher incentive compensation expense and professional fees. Product development and technology cost increased by \$2.0 million primarily due to higher compensation, benefit and incentive compensation expense and professional fees. General and administrative expenses were \$1.9 million higher, mainly attributed to higher compensation, benefit and incentive compensation expense and contract labor and consulting costs.

Senior Care

Revenue increased \$1.3 million (12.0%) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015. Of the total increase in revenue, consumer inquiry revenues generated through our platform increased by \$1.9 million (19.5%), which was primarily driven by a higher number of move-ins from leads we provided to senior living communities, and an increase in the average referral fees generated. Other revenue, which is largely comprised of revenue generated through advertisers, was down \$623,000 following a decision to de-emphasize pharmaceutical ad campaigns.

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$179,000 primarily on increased revenue. Expenses included in Adjusted EBITDA increased \$1.1 million from the prior year period, cost of revenue increased by \$699,000 primarily due to higher employee compensation, benefits and incentive compensation expenses, partially offset by lower lead generation costs and lower affiliate revenue share payments. Sales and marketing expense was \$232,000 higher, primarily attributed to employee compensation, benefits and commissions. Product development and technology cost increased by \$197,000 primarily attributed to employee compensation, benefits and incentive compensation expense. General and



administrative expenses decreased \$33,000.

Other

The Other segment includes the results of Quizzle, general corporate expenses and intercompany eliminations. Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared with 2015 decreased \$507,000, while Adjusted EBITDA excluding China decreased \$6.5 million. The revenue decrease is attributed primarily to higher intersegment revenue eliminations. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA was primarily due to compensation, benefits and incentive compensation expense, accounting and other professional fees.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

| | June 30, | December | |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| (In thousands) | 2016 | 31, 2015 | Change |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 121,951 | \$ 237,204 | \$ (115,253) |
| Working capital | \$ 143,610 | \$ 261,276 | \$ (117,666) |
| Stockholders' equity | \$ 674,221 | \$ 761,195 | \$ (86,974) |

Our principal ongoing source of operating liquidity is the cash generated by our business operations. We consider all highly liquid debt investments purchased with an original maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

Our primary uses of cash have been to fund our working capital and capital expenditure needs, fund acquisitions, service our debt obligations and repurchase of Company shares. We believe that we can generate sufficient cash flows from operations to fund our operating and capital expenditure requirements, as well as to service our debt obligations, for the next 12 months. In the event we experience a significant adverse change in our business operations, we would likely need to secure additional sources of financing.

Table of Contents

As of June 30, 2016, we had working capital of \$143.6 million and our primary commitments were normal working capital requirements and \$7.0 million in accrued interest for the Senior Notes. In addition, we have commitments for guaranteed and contingent earnout obligations related to past acquisitions totaling \$41.1 million as of June 30, 2016.

As of December 31, 2015, we had working capital of \$261.3 million and our primary commitments were normal working capital requirements and \$6.9 million in accrued interest for the Senior Notes. We had commitments for guaranteed and contingent earnout obligations related to past acquisitions totaling \$16.3 million as of December 31, 2015.

We assess acquisition opportunities as they arise. Financing may be required if we decide to make additional acquisitions or if we are required to make any earnout payments to which the former owners of our acquired businesses may be entitled. There can be no assurance, however, that any such opportunities may arise, or that any such acquisitions may be consummated. Additional financing may not be available on satisfactory terms or at all when required.

Debt Financing

Senior Notes

As of June 30, 2016, we had \$300.0 million in Senior Notes outstanding for which interest is accrued daily on the outstanding principal amount at 6.125% and is payable semi-annually, in arrears, on February 15th and August 15th. The Senior Notes are due August 15, 2018. Accrued interest on the Senior Notes as of June 30, 2016 is approximately \$7.0 million. Refer to Note 10 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a further description of the Senior Notes.

Our Senior Notes Indenture and Credit Agreement generally permit us to apply the net cash proceeds from the sale of our insurance business to prepay outstanding debt and/or invest in assets useful to our business, in each case, within 365 days of our receipt of such net cash proceeds (subject, in the case of any investment, to a further 180-day extension under certain circumstances). If we do not apply such net cash proceeds in the manner and within the time period described above, we may be required to offer to purchase a portion of our outstanding Senior Notes using those unapplied net cash proceeds at an offer price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the date of purchase.

Revolving Credit Facility

We have a Revolving Credit Facility in an aggregate amount of \$70.0 million which matures on May 17, 2018 ("Revolving Credit Facility"). All obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility are guaranteed by the Guarantors and are secured, subject to certain exceptions, by first priority liens and security interests in the assets of the Company and the Guarantors.

As of June 30, 2016, we had approximately \$803,000 in letters of credit outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility and we were in compliance with all required covenants.

Cash Flows

Operating Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, operating activities provided cash of \$17.7 million compared to \$44.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015. This decrease is mainly due to:

- · a year-over-year decrease of \$35.3 million in net income excluding non-cash charges (primarily depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation, impairment charges and changes in fair value of contingent acquisition consideration), primarily attributable to the current year's lower operating results
- taxes paid of \$1.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to a refund of \$10.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015
- · an increase related to operating assets and liabilities of \$20.9 million, which includes \$20.0 million for the proposed settlement of the private securities class action lawsuit, compared to prior year

Investing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, cash used in investing activities was \$66 million and primarily consisted of:

- · \$63.4 million for the acquisition of Next Advisor
- \$2.6 million for purchases of furniture, fixtures, equipment and capitalized website development costs

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, cash used in investing activities was \$38.2 million and primarily consisted of:

Table of Contents

- · \$30.8 million of business acquisitions
- · \$7.5 million for purchases of furniture, fixtures, equipment and capitalized website development costs

Financing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, cash used in financing activities was \$66.8 million due to:

- the repurchase of Company stock of \$54.4 million (which includes purchases under the stock purchase program completed in the second quarter as well as withholdings for taxes on vesting of employee stock-based compensation awards)
- · \$8.6 million of payments of contingent acquisition consideration
- · \$3.8 million of payments of guaranteed deferred acquisition payments

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, cash used by financing activities was \$9.5 million primarily due to:

- \$7.2 million of payments of contingent acquisition consideration
- the repurchase of Company stock of \$2.3 million for withholdings for taxes on vesting of employee stock-based compensation awards

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Off-balance sheet arrangements include the following four categories: obligations under certain guarantees or contracts; retained or contingent interests in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity or similar arrangements; obligations under certain derivative arrangements; and obligations under material variable interests.

Besides our Senior Notes, we have not entered into any material arrangements which would fall under any of these four categories and which would be reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our results of operations, liquidity or financial condition.

Table of Contents

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The primary objective of our investment strategy is to preserve principal while maximizing the income we receive from investments without significantly increasing risk. To minimize this risk, to date we have maintained our portfolio of cash equivalents in short-term and overnight investments that are not subject to market risk, as the interest paid on such investments fluctuates with the prevailing interest rates. As of June 30, 2016, all of our cash equivalents mature in less than three months.

None of our outstanding debt as of June 30, 2016 was subject to variable interest rates as we did not have an outstanding balance for borrowed money under our Revolving Credit Facility as of June 30, 2016. Interest under the Revolving Credit Facility accrues at variable rates based, at our option, on the alternate base rate (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility) plus a margin of 3.0% or at the adjusted LIBO rate (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility) plus a margin of 2.0%. Our fixed interest rate debt includes \$300.0 million of the Senior Notes in the aggregate principal amount.

Exchange Rate Sensitivity

Our exposure to exchange rate risk is primarily that of a net receiver of currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Accordingly, changes in exchange rates, and in particular a strengthening of the U.S. dollar, will negatively affect the Company's revenue and gross margins as expressed in U.S. dollars. Additionally, we have not engaged in any derivative or hedging transactions to date.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In accordance with Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of June 30, 2016 and determined that the disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at a reasonable assurance level as of that date. Management based its conclusion on the fact that the material weakness in the operating effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting that existed at December 31, 2015, as disclosed in our 2015 Annual Report, had not been remediated at June 30, 2016, as

the Company was still in the process of fully implementing or testing the effectiveness of various remediation measures. For a description of the material weakness, see Part II, Item 9A in the 2015 Annual Report.

Management has taken and is taking steps, as described below under "Remediation Plan," to remediate the material weakness in the operating effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. We believe that, as a result of management's review of its accounting processes, and the additional procedures management has implemented, there are no material inaccuracies or omissions of material fact in this Form 10-Q and, to the best of our knowledge, we believe that the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q fairly present in all material respects our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with GAAP.

Remediation Plan

We and our Board treat the controls surrounding, and the integrity of, our financial statements with the utmost priority. Management is committed to the planning and implementation of remediation efforts to address control deficiencies and any other identified areas of risk. These remediation efforts, which are either implemented or in process, are intended to both address the identified material weakness and to enhance our overall financial control environment. In particular:

- · we will complete the training of the new personnel hired in our accounting and financial reporting functions.
- · we will continue to strengthen our interim and annual financial review controls to function with a sufficient level of precision to detect and correct errors on a timely basis.
- · we will continue to improve the timeliness of our closing processes with respect to interim and annual periods.
- · we have added an additional internal technical accounting resource.
- · we will consolidate our division and corporate accounting onto a single accounting software platform.

We are committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment, and we believe the measures described above will strengthen our internal control over financial reporting and remediate the material weakness we have identified. Our remediation efforts are underway, and we will continue to devote significant time and attention to these remedial efforts. As we continue to evaluate and work

Table of Contents

to improve our internal control over financial reporting, management may determine to take additional measures to strengthen controls or to modify the remediation plan described above, which may require additional implementation time.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than the changes described above under "Remediation Plan" that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2016, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The information with respect to legal proceedings is incorporated by reference from Note 9 of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

An investment in our securities involves risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors and those set forth in our 2015 Annual Report, as well as the other information included in this Quarterly Report, before investing in our securities. You should be aware that these risk factors and other information may not describe every risk facing our Company. Any of these risks could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects, and cause the value of our securities to decline, which could cause you to lose all or part of your investment in our Company.

| Item 2. U | nregistered | Sales | of Equity | Securities | and Use | of Proceeds |
|-----------|-------------|-------|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|
|-----------|-------------|-------|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|

Company Purchase of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth the Company's purchases of equity securities for the periods indicated:

| | | | | Maximum Number (or |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Approximate |
| | | | Total Number of | Dollar Value) |
| | | | Shares Purchased as | of Shares That May |
| | | | Part of | Yet Be |
| | | | Publicly | Purchased |
| | Total Number of | Average | Announced | Under the |
| | Total Number of | Price | Plans | Plans or |
| Period | Shares Purchased | Paid Per Share | or Programs | Programs (A) |
| April 1, 2016 through April 30, 2016 | 2,696,120 | \$ 8.97 | 2,696,120 | \$ 12 |
| May 1, 2016 through May 31, 2016 | - | \$ - | - | \$ 12 |
| June 1, 2016 through June 30, 2016 | - | \$ - | - | \$ 12 |

(A) In February 2016, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a \$50.0 million share repurchase program which allows the Company to repurchase shares of its common stock in open market or private transactions up to \$50.0 million, excluding commissions. The Company completed the authorized share repurchase during April 2016.

Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

Item 5. Other Information

Not Applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|-------------|---|
| 2.1 | Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 5, 2016, by and among Bankrate, Inc., Next Advisor, Inc. and Robert E. Larson (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Periodic Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 23, 2016) |
| 10.1 | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 17, 2016, by and between Bankrate, Inc. and Next Advisor, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Periodic Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 23, 2016) |
| 31.1* | Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 31.2* | Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32.1** | Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 101.INS*** | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH*** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL*** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB*** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE*** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |

^{*} Filed herewith

^{**} This exhibit shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that Section. Such exhibit shall not be deemed incorporated into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

^{***} Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Bankrate, Inc.

Date August 5, 2016 By: /s/ Steven

D. Barnhart Steven D. Barnhart Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

(Mr.

Barnhart is

the

Principal

Financial

Officer and

has

been duly authorized to sign on behalf of

the

Registrant)