

CITRIX SYSTEMS INC
Form 10-Q
November 05, 2013

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number 0-27084

CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

75-2275152
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

851 West Cypress Creek Road
Fort Lauderdale, Florida
(Address of principal executive offices)

33309
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code:
(954) 267-3000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
 Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

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As of October 31, 2013 there were 186,397,081 shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$.001 par value per share, outstanding.

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CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.
 Form 10-Q
 For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2013
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PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(Unaudited)	(Derived from audited financial statements)
	(In thousands, except par value)	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$246,473	\$643,609
Short-term investments, available-for-sale	448,196	285,022
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$5,371 and \$6,448 at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	450,395	630,956
Inventories, net	11,979	10,723
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	131,927	106,579
Current portion of deferred tax assets, net	39,836	36,846
Total current assets	1,328,806	1,713,735
Long-term investments, available-for-sale	961,422	595,313
Property and equipment, net	337,021	303,294
Goodwill	1,766,902	1,518,219
Other intangible assets, net	533,996	556,205
Long-term portion of deferred tax assets, net	129,983	43,097
Other assets	65,859	66,539
	\$5,123,989	\$4,796,402
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$68,646	\$71,116
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	244,387	257,135
Income taxes payable	25,472	49,346
Current portion of deferred revenues	1,002,090	965,276
Total current liabilities	1,340,595	1,342,873
Long-term portion of deferred revenues	268,086	232,719
Other liabilities	114,508	99,033
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock at \$.01 par value: 5,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock at \$.001 par value: 1,000,000 shares authorized; 290,639 and 287,123 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	291	287
Additional paid-in capital	3,948,810	3,691,111
Retained earnings	2,764,897	2,564,018
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,222)	(7,705)
	6,710,776	6,247,711
Less - common stock in treasury, at cost (103,410 and 100,781 shares at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively)	(3,309,976)	(3,125,934)

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Total stockholders' equity	3,400,800	3,121,777
	\$5,123,989	\$4,796,402
See accompanying notes.		

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CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(In thousands, except per share information)			
Revenues:				
Product and licenses	\$201,443	\$195,690	\$621,741	\$561,971
Software as a service	148,179	129,659	429,603	375,902
License updates and maintenance	329,384	285,051	968,017	822,113
Professional services	33,725	31,022	96,653	86,141
Total net revenues	712,731	641,422	2,116,014	1,846,127
Cost of net revenues:				
Cost of product and license revenues	26,971	24,218	84,465	63,876
Cost of services and maintenance revenues	72,632	58,920	208,241	166,328
Amortization of product related intangible assets	24,330	22,930	73,381	56,565
Total cost of net revenues	123,933	106,068	366,087	286,769
Gross margin	588,798	535,354	1,749,927	1,559,358
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	127,049	114,713	389,840	328,363
Sales, marketing and services	300,416	263,136	915,194	773,732
General and administrative	63,580	65,252	193,708	186,407
Amortization of other intangible assets	10,386	9,838	31,322	25,499
Total operating expenses	501,431	452,939	1,530,064	1,314,001
Income from operations	87,367	82,415	219,863	245,357
Interest income	2,079	2,059	6,062	7,965
Other income (expense), net	1,359	6,424	(53	) 7,671
Income before income taxes	90,805	90,898	225,872	260,993
Income tax expense	14,075	12,653	24,993	22,475
Net income	\$76,730	\$78,245	\$200,879	\$238,518
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.41	\$0.42	\$1.07	\$1.28
Diluted	\$0.41	\$0.41	\$1.06	\$1.26
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	187,459	186,864	187,120	186,326
Diluted	188,980	189,671	188,830	189,282

See accompanying notes.

CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(In thousands)			
Net income	\$76,730	\$78,245	\$200,879	\$238,518
Other comprehensive income:				
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment	6,928	5,414	4,099	(4,436)
Available for sale securities:				
Change in net unrealized gains	1,623	(1,037)	(1,470)	1,420
Less: reclassification adjustment for net losses (gains) included in net income	44	2,579	13	(283)
Net change (net of tax effect)	1,667	1,542	(1,457)	1,137
Loss on pension liability	—	—	(334)	—
Cash flow hedges:				
Change in unrealized gains	3,896	2,235	(1,399)	(109)
Less: reclassification adjustment for net losses included in net income	1,262	2,530	3,574	4,836
Net change (net of tax effect)	5,158	4,765	2,175	4,727
Other comprehensive income	13,753	11,721	4,483	1,428
Comprehensive income	\$90,483	\$89,966	\$205,362	\$239,946

See accompanying notes.

CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012
	(In thousands)	
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$200,879	\$238,518
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of intangible assets	104,703	82,064
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment	93,939	71,991
Stock-based compensation expense	137,306	108,922
Gain on investments	(2,298	) (13,378
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,267	829
Provision for product returns	3,471	8,703
Provision for inventory reserves	1,529	923
Tax effect of stock-based compensation	24,421	30,380
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	(33,605	) (31,976
Deferred income tax benefit	(50,538	) (32,023
Effects of exchange rate changes on monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	3,181	(882
Other non-cash items	374	981
Total adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	283,750	226,534
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	182,039	70,485
Inventories	(3,088	) (2,163
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(21,663	) (27,114
Other assets	4,841	2,392
Income taxes, net	(44,570	) (4,393
Accounts payable	(4,949	) (7,051
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	10,783	22,051
Deferred revenues	59,891	72,816
Other liabilities	13,416	(269
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of acquisitions	196,700	126,754
Net cash provided by operating activities	681,329	591,806
Investing Activities		
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(1,427,698	) (1,189,868
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale investments	486,822	891,008
Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale investments	409,556	356,893
Purchases of property and equipment	(126,610	) (87,290
Proceeds from the sales of cost method investments	2,811	21,413
Purchases of cost method investments	(5,095	) (5,149
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(329,343	) (488,347
Cash paid for licensing agreements and product related intangible assets	(7,202	) (14,277
Other	—	3,450
Net cash used in investing activities	(996,759	) (512,167
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under stock-based compensation plans	68,570	95,796

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Repayment of acquired debt	—	(24,346)
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	33,605	31,976	
Stock repurchases, net	(156,334	) (174,951)
Cash paid for tax withholding on vested stock awards	(27,708	) (17,524)
Other	912	1,050	
Net cash used in financing activities	(80,955	) (87,999)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(751	) (809)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(397,136	) (9,169)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	643,609	333,296	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$246,473	\$324,127	
See accompanying notes.			

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CITRIX SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Citrix Systems, Inc. (the “Company”) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. All adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the periods shown, are of a normal recurring nature and have been reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The results of operations for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year or for any future period partially because of the seasonality of the Company’s business. Historically, the Company’s revenue for the fourth quarter of any year is typically higher than the revenue for the first quarter of the subsequent year. The information included in these condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” contained in this report and the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of its wholly-owned subsidiaries in the Americas, Europe, the Middle East and Africa (“EMEA”), and Asia-Pacific. All significant transactions and balances between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company’s revenues are derived from its Infrastructure products, which primarily include its Mobile and Desktop products, Networking and Cloud products and related license updates and maintenance and professional services and from its SaaS products, which primarily include Collaboration and Data Sharing, Remote Access and Remote IT Support products. Infrastructure (formerly Enterprise division) and SaaS (formerly Online Services division) constitute the Company's two reportable segments. See Note 9 for more information on the Company's segments.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant estimates made by management include the provision for doubtful accounts receivable, the provision to reduce obsolete or excess inventory to market, the provision for estimated returns, as well as sales allowances, the assumptions used in the valuation of stock-based awards, the assumptions used in the discounted cash flows to mark certain of its investments to market, the valuation of the Company’s goodwill, net realizable value of product related and other intangible assets, the provision for income taxes and the amortization and depreciation periods for intangible and long-lived assets. While the Company believes that such estimates are fair when considered in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial position and results of operations taken as a whole, the actual amounts of such items, when known, will vary from these estimates.

Investments

Short-term and long-term investments as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 primarily consist of agency securities, corporate securities, municipal securities and government securities. Investments classified as available-for-sale are stated at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of taxes, reported in Accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company classifies its available-for-sale investments as current and non-current based on their actual remaining time to maturity. The Company does not recognize changes in the fair value of its available-for-sale investments in income unless a decline in value is considered other-than-temporary in accordance with the authoritative guidance.

The Company’s investment policy is designed to limit exposure to any one issuer depending on credit quality. The Company uses information provided by third parties to adjust the carrying value of certain of its investments to fair value at the end of each period. Fair values are based on a variety of inputs and may include interest rates, known

historical trades, yield curve information, benchmark data, prepayment speeds, credit quality and broker/dealer quotes.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market on a standard cost basis, which approximates actual cost. The Company's inventories as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 primarily consist of finished goods.

Revenue Recognition

Net revenues include the following categories: Product and licenses, Software as a service ("SaaS"), License updates and maintenance and Professional services. Product and licenses revenues primarily represent fees related to the licensing of the Company's software and hardware appliance products. These revenues are reflected net of sales allowances, cooperative advertising agreements, partner incentive programs and provisions for returns. Shipping charges billed to customers are included in Product and license revenue and the related shipping costs are included in Cost of product and license revenue. SaaS revenues consist primarily of fees related to online service agreements, which are recognized ratably over the contract term, which is typically 12 months. In addition, SaaS revenues may also include set-up fees, which are recognized ratably over the contract term or the expected customer life, whichever is longer. License updates and maintenance revenues consist of fees related to the Subscription Advantage program and maintenance fees, which include technical support and hardware and software maintenance. The Company licenses many of its virtualization products bundled with a one-year contract for its Subscription Advantage program. Subscription Advantage is a renewable program that provides subscribers with immediate access to software upgrades, enhancements and maintenance releases when and if they become available during the term of the contract. Subscription Advantage and maintenance fees are recognized ratably over the term of the contract, which is typically 12 to 24 months. The Company capitalizes certain third-party commissions related to Subscription Advantage renewals. The capitalized commissions are amortized to Sales, marketing and services expense at the time the related deferred revenue is recognized as revenue. Hardware and software maintenance and support contracts are typically sold separately. Hardware maintenance includes technical support, the latest software upgrades and replacement of malfunctioning appliances. Dedicated account management is available as an add-on to the program for a higher level of service. Software maintenance includes unlimited support with product version upgrades. Professional services revenues are comprised of fees from consulting services related to the implementation of the Company's products and fees from product training and certification, which are recognized as the services are provided.

The Company recognizes revenue when it is earned and when all of the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of the arrangement exists; delivery has occurred or the service has been provided and the Company has no remaining obligations; the fee is fixed or determinable; and collectability is probable.

The majority of the Company's product and license revenue consists of revenue from the sale of stand-alone software products. Stand-alone software sales generally include a perpetual license to the Company's software and is subject to the industry specific software revenue recognition guidance. In accordance with this guidance, the Company allocates revenue to license updates related to its stand-alone software and any other undelivered elements of the arrangement based on vendor specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of fair value of each element and such amounts are deferred until the applicable delivery criteria and other revenue recognition criteria described above have been met. The balance of the revenues, net of any discounts inherent in the arrangement, is recognized at the outset of the arrangement using the residual method as the product licenses are delivered. If management cannot objectively determine the fair value of each undelivered element based on VSOE of fair value, revenue recognition is deferred until all elements are delivered, all services have been performed, or until fair value can be objectively determined.

For hardware appliance transactions, the arrangement consideration is allocated to stand-alone software deliverables as a group and the non-software deliverables based on the relative selling prices using the selling price hierarchy in the amended revenue recognition guidance. The selling price hierarchy for a deliverable is based on its VSOE if available, third-party evidence of selling price ("TPE") if VSOE is not available, or estimated selling price ("ESP") if neither VSOE nor TPE is available. The Company then recognizes revenue on each deliverable in accordance with its policies for product and service revenue recognition. VSOE of selling price is based on the price charged when the element is sold separately. In determining VSOE, the Company requires that a substantial majority of the selling prices fall within a reasonable range based on historical discounting trends for specific products and services. TPE of selling price is established by evaluating competitor products or services in stand-alone sales to similarly situated customers. However, as the Company's products contain a significant element of proprietary technology and its solutions offer substantially different features and functionality, the comparable pricing of products with similar functionality typically cannot be obtained. Additionally, as the Company is unable to reliably determine what competitors products' selling prices are on a stand-alone basis, the Company is not typically able to determine TPE. The estimate of selling

price is established considering multiple factors including, but not limited to, pricing practices in different geographies and through different sales channels and competitor pricing strategies.

For the Company's non-software deliverables, it allocates the arrangement consideration based on the relative selling price of the deliverables. For the Company's hardware appliances, it uses ESP as its selling price. For the Company's support and services, it generally uses VSOE as its selling price. When the Company is unable to establish selling price using VSOE for its support and services, the Company uses ESP in its allocation of arrangement consideration. The Company's SaaS products are considered service arrangements per the authoritative guidance; accordingly, the Company follows the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 104, Revenue

Recognition, when accounting for these service arrangements. Generally, the Company's SaaS products are sold separately and not bundled with the Company's Infrastructure products and services.

In the normal course of business, the Company is not obligated to accept product returns from its distributors under any conditions, unless the product item is defective in manufacture. The Company establishes provisions for estimated returns, as well as other sales allowances, concurrently with the recognition of revenue. The provisions are established based upon consideration of a variety of factors, including, among other things, recent and historical return rates for both specific products and distributors and the impact of any new product releases and projected economic conditions. Product returns are provided for in the condensed consolidated financial statements and have historically been within management's expectations. Allowances for estimated product returns amounted to approximately \$1.6 million and \$2.6 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The Company also records estimated reductions to revenue for customer programs and incentive offerings, including volume-based incentives. The Company could take actions to increase its customer incentive offerings, which could result in an incremental reduction to revenue at the time the incentive is offered.

Foreign Currency

The functional currency for all of the Company's wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries in its Infrastructure segment is the U.S. dollar. Monetary assets and liabilities of such subsidiaries are remeasured into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and revenues and expenses are remeasured at average rates prevailing during the year. The functional currency of the Company's wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries of its SaaS segment is the currency of the country in which each subsidiary is located. The Company translates assets and liabilities of these foreign subsidiaries at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The Company includes accumulated net translation adjustments in equity as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive loss. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are the result of exchange rate changes on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, including U.S. dollars. The remeasurement of those foreign currency transactions is included in determining net income or loss for the period of exchange. See Note 9 for information on the Company's Infrastructure and SaaS segments.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Plans

The Company has various stock-based compensation plans for its employees and outside directors and accounts for stock-based compensation arrangements in accordance with the authoritative guidance, which requires the Company to measure and record compensation expense in its condensed consolidated financial statements using a fair value method. See Note 7 for further information regarding the Company's stock-based compensation plans.

3. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing income available to stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common and dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period. Dilutive common share equivalents consist of shares issuable upon the exercise or settlement of stock awards (calculated using the treasury stock method) during the period they were outstanding.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except per share information):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Numerator:				
Net income	\$76,730	\$78,245	\$200,879	\$238,518
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic earnings per share - weighted-average shares outstanding	187,459	186,864	187,120	186,326
Effect of dilutive employee stock awards	1,521	2,807	1,710	2,956
Denominator for diluted earnings per share - weighted-average shares outstanding	188,980	189,671	188,830	189,282

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Basic earnings per share	\$0.41	\$0.42	\$1.07	\$1.28
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.41	\$0.41	\$1.06	\$1.26
Anti-dilutive weighted-average shares	3,286	3,355	3,851	3,336

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4. ACQUISITIONS

2013 Acquisitions

Zenprise

In January 2013, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Zenprise, Inc. ("Zenprise"), a privately-held leader in mobile device management. Zenprise became part of the Company's Infrastructure segment, in which Citrix has integrated the Zenprise offering for mobile device management into its XenMobile Enterprise edition. The total consideration for this transaction was approximately \$324.0 million, net of \$2.9 million of cash acquired, and was paid in cash. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.6 million, of which the Company expensed approximately \$0.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, in connection with the acquisition, the Company assumed certain stock options, which are exercisable for 285,817 shares of the Company's common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of the transaction.

Purchase Accounting for the Zenprise acquisition

The purchase price for Zenprise was allocated to the acquired net tangible and intangible assets based on its estimated fair value as of the date of the acquisition. The allocation of the total purchase price is summarized below (in thousands):

	Zenprise Purchase Price	Asset Life
Current assets	\$10,943	
Other assets	668	
Property and equipment	431	Various
Deferred tax assets, non-current	35,656	
Intangible assets	69,200	1-7 years
Goodwill	249,392	Indefinite
Assets acquired	366,290	
Current liabilities assumed	(8,475)	
Long-term liabilities assumed	(3,107)	
Deferred tax liabilities, non-current	(27,714)	
Net assets acquired	\$326,994	

Current assets acquired in connection with the Zenprise acquisition consisted primarily of cash and accounts receivable. Current liabilities assumed in connection with the Zenprise acquisition consisted primarily of current portion of deferred revenues, short-term payables and other accrued expenses. Long-term liabilities assumed in connection with the Zenprise acquisition consisted of other long-term liabilities and long-term portion of deferred revenues.

The Company continues to evaluate certain income tax assets and liabilities related to the Zenprise acquisition. Goodwill from the Zenprise acquisition was assigned to the Company's Infrastructure segment. The goodwill related to the Zenprise acquisition is not deductible for tax purposes. See Note 9 for segment information. The goodwill amounts are comprised primarily of expected synergies from combining operations and other intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition.

Revenues from the Zenprise acquisition are included in the revenue of the Company's Infrastructure segment. The Company has included the effect of the Zenprise acquisition in its results of operations prospectively from the date of acquisition.

Identifiable intangible assets acquired in connection with the Zenprise acquisition (in thousands) and the weighted-average lives are as follows:

	Zenprise	Asset Life
Trade names	\$2,400	3.0 years
Non-compete agreements	700	1.0 year
Customer relationships	18,300	7.0 years
Core and product technologies	47,800	6.0 years
Total	\$69,200	

2013 Other Acquisition

In September 2013, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of a privately-held company. The total cash consideration for this transaction was approximately \$5.3 million. The Company will pay contingent consideration of up to \$3.0 million in cash upon the satisfaction of certain milestone achievements, as defined pursuant to the share purchase agreement. This business became part of the Company's SaaS segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.2 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

The following pro-forma information combines the consolidated results of the operations of the Company and Zenprise and the 2013 Other Acquisition as if the acquisitions had occurred at the beginning of fiscal year 2012 (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues	\$713,082	\$644,121	\$2,116,998	\$1,851,618
Income from operations	87,173	69,483	218,735	208,150
Net income	76,364	70,039	199,350	214,784
Per share - basic	0.41	0.37	1.07	1.15
Per share - diluted	0.40	0.37	1.06	1.13

2012 Acquisitions

Bytemobile

In July 2012, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Bytemobile, Inc. ("Bytemobile"), a privately-held provider of data and video optimization solutions for mobile network operators. Bytemobile became part of the Company's Infrastructure segment and extends the Company's industry reach into the mobile and cloud markets. The total consideration for this transaction was approximately \$399.5 million, net of \$5.6 million of cash acquired, and was paid in cash. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$2.1 million, all of which the Company expensed during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. Revenues from the Bytemobile acquisition are included in the revenue of the Company's Infrastructure segment. The Company has included the effect of the Bytemobile acquisition in its results of operations prospectively from the date of acquisition.

Purchase Accounting for the Bytemobile acquisition

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company made net adjustments to goodwill of approximately \$2.7 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, to the purchase price allocation associated with the Bytemobile acquisition. Goodwill from the Bytemobile acquisition was assigned to the Company's Infrastructure segment. The goodwill related to the Bytemobile acquisition is not deductible for tax purposes. See Note 8 for information on adjustments to goodwill and Note 9 for segment information. The goodwill amounts are comprised primarily of expected synergies from combining operations and other intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition.

The purchase price for Bytemobile was allocated to the acquired net tangible and intangible assets based on its estimated fair value as of the date of the acquisition. The allocation of the total purchase price is summarized below (in thousands):

	Bytemobile Purchase Price	Asset Life
Current assets	\$57,796	
Other assets	7,406	
Property and equipment	2,484	Various
Deferred tax assets, non-current	45,598	
Intangible assets	248,900	1-9 years
Goodwill	221,251	Indefinite
Assets acquired	583,435	
Current liabilities assumed	(62,313)	
Long-term liabilities assumed	(4,083)	
Deferred tax liabilities, non-current	(111,905)	
Net assets acquired	\$405,134	

Current assets acquired in connection with the Bytemobile acquisition consisted primarily of cash and accounts receivable. Current liabilities assumed in connection with the Bytemobile acquisition consisted primarily of current portion of deferred revenues, short-term payables, other accrued expenses and short-term debt which was paid in full subsequent to the acquisition date. Long-term liabilities assumed in connection with the Bytemobile acquisition consisted of other long-term liabilities, long-term portion of deferred revenues and long-term debt, which was paid in full subsequent to the acquisition date. Identifiable intangible assets acquired in connection with the Bytemobile acquisition included trade names of \$6.0 million with a weighted-average asset life of 6.0 years, customer relationships of \$141.5 million with a weighted-average life of 9.0 years, and core and product technologies of \$101.4 million with a weighted-average life of 4.8 years.

Podio

In April 2012, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Podio ApS ("Podio"), a privately-held provider of a cloud-based collaborative work platform. Podio became part of the Company's SaaS segment and expands the Company's offerings of integrated cloud-based support for team-based collaboration. The total consideration for this transaction was approximately \$43.6 million, net of \$1.7 million of cash acquired, and was paid in cash. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.5 million, all of which were expensed during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company recorded approximately \$24.5 million of goodwill, which is not deductible for tax purposes, and acquired \$24.6 million of identifiable intangible assets, of which \$20.7 million is related to product related intangible assets and \$3.9 million is related to other intangible assets. In addition, in connection with the acquisition, the Company assumed non-vested stock units which were converted into the right to receive up to 127,668 shares of the Company's common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of the transaction.

2012 Other Acquisitions

During the first quarter of 2012, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of a privately-held company for total cash consideration of approximately \$24.6 million, net of \$0.6 million of cash acquired. This business became part of the Company's Infrastructure segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.5 million, of which the Company expensed approximately \$0.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company recorded approximately \$23.1 million of goodwill, which is not deductible for tax purposes, and acquired \$11.0 million of identifiable intangible assets, all of which is related to product related intangible assets. In addition, in connection with this acquisition, the Company assumed non-vested

stock units which were converted into the right to receive up to 13,481 shares of the Company's common stock and assumed certain stock options which are exercisable for 12,017 shares of the Company's common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of the transaction.

During the second quarter of 2012, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of two privately-held companies for a total cash consideration of approximately \$15.4 million, net of \$0.2 million of cash acquired. The businesses became part of the Company's Infrastructure segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisitions were approximately \$0.4 million, all of which the Company expensed during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are

included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, in connection with the acquisitions, the Company assumed non-vested stock units which were converted into the right to receive, in the aggregate, up to 66,459 shares of the Company's common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of each respective transaction.

During the third quarter of 2012, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of two privately-held companies for a total cash consideration of approximately \$5.3 million. One of the businesses became part of the Company's Infrastructure segment and the other became part of the Company's SaaS segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisitions were approximately \$0.2 million. In addition, in connection with the acquisitions, the Company assumed non-vested stock units which were converted into the right to receive, in the aggregate, up to 13,487 shares of the Company's common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of each respective transaction.

5. INVESTMENTS

Available-for-sale Investments

Investments in available-for-sale securities at fair value were as follows for the periods ended (in thousands):

Description of the Securities	September 30, 2013				December 31, 2012			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Agency securities	\$527,430	\$1,440	\$(442)	\$528,428	\$400,365	\$2,347	\$(5)	\$402,707
Corporate securities	679,443	785	(505)	679,723	404,546	947	(171)	405,322
Municipal securities	72,951	65	(57)	72,959	32,214	114	(15)	32,313
Government securities	128,220	295	(7)	128,508	39,863	131	(1)	39,993
Total	\$1,408,044	\$2,585	\$(1,011)	\$1,409,618	\$876,988	\$3,539	\$(192)	\$880,335

The change in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities recorded in Other comprehensive income includes unrealized gains (losses) that arose from changes in market value of specifically identified securities that were held during the period, gains (losses) that were previously unrealized, but have been recognized in current period net income due to sales, as well as prepayments of available-for-sale investments purchased at a premium. This reclassification out of Accumulated other comprehensive loss into current period net income has no effect on total comprehensive income or equity and was immaterial for all periods presented. See Note 11 for more information related to comprehensive income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company received proceeds from the sales of available-for-sale investments of \$111.5 million and \$486.8 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company received proceeds from the sales of available-for-sale investments of \$188.3 million and \$891.0 million, respectively. The Company had realized gains on the sales of available-for-sale investments during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. The Company had no realized gains on the sales of available-for-sale investments during the three months ended September 30, 2012. The Company had realized gains of \$3.5 million on the sales of available-for-sale investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company had realized losses on available-for-sale investments of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, primarily related to prepayments at par of securities purchased at a premium. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company had realized losses on available-for-sale investments of \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, primarily related to prepayments at par of securities purchased at a premium.

All realized gains and losses related to the sales of available-for-sale investments are included in Other income (expense), net, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

The average remaining maturities of the Company's short-term and long-term available-for-sale investments at September 30, 2013 were approximately six months and three years, respectively.

Other-Than-Temporary Impairment on Available-for-Sale Investments

During the third quarter of 2012, one of the Company's available-for-sale investments with a carrying amount of \$5.0 million was determined to be other-than-temporarily impaired. As a result of this determination, the investment was written down to its fair value of \$2.5 million, resulting in an impairment charge of \$2.5 million. The impairment charge is included in Other income (expense), net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. See Note 6 for more information.

Unrealized Losses on Available-for-Sale Investments

The gross unrealized losses on the Company's available-for-sale investments that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were \$1.0 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Because the Company does not intend to sell any of its investments in an unrealized loss position and it is more likely than not that it will not be required to sell the securities before the recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may not occur until maturity, it does not consider the securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

Cost Method Investments

The Company held direct investments in certain early-stage entities as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 of approximately \$29.8 million and \$26.2 million, respectively, which are accounted for based on the cost method and are included in Other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded a gain of \$1.3 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, from companies in which the Company held direct investments, which were acquired by a third party and was included in Other income (expense), net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company periodically reviews these investments for impairment. If the Company determines that an other-than-temporary impairment has occurred, it will write-down the investment to its fair value.

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The authoritative guidance defines fair value as an exit price, representing the amount that would either be received to sell an asset or be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the guidance establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1. Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2. Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Available-for-sale securities included in Level 2 are valued utilizing inputs obtained from an independent pricing service (the "Service") which uses quoted market prices for identical or comparable instruments rather than direct observations of quoted prices in active markets. The Service gathers observable inputs for all of the Company's fixed income securities from a variety of industry data providers including, for example, large custodial institutions and other third-party sources. Once the observable inputs are gathered by the Service, all data points are considered and an average price is determined. The Service's providers utilize a variety of inputs to determine their quoted prices. These inputs may include interest rates, known historical trades, yield curve information, benchmark data, prepayment speeds, credit quality and broker/dealer quotes. Substantially all of the Company's available-for-sale investments are valued utilizing inputs obtained from the Service and accordingly are categorized as Level 2 in the table below. The Company periodically independently assesses the pricing obtained from the Service and historically has not adjusted the Service's pricing as a result of this assessment. Available-for-sale securities are included in Level 3 when relevant observable inputs for a security are not available.

The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the classification of assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy. In certain instances, the inputs used to measure fair value may meet the definition of more than one level of the fair value hierarchy. The input with the lowest level priority is used to determine the applicable level in the fair value hierarchy.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	As of September 30, 2013	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(in thousands)			
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	\$ 189,065	\$ 189,065	\$ —	\$ —
Money market funds	51,159	51,159	—	—
Corporate securities	4,249	—	4,249	—
Municipal securities	2,000	—	2,000	—
Available-for-sale securities:				
Agency securities	528,428	—	528,428	—
Corporate securities	679,723	—	670,632	9,091
Municipal securities	72,959	—	72,959	—
Government securities	128,508	—	128,508	—
Prepaid expenses and other current assets:				
Foreign currency derivatives	5,117	—	5,117	—
Total assets	\$ 1,661,208	\$ 240,224	\$ 1,411,893	\$ 9,091
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities:				
Foreign currency derivatives	2,822	—	2,822	—
Total liabilities	\$ 2,822	\$ —	\$ 2,822	\$ —
	As of December 31, 2012	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(in thousands)			
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	\$ 503,614	\$ 503,614	\$ —	\$ —
Money market funds	123,519	123,519	—	—
Corporate securities	16,476	—	16,476	—
Available-for-sale securities:				
Agency securities	402,707	—	402,707	—
Corporate securities	405,322	—	401,981	3,341
Municipal securities	32,313	—	32,313	—
Government securities	39,993	—	39,993	—
Prepaid expenses and other current assets:				
Foreign currency derivatives	4,157	—	4,157	—
Total assets	\$ 1,528,101	\$ 627,133	\$ 897,627	\$ 3,341
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities:				
Foreign currency derivatives	4,162	—	4,162	—
Total liabilities	\$ 4,162	\$ —	\$ 4,162	\$ —

The Company's fixed income available-for-sale security portfolio generally consists of investment grade securities from diverse issuers with a minimum credit rating of A-/A3 and a weighted-average credit rating of AA-/Aa3. The Company values these securities based on pricing from the Service, whose sources may use quoted prices in active

markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs) or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs) in determining fair value, and accordingly, the Company classifies all of its fixed income available-for-sale securities as Level 2.

The Company measures its cash flow hedges, which are classified as Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Accrued expenses and other current liabilities, at fair value based on indicative prices in active markets (Level 2 inputs).

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

The Company has invested in convertible debt securities of certain early-stage entities that are classified as available-for-sale investments. As quoted prices in active markets or other observable inputs were not available for these investments, in order to measure them at fair value, the Company utilized a discounted cash flow model using a discount rate reflecting the market risk inherent in holding securities of an early-stage enterprise, adjusted by the probability-weighted exit possibilities associated with the convertible debt securities. This methodology required the Company to make assumptions that were not directly or indirectly observable regarding the fair value of the convertible debt securities; accordingly they are a Level 3 valuation and are included in the table below.

	Investments (in thousands)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$3,341
Purchases of Level 3 securities	6,000
Transfers out of Level 3	(250)
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$9,091

Transfers out of Level 3 relate to certain of the Company's investments in convertible debt securities of early-stage entities that were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to cost method investments upon conversion to equity ownership, which are included in Other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Additional Disclosures Regarding Fair Value Measurements

The carrying value of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their fair value due to the short maturity of these items.

7. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company's stock-based compensation program is a long-term retention program that is intended to attract and reward talented employees and align stockholder and employee interests. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had two stock-based compensation plans under which it was granting stock options and non-vested stock units. The Company is currently granting stock-based awards from its Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended, the "2005 Plan") and its Amended and Restated 2005 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (as amended, the "2005 ESPP"). In connection with certain of the Company's acquisitions, the Company has assumed certain plans from acquired companies. The Company's Board of Directors has provided that no new awards will be granted under the Company's acquired stock plans. Awards previously granted under the Company's superseded and expired stock plans that are still outstanding typically expire ten years from the date of grant and will continue to be subject to all the terms and conditions of such plans, as applicable. The Company's superseded and expired stock plans include the Amended and Restated 1995 Stock Plan, Second Amended and Restated 2000 Director and Officer Stock Option and Incentive Plan and Second Amended and Restated 1995 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan.

Under the terms of the 2005 Plan, the Company is authorized to grant incentive stock options ("ISOs"), non-qualified stock options ("NSOs"), non-vested stock, non-vested stock units, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), and performance units and to make stock-based awards to full and part-time employees of the Company and its subsidiaries or affiliates, where legally eligible to participate, as well as to consultants and non-employee directors of the Company. Currently, the 2005 Plan provides for the issuance of a maximum of 48,600,000 shares of common stock. Under the 2005 Plan, ISOs must be granted at exercise prices no less than fair market value on the date of grant, except for ISOs granted to employees who own more than 10% of the Company's combined voting power, for which the exercise prices must be no less than 110% of the fair market value at the date of grant. NSOs and SARs must be granted at no less than fair market value on the date of grant, or in the case of SARs in tandem with options, at the exercise price of the related option. Non-vested stock awards may be granted for such consideration in cash, other property or services, or a combination thereof, as determined by the Company's Compensation Committee of its Board of Directors. Stock-based awards are generally exercisable or issuable upon vesting. The Company's policy is to recognize compensation cost for awards with only service conditions and a graded vesting schedule on a straight-line basis over

the requisite service period for the entire award. As of September 30, 2013, there were 27,409,886 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to the Company's stock-based compensation plans and the Company had authorization under its 2005 Plan to grant 16,965,265 additional stock-based awards.

Under the 2005 ESPP, all full-time and certain part-time employees of the Company are eligible to purchase common stock of the Company twice per year at the end of a six-month payment period (a "Payment Period"). During each Payment Period, eligible employees who so elect may authorize payroll deductions in an amount no less than 1% nor greater than 10% of his or her base pay for each payroll period in the Payment Period. At the end of each Payment Period, the accumulated deductions are used to purchase shares of common stock from the Company up to a maximum of 12,000 shares for any one employee during a Payment Period. Shares are purchased at a price equal to 85% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the last business day of a Payment Period. Employees who, after exercising their rights to purchase shares of common stock in the 2005 ESPP, would own shares representing 5% or more of the voting power of the Company's common stock, are ineligible to participate under the 2005 ESPP. The 2005 ESPP provides for the issuance of a maximum of 10,000,000 shares of common stock. As of September 30, 2013, 2,991,834 shares had been issued under the 2005 ESPP. The Company recorded stock-based compensation costs related to the 2005 ESPP of \$1.1 million and \$3.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 the company recorded stock-based compensation costs related to the 2005 ESPP of \$1.1 million and \$3.0 million, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

The detail of the total stock-based compensation recognized by income statement classification is as follows (in thousands):

Income Statement Classifications	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
Cost of services and maintenance revenues	\$ 617	\$ 567	\$ 1,876	\$ 1,524
Research and development	15,831	14,523	47,987	39,722
Sales, marketing and services	16,249	13,977	48,910	37,254
General and administrative	13,196	11,036	38,533	30,422
Total	\$ 45,893	\$ 40,103	\$ 137,306	\$ 108,922

Stock Options

Stock options granted under the 2005 Plan typically have a five-year life and vest over three years, with 33.3% of the shares underlying the option vesting on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the remainder of the underlying shares vesting in equal monthly installments at a rate of 2.78% thereafter (the "Standard Vesting Rate"). There were no stock options granted during the three months ended September 30, 2013. The Company also assumes stock options from certain of its acquisitions for which the vesting period is typically reset to vest over three years at the Standard Vesting Rate. During the first quarter of 2013, the Company assumed in-the-money options from the Zenprise acquisition. See Note 4 for more information related to acquisitions. The Company currently uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options. The determination of the fair value of stock-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model is affected by the Company's stock price and the options exercise prices, as well as assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables. These variables include the Company's expected stock price, volatility over the term of the awards, actual and historical employee exercise behaviors including historical exercise patterns of options with an exercise price less than the stock price on the date assumed, risk-free interest rate and expected dividends. For purposes of valuing stock options, the Company determined the expected volatility factor by considering the implied volatility in two-year market-traded options of the Company's common stock based on third party volatility quotes in accordance with the provisions of SAB No. 107, Share Based Payment. The Company's decision to use implied volatility was based upon the availability of actively traded options on the Company's common stock and its assessment that implied volatility is more representative of future stock price trends than historical volatility. The approximate risk free interest rate was based on the implied yield available on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with remaining terms equivalent to the Company's expected terms on stock options. The expected term of stock options was based on the historical employee exercise patterns. The Company also periodically analyzes its historical pattern of option exercises based on certain

demographic characteristics and determined that there were no meaningful differences in option exercise activity based on the demographic characteristics. The Company does not intend to pay dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Company used a dividend yield of zero in its option pricing model.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$28.7 million and \$70.2 million, respectively, and the total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 was \$39.8 million and \$117.0 million, respectively. The intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the market value on the date of exercise and the exercise price of the shares. As of September 30, 2013, there was \$41.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.38 years.

The assumptions used to value option grants are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012	
Expected volatility factor	0.43	0.39	0.38 - 0.43	
Approximate risk free interest rate	0.52	% 0.44	% 0.52% - 0.68%	
Expected term (in years)	3.91	3.35	3.91	
Expected dividend yield	0	% 0	% 0	%

Non-vested Stock Units

Market Performance and Service Condition Stock Units

In March 2013 and 2012, the Company granted senior level employees non-vested stock unit awards representing, in the aggregate, 399,029 and 418,809 non-vested stock units, respectively, that vest based on certain target market performance and service conditions. The number of non-vested stock units underlying each award will be determined within sixty days of the calendar year following the end of a three-year performance period ending December 31, 2015 for the March 2013 awards and December 31, 2014 for the March 2012 awards. The attainment level under the award will be based on the Company's total return to stockholders over the performance period compared to the return on the Nasdaq Composite Total Return Index (the "XCMP"). If the Company's return is positive and meets or exceeds the indexed return, the number of non-vested stock units issued will be based on interpolation, with the maximum number of non-vested stock units issuable pursuant to the award capped at 200% of the target number of non-vested stock units set forth in the award agreement if the Company's return exceeds the indexed return by 40% or more. If the Company's return over the performance period is positive but underperforms the index, a number of non-vested stock units will be issued, below the target award, based on interpolation; however, no non-vested stock units will be issued if the Company's return underperforms the index by more than 20% over the performance period. In the event the Company's return to stockholders is negative but still meets or exceeds the indexed return, only 75% of the target award shall be issued. If the awardee is not employed by the Company at the end of the performance period; the extent to which the awardee will vest in the award, if at all, is dependent upon the timing and character of the termination as provided in the award agreement. Each non-vested stock unit, upon vesting, represents the right to receive one share of the Company's common stock.

The market condition requirements are reflected in the grant date fair value of the award, and the compensation expense for the award will be recognized assuming that the requisite service is rendered regardless of whether the market conditions are achieved. The grant date fair value of the non-vested performance stock unit awards was determined through the use of a Monte Carlo simulation model, which utilized multiple input variables that determined the probability of satisfying the market condition requirements applicable to each award as follows:

	March 2013 Grant	March 2012 Grant	
Expected volatility factor	0.16 - 0.42	0.21 - 0.39	
Risk free interest rate	0.33	% 0.47	%
Expected dividend yield	0	% 0	%

The range of expected volatilities utilized was based on the historical volatilities of the Company's common stock and the XCMP. The Company chose to use historical volatility to value these awards because historical stock prices were used to develop the correlation coefficients between the Company and the XCMP in order to model the stock price movements. The volatilities used were calculated over the most recent 2.75 year period, which was the remaining term of the performance period at the date of grant. The risk free interest rate was based on the implied yield available on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with remaining terms equivalent to the remaining performance period. The Company does not intend to pay dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Company used a dividend yield of zero in its model. The estimated fair value of each award as of the date of grant was \$89.93 for the March 2013 grant and \$89.95 for the March 2012 grant.

Service Based Stock Units

The Company also awards senior level and certain other employees non-vested stock units granted under the 2005 Plan that vest based on service. The majority of these non-vested stock unit awards vest 33.33% on each anniversary subsequent to the date of the award. The remaining awards vest 100% on the third anniversary of the grant date. Each non-vested stock unit, upon vesting, represents the right to receive one share of the Company's common stock. In addition, the Company awards non-vested stock units to all of its non-employee directors. These awards vest monthly in 12 equal installments based on service and, upon vesting, each stock unit represents the right to receive one share of the Company's common stock.

Unrecognized Compensation Related to Stock Units

As of September 30, 2013, the number of non-vested stock units outstanding, including performance awards, market performance and service condition awards and service-based awards, and including awards assumed in connection with acquisitions, were 4,440,852. As of September 30, 2013, there was \$248.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock units. The unrecognized cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.02 years. See Note 4 for more information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

8. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

The Company accounts for goodwill in accordance with the authoritative guidance, which requires that goodwill and certain intangible assets are not amortized, but are subject to an annual impairment test. There was no impairment of goodwill or indefinite lived intangible assets as a result of the annual impairment test analysis completed during the fourth quarter of 2012. There were no indicators of impairment during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. In-process R&D acquired in connection with the Company's acquisitions was not material. See Note 4 for more information regarding the Company's acquisitions and Note 9 for more information regarding the Company's segments.

The following table presents the change in goodwill allocated to the Company's reportable segments during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Balance at January 1, 2013	Additions	Other	Balance at September 30, 2013
Infrastructure	\$1,158,580	\$249,392	\$(4,683) (2)	\$1,403,289
SaaS	359,639	2,374	1,600 (3)	363,613
Consolidated	\$1,518,219	\$251,766	(1) \$(3,083)	\$1,766,902

(1) Amounts relate to Zenprise and 2013 Other Acquisition. See Note 4 for more information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

(2) Amount primarily relates to adjustments to the preliminary purchase price allocation associated with the Bytemobile acquisition, primarily related to adjustments of certain income tax assets and liabilities of \$10.0 million, partially offset by a \$5.9 million adjustment to current portion of deferred revenues.

(3) Amount primarily relates to foreign currency translation.

Intangible Assets

The Company has intangible assets with finite lives that are recorded at cost, less accumulated amortization. Amortization is computed over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, generally three to seven years, except for patents, which are amortized over the lesser of their remaining life or ten years. Intangible assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Product related intangible assets	\$675,659	\$406,224	\$620,032	\$339,608
Other	473,740	209,179	446,601	170,820
Total	\$1,149,399	\$615,403	\$1,066,633	\$510,428

Amortization of product related intangible assets, which consists primarily of product-related technologies and patents, was \$24.3 million and \$22.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$73.4 million and \$56.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and is classified as a component of Cost of net revenues in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. Amortization of other intangible assets, which consist primarily of customer relationships, trade names and covenants not to compete was \$10.4 million and \$9.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$31.3 million and \$25.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and is classified as a component of Operating expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company monitors its intangible assets for indicators of impairment. If the Company determines that an impairment has occurred, it will write-down the intangible asset to its fair value. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, Amortization of other intangible assets included a \$5.2 million impairment related to the Company's decision to contribute its CloudStack tradename acquired in conjunction with its acquisition of Cloud.com to the Apache Software Foundation. As a result, the carrying value of the CloudStack tradename was written down to zero. See Note 4 for more information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

Estimated future amortization expense is as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,

2013	\$ 139,328
2014	131,359
2015	109,472
2016	87,205
2017	59,513

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Infrastructure and SaaS constitute the Company's two reportable segments. The Company does not engage in intercompany revenue transfers between segments. The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") evaluates the Company's performance based primarily on profitability from its Infrastructure and SaaS segments products. Segment profit for each segment includes certain research and development, sales, marketing and services and general and administrative expenses directly attributable to the segment as well as other corporate costs allocated to the segment and excludes certain expenses that are managed outside of the reportable segments. Costs excluded from segment profit primarily consist of stock-based compensation costs, amortization of product related intangible assets, amortization of other intangible assets, net interest and other income, net. Accounting policies of the Company's segments are the same as its consolidated accounting policies.

Net revenues and segment profit, classified by the Company's two reportable segments were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2013	2012	September 30, 2013	2012
Net revenues:				
Infrastructure	\$564,552	\$511,763	\$1,686,411	\$1,470,225
SaaS	148,179	129,659	429,603	375,902
Consolidated	\$712,731	\$641,422	\$2,116,014	\$1,846,127
Segment profit:				
Infrastructure	\$134,598	\$130,566	\$380,445	\$371,515
SaaS	33,378	24,720	81,427	64,828
Unallocated expenses ⁽¹⁾ :				
Amortization of intangible assets	(34,716	) (32,768	) (104,703	) (82,064
Net interest and other income	3,438	8,483	6,009	15,636
Stock-based compensation	(45,893	) (40,103	) (137,306	) (108,922
Consolidated income before income taxes	\$90,805	\$90,898	\$225,872	\$260,993

(1)

Represents expenses presented to management on a consolidated basis only and not allocated to the operating segments.

Revenues by Product Grouping

Revenues by product grouping for the Company's Infrastructure and SaaS segments were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net revenues:				
Infrastructure				
Mobile and Desktop revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$380,878	\$351,607	\$1,121,102	\$1,037,144
Networking and Cloud Solutions revenues ⁽²⁾	146,474	127,327	458,753	340,319
Professional services ⁽³⁾	33,725	31,022	96,653	86,141
Other	3,475	1,807	9,903	6,621
Total Infrastructure revenues	564,552	511,763	1,686,411	1,470,225
SaaS revenues	148,179	129,659	429,603	375,902
Total net revenues	\$712,731	\$641,422	\$2,116,014	\$1,846,127

Mobile and Desktop revenues are primarily comprised of sales from the Company's desktop virtualization products, (1) XenDesktop and XenApp, and the Company's Mobility products, which include XenMobile and related license updates and maintenance and support.

Networking and Cloud revenues are primarily comprised of sales from the Company's cloud networking products, (2) which include NetScaler, CloudBridge and Bytemobile Smart Capacity, and the Company's cloud platform products which include XenServer, CloudPlatform and CloudPortal and related license updates and maintenance and support.

(3) Professional services revenues are primarily comprised of revenues from consulting services and product training and certification services.

Revenues by Geographic Location

The following table presents revenues by segment and geographic location, for the following periods (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net revenues:				
Infrastructure				
Americas	\$306,050	\$281,896	\$925,395	\$794,148
EMEA	188,220	164,149	553,637	488,196
Asia-Pacific	70,282	65,718	207,379	187,881
Total Infrastructure revenues	564,552	511,763	1,686,411	1,470,225
SaaS				
Americas	124,044	109,935	360,954	319,946
EMEA	18,522	15,941	53,266	45,974
Asia-Pacific	5,613	3,783	15,383	9,982
Total SaaS revenues	148,179	129,659	429,603	375,902
Total net revenues	\$712,731	\$641,422	\$2,116,014	\$1,846,127

10. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments

As of September 30, 2013, the Company's derivative assets and liabilities primarily resulted from cash flow hedges related to its forecasted operating expenses transacted in local currencies. A substantial portion of the Company's overseas expenses are and will continue to be transacted in local currencies. To protect against fluctuations in operating expenses and the volatility of future cash flows caused by changes in currency exchange rates, the Company has established a program that uses foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge its exposure to these potential changes. The terms of these instruments, and the hedged transactions to which they relate, generally do not exceed 12 months.

Generally, when the dollar is weak, foreign currency denominated expenses will be higher, and these higher expenses will be partially offset by the gains realized from the Company's hedging contracts. Conversely, if the dollar is strong, foreign currency denominated expenses will be lower. These lower expenses will in turn be partially offset by the losses incurred from the Company's hedging contracts. The change in the derivative component in Accumulated other comprehensive loss includes unrealized gains or losses that arose from changes in market value of the effective portion of derivatives that were held during the period, and gains or losses that were previously unrealized but have been recognized in the same line item as the forecasted transaction in current period net income due to termination or maturities of derivative contracts. This reclassification has no effect on total comprehensive income or equity. The total cumulative unrealized gain on cash flow derivative instruments was \$2.2 million and nil at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, and is included in Accumulated other comprehensive loss in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 11 for more information related to comprehensive income. The net unrealized gain as of September 30, 2013 is expected to be recognized in income over the next 12 months at the same time the hedged items are recognized in income.

Derivatives not Designated as Hedging Instruments

A substantial portion of the Company's overseas assets and liabilities are and will continue to be denominated in local currencies. To protect against fluctuations in earnings caused by changes in currency exchange rates when remeasuring the Company's balance sheet, it utilizes foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge its exposure to this potential volatility.

These contracts are not designated for hedge accounting treatment under the authoritative guidance. Accordingly, changes in the fair value of these contracts are recorded in Other income (expense), net.

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments

	Asset Derivatives (In thousands)				Liability Derivatives			
	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012		September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments								
Foreign currency forward contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$4,686	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$4,157	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$2,392	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$4,162
	Asset Derivatives (In thousands)				Liability Derivatives			
	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012		September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives Not Designated as								

Hedging
Instruments

Foreign currency forward contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$431	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$448	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$430	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$52
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The Effect of Derivative Instruments on Financial Performance

For the Three Months Ended September 30,
(In thousands)

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Amount of Gain Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (Effective Portion)		Location of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (Effective Portion)	
	2013	2012		2013	2012
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$5,158	\$4,765	Operating expenses	\$ (1,262)	\$ (2,530)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,
(In thousands)

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Amount of Gain Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (Effective Portion)		Location of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (Effective Portion)	
	2013	2012		2013	2012
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$2,175	\$4,727	Operating expenses	\$ (3,574)	\$ (4,836)

There was no material ineffectiveness in the Company's foreign currency hedging program in the periods presented.

For the Three Months Ended September 30,
(In thousands)

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	
		2013	2012
Foreign currency forward contracts	Other income (expense), net	\$264	\$(604)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,
(In thousands)

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	
		2013	2012
Foreign currency forward contracts	Other income (expense), net	\$1,991	\$(1,943)

Outstanding Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

As of September 30, 2013, the Company had the following net notional foreign currency forward contracts outstanding (in thousands):

Foreign Currency	Currency Denomination
Australian Dollar	AUD 2,963
Pounds Sterling	GBP 32,600
Canadian Dollar	CAD 5,700
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	CNY 72,950
Danish Krone	DKK 3,600
Euro	EUR 28,746
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD 51,106
Indian Rupee	INR 852,150
Japanese Yen	JPY 434,700
New Zealand Dollar	NZD 100
Singapore Dollar	SGD 11,500
Swiss Franc	CHF 20,082

11. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The changes in Accumulated other comprehensive loss by component, net of tax, are as follows (in thousands):

	Foreign currency	Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities	Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	Other comprehensive loss on pension liability	Total
	(In thousands)				
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ (3,024)	\$ 2,426	\$ (10)	\$ (7,097)	\$ (7,705)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	4,099	(1,470)	(1,399)	(334)	896
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	13	3,574	—	3,587
Net current period other comprehensive income	4,099	(1,457)	2,175	(334)	4,483
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$ 1,075	\$ 969	\$ 2,165	\$ (7,431)	\$ (3,222)

Income tax expense or benefit allocated to each component of other comprehensive income is not material.

Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows (in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, (In thousands)	
Details about accumulated other comprehensive loss components	Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	Affected line item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
Unrealized net losses on available-for-sale securities	\$(44	) Other income (expense), net
Unrealized net losses on cash flow hedges	(1,262	) Operating expenses *
	\$(1,306)
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, (In thousands)	
Details about accumulated other comprehensive loss components	Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	Affected line item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
Unrealized net losses on available-for-sale securities	\$(13	) Other income (expense), net
Unrealized net losses on cash flow hedges	(3,574	) Operating expenses *
	\$(3,587)

* Operating expenses amounts allocated to Research and development, Sales, marketing and services, and General and administrative are not individually significant.

12. INCOME TAXES

The Company's net unrecognized tax benefits totaled approximately \$57.6 million and \$43.9 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. All amounts included in the balance at September 30, 2013 for tax positions would affect the annual effective tax rate. The Company has no amounts accrued for the payment of interest and penalties as of September 30, 2013.

The Company and one or more of its subsidiaries is subject to federal income taxes in the United States, as well as income taxes of multiple state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years prior to 2009. In the ordinary course of global business, there are transactions for which the ultimate tax outcome is uncertain; thus, judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. The Company provides for income taxes on transactions based on its estimate of the probable liability. The Company adjusts its provision as appropriate for changes that impact its underlying judgments. Changes that impact provision estimates include such items as jurisdictional interpretations on tax filing positions based on the results of tax audits and general tax authority rulings. Due to the evolving nature of tax rules combined with the large number of jurisdictions in which the Company operates, it is possible that the Company's estimates of its tax liability and the realizability of its deferred tax assets could change in the future, which may result in additional tax liabilities and adversely affect the Company's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

The Company is required to estimate its income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which it operates as part of the process of preparing its condensed consolidated financial statements. At September 30, 2013, the Company had approximately \$151.0 million in net deferred tax assets. The authoritative guidance requires a valuation allowance to reduce the deferred tax assets reported if, based on the weight of the evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company reviews deferred tax assets periodically for recoverability and makes estimates and judgments regarding the expected geographic sources of taxable income and gains from investments, as well as tax planning strategies in assessing the need for a valuation allowance. The Company maintains certain strategic management and operational activities in overseas subsidiaries and its foreign earnings are taxed at rates that are generally lower than in the United States. The Company does not expect to remit earnings from its foreign subsidiaries. The Company's effective tax rate was approximately 15.5% and 13.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 11.1% and 8.6% for the nine months ended

September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate when comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2013 to the nine months ended September 30, 2012 was primarily due to the impact of the IRS settlement for the tax years 2006 through 2008 that closed during the three months ended June 30, 2012.

The Company's effective tax rate generally differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% due primarily to lower tax rates on earnings generated by the Company's foreign operations that are taxed primarily in Switzerland. The Company has not provided for U.S. taxes for those earnings because it plans to reinvest all of those earnings indefinitely outside the United States.

13. TREASURY STOCK

Stock Repurchase Programs

The Company's Board of Directors authorized an ongoing stock repurchase program with a total repurchase authority granted to the Company of \$3.9 billion, of which \$500.0 million was approved in October 2013. The Company may use the approved dollar authority to repurchase stock at any time until the approved amount is exhausted. The objective of the Company's stock repurchase program is to improve stockholders' returns. At September 30, 2013, approximately \$179.3 million was available to repurchase common stock pursuant to the stock repurchase program. All shares repurchased are recorded as treasury stock. A portion of the funds used to repurchase stock over the course of the program was provided by proceeds from employee stock option exercises and the related tax benefit.

The Company is authorized to make open market purchases of its common stock using general corporate funds through open market purchases or pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 plan.

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company expended approximately \$55.3 million on open market purchases, repurchasing 764,800 shares of outstanding common stock at an average price of \$72.30. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company expended approximately \$156.3 million on open market purchases, repurchasing 2,240,050 shares of outstanding common stock at an average price of \$69.79.

During the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company expended approximately \$75.0 million on open market purchases, repurchasing 983,200 shares of outstanding common stock at an average price of \$76.24. During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company expended approximately \$175.0 million on open market purchases, repurchasing 2,361,800 shares of outstanding common stock at an average price of \$74.08.

Shares for Tax Withholding

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company withheld 43,035 shares from stock units that vested, totaling \$2.9 million, to satisfy minimum tax withholding obligations that arose on the vesting of stock units.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company withheld 389,369 shares from stock units that vested, totaling \$27.7 million, to satisfy minimum tax withholding obligations that arose on the vesting of stock units. These shares are reflected as treasury stock in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets and the related cash outlays do not reduce the Company's total stock repurchase authority.

During the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company withheld 31,733 shares from stock units that vested, totaling \$2.5 million, to satisfy minimum tax withholding obligations that arose on the vesting of stock units. During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company withheld 227,604 shares from stock units that vested, totaling \$17.5 million, to satisfy minimum tax withholding obligations that arose on the vesting of stock units. These shares are reflected as treasury stock in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets and the related cash outlays do not reduce the Company's total stock repurchase authority.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases

The Company leases certain office space and equipment under various operating leases. In addition to rent, the leases require the Company to pay for taxes, insurance, maintenance and other operating expenses. Certain of these leases contain stated escalation clauses while others contain renewal options. The Company recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, excluding renewal periods, unless renewal of the lease is reasonably assured.

Legal Matters

The Company accrues a liability for legal contingencies when it believes that it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and that it can reasonably estimate the amount of the loss. The Company reviews these accruals and adjusts them to reflect ongoing negotiations, settlements, rulings, advice of legal counsel and other relevant information. To the extent new information is obtained and the Company's views on the probable outcomes of claims, suits, assessments, investigations or legal proceedings change, changes in the Company's accrued liabilities would be

recorded in the period in which such determination is made. For the Other Matters referenced below, the amount of liability is not probable or the amount cannot be reasonably estimated; and, therefore, accruals have not been made. In addition, in accordance with the relevant authoritative

guidance, for matters in which the likelihood of material loss is at least reasonably possible, the Company provides disclosure of the possible loss or range of loss. If a reasonable estimate cannot be made, however, the Company will provide disclosure to that effect.

On April 11, 2008, SSL Services, LLC (“SSL Services”) filed a suit for patent infringement against the Company in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas (the “SSL Matter”). SSL Services alleged that the Company infringed U.S. Patent Nos. 6,061,796 (the “796 patent”) and 6,158,011 (the “011 patent”). The Company denied infringement and asserted that the patents-in-suit were invalid. A jury trial was held on SSL Services' claims, and on June 18, 2012, the jury found that the Company does not infringe the '796 patent and found that the Company willfully infringes the '011 patent through the sale and use of certain products. The jury awarded SSL Services \$10.0 million. On September 17, 2012, the court issued a final judgment confirming the jury award of \$10.0 million in damages and added \$5.0 million in enhanced damages and approximately \$5.0 million in prejudgment interest on the damages award. The Company does not believe that any of its products infringe the '011 patent, and the Company believes that the '011 patent is invalid. Accordingly, no accrual has been made related to this matter. The Company has appealed the district court's judgment on the '011 patent.

In addition to the SSL Matter and due to the nature of the Company's business, the Company is subject to patent infringement claims, including current suits against it or one or more of its wholly-owned subsidiaries alleging infringement by various Company products and services (the "Other Matters"). The Company believes that it has meritorious defenses to the allegations made in its pending cases and intends to vigorously defend these lawsuits; however, it is unable currently to determine the ultimate outcome of these or similar matters. In addition, the Company is a defendant in various litigation matters generally arising out of the normal course of business. Although it is difficult to predict the ultimate outcomes of these cases, the Company believes that it is not reasonably possible that the ultimate outcomes will materially and adversely affect its business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Guarantees

The authoritative guidance requires certain guarantees to be recorded at fair value and requires a guarantor to make disclosures, even when the likelihood of making any payments under the guarantee is remote. For those guarantees and indemnifications that do not fall within the initial recognition and measurement requirements of the authoritative guidance, the Company must continue to monitor the conditions that are subject to the guarantees and indemnifications, as required under existing generally accepted accounting principles, to identify if a loss has been incurred. If the Company determines that it is probable that a loss has been incurred, any such estimable loss would be recognized. The initial recognition and measurement requirements do not apply to the provisions contained in the majority of the Company's software license agreements that indemnify licensees of the Company's software from damages and costs resulting from claims alleging that the Company's software infringes the intellectual property rights of a third party. The Company has not made payments pursuant to these provisions. The Company has not identified any losses that are probable under these provisions and, accordingly, the Company has not recorded a liability related to these indemnification provisions.

15. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2013, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that provides explicit guidance on the financial statement presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. Under the new standard, the Company's unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward. This accounting standard update will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal year 2014 and applied prospectively with early adoption and retrospective application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our operating results and financial condition have varied in the past and could in the future vary significantly depending on a number of factors. From time to time, information provided by us or statements made by our employees contain "forward-looking" information that involves risks and uncertainties. In particular, statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and in the documents incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, that are not historical facts, including, but not limited to, statements concerning new products, research and development, offerings of products and services, market positioning and opportunities, headcount, customer demand, distribution and sales channels, financial information and results of operations for future periods, other income (expense), net, product and price competition, strategy and growth initiatives, seasonal factors, international operations and expansion, investment transactions and valuations of investments and derivative instruments, reinvestment or repatriation of foreign earnings, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, tax matters, tax rates, the expected benefits of acquisitions, changes in domestic and foreign economic conditions and credit markets, liquidity, litigation and intellectual property matters, constitute forward-looking statements and are made under the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These statements are neither promises nor guarantees. Our actual results of operations and financial condition have varied and could in the future vary materially from those stated in any forward-looking statements. The factors described in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, as may be updated in Part II, Item 1A in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in the documents incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or presented elsewhere by our management from time to time. Such factors, among others, could have a material adverse effect upon our business, results of operations and financial condition. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which only speak as of the date made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made.

Overview

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is intended to help the reader understand our financial condition and results of operations. This section is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our financial statements and the accompanying notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The results of operations for the periods presented in this report are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year or for any future period, due in part to the seasonality of our business. Historically, our revenue for the fourth quarter of any year is typically higher than our revenue for the first quarter of the subsequent year.

Citrix is a cloud computing company that enables mobile workstyles- empowering people to work and collaborate from anywhere, accessing apps and data on any of the latest devices, as easily as they would in their own office - simply and securely. Citrix cloud computing solutions help IT and service providers build both private and public clouds, leveraging virtualization and networking technologies to deliver high-performance, elastic and cost-effective services for mobile workstyles.

We market and license our products directly to enterprise customers, over the Web, and through systems integrators, or SIs, in addition to indirectly through value-added resellers, or VARs, value-added distributors, or VADs, and original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs.

Executive Summary

We believe our approach is unique in the market because we have combined innovative technologies into solutions that enable and power mobile workstyles. Our technologies mobilize desktops, apps, data and people to help our customers drive business value. Our Mobile and Desktop products are leaders in the area of desktop management, including Desktop Virtualization products, marketed as XenDesktop and XenApp and mobile device management, or MDM, including XenMobile products. Our Networking and Cloud products also offer customers a value-added approach to building and delivering cloud services to end-users. Our Cloud Networking products allow our customers

to deliver IT services to users with high performance, security and reliability and through our Cloud Platform products, which allow our customers to build scalable and reliable private and public cloud computing environments. We believe this combination of products allows us to deliver a comprehensive end-to-end mobile workstyles solution; and one that we believe, when considered as a whole, is competitively differentiated by its feature set and interoperability.

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In today's business environment there is a sharp focus on IT products and services that can reduce cost and deliver a quick, tangible return on investment, or ROI. We are focused on helping our customers, as they invest in IT products and services, to reduce IT costs, increase business flexibility and deliver ROI by offering a simpler more flexible approach to computing.

In 2012, we generally saw uncertainties surrounding IT spending. In the fourth quarter of 2012, however, we saw some improvement in demand across all geographies. In the first nine months of 2013, we again encountered uncertainty in the IT spending environment and hesitancy on the part of customers in initiating large capital projects while transitioning their top priorities to mobile workstyles. In addition, during the third quarter of 2013, we introduced new product offerings focused on reducing installation time and total cost of ownership, however, we experienced longer than normal customer evaluations causing longer than anticipated sales cycles. We found this dynamic across all markets and all geographies contributing to the Product and licenses revenue results in our Desktop products when comparing the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. See our Results of Operations- Product and licenses revenue section below.

We believe that continued economic uncertainty may adversely affect sales of our products and services and may result in longer sales cycles, slower adoption of technologies and increased price competition.

We are focused on helping our customers embrace and power mobile workstyles and build cloud infrastructure so cloud services can be delivered virtually anywhere with a high quality user experience. We plan to sustain the long-term growth of our businesses around the world by expanding our go-to-market reach and direct customer touch; investing in product innovation and improving integration across our product portfolio to drive simplicity and end-user experience.

Infrastructure

Our Desktop Virtualization products are built to transform and reduce the cost of traditional desktop management by virtualizing the desktop, with our XenDesktop product, and virtualizing applications, with our XenApp product, in a customer's datacenter. We are providing the capabilities for our customers to transform the delivery of desktops and related applications to an on-demand service rather than the delivery of a device.

In January 2013, we completed our acquisition of Zenprise Inc., or Zenprise, a privately held leading innovator in MDM, which we market as XenMobile. We have integrated and expanded the XenMobile MDM technologies into a new solution, which is now offered as XenMobile Enterprise edition. This new offering offers our enterprise IT customers a comprehensive product that make it easier to manage and secure mobile devices, apps and data, while allowing users to embrace mobile workstyles and access enterprise apps from virtually any device. We believe our Mobility products offer a comprehensive approach that can transform organizations into mobile enterprises with the security and control IT requires, the ease of use and flexibility users desire, and the productivity business demands. Our Cloud Networking products power mobile workstyles while altering the traditional economics of the datacenter by providing greater levels of flexibility of computing resources, especially with respect to servers, improving application performance and thereby reducing the amount of processing power involved, and allowing easy reconfiguration of servers by permitting storage and network infrastructure to be added-in virtually rather than physically.

In July 2012, we acquired Bytemobile, Inc., or Bytemobile, a privately held leading provider of data and video optimization solutions for mobile network operators. The Bytemobile acquisition has given us a strategic foothold in the core infrastructure of certain mobile operators which are experiencing rapid growth in network traffic, driven by the combination of new consumer devices, rich multimedia content, and high speed 3G, 4G and LTE networks. Our Bytemobile Smart Capacity products combined with our Citrix NetScaler line of Cloud Networking products enhance our broader strategy of powering mobile workstyles and cloud services and allow us to offer mobile operators combined solutions that deliver a high quality user experience to mobile subscribers.

Our Cloud Platform products allow our customers to build scalable and reliable private and public cloud computing environments where customers can quickly and easily build cloud services within their existing infrastructure and provision hosted applications, desktops, services and infrastructure as a service, or IaaS, from the cloud.

As we enhance the feature set and interoperability of our Mobility and Cloud Networking products, we drive increased customer interest around desktop virtualization and data sharing, because enterprises find leverage in

deploying these technologies together for an end-to-end mobile workstyles solution.

SaaS

Our SaaS segment is focused on developing and marketing Collaboration and Data Sharing products. These products are primarily marketed via the web to large enterprises, medium and small businesses, prosumers and individuals. Our SaaS segment's Collaboration products offer secure and cost-effective solutions that allow users to host and actively participate in online meetings, webinars and training sessions remotely and reduce costs associated with business travel. Our Data Sharing product, ShareFile, makes it easy for businesses of all sizes to securely store, sync and share business documents and files, both inside and outside the company. ShareFile's centralized cloud storage capability also allows users to share files across multiple devices and access them from any location. In addition, through our Remote Access and IT Support solutions, we offer products that provide users a secure, simple and cost efficient way to access their desktops remotely and provide support over the Internet on-demand.

Summary of Results

For the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2012, a summary of our results included:

- Product and licenses revenue increased 2.9% to \$201.4 million;
- Software as a service revenue increased 14.3% to \$148.2 million;
- License updates and maintenance revenue increased 15.6% to \$329.4 million;
- Professional services revenue increased 8.7% to \$33.7 million;
- Gross margin as a percentage of revenue decreased 0.9% to 82.6%;
- Operating income increased 6.0% to \$87.4 million; and
- Diluted net income per share decreased 1.6% to \$0.41.

The increase in our Product and licenses revenue was primarily driven by sales of our Networking and Cloud products, led by NetScaler. Our Software as a service revenue increased due to increased sales of our Collaboration products, led by GoToMeeting. The increase in License updates and maintenance revenue was primarily due to an increase in maintenance revenues, primarily driven by increased sales of maintenance and support across all of our infrastructure products and increased renewals of our Subscription Advantage product. The increase in Professional services revenue was primarily due to increases in consulting revenues related to increased implementation sales of our Infrastructure products. We currently target total revenue to increase when comparing the fourth quarter of 2013 to the fourth quarter of 2012. In addition, when comparing the 2013 fiscal year to the 2012 fiscal year, we target total revenue to increase. The decrease in gross margin as a percentage of net revenue is primarily due to the increase in sales of our Networking and Cloud products with a hardware component and increased sales of our services, both of which have a higher cost than our software products. The decrease in diluted net income per share was due to a decrease in Other income (expense), net, primarily due to a decrease in net gains recognized on cost method and available-for-sale investments, partially offset by an increase in Operating income when comparing the third quarter of 2013 to the third quarter of 2012, driven by our increased revenue.

2013 Acquisitions

Zenprise

In January 2013, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Zenprise, Inc., or Zenprise, a privately-held leader in mobile device management. Zenprise became part of our Infrastructure segment, in which we have integrated the Zenprise offering for mobile device management into our XenMobile Enterprise edition. The total consideration for this transaction was approximately \$324.0 million, net of \$2.9 million of cash acquired, and was paid in cash. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.6 million, of which we expensed approximately \$0.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, in connection with the acquisition, we assumed certain stock options which are exercisable for 285,817 shares of our common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of the transaction.

2013 Other Acquisition

In September 2013, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of a privately held company and developer of mobile productivity apps making it easy to open, view, create, and edit Microsoft Office files from mobile devices. The total cash consideration for this transaction was approximately \$5.3 million. We will pay contingent consideration

of up to \$3.0 million in cash upon the satisfaction of certain milestone achievements, as defined pursuant to the share purchase agreement. The company will be integrated as part of our SaaS segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.2 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

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2012 Acquisitions

Bytemobile

In July 2012, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Bytemobile, a privately-held provider of data and video optimization solutions for mobile network operators. Bytemobile became part of our Infrastructure segment and extends our industry reach into the mobile and cloud markets. The total consideration for this transaction was approximately \$399.5 million, net of \$5.6 million of cash acquired, and was paid in cash. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$2.1 million, all of which we expensed during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

Podio

In April 2012, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Podio ApS, or Podio, a privately-held provider of a cloud-based collaborative work platform. Podio became part of our SaaS segment and expands our offerings of integrated cloud-based support for team-based collaboration. The total consideration for this transaction was approximately \$43.6 million, net of \$1.7 million of cash acquired, and was paid in cash. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.5 million, all of which we expensed during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, in connection with the acquisition, we assumed non-vested stock units, which were converted into the right to receive up to 127,668 shares of our common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of the transaction.

2012 Other Acquisitions

During the first quarter of 2012, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of a privately-held company for total cash consideration of approximately \$24.6 million, net of \$0.6 million of cash acquired. This business became part of our Infrastructure segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.5 million, of which we expensed \$0.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in our condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, in connection with this acquisition, we assumed non-vested stock units which were converted into the right to receive up to 13,481 shares of our common stock and assumed certain stock options which are exercisable for 12,017 shares of our common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of the transaction.

During the second quarter of 2012, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of two privately-held companies for total cash consideration of approximately \$15.4 million, net of \$0.2 million of cash acquired. These businesses became part of our Infrastructure segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisitions were approximately \$0.4 million, all of which we expensed during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and are included in General and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, in connection with these acquisitions, we assumed non-vested stock units which were converted into the right to receive up to 66,459 shares of our common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of each respective transaction.

During the third quarter of 2012, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of two privately-held companies for total cash consideration of approximately \$5.3 million. One of the businesses became part of our Infrastructure segment and the other became part of our SaaS segment. Transaction costs associated with the acquisitions were approximately \$0.2 million. In addition, in connection with these acquisitions, we assumed non-vested stock units which were converted into the right to receive up to 13,487 shares of our common stock, for which the vesting period reset fully upon the closing of each respective transaction.

We have included the effects of all of the companies acquired in our results of operations prospectively from the dates of the acquisition.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of

contingent liabilities. We base these estimates on our historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, and these estimates form the basis for our judgments concerning the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. We periodically evaluate these estimates and judgments based on available information and experience. Actual results could differ from our estimates under different assumptions and conditions. If actual results significantly differ from our estimates, our financial condition and results of operations could be materially impacted. For more information regarding our critical accounting policies and estimates please refer to “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates” contained in our Annual Report on Form

10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, or the Annual Report, and Note 2 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There have been no material changes to the critical accounting policies disclosed in the Annual Report.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income data and presentation of that data as a percentage of change from period-to-period (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013 vs. September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013 vs. September 30, 2012		
Revenues:								
Product and licenses	\$201,443	\$195,690	\$621,741	\$561,971	2.9	% 10.6		%
Software as a service	148,179	129,659	429,603					