AMCON DISTRIBUTING CO Form 10-Q April 19, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-0

		WASHINGTON, FORM		549
/X/	Quarterly report purs Securities Exchange		on 13 o	r 15(d) of the
	For the quarterly per	riod ended Mar	ch 31,	2007
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/ /	Transition report pur Securities Exchange		ion 13	or 15(d) of the
	For the transition pe	eriod from	t	0
	 C(OMMISSION FILE	NUMBER	 1-15589
	AMO	CON Distributi	ng Comp	any
(Exa	ct name of Registrant	as specified	in its	charter)
	Delaware			47-0702918
(State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)				(I.R.S. Employer
	7405 Ii	rvington Road,	Omaha	NE 68122
	(Address	of principal e	xecutiv	re offices)
Regi	strant's telephone nur	mber, includin	g area	code: (402) 331-3727
Exch peri	rts required to be fill ange Act of 1934 durin	led by Section ng the precedi t was required	13 or ng 12 m to fil	istrant (1) has filed all 15(d) of the Securities onths (or for such shorter e such reports), and (2) has he past 90 days.
	Ye	es X	No	
"acc	r, an accelerated file	er, or a non-a	ccelera	istrant is a large accelerated ted filer. See definition of " in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
Larg	e accelerated filer	Accelerated	filer	Non-accelerated filer X
	cate by check mark who ule 12b-2 of the Excha		- strant	is a shell company (as defined
	Ye	es	No	X
The	Registrant had 527,062	 2 shares of it	 s \$.01	par value common stock

outstanding as of April 16, 2007.

Form 10-Q 2nd Quarter

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements

AMCON Distributing Company and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets March 31, 2007 and September 30, 2006

	March 2007 (Unaudited)	September
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 561 , 851	\$ 481
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful		
accounts of \$0.9 million and \$0.9 million, respectively	26,579,473	27,815
Inventories, net	22,018,639	
Deferred income taxes	1,847,894	
Current assets of discontinued operations	4,332	
Prepaid and other current assets	5,365,424	5 , 369
Total current assets	56,377,613	61,254
Property and equipment, net	11,836,153	12,528
Goodwill	5,848,808	5,848
Other intangible assets	3,419,936	3,439
Deferred income taxes	6,306,489	6 , 772
Noncurrent assets from discontinued operations	2,063,393	3,774
Other assets	1,281,938	1,247
	\$ 87,134,330	\$ 94,866
	========	=======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 11,682,815	
Accrued expenses	4,710,970	4,687
Accrued wages, salaries and bonuses	1,784,919	1,879
Income taxes payable	149 , 354	168,
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	7,531,674	7,461,
Current maturities of credit facility	3,646,000	3,896
Current maturities of long-term debt	477 , 190	524
Total current liabilities	29,982,922	33,251
Credit facility, less current maturities	42,319,352	44,927
Long-term debt, less current maturities	6,827,727	7,069
Noncurrent liabilities of discontinued operations	2,807,000	5 , 087
Series A cumulative, convertible preferred stock, \$.01 par value		
100,000 shares authorized and issued, liquidation preference		
\$25.00 per share	2,438,355	2,438
Series B cumulative, convertible preferred stock, \$.01 par value		
80,000 shares authorized and issued, liquidation preference		
\$25.00 per share	1,857,645	1,857
Series C cumulative, convertible preferred stock, \$.01 par value		
80,000 shares authorized and issued, liquidation preference		
\$25.00 per share	1,982,372	1,982
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)		

Shareholders' equity (deficiency):

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par, 1,000,000 shares authorized,

\$ 87,134,330	\$ 94,866,
(1,081,043)	(1,747,
(7,370,790)	(8,030,
6,284,476	6,278,
- 5 , 271	5,
	6,284,476 (7,370,790) (1,081,043)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

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AMCON Distributing Company and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Unaudited Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

		three months ed March	For the end	six mo ed Marc
	2007	2006	2007	
Sales (including excise taxes of \$48.4 million and \$46.9 million, and \$98.0 million and \$95.1 million, respectively)	\$ 201,176,501	\$ 195,803,790	\$ 410,542,650	\$ 394
Cost of sales	186,809,844	181,164,019	381,134,862	365
Gross profit	14,366,657	14,639,771	29,407,788	28
Selling, general and administrative expenses Depreciation and amortization	13,045,926 456,204	12,581,580 482,861	25,451,009 914,047	2.5
	13,502,130	13,064,441	26,365,056	26
Operating income	864 , 527	1,575,330	3,042,732	2
Other expense (income): Interest expense Other (income), net	1,237,976 (32,225)	1,109,885	2,506,638 (63,307)	2
-	1,205,751	1,081,075	2,443,331	2
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income tax (benefit) expense Income tax (benefit) expense	(341,224) (125,000)	494,255 205,000	599,401 238,000	
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(216,224)	289 , 255	361,401	
Discontinued operations (Note 2) (Loss) gain on disposal of discontinued operations, net of income tax (benefit) expense of (\$0.04) million and \$0.6				
million, respectively	(66,498)	_	829 , 090	

Loss from discontinued operations,

net of income tax (benefit) of $(\$0.1)$ million and $(\$0.4)$ million, and $(\$0.2)$ million and $(\$1.0)$ million, respectively		(124,283)	(789,067)		(321,693)	(1
(Loss) income on discontinued operations		(190,781)	(789,067)		507,397	 (1
Net (loss) income Preferred stock dividend requirements		(407,005) (103,239)	(499,812) (81,239)		•	 (1
Net (loss) income available to common shareholders		. , ,	(581,051)		660,026	\$ (1
Basic (loss) earnings per share available to common shareholders: Continuing operations Discontinued operations		(0.61)	\$ 0.39	\$	0.29	\$
Net basic (loss) earnings per share available to common shareholders		(0.97)	\$ (1.10)	-	1.25	\$
Diluted (loss) earnings per share available to common shareholders: Continuing operations Discontinued operations		(0.61)	\$ 0.37	\$	0.28	\$
Net diluted (loss) earnings per share available to common shareholders			(0.98)			\$
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic Diluted	_	527 , 062	527,062 584,517		527,062	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

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AMCON Distributing Company and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Unaudited Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006

	 2007	2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income (loss)	\$ 868,798	\$ (1,686,7
Deduct: income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	 507 , 397	(1,816,7
Income from continuing operations	361,401	129 , 9
Adjustments to reconcile net income from		
continuing operations to net cash flows		
from operating activities:		
Depreciation	894,180	941,7
Amortization	19,867	19 , 8
(Gain) loss on sale of property and equipment	(8 , 129)	5,1
Stock based compensation	6,000	30,0
Deferred income taxes	591,532	(830 , 2
Provision for losses on doubtful accounts	(50, 195)	319,9
Provision for losses on inventory obsolescence	11,650	136,7

Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	1.286.473	1,673,8
Inventories	2,412,774	
Prepaid and other current assets		550,9
Other assets	(34,474)	
Accounts payable	(2 950 309)	(1.553.3
Accrued expenses and accrued wages, salaries and bonuses	(2,950,309) (71,599)	(446.0
Income taxes payable and receivable	(14,555) (19,582)	(118,7
INCOME taxes bayable and receivable	(19, 582)	
Net cash flows from operating activities - continuing operations	2,453,319	
Net cash flows from operating activities - discontinued operations	(1,999,042)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		(119,1
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(211,340)	(377,2
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	17,675	
Purchase of trademark	_	(15,0
Net cash flows from investing activities - continuing operations	(193,665)	
Net cash flows from investing activities - discontinued operations	3,965,394	(1,0
Net cash flows from investing activities	3,771,729	
·		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net principal payments on bank credit agreements	(2,858,077)	(1,620,2
Net proceeds from preferred stock issuance	_	1,982,3
Proceeds from borrowings of long-term debt		109,8
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(208,772)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	(288,570)	
Net cash flows from financing activities - continuing operations	(3,355,419)	
Net cash flows from financing activities - discontinued operations	(789,874)	558 , 6
Net cash flows from financing activities	(4,145,293)	
Net Cash from fridhting activities		
Net change in cash	80,713	59 , 5
Cash, beginning of period	481,138	546 , 2
Cash, end of period	\$ 561,851	\$ 605 , 8
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	======	====
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 2,530,779	\$ 2,130,5
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	99,050	1,0
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash information:		
Buyer's assumption of HNWC lease in connection with		
the sale of HNWC's assets - discontinued operations	225,502	
the safe of make's assets afscontinued operations	223,302	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements.

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AMCON Distributing Company and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Unaudited Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

AMCON Distributing Company and Subsidiaries ("AMCON" and "the Company") is

primarily engaged in the wholesale distribution of consumer products in the Great Plains and Rocky Mountain regions. In addition, the Company operates thirteen retail health food stores in Florida and the Midwest.

AMCON's wholesale distribution business ("ADC") includes five distribution centers that sell approximately 14,000 different consumer products, including cigarettes and tobacco products, candy and other confectionery, beverages, groceries, paper products, health and beauty care products, frozen and chilled products and institutional food service products. The Company distributes products primarily to retailers such as convenience stores, discount and general merchandise stores, grocery stores and supermarkets, drug stores and gas stations. In addition, the Company services institutional customers, including restaurants and bars, schools, sports complexes and vendors, as well as other wholesalers.

AMCON also operates six retail health food stores in Florida under the name Chamberlin's Market & Cafe ("Chamberlin's") and seven in the Midwest under the name Akin's Natural Foods Market ("Akin's"). These stores carry natural supplements, groceries, health and beauty care products and other food items.

Results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the entire year.

The accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements include the accounts of AMCON Distributing Company and its subsidiaries. The Company continues to consolidate all of the assets, liabilities and results of operations of its 85% owned subsidiary, Trinity Springs, Inc. ("TSI"), because minority shareholders have not guaranteed any of TSI's debt or committed additional capital to TSI. TSI is classified as a component of discontinued operations at March 31, 2007. See Note 11 related to ongoing TSI litigation.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in our annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to fairly present the financial information included therein, such adjustments consisting of normal recurring items. The Company believes that although the disclosures are adequate to prevent the information presented from being misleading, these condensed consolidated unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2006, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 10-K ("2006 Annual Report").

For convenience, the second fiscal quarters of 2007 and 2006 have been referred to throughout this quarterly report as March 2007 and March 2006, respectively.

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Stock-based Compensation

Prior to its expiration in June 2004, AMCON maintained a stock-based compensation plan under which the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors could grant incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options. The Company adopted SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004) (SFAS 123R), Share Based Payment, on October 1, 2005 whereby compensation costs associated with the unvested portion of previously granted employee stock options have been recognized in the statement of operations since adoption. This expense has

been reflected in the consolidated statement of operations under "selling, general and administrative expenses."

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of implementing the following new accounting standards:

On July 13, 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, and Related Implementation Issues" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a Company's financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes information used to develop those assumptions. Under the standard, fair value measurements would be separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy. SFAS 157 is effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning October 1, 2008, with early adoption permitted.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements" ("SAB 108"). SAB 108 provides interpretive guidance on the consideration of the effects of the carryover or reversal of prior year misstatements in quantifying a current year misstatement. The SEC recommends quantifying errors using both a balance sheet and income statement approach for purposes of materiality assessments. The guidance is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006.

In February 2007, FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 expands the use of fair value accounting but does not affect existing standards which require assets and liabilities to be carried at fair value. Under SFAS 159, a company may elect to use fair value to measure accounts and loans receivable, available-forsale and held-to-maturity securities, equity method investments, accounts payable, guarantees, issued debt and other eligible financial instruments. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007.

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2. DISPOSITIONS

Discontinued operations include the residual assets, liabilities and results of operations of Hawaiian Natural Water Company, Inc. ("HNWC") and TSI for the three and six months ended March 2007 and HNWC, TSI and The Beverage Group, Inc. ("TBG") for the three and six months ended March 2006.

Prior to the classification of these businesses as discontinued operations, the Company allocated interest expense to its subsidiaries using an invested capital calculation. In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 87-24 "Allocation of Interest to Discontinued Operations", the Company has reclassified interest expense previously allocated to discontinued operations

to continuing operations.

Hawaiian Natural Water Company, Inc. (HNWC)

In September 2006, the Company classified HNWC as a component of discontinued operations in accordance with SFAS No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". On November 20, 2006, all of the operating assets of HNWC were sold for approximately \$3.8 million in cash plus the buyer's assumption of all operating and capital leases. The significant operating assets consisted of accounts receivable, inventory, furniture and fixtures, intellectual property and all of its bottling equipment. In connection with the sale, the Company has recorded a \$1.6 million pretax gain on disposal of discontinued operations.

Trinity Springs, Inc. (TSI)

During fiscal 2006, the Company discontinued the operations of TSI due to recurring losses, a lack of capital resources to sustain operations, and the litigation discussed in Part II Item I of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

TSI operated a water bottling facility in Idaho and was a component of the Company's former beverage segment. TSI has been reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements as a component of discontinued operations. As discussed more fully in Note 11, the Company continues to vigorously work towards the final settlement of the pending litigation.

The Beverage Group, Inc. (TBG)

At March 2006, TBG, which represented the beverage marketing and distribution component of the Company's former beverage segment, was classified as a component of discontinued operations. In April 2006, the Company successfully concluded its wind-down plan of TBG's operations at which time its residual liabilities were classified in continuing operations.

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Summary of Financial Information

Discontinued operations includes the results from operations for HNWC and TSI for the three and six months ended March 2007 and HNWC, TSI and TBG for the three and six months ended March 2006. The effects of the discontinued operations on net income (loss) available to common shareholders and per share data are reflected within the consolidated financial statements. Operating results from discontinued operations, which have been excluded from income from continuing operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated

unaudited statements of operations, are presented as follows:

Three months ended March

Six months ended March

	 2007	2006	 2007	 2006
Sales	\$ _	\$ 2,183,896	\$ 862 , 647	\$ 4,650,0
Operating loss (Loss) gain on disposal of discontinued	(112,305)	(1,128,218)	(328, 286)	(2,672,3
operations, before income taxes	(107, 255)	_	1,455,333	
<pre>Income tax (benefit) expense (Loss) income from</pre>	(120,000)	(445,000)	433,000	(1,044,0
discontinued operations	(190,781)	(789,067)	507,397	(1,816,7

The carrying amounts (net of allowances) of the major classes of assets and liabilities are as follows (in millions):

	2	rch 007	-	tember 2006
Accounts receivable Inventories	\$	- -	\$	0.7
Total current assets of discontinued operations	\$ ====	-	\$	1.2
Fixed assets	\$ ====	2.1	\$ ====	3.8
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Accrued wages, salaries and bonuses Current portion of long-term debt Current portion of long-term debt due related party	\$	0.8 1.1 - 2.8 2.8	\$	2.0 1.0 0.3 1.4 2.8
Total current liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ ====	7.5 =====	\$ ====	7.5
Water royalty, in perpetuity Long-term debt, less current portion	\$	2.8	\$	2.8
Noncurrent liabilities of discontinued operations	\$	2.8	\$ ====	5.1

Included in discontinued operations are debt obligations payable to related parties from TSI as follows:

- TSI owes a director of the Company \$1.0 million on a revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 8.0% per annum. The loan is secured by a second mortgage on TSI's real property on an equal basis with the Company's existing second mortgage on TSI's real property.

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- TSI owes \$0.5 million on a loan due to a related party which is wholly-owned by three of the Company's directors (including the Chairman and the President) and another significant shareholder. The note bears interest at 7.0% per annum.
- TSI obtained unsecured, subordinated loans totaling \$0.5 million from

unaffiliated businesses of two of the Company's directors, including a Company of which the Chairman of the Board is a partner. The loan bears interest of 7.0% per annum.

- TSI owes Draupnir, LLC, a private equity firm of which two of the Company's directors are Members, \$750,000 on a note bearing interest at a floating rate of 300 basis points above the ten year treasury note yield, compounded annually and adjusted concurrently with any adjustments to the yield on the ten year treasury note.

All of the aforementioned related party notes payable, in addition to all other TSI long-term debt, were in default at March 2007. TSI has not obtained default waivers for its debt obligations and the stay on the litigation as described in Note 11, was removed during the quarter. Accordingly, all TSI debt obligations are classified in current liabilities of discontinued operations at March 2007.

TSI Water Royalty

As part of the June 17, 2004 asset purchase agreement in which the Company purchased the assets to form TSI, TSI became obligated to pay Crystal Paradise Holdings, Inc. ("CPH"), in perpetuity, an amount equal to the greater of \$0.03 per liter of water extracted from the source or 4.0% of water revenues (as defined by the purchase agreement). The agreement is guaranteed by AMCON up to a maximum of \$5.0 million, subject to a floor of \$288,000 annually. Accordingly, the Company has recorded a \$2.8 million liability related to the present value of the future minimum water royalty payments and related broker fees to be paid in perpetuity. This liability is classified in noncurrent liabilities of discontinued operations.

The water royalty is secured by a first priority security and mortgage on the acquired assets, other than inventory and accounts receivable. CPH retains the right to receive any water royalty payment for the first five years in shares of AMCON common stock up to maximum of 41,666 shares. The water royalty can be cancelled after ten years have elapsed and the business of TSI is sold to an unaffiliated third party, in which case CPH would be entitled to receive the appraised fair market value of the water royalty but not less than \$5.0 million. The Company's Chairman has in turn guaranteed AMCON in connection with AMCON's obligation for these payments. The Company is in settlement discussions with respect to the TSI litigation discussed in Note 11, pursuant to which it is undertaking to divest substantially all of the assets and liabilities of TSI as part of a complete settlement of any and all claims against the Company by CPH. Management believes that the recorded balances of the subject assets and liabilities have been recognized at their respective fair values.

1.0

3. CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

The Company has the following Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding as of March 2007:

Series A Series B Series C

Date of issuance:	June 17, 2004	October 8, 2004	March 6, 2006
Optionally redeemable beginning	June 18, 2006	October 9, 2006	March 4, 2008
Par value (gross proceeds):	\$2,500,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000
Number of shares:	100,000	80,000	80,000
Liquidation preference per share:	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$25.00
Conversion price per share:	\$30.31	\$24.65	\$13.62
Number of common shares in			
which to be converted:	82,481	81,136	146,842
Dividend rate:	6.785%	6.37%	6.00%

The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A"), Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series B") and Series C Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series C"), collectively (the "Preferred Stock"), are convertible at any time by the holders into a number of shares of AMCON common stock equal to the number of preferred shares being converted times a fraction equal to \$25.00 divided by the conversion price. The conversion prices for the Preferred Stock are subject to customary adjustments in the event of stock splits, stock dividends and certain other distributions on the Common Stock. Cumulative dividends for the Preferred Stock are payable in arrears, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year.

In the event of a liquidation of the Company, the holders of the Preferred Stock, are entitled to receive the liquidation preference plus any accrued and unpaid dividends prior to the distribution of any amount to the holders of the Common Stock. The Preferred Stock also contain redemption features which trigger based on certain circumstances such as a change of control, minimum thresholds of ownership by the Chairman and his family in AMCON, or bankruptcy. The Preferred Stock are optionally redeemable by the Company beginning on various dates, as listed above, at redemption prices equal to 112% of the liquidation preference. The redemption prices decrease 1% annually thereafter until the redemption price equals the liquidation preference after which date it remains the liquidation preference. The Company's credit facility also prohibits the redemption of the Series A and Series B. Series C is only redeemable so long as no event of default is in existence at the time of, or would occur after giving effect to, any such redemption, and the Company has excess availability under the credit facility of not less than \$2.0 million after giving effect to any such redemption.

The Company believes that redemption of these securities by the holders is not probable based on the following evaluation. Our executive officers and directors as a group beneficially own approximately 60% of the outstanding common stock as of March 31, 2007. Mr. William Wright, who has been AMCON's Chairman of the Board since AMCON's founding, beneficially owns 27% of the outstanding common stock without giving effect to shares owned by his adult children. There is an identity of interest among AMCON and its officers and directors for purposes of the determination of whether the triggering redemption events described above are within the control of AMCON since AMCON

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can only make decisions on control or other matters through those persons. Moreover, the Preferred Stock is in friendly hands with no expectation that there would be any effort by the holders of such Preferred Stock to seek optional redemption without the Board being supportive of the events that may trigger that right. The Series A is owned by Mr. Wright, the Company's Chairman, and a private equity firm (Draupnir, LLC) of which Mr. Petersen and Mr. Hobbs, both of whom are directors of the Company, are Members. The Series B Preferred Stock is owned by an institutional investor which has elected Mr. Chris Atayan, now AMCON's Chief Executive Officer and Vice

Chairman, to AMCON's Board of Directors pursuant to voting rights in the Certificate of Designation creating the Series B Preferred Stock. The Series C is owned by Draupnir Capital LLC, which is a subsidiary of Draupnir, LLC (the owner of Series A). Mr. Petersen and Mr. Hobbs are also Members of Draupnir Capital, LLC.

In view of the foregoing considerations, the Company believes it is not probable under Rule 5-02.28 of Regulation S-X that the Series A, Series B or Series C Preferred Stock will become redeemable in the future.

4. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following at March 2007 and September 2006:

	March	September
	2007	2006
Finished goods LIFO reserve	\$ 27,916,834 (5,898,195)	\$ 29,407,201 (4,964,138)
	\$ 22,018,639	\$ 24,443,063
	=========	

The wholesale distribution and retail health food segment inventories consist of finished products purchased in bulk quantities to be redistributed to the Company's customers or sold at retail. The wholesale distribution inventories are stated at the lower of cost (last-in, first-out or "LIFO" method) or market and consist of the cost of finished goods. The retail health food operation utilizes the retail inventory method of accounting stated at the lower of cost (LIFO) or market and consists of the costs of finished goods. The LIFO reserves at March 2007 and September 2006 represent the amount by which LIFO inventories were less than the amount of such inventories valued on a first-in, first-out basis, respectively. Inventory also includes an allowance for obsolescence of \$0.4 million at March 2007 and September 2006. The Company's obsolescence allowance reflects estimated unsaleable or non-refundable inventory based upon an evaluation of slow moving and discontinued products.

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5. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill by reporting segment of the Company consisted of the following:

	March 2007	September 2006
Wholesale	\$ 3,935,931	\$ 3,935,931

Retail	1,912,877	1,912,877
	\$ 5,848,808	\$ 5,848,808
	=========	

Other intangible assets of the Company consisted of the following:

	March 2007	September 2006
Trademarks and tradenames Favorable leases (less accumulated	\$ 3,373,269	\$ 3,373,269
amortization of \$439,333 and \$419,466)	46,667	66,534
	\$ 3,419,936 ========	\$ 3,439,803

Goodwill, trademarks and tradenames are considered to have indefinite useful lives and therefore no amortization has been taken on these assets. The Company performs an annual impairment testing of goodwill and other intangible assets after the completion of its third fiscal quarter.

Amortization expense for intangible assets that are considered to have finite lives was \$9,933 and \$19,867 and \$9,932 and \$19,865 for the three and six months ended March 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Amortization expense related to intangible assets held at March 2007 for each of the five years subsequent to September 30, 2006 is estimated to be as follows:

	Fiscal 2007 /1/	Fiscal 2008	Fiscal 2009	Fiscal 2010	Fiscal 2011
Favorable leases	20,000	27,000	_	_	_
	=======			=======	

/1/ Represents amortization expense of intangible assets with finite lives for the remaining six months of Fiscal 2007.

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6. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share available to common shareholders is calculated by dividing income (loss) from continuing operations less preferred stock dividend requirements and income (loss) from discontinued operations by the weighted average common shares outstanding for each period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share available to common shareholders is

calculated by dividing income (loss) from continuing operations less preferred stock dividend requirements (when anti-dilutive) and income (loss) from discontinued operations by the sum of the weighted average common shares outstanding and the weighted average dilutive options, using the treasury stock method.

Stock options and potential common stock outstanding at March 2007 and March 2006 that were anti-dilutive were not included in the computations of diluted earnings per share. Such potential common shares totaled 330,704 for the three and six months ended March 2007, and 209,466 and 230,443 for the three and six months ended March 2006, respectively. The average exercise prices of these anti-dilutive options and potential common stock were \$22.03 for the three and six months ended March 2007, and \$28.03 and \$26.72 for the three and six months ended March 2006, respectively.

	1. 1	1.1	months		14 1-
H'Or	t n \triangle	three	months	ended	March

		For the three months ended March								
			200				2006			
					Diluted					
1.	Weighted average common shares outstanding		527,062		527,062		527,062		527,062	
2.	Weighted average of net additional shares outstanding assuming dilutive options exercised and proceeds used to purchase treasury stock and conversion of preferred stock /1/		_		_		_		57,455	
3.	Weighted average number of shares outstanding		527 , 062		527 , 062		527 , 062		584,517	
4.	(Loss) income from continuing operations Deduct: preferred stock		(216 , 224)		(216,224)	\$			289 , 255	
	dividend requirements /2/		(103,239)		(103,239)		(81,239)		(73,239)	
			(319,463)		(319,463)		208,016		216,016	
5.	Loss from discontinued operations	\$	(190,781)	\$	(190,781)	\$	(789,067)	\$	(789,067)	
6.	Net loss available to common shareholders	\$	(510,244) =======	\$	(510,244) ======	\$	(581,051) ======	\$	(573,051)	
7.	(Loss) income per share from continuing operations		(0.61)		(0.61)		0.39			
8.	Loss per share from discontinued operations		(0.36)		, ,		(1.49)			
9.	Net loss earnings per share available to common shareholders		(0.97)		(0.97)		(1.10)		, ,	

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^{/1/} For the three months ended March 2007, all stock options and Convertible

Preferred Stock Series were anti-dilutive and therefore excluded from the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding calculation. For the three months ended March 2006, dilutive shares included stock options and Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. All other preferred stock series at March 2006 were anti-dilutive and were not included as a component of the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding calculation.

/2/ For the three months ended March 2006, the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock was dilutive. Accordingly, the dilutive earnings calculation excludes the Series C Convertible Preferred stock dividend payments, as this preferred stock series was assumed to have been converted to common stock of the Company.

For	t.he	six	months	ended	March	
LOI	CIIC	JIA	moncin	CIICC	IIGI CII	

		2007			2006				
		Bas		Γ	iluted]	 Basic 		
1.	Weighted average common shares outstanding	52	7,062		527,062		527,062		527,062
2.	Weighted average of net additional shares outstanding assuming dilutive options exercised and proceeds used to purchase treasury stock and conversion of preferred stock /1/		_		19,069		_		_
2									
3.	Weighted average number of shares outstanding		7 , 062		546,131	===:	527 , 062		
4.	<pre>Income from continuing operations Deduct: preferred stock</pre>	\$ 36	1,401		361,401	\$	129,959	\$	129,959
	dividend requirements		3 , 772)		(208,772)		(156,106)		
			2 , 629		152,629		(26,147)		(26,147)
5.	<pre>Income (loss) from discontinued operations</pre>		7 , 397	\$	507 , 397	\$(1	,816,705)	\$(1	,816,705)
6.	Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$ 66		\$	660,026	\$(1	,842,852) ======	\$(1	,842,852)
7.	Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	0.29	\$	0.28	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.05)
8.	Earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations	•	0.96		0.93		(3.45)		
9.	Net earnings (loss) per share available to common shareholders	\$	1.25	\$	1.21	\$	(3.50)	\$	(3.50)

/1/ For the six months ended March 2007, in the money stock options were dilutive, while all

the Preferred Stock Series were anti-dilutive. Accordingly, the preferred stock series have been excluded as a component of the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding calculation for the six months ended March 2007. For the six months ended March 2006, stock options and Series A, B and C Convertible Preferred Stock were anti-dilutive and have not been included as a component of the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding calculation.

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7. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) per the accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited statements of operations to comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended March 2006. There were no such reconciling items to net income or accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) balances, during the three and six months ended March 2007.

	For the three months ended March 2006	For the six months ended March 2006
Net loss	\$ (499,812)	\$(1,686,746)
Interest rate swap valuation adjustment, net of income tax benefit of \$18,000 and \$29,000 for the three and six months		
ended March 2006	(29,351)	(47,480)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (529,163) ======	\$(1,734,226) ======

8. DEBT

Credit Agreement

The Company has a credit agreement with LaSalle Bank (the "Facility"), which includes the following significant terms:

- A \$55.0 million revolving credit limit, plus the outstanding balances on two term notes ("Term Note A" and "Term Note B") which totaled approximately \$1.7 million at March 31, 2007 for a total credit facility limit of \$56.7 million at March 31, 2007.
- Bears interest at the bank's prime interest rate.
- Maturity and expiration dates for the Facility and Term Note A of April 2009 and March 2008 for Term Note B.
- Lending limits subject to accounts receivable and inventory limitations, and an unused commitment fee equal to 0.25% per annum on the difference between the maximum loan limit and average monthly borrowings.
- A prepayment penalty of two percent (2%) and one percent (1%) of the prepayment loan limit of \$55.0 million if prepayment occurs on or before April 30, 2007 and April 30, 2008, respectively.

The Facility also includes quarterly debt service and cumulative earnings

before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") financial covenants. A minimum debt service ratio of 1.0 to 1.0 is required beginning with the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2007 for the twelve month period then ended.

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The cumulative minimum EBITDA requirements are as follows: (a) \$1,000,000 for the three months ending December 31, 2006, December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2008 (b) \$2,000,000 for the six months ending March 31, 2007, March 31, 2008, and March 31, 2009, (c) \$4,500,000 for the nine months ending June 30, 2007, June 30, 2008 and \$7,000,000 for the twelve months ending September 30, 2007 and September 30, 2008. The Company was in compliance with all the aforementioned covenants at March 31, 2007.

The Facility provides that the Company may not pay dividends on its common stock in excess of \$0.72 per share on an annual basis. Additionally, the Facility contains an event of default if AMCON or its subsidiaries make any payment (in cash or other property) or a judgment is entered against AMCON or its subsidiaries requiring a payment (in cash or other property) to be made under or in connection with the guaranty by AMCON of the TSI acquisition notes or the water royalty under the asset purchase agreement for the purported sale of TSI assets.

The Facility also provides for a "springing" lock-box arrangement, under which, the Company maintains a lock-box from which it may apply cash receipts to any corporate purpose so long as it is not in default under the Facility. The bank maintains a security interest in the Company's lock-box and upon the occurrence of default may redirect funds from the lock-box to a loan account in the name of the lenders on a daily basis and apply the funds against the revolving loan balance.

At March 31, 2007, the available credit on the revolving portion of the Facility, including accounts receivable and inventory limitations, was \$51.3 million and the outstanding balance was \$44.3 million. The Facility bears interest at the bank's prime rate, which was 8.25% as of March 31, 2007 and is collateralized by all of the Company's equipment, intangibles, inventories, and accounts receivable.

As a component of the credit agreement, the Company has two term notes, Term Note A and Term Note B, with LaSalle Bank. Term Note A bears interest at the bank's prime rate (8.25% at March 31, 2007) and is payable in monthly installments of \$16,333. Term Note B bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 2% (10.25% at March 31, 2007) and is payable in monthly installments of \$100,000. The outstanding balances on Term Note A and Term Note B were \$0.7 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, as of March 31, 2007.

The Company's Chairman has personally guaranteed repayment of the Facility and the term loans. However, the amount of his guaranty is capped at \$10.0 million and is automatically reduced by the amount of the repayment on Term Note B, which resulted in the guaranteed principal outstanding being reduced to approximately \$6.0 million as of March 31, 2007. AMCON pays the Company's Chairman an annual fee equal to 2% of the guaranteed principal in return for the personal guarantee. This guarantee is secured by a pledge of the shares of Chamberlin's Natural Foods Inc., Health Food Associates Inc. ("Akin's Natural Foods Inc."), HNWC and TSI.

Cross Default and Co-Terminus Provisions

The Company's owned real estate in Bismarck, ND, Quincy, IL, and Rapid City, SD, and certain warehouse equipment in the Rapid City, SD warehouse is financed through term loans with Marshall and Ilsley Bank ("M&I"), who is also a participant lender on the Company's revolving line of credit.

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The M&I loans contain cross default provisions which cause all loans with M&I to be considered in default if any one of the loans where M&I is a lender, including the revolving credit facility, is in default. In addition, the M&I loans contain co-terminus provisions which require all loans with M&I to be paid in full if any of the loans are paid in full prior to the end of their specified terms.

OTHER

AMCON has issued a letter of credit in the amount of approximately \$1.0 million to its workers' compensation insurance carrier as part of its self-insured loss control program.

9. STOCK PLANS

Prior to its expiration in June 2004, AMCON maintained a stock-based compensation plan ("the Plan") which provided the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors authorization to grant incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options, pursuant to the Stock Option Plan, of up to 550,000 shares.

The Company accounted for the stock option grants in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" using the intrinsic value method under which compensation cost was measured by the excess, if any, of the fair market value of its common stock on the date of grant over the exercise price of the stock option using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Accordingly, stock-based compensation costs related to stock option grants was not reflected in income or loss as all options granted under the plan had an exercise price equal to or above the market value of the underlying stock on the date of grant. Options under the expired Plan were generally granted at the stock's fair market value at date of grant. Options issued to shareholders holding 10% or more of the Company's stock were generally issued at 110% of the stock's fair market value at date of grant.

On October 1, 2005, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123R, Shared Based Payment (SFAS 123R). The Company chose to apply the modified prospective transition method as permitted by SFAS 123R and therefore has not restated prior periods. Under this transition method, compensation cost associated with employee stock options recognized for the three and six months ended March 2007, includes amortization related to the remaining unvested portion of stock options granted prior to September 30, 2005. The Company's only stock option grant since fiscal 2003 was a non-qualified option to purchase 25,000 shares of the Company's common stock awarded to the Company's Chief Executive Officer in April 2007 as discussed in Note 12.

As a result of adopting SFAS 123R, net income (loss) before incomes taxes included share-based compensation expense of \$3,000 and \$6,000 and \$15,000 and \$30,000 for the three and six months ended March 2007 and March 2006, respectively. At March 2007, there were 29,635 options fully vested and exercisable under the Stock Option Plan and unamortized compensation expense totaled approximately \$7,000.

Options issued and outstanding to management employees pursuant to the Stock Option Plan are summarized below:

Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options Outstanding	Number Exercisable	Aggregate Intrinsic Value March 2007
Fiscal 1998	\$ 15.68	9,171	9,171	\$ 74,469
Fiscal 1999	9 \$ 45.68 - \$ 51.14	6,683	6,683	-
Fiscal 2000	\$ 34.50	3,165	3 , 165	_
Fiscal 2003	\$ 28.80	4,046	2,428	_
		23,065	21,447	\$ 74 , 469
		=====	======	=======

At March 2007, there were 8,188 options fully vested and exercisable issued to outside directors outside the Stock Option Plan as summarized as follows:

Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options Outstanding	Number Exercisable	Aggregate Intrinsic Value March 2007
Fiscal 19	98 \$ 15.68	1,834	1,834	\$ 14 , 892
Fiscal 19	99 \$ 36.82 - \$ 49.09	3 , 852	3,852	-
Fiscal 20	\$ 26.94	1,668	1,668	_
Fiscal 20	\$ 28.26	834	834	_
		8,188	8,188	\$ 14,892
		=====	=====	======

The stock options have varying vesting schedules ranging up to five years and expire ten years after the date of grant.

The following is a summary of stock option activity during the six months ended March 2007.

	March 2007		
	of	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at beginning of period	31,253	\$30.62	
Granted Exercised Forfeited/Expired	- - -	- - -	

Outstanding at end of period

31,253 \$30.62

Options exercisable at end of period 29,635

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The following summarizes all stock options outstanding at March 2007:

			Exercisab				
	Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Remaining Weighted-Average Contractual Life	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighte Exerc	
1998 Options	\$15.68	11,005	1.1 years	\$15.68	11,005	\$1	
1999 Options	\$36.82-\$51.14	10,535	2.6 years	\$46.53	10,535	\$4	
2000 Options	\$34.50	3,165	3.7 years	\$34.50	3,165	\$3	
2002 Options	\$26.94	1,668	5.9 years	\$26.94	1,668	\$2	
2003 Options	\$28.26-\$28.80	4,880	6.2 years	\$28.71	3,262	\$2	
		31,253		\$30.62	29,635	\$3	
		======		======	======	==	

10. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

AMCON has two reportable business segments: the wholesale distribution of consumer products and the retail sale of health and natural food products. The retail health food stores' operations are aggregated to comprise the retail segment because such operations have similar economic characteristics, as well as similar characteristics with respect to the nature of products sold, the type and class of customers for the health food products and the methods used to sell the products. Included in the "Other" column is interest expense previously allocated to HNWC and TSI, intercompany eliminations, charges incurred by the holding company, and assets of discontinued operations. The segments are evaluated on revenues, gross margins, operating income (loss), and income before taxes.

	Wholesale Distribution	Retail	Other /1/	Consolidated
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2007: External revenue:				
Cigarettes	\$ 143,291,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 143,291,673
Confectionery	13,485,184	_	_	13,485,184
Health food	_	9,812,607	_	9,812,607
Tobacco, food service & other	34,587,037	_	_	34,587,037
Total external revenue	191,363,894	9,812,607		201,176,501
Depreciation	307,568	138,703	_	446,271
Amortization	-	9,933	_	9,933
Operating income (loss)	1,489,830	849 , 053	(1,474,356)	864,527
Interest expense	282,711	373 , 975	581 , 290	1,237,976
Income (loss) from continuing				

1,217,567 485,740 (2,044,531) (341,224)

operations before taxes

Total assets	65,221,350	11,591,894	10,321,086	87,134,330	
Capital expenditures	33,251	7,280	_	40,531	
OHADEED ENDED MADON 2006.					
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2006: External revenue:					
Cigarettes	\$ 141,811,011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 141,811,011	
Confectionery	13,038,041	_	_	13,038,041	
Health food	_	9,711,316	_	9,711,316	
Tobacco, food service & other	31,243,422		_	31,243,422	
Total external revenue		9,711,316		195,803,790	
Depreciation	312,657		_	472,929	
Amortization	_	9,932	_	9,932	
Operating income (loss)	1,640,706				
Interest expense	328,612	397 , 520	383,753	1,109,885	
Income (loss) from continuing	1 221 140	557,042	(1 202 027)	404 255	
operations before taxes Total assets	1,331,140 63,188,858	12,642,701	(1,393,927) 16,065,716		
Capital expenditures	238,212		10,000,710	262,707	
Capital emperated				202, 101	
	20)			
	Wholesale				
	Distribution	Retail	Other /1/	Consolidated	
SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 2007:					
External revenue: Cigarettes	\$ 294,149,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 294,149,869	
Confectionery	26,923,892	_	_	26,923,892	
Health food	-	18,891,317	_	18,891,317	
Tobacco, food service & other	70,577,572	-	_	70,577,572	
Total external revenue		18,891,317	_	410,542,650	
Depreciation	613 , 640 -			894,180	
Amortization Operating income (loss)		19 , 867 1 350 621		19,867 3,042,732	
Interest expense	581,791		1,164,317		
Income (loss) from continuing	,	,	_,,	_,,	
operations before taxes	3,512,517	609 , 977	(3,523,093)	599,401	
Total assets	65,221,350		10,321,086	87,134,330	
Capital expenditures	123,756	87,584	_	211,340	
SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 2006:					
External revenue:					
Cigarettes	\$ 286,249,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 286,249,377	
Confectionery	25,243,784	-	_	25,243,784	
Health food	_	18,725,875	_	18,725,875	
Tobacco, food service & other	63,801,835	-	-	63,801,835	
Total external revenue	375,294,996	18,725,875	_	394,020,871	
Depreciation	617,193	324,529	-	941,722	
Amortization	_	19,865	_	19,865	
Operating income (loss)	2,838,846	1,446,110	(1,811,238)		
Interest expense Income (loss) from continuing	702,855	806 , 207	758 , 288	2,267,350	
operations before taxes	2,166,819	658,667 (2,569,527)		255,959	
Total assets	63,188,858		16,065,716	91,897,275	
Capital expenditures	321,638	55,611	_	377,249	

^{/1/} Includes interest expense previously allocated to HNWC and TSI, intercompany eliminations,

charges incurred by the holding company, and assets of discontinued operations.

11. CONTINGENCIES

The Company and its consolidated subsidiary, TSI, were involved in litigation regarding shareholder approval of the purchase of substantially all of the assets of Trinity Springs, Ltd. (which later changed its name to Crystal Paradise Holdings, Inc. ("CPH")). That litigation has been settled and the presiding Court has approved the settlement and dismissed the lawsuit with prejudice.

The settlement resolved all disputes between the minority shareholder plaintiffs, CPH, AMCON, TSI and the Defendant Directors. The Company faces no further known liability from that lawsuit or settlement. However, the settlement did not resolve claims that AMCON and TSI may have against CPH, or that CPH may have against AMCON and TSI.

On December 21, 2006, CPH filed a first amended complaint in the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho (Elmore County) against AMCON and TSI and other defendants relating to the transfer of the assets of CPH to TSI and TSI's operation of the business thereafter. In this lawsuit, CPH asserts claims of foreclosure; breach of the asset purchase agreement, promissory notes and water royalty obligations; quantum meruit; unjust enrichment; and collection and enforcement of its security interest. In addition, CPH seeks a declaratory judgement that: (i) AMCON and TSI are obligated to perform under the asset purchase agreement and other agreements related to the asset

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purchase transaction; (ii) the actions of AMCON and TSI constituted events of default; (iii) TSI has not cured the events of default; (iv) TSI's obligations are accelerated under certain promissory notes; and (v) AMCON is liable to CPH under a guaranty and suretyship agreement for all amounts owing to CPH under the asset purchase agreement and related agreements. Finally, CPH seeks its costs and attorney fees.

AMCON disagrees with the assertions made by CPH and intends to vigorously defend against CPH's claims and to pursue its own claims against CPH.

With respect to the claims asserted by CPH in its recently filed complaint, AMCON's management, after consulting with the trial counsel, is unable at this time to state that any outcome unfavorable to AMCON is either probable or remote and therefore cannot estimate the amount or range of any potential loss, if any, because substantial discovery is needed, several unresolved legal issues exist, and other pretrial work is yet to be completed.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Stock Option Grant

On December 11, 2006, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors awarded Christopher Atayan, Chief Executive Officer, Vice Chairman and a Director of the Company, a non-qualified option to purchase 25,000 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to shareholder approval. On April 17, 2007, the Company's shareholders approved the stock option grant, which vests over a three year period and has an exercise price of \$18.00 per share, the December 11, 2006 closing price of the Company's common stock on the American Stock Exchange. The amount of compensation expense to be recorded in the Company's financial statements in connection with this grant, in accordance with SFAS 123R, was measured as of April 17, 2007, the date of shareholder approval.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other sections, contains forward looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties and which reflect management's current beliefs and estimates of future economic circumstances, industry conditions, company performance and financial results. Forward looking statements include information concerning the possible or assumed future results of operations of the Company and those statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words "future," "position," "anticipate(s)," "expect," "believe(s)," "see," "plan," "further improve," "outlook," "should" or similar expressions. For these statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not quarantees of future performance or results. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. You should understand that the following important factors, in addition to those discussed elsewhere in this document, could affect the future results of the Company and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in our forward looking statements:

- treatment of TSI transaction and litigation,

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- changing market conditions with regard to cigarettes,
- changes in promotional and incentive programs offered by manufacturers,
- the demand for the Company's products,
- new business ventures,
- domestic regulatory risks,
- competition,
- poor weather conditions,
- increases in fuel prices,
- collection of guaranteed amounts,
- other risks over which the Company has little or no control, and
- any other factors not identified herein could also have such an effect.

Changes in these factors could result in significantly different results. Consequently, future results may differ from management's expectations. Moreover, past financial performance should not be considered a reliable indicator of future performance. Any forward looking statement contained herein is made as of the date of this document. Except as required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or correct any of these forward looking statements in the future to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of material events or changes in future operating results, financial conditions or business over time.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Certain accounting estimates used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements require us to make judgments and estimates and the financial results we report may vary depending on how we make these judgments and estimates. Our critical accounting estimates are set forth in our 2006 Annual Report to Shareholders on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There have been no significant changes with respect to these policies during the first six months of fiscal 2007.

COMPANY OVERVIEW - SECOND FISCAL QUARTER 2007

The following discussion and analysis includes the Company's results of operations from continuing operations for the three and six months ended March 2007 and March 2006. Continuing operations is comprised of our wholesale distribution and retail health food segments. A separate discussion of our discontinued operations has been presented following our analysis of continuing operations. Accordingly, the sales, gross profit (loss), selling, general and administrative, depreciation and amortization, direct interest, other expenses and income tax benefit from our discontinued operations have been aggregated and reported as income (loss) from discontinued operations and are not a component of the aforementioned continuing operations discussion.

AMCON Distributing Company ("AMCON" or the "Company") is primarily engaged in the wholesale distribution business in the Great Plains and Rocky Mountain regions of the United States. In addition, AMCON operates thirteen retail health food stores in Florida and the Midwest. As used herein, unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "ADC" means the wholesale distribution segment and "AMCON" or the "Company" means AMCON Distributing Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. AMCON's second fiscal quarters ended on March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2006. For ease of discussion, AMCON's second fiscal quarters, which ended on March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2006, are referred to herein as March 2007 and 2006, respectively or Q2 2007 and Q2 2006, respectively.

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During the second quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company:

- experienced a \$5.4 million or 2.7%, increase in sales compared to Q2 2006.
- reduced total continuing operations debt by \$3.1 million compared to such debt as of September 2006.
- recognized (loss) income from continuing operations per basic share of (\$0.61) and \$0.39 for the three months ended March 2007 and March 2006, respectively, and \$0.29 and (\$0.05) for the six months ended March 2007 and March 2006, respectively.
- recognized (loss) income from discontinued operations per basic share of (\$0.36) and (\$1.49) for the three months ended March 2007 and March 2006, respectively, and \$0.96 and (\$3.45) for the six months ended March 2007 and March 2006, respectively.

Wholesale Distribution Segment

The wholesale distribution business represents approximately 95% of our consolidated sales. ADC serves approximately 5,000 retail outlets in the Great Plains and Rocky Mountain regions and is ranked as a top ten convenience store supplier by Convenience Store News.

ADC has significant alliances with the major cigarette manufacturers which we believe control over 90% of the cigarette industry volume. While some of our competitors have focused on the lower priced cigarette brands, ADC has made a conscious decision to support and grow our national brand segment and align our business with the major players in the industry. We believe that it is important not to compete against the major cigarette manufacturers because of their commitment to growing and maintaining their market share in a declining category. Additionally, we believe that consumers' preference for premium brands currently drives the category volume.

We provide our retailers with a broad selection of merchandise in all product categories and continue to focus on growing our non-cigarette categories, which represented approximately 25% of our total wholesale distribution segment sales for the six months ended March 2007 as compared to 24% for the

same period in the prior year.

The Company has adopted a number of operating strategies which management believes provide the Company with distinctive competitive advantages within this customer segment. One key operating strategy is our commitment to provide market leading customer service. In a continuing effort to provide superior customer service, ADC offers a complete point-of-sale (POS) program to assist customers with image management, product promotions, private label and custom food service programs and overall profit maximization. Additionally, ADC has a policy of next-day delivery and sells products in cut-case quantities or "by the each" (i.e. individual units). The Company also offers planograms to convenience store customers to assist in the design of stores and the display of products within the store. In addition, customers are able to use our web site to order products and promotions, manage inventory and retail prices, as well as obtain periodic velocity management reports.

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Management has worked to improve ADC's operating efficiency by investing in information technology systems to automate our buying and financial control functions, as well as minimizing inventory costs. By offering superior customer service and aggressively managing operating costs, management believes ADC is better positioned to compete with both smaller and larger distributors.

Increases in fuel prices, in addition to increases in other operating costs, are having a significant impact on all distributors in the United States. We expect that competition and the pressure on profit margins will continue to affect both large and small distributors resulting in additional industry consolidation.

Retail Health Food Segment

The retail health food industry is experiencing growth primarily because of the demand for natural products and more health conscious consumers. Our retail health food segment has benefitted from this trend, experiencing sales growth in many product categories including grocery and supplements. Management continues to evaluate locations for new stores and closely reviews existing locations for opportunities to close, relocate or expand strong performing stores.

AMCON's retail health food stores are managed collectively through a main office in Tulsa, Oklahoma. The Company strives to maintain the local identity of each store while leveraging the operating synergies of centralized management operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Continuing Operations

SALES

Changes in sales are driven by two primary components as follows:

- (i) changes to selling prices, which is largely controlled by our product suppliers and excise taxes imposed on cigarettes and tobacco products by various states; and
- (ii) changes in the volume of products sold to our customers, either due to a change in purchasing patterns resulting from consumer preferences or the fluctuation in the comparable number of business days in our reporting period.

Sales by business segment for the three and six month periods ended March 2007 and March 2006 are as follows (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended March			Six months ended March			
	2007	2006	Incr	2007	2006	Incr	
Wholesale distribution segment Retail health food segment	\$191.4 9.8	\$186.1 9.7	•	\$391.6 18.9	\$ 375.3 18.7	\$ 16.3 0.2	
	\$201.2	\$195.8 =====	\$ 5.4 =====	\$410.5	\$ 394.0	\$ 16.5	

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Three months ended March 2007 comparison - continuing operations

Sales for Q2 2007 increased \$5.4 million, or 2.7% as compared to Q2 2006. Sales are reported net of costs associated with sales incentives provided to retailers, totaling \$4.0 million and \$3.6 million, for Q2 2007 and Q2 2006, respectively.

Sales from our wholesale distribution segment increased \$5.3 million for the three months ended March 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year. This increase was comprised of a \$1.5 million increase in cigarette sales and a \$3.8 million increase in tobacco, confectionary, food service and other product sales in Q2 2007 as compared to Q2 2006.

Significant items impacting sales during Q2 2007 were price increases implemented by major cigarette manufacturers and increases in cigarette excise taxes imposed by certain states during Q2 2007. These items had the impact of increasing cigarette sales by approximately \$3.1 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, during Q2 2007 as compared to Q2 2006. The remaining change in cigarette sales during Q2 2007 is due to changes in product mix and a 3.3% decrease in carton volume as compared to Q2 2006. The increase in tobacco, confectionary, food service and other product sales is primarily the result of fluctuations in the product mix sold, price increases and changes in sales volumes.

Sales from our retail health food segment increased slightly to 9.8 million in Q2 2007 as compared to 9.7 million in Q2 2006.

Six months ended March 2007 comparison - continuing operations

Sales for the six month period ended March 2007 increased \$16.5 million, or 4.2% compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Sales for the six months ended March 2007 and 2006, were net of costs associated with sales incentives provided to retailers, totaling \$7.9 million and \$7.2 million, respectively.

Sales from our wholesale distribution segment increased \$16.3 million for the six months ended March 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Of this increase, cigarette sales increased \$7.9 million and sales of tobacco, confectionary and other products increased \$8.4 million. Significant items impacting sales in this segment during the first six months of fiscal

2007 were price increases implemented by major cigarette manufacturers and increases in cigarette excise taxes imposed by certain states during the first six months of fiscal 2007. These items had the impact of increasing cigarette sales by approximately \$5.0 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, during the first six months of fiscal 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The remaining change in our wholesale distribution segment sales is primarily the result of fluctuations in the product mix sold, price increases within the tobacco, confectionary, food service and other product categories and changes in sales volumes.

Sales from our retail health food segment increased 0.2 million or 1.0%, during the first six months of fiscal 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006.

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GROSS PROFIT

Our gross profit does not include fulfillment costs and costs related to the distribution network which are included in selling, general and administrative costs, and may not be comparable to those of other entities.

Some entities may classify such costs as a component of cost of sales. Cost of sales, a component used in determining gross profit, for the wholesale and retail segments includes the cost of products purchased from manufacturers, less incentives that we receive which are netted against such costs.

Gross profit by business segment for the three and six month periods ended March 2007 and March 2006 are as follows (dollars in millions):

		hree Mont nded Marc	Six Months ended March				
	2007	2006	Incr (Decr)	2007	2006	Incr (Decr)	
Wholesale distribution segment Retail health food segment	\$ 10.4 3.9	\$ 10.6 4.0	\$ (0.2) (0.1)	\$21.9 7.5	\$ 21.1 7.6	\$ 0.8 (0.1)	
	\$ 14.3	\$ 14.6 =====	\$ (0.3) =====	\$29.4	\$ 28.7	\$ 0.7	

Three months ended March 2007 comparison - continuing operations

Gross profit for the three month period ended March 2007 decreased \$0.3 million, or 1.9% as compared to Q2 2006 and gross profit as a percent of sales decreased to 7.1% as compared to 7.5% in Q2 2006.

During Q2 2007, gross profit in our wholesale distribution segment decreased \$0.2 million or 1.9%, compared to Q2 2006. Decreasing gross profit in this segment during the three month period was a \$0.7 million higher inventory LIFO reserve charge as compared to the same period in the prior year, partially offset by a \$0.6 million benefit resulting from excise tax increases during Q2 2007. The remaining change in our wholesale distribution segment gross margin was primarily the result of fluctuations in the product mix sold, promotional allowances received from manufacturers, price increases

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within our non-cigarette product categories and changes in unit volumes sold.

Gross profit for the retail health segment decreased slightly in Q2 2007 to \$3.9 million from \$4.0 million in Q2 2006. Decreasing gross profit during Q2 2007 was attributable to a \$0.2 million higher inventory LIFO reserve charge as compared to the same period in the prior year. This higher LIFO reserve charge was partially offset by the impact of an improved sales mix of higher margin products.

Six months ended March 2007 comparison - continuing operations

For the six months ended March 2007, gross profit increased \$0.7 million, or 2.6% compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Gross profit as a percent of sales decreased slightly to 7.2% from 7.3% for the six month period ended March 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006.

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Gross profit from our wholesale distribution segment increased approximately \$0.8 million or 3.8%, for the six months ended March 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Increasing gross profit during the six month period was approximately a \$0.6 million benefit resulting from excise tax increases during the first six months of fiscal 2007. This increase was offset by a \$0.6 million higher inventory LIFO reserve charge incurred during the first six months of 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The remaining change in our wholesale distribution segment gross margin was primarily the result of fluctuations in the product mix sold, promotional allowances received from manufacturers, price increases within our non-cigarette product categories and changes in unit volumes sold.

Gross profit in our retail health food segment decreased approximately \$0.1 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2006. Decreasing gross profit during the first six months of fiscal 2007 was a \$0.2 million higher inventory LIFO reserve charge as compared to the same period in the prior year. This higher LIFO reserve charge was partially offset by the impact of an improved sales mix of higher margin products.

OPERATING EXPENSE - three and six months ended March 2007 comparison

Operating expense includes selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization. Selling, general and administrative include costs related to our sales, warehouse, delivery and administrative departments for all segments. Specifically, purchasing and receiving costs, warehousing costs and costs of picking and loading customer orders are all classified as selling, general and administrative expenses. Our most significant expenses relate to employee costs, facility and equipment leases, transportation costs, fuel costs, insurance and professional fees.

In Q2 2007, operating expenses increased approximately \$0.4 million, or 3.4% as compared to Q2 2006. This increase was primarily related to higher insurance, compensation and professional expenses incurred during Q2 2007, partially offset by a decrease in bad debt expense as compared to Q2 2006.

For the six month period ended March 2007, total operating expenses increased by approximately \$0.2 million, or 0.7% as compared to the same period in the prior year. This increase was primarily related to higher compensation costs, partially offset by a decrease in bad debt expense, during the first six months of fiscal 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year.

INTEREST EXPENSE - three and six months ended March 31, 2007 comparison

Interest expense for the three and six months ended March 2007, increased \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively as compared to the same periods in 2006. These changes were principally related to increases in the prime interest rate, which is the rate at which the Company primarily borrows, and the maturity of an interest rate swap which expired in fiscal 2006. The interest rate swap had the effect of converting \$10.0 million of the Company's credit facility borrowings to a fixed interest rate of 4.87%.

On average, the Company's borrowing rates on variable rate debt were 0.87% higher and the average borrowings on variable rate debt were \$1.5 million lower in Q2 2007 as compared to Q2 2006. For the six months ended March 2007, variable interest rates were on average 1.14% higher and average

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borrowings on variable rate debt were \$1.9 million higher as compared to the same period in 2006.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS - three and six months ended March 2007

Discontinued operations include the residual assets, liabilities and results of operations of Hawaiian Natural Water Company, Inc. ("HNWC") and Trinity Springs, Inc. ("TSI") for the three and six months ended March 2007 and HNWC, TSI and The Beverage Group, Inc. ("TBG") for the three and six months ended March 2006. In April 2006, the Company successfully concluded its wind-down plan of TBG's operations at which time its residual liabilities were classified in continuing operations.

(Loss) income from discontinued operations totaled (\$0.2) million and \$0.5 million for the three and six months ended March 2007 compared to (\$0.8) million and (\$1.8) million for the same periods in the prior year. The change in (loss) income compared to the same periods in the prior fiscal year, is primarily attributable to the November 2006 sale of HNWC's assets for pretax gain of \$1.6 million. Additionally, TSI's operations were closed in March 2006, which has stemmed further operating losses in the current fiscal year. Also, during Q2 2007 the former distribution warehouse for TSI was sold at a foreclosure sale for approximately \$0.2 million. The proceeds of this sale were used to reduce TSI's outstanding debt and resulted in a pretax loss of approximately \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 2007.

A summary of discontinued operations is as follows:

	Three months ended March			Six months ended March			
	2007		2006	2007		2006	
Sales	\$	_	\$ 2,183,896	\$	862 , 647	\$	4,650,0
Operating loss (Loss) gain on disposal of discontinued		(112,305)	(1,128,218)		(328, 286)		(2,672,3
operations, before income taxes		(107, 255)	_		1,455,333		
<pre>Income tax (benefit) expense (Loss) income from</pre>		(120,000)	(445,000)		433,000		(1,044,0
discontinued operations		(190,781)	(789 , 067)		507,397		(1,816,7

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Overview

Operating Activities. The Company requires cash to pay operating expenses, purchase inventory and make capital investments. In general, the Company finances these cash needs from the cash flow generated by its operating activities, credit facility borrowings and preferred stock issuances, as necessary. During the six months ended March 2007, the Company generated cash of approximately \$0.5 million from operating activities. This change in cash was primarily related to a reduction in inventory and accounts receivable levels in our wholesale distribution segment, partially offset by the pay down of accounts payable and accrued expenses in both our continuing and discontinued operations.

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Our variability in cash flows from operating activities is heavily dependent on the timing of inventory purchases and seasonal fluctuations. For example, in the circumstance where we are "buying-in" to obtain favorable terms on particular product or to maintain our LIFO layers, we may have to retain the inventory for a period longer than the payment terms. This generates a cash outflow from operating activities that we expect to reverse in later periods. Additionally, during the warm weather months, which is our peak time of the year operationally, we generally carry larger inventory back stock to ensure high fill rates to maintain customer satisfaction.

Investing Activities. The Company generated approximately \$3.8 million in cash from investing activities during the first six months of fiscal 2007. Of the cash generated, approximately \$3.8 million resulted from the sale of HNWC's assets in November 2006 and \$0.2 million related to the sale of TSI's distribution warehouse included as part of our discontinued operations. These cash proceeds were partially offset by \$0.2 million in capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment.

Financing Activities. The Company used net cash of \$4.1 million for financing activities during the first six months of fiscal 2007. Of this net change in cash, the Company used cash of \$2.9 million for principal payments on its bank credit facility, \$1.0 million for principal payments on long-term debt for both continuing and discontinued operations, and \$0.2 million for the payment of preferred stock dividend payments.

Cash on Hand/Working Capital. As of March 2007, the Company had cash on hand of \$0.6 million and working capital (current assets less current liabilities) of \$26.4 million. This compares to cash on hand of \$0.5 million and working capital of \$28.0 million as of September 2006.

TSI Litigation

As discussed in Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Unaudited Financial Statements included within this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in fiscal 2006 Company management decided to cease operations of TSI due to recurring losses, lack of capital resources, and the litigation discussed in Part II, Item 1, Legal Proceedings regarding the ownership of the assets of TSI. As a result of this decision, there are no revenues and only minimal expenses at TSI. Management is working to divest substantially all of the assets of TSI in an attempt to achieve a complete resolution of any and all claims by CPH against the Company and that the Company has against CPH. The impact of this decision on our future cash flows is that only minimal expenses are funded at TSI.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no significant changes to the Company's contractual obligations as set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal period ended September 30, 2006.

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CREDIT AGREEMENT

The Company's primary source of borrowing for liquidity purposes is its revolving credit facility with LaSalle Bank (the "Facility"). The significant terms of the Facility at March 31, 2007 include:

- A \$55.0 million revolving credit limit, plus the outstanding balances on two term notes ("Term Note A" and "Term Note B") which totaled approximately \$1.7 million at March 31, 2007 for a total credit facility limit of \$56.7 million at March 31, 2007.
- Bears interest at the bank's prime interest rate.
- Maturity and expiration dates for the Facility and Term Note A of April 2009 and March 2008 for Term Note B.
- Lending limits subject to accounts receivable and inventory limitations, an unused commitment fee equal to 0.25% per annum on the difference between the maximum loan limit and average monthly borrowings.
- A prepayment penalty of two percent (2%) and one percent (1%) of the prepayment loan limit of \$55.0 million if prepayment occurs on or before April 30, 2007 and April 30, 2008, respectively.

The Facility also includes quarterly debt service and cumulative earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") financial covenants. A minimum debt service ratio of 1.0 to 1.0 is required beginning with the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2007 for the twelve month period then ended.

The cumulative minimum EBITDA requirements are as follows: (a) \$1,000,000 for the three months ending December 31, 2006, December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2008 (b) \$2,000,000 for the six months ending March 31, 2007, March 31, 2008, and March 31, 2009, (c) \$4,500,000 for the nine months ending June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2008 and \$7,000,000 for the twelve months ending September 30, 2007 and September 30, 2008. The Company was in compliance with all the aforementioned covenants at March 31, 2007.

The Company's maximum available credit limit under the Facility was \$51.3 million at March 31, 2007, however, the amount available for use at any given time is subject to many factors including eligible accounts receivable and inventory balances that are evaluated on a daily basis. On March 31, 2007, the outstanding balance on the revolving portion of the Facility was \$44.3 million. The Facility bears interest at a variable rate equal to the bank's prime rate, which was 8.25% at March 31, 2007. Based on our collateral and loan limits, the Company's excess availability under the Facility at March 31, 2007 was approximately \$7.0 million.

During the first six months of fiscal 2007, our peak borrowings under the Facility were \$52.6 million and our average borrowings and average availability were \$47.6 and \$2.7 million, respectively. Our availability to borrow under the Facility generally decreases as inventory and accounts receivable levels go up because of the borrowing limitations that are placed on the collateralized assets.

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As a component of the credit agreement, the Company has two term notes, Term Note A and Term Note B, with LaSalle Bank. Term Note A bears interest at the bank's prime rate (8.25% at March 31, 2007) and is payable in monthly installments of \$16,333. Term Note B bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 2% (10.25% at March 31, 2007) and is payable in monthly installments of \$100,000. The outstanding balances on Term Note A and Term Note B were \$0.7 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, as of March 31, 2007.

The Company's Chairman has personally guaranteed repayment of the Facility and the term loans. However, the amount of his guaranty is capped at \$10.0 million and is automatically reduced by the amount of the repayment on Term Note B, which resulted in the guaranteed principal outstanding being reduced to approximately \$6.0 million as of March 31, 2007. AMCON pays the Company's Chairman an annual fee equal to 2% of the guaranteed principal in return for the personal guarantee. This guarantee is secured by a pledge of the shares of Chamberlin's Natural Foods Inc., Health Food Associates Inc., HNWC and TSI.

Cross Default and Co-Terminus Provisions

The Company's owned real estate in Bismarck, ND, Quincy, IL, and Rapid City, SD, and certain warehouse equipment in the Rapid City, SD warehouse is financed through term loans with Marshall and Ilsley Bank ("M&I"), which is also a participant lender on the Company's revolving line of credit. The M&I loans contain cross default provisions which cause all loans with M&I to be considered in default if any one of the loans where M&I is a lender, including the revolving credit facility, is in default. In addition, the M&I loans contain co-terminus provisions which require all loans with M&I to be paid in full if any of the loans are paid in full prior to the end of their specified terms.

OTHER

AMCON has issued a letter of credit for approximately \$1.0 million to its workers' compensation insurance carrier as part of its self-insured loss control program.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its variable rate debt. At March 31, 2007, the Company had \$46.0 million of variable rate debt outstanding with maturities through April 2009. The interest rate on this debt ranged from 8.25% to 10.25% at March 2007. We estimate that our annual cash flow exposure relating to interest rate risk based on our current borrowings is approximately \$0.3 million for each 1% change in our lender's prime interest rate.

We do not utilize financial instruments for trading purposes and hold no derivative financial instruments which could expose us to significant market risk.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed or furnished under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Exchange Act related rules and forms of the SEC.

Such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

The Company carried out the evaluation required by paragraph (b) of the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the CEO and CFO, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report on Form 10-Q, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is (1) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures and (2) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal controls.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company and its consolidated subsidiary, TSI, were involved in litigation regarding shareholder approval of the purchase of substantially all of the assets of Trinity Springs, Ltd. (which later changed its name to Crystal Paradise Holdings, Inc. ("CPH")). That litigation has been settled and the presiding Court has approved the settlement and dismissed the lawsuit with prejudice.

The settlement resolved all disputes between the minority shareholder plaintiffs, CPH, AMCON, TSI and the Defendant Directors. The Company faces no further known liability from that lawsuit or settlement. However, the settlement did not resolve claims that AMCON and TSI may have against CPH, or that CPH may have against AMCON and TSI.

On December 21, 2006, CPH filed a first amended complaint in the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Idaho (Elmore County) against AMCON and TSI and other defendants relating to the transfer of the assets of CPH to TSI and

TSI's operation of the business thereafter. In this lawsuit, CPH asserts claims of foreclosure; breach of the asset purchase agreement, promissory

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notes and water royalty obligations; quantum meruit; unjust enrichment; and collection and enforcement of its security interest. In addition, CPH seeks a declaratory judgement that: (i) AMCON and TSI are obligated to perform under the asset purchase agreement and other agreements related to the asset purchase transaction; (ii) the actions of AMCON and TSI constituted events of default; (iii) TSI has not cured the events of default; (iv) TSI's obligations are accelerated under certain promissory notes; and (v) AMCON is liable to CPH under a guaranty and suretyship agreement for all amounts owing to CPH under the asset purchase agreement and related agreements. Finally, CPH seeks its costs and attorney fees.

AMCON disagrees with the assertions made by CPH and intends to vigorously defend against CPH's claims and to pursue its own claims against CPH.

With respect to the claims asserted by CPH in its recently filed complaint, AMCON's management, after consulting with the trial counsel, is unable at this time to state that any outcome unfavorable to AMCON is either probable or remote and therefore cannot estimate the amount or range of any potential loss, if any, because substantial discovery is needed, several unresolved legal issues exist, and other pretrial work is yet to be completed.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the Company's risk factors as previously disclosed in Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our 2006 Annual Report to Shareholders on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no submission of matters to a vote of security holders to be reported during the three month fiscal period ended March 31, 2007.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification by Christopher H. Atayan, Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman, furnished pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 31.2 Certification by Andrew C. Plummer, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, furnished pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 32.1 Certification by Christopher H. Atayan, Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman, furnished pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 32.2 Certification by Andrew C. Plummer, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, furnished pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

AMCON DISTRIBUTING COMPANY (registrant)

Date:	April 17, 2007	/s/ Christopher H. Atayan

Christopher H. Atayan, Chief Executive Officer and

Vice Chairman

Date: April 17, 2007 /s/ Andrew C. Plummer

Andrew C. Plummer,

Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer