WASHINGTON FEDERAL INC

Form 10-Q August 07, 2015

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number 001-34654 WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington 91-1661606 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 91-1661606 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

425 Pike Street Seattle, Washington 98101

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(206) 624-7930

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90

days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files) Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Act). Yes o No x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Title of class: at August 6, 2015

93,982,148

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Financial Statements (Unaudited)

PART I

Item 1.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of W	ashington Federal,	Inc. and Subsidiaries f	filed as a

part of the report are as follows: Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014 3 Consolidated Statements of Operations for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the quarter and nine months ended June <u>5</u> 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 6 June 30, 2014 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 7 2014 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 9 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations 42 Item 2. Ouantitative and Oualitative Disclosures About Market Risk 53 Item 3. Controls and Procedures 53 Item 4. **PART II** <u>54</u> Item 1. **Legal Proceedings** Item 1A. Risk Factors 54 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds Item 2. 54 **Defaults Upon Senior Securities** 54 Item 3. <u>54</u> Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Item 5. Other Information <u>54</u> Item 6. **Exhibits** 54 Signatures 56

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (UNAUDITED)

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(CIMICDITED)	June 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
	(In thousands, e	xcept share data)
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$349,550	\$781,843
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value	2,624,374	3,049,442
Held-to-maturity securities, at amortized cost	1,586,514	1,548,265
Loans receivable, net	8,645,609	8,148,322
Covered loans, net	77,311	176,476
Interest receivable	39,550	52,037
Premises and equipment, net	267,835	257,543
Real estate held for sale	55,491	55,072
Real estate held for investment	4,336	4,808
Covered real estate held for sale	4,434	24,082
FDIC indemnification asset	18,783	36,860
FHLB and FRB stock	103,189	158,839
Bank owned life insurance	101,720	
Intangible assets, net	300,109	302,909
Federal and state income tax assets, net	11,286	16,515
Other assets	180,405	143,028
	\$14,370,496	\$14,756,041
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Customer accounts		
Transaction deposit accounts	\$5,696,536	\$5,490,687
Time deposit accounts	4,881,849	5,226,241
	10,578,385	10,716,928
FHLB advances	1,730,000	1,930,000
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	30,656	29,004
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	72,334	106,826
	12,411,375	12,782,758
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized;		
133,688,179 and 133,322,909 shares issued; 93,982,148 and 98,404,705 shares	133,688	133,323
outstanding		
Paid-in capital	1,643,243	1,638,211
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes	10,977	20,708
Treasury stock, at cost; 39,706,031 and 34,918,204 shares	(628,157) (525,108
Retained earnings	799,370	706,149
	1,959,121	1,973,283
	\$14,370,496	\$14,756,041

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(CITIEDITED)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
		, except per sh		2014	
INTEREST INCOME	(III thousands	, except per sn	are data)		
Loans and covered assets	\$107,250	\$108,089	\$324,817	\$321,650	
Mortgage-backed securities	16,995	20,507	54,313	60,947	
Investment securities and cash equivalents	5,055	6,415	16,084	16,023	
investment securities and cash equivalents	129,300	135,011	395,214	398,620	
INTEREST EXPENSE	127,300	155,011	373,211	370,020	
Customer accounts	12,485	14,238	38,504	44,517	
FHLB advances and other borrowings	16,250	17,494	50,082	51,877	
THE devances and other borrowings	28,735	31,732	88,586	96,394	
Net interest income	100,565	103,279	306,628	302,226	
Reversal of provision for loan losses	•	•	•	•)
Net interest income after reversal of provision for loan losses		106,279	318,009	314,162	,
The interest mediae area reversar of provision for loan losses	102,477	100,277	310,007	314,102	
OTHER INCOME					
Gain on sale of investments	9,639		9,639		
Prepayment penalty on long-term debt	(7,941)	_	(10,554)	_	
Loan fee income	1,915	2,297	6,028	5,668	
Deposit fee income	5,156	4,036	16,538	9,120	
Other income	3,042	1,739	6,380	5,774	
other medite	11,811	8,072	28,031	20,562	
	11,011	0,072	20,031	20,302	
OTHER EXPENSE					
Compensation and benefits	29,824	28,946	89,453	81,908	
Occupancy	8,492	7,468	24,866	21,864	
FDIC insurance premiums	2,377	2,978	5,431	8,679	
Information technology	3,783	3,505	11,695	10,365	
Product delivery	6,175	4,577	17,222	9,961	
Other expense	6,068	5,819	18,975	16,694	
r	56,719	53,293	167,642	149,471	
		,	, -	, ,	
Gain (loss) on real estate acquired through foreclosure, net	3,188	(2,056)	4,976	(3,454)
Income before income taxes	60,777	59,002	183,374	181,799	,
Income tax provision	21,727	21,092	65,556	64,996	
NET INCOME	\$39,050	\$37,910	\$117,818	\$116,803	
	+,	+	+ ,	+ 0,0 00	
PER SHARE DATA					
Basic earnings	\$0.41	\$0.38	\$1.22	\$1.15	
Diluted earnings	0.41	0.37	1.22	1.14	
Dividends paid on common stock per share	0.13	0.10	0.41	0.30	
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	94,466,524	100,979,219	96,335,777	101,777,112	,
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding,					
including dilutive stock options	94,904,262	101,393,936	96,726,085	102,234,350	
-					

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Quarter End 2015 (In thousand	ded June 30, 2014 ds)	Nine Months I 2015	Ended June 30, 2014
Net income	\$39,050	\$37,910	\$117,818	\$116,803
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax: Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securitie Reclassification adjustment of net gain (loss) from sale of available-for-sale securities included in net incom	e 9,639) 22,026	(21,378 9,639) 28,527 —
Related tax benefit (expense)	9,320 (16,042	(8,095) 13,931) 4,314 (7,425) 28,527
Net unrealized gain (loss) on long-term borrowing hedg Related tax benefit (expense)	e 5,587 (2,053 3,534	_) _ _	(3,646 1,340 (2,306) — (10,484)) (10,484)
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax Comprehensive income SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STA	(12,508 \$26,542 ATEMENTS) 13,931 \$51,841	(9,731 \$108,087) 18,043 \$134,846

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)							
	Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stoo	ck Total	
			(In thousands)				
Balance at October 1, 2014	\$133,323	\$1,638,211	\$706,149	\$ 20,708	\$(525,108)\$1,973,283	
Net income			117,818			117,818	
Other comprehensive income (loss)				(9,731)	(9,731)
Dividends on common stock			(24,597)		(24,597)
Compensation expense related to common stock options	3	900				900	
Proceeds from exercise of common stock option	_s 106	1,570				1,676	
Restricted stock expense Treasury stock acquired	259	2,562			(103,049	2,821)(103,049	`
Balance at June 30, 2015		\$1,643,243	\$799,370	\$ 10,977	\$(628,157))\$1,959,121)
,			•			, , ,	
	Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stoo		
		Paid-in Capital		Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stoo		
Balance at October 1,		Paid-in Capital	Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stoo \$(420,817		
Balance at October 1, 2013 Net income	Stock	•	Earnings (In thousands)	Other Comprehensive Income	e ·	ck Total	
Balance at October 1, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive income (loss)	Stock	•	Earnings (In thousands) \$594,450	Other Comprehensive Income	e ·)\$1,937,635	
Balance at October 1, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive	Stock	•	Earnings (In thousands) \$594,450 116,803	Other Comprehensive Income \$6,378	e ·)\$1,937,635 116,803)
Balance at October 1, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive income (loss) Dividends on common	Stock \$132,573	•	Earnings (In thousands) \$594,450 116,803	Other Comprehensive Income \$ 6,378	e ·)\$1,937,635 116,803 18,043)
Balance at October 1, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive income (loss) Dividends on common stock Compensation expense related to common stock options Proceeds from exercise	Stock \$132,573	\$1,625,051	Earnings (In thousands) \$594,450 116,803	Other Comprehensive Income \$ 6,378	e ·)\$1,937,635 116,803 18,043 (31,393)
Balance at October 1, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive income (loss) Dividends on common stock Compensation expense related to common stock options	\$132,573 \$132,573	\$1,625,051 900	Earnings (In thousands) \$594,450 116,803	Other Comprehensive Income \$ 6,378	e ·)\$1,937,635 116,803 18,043 (31,393)

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	
	(In thousands)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$117,818	\$116,803	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	S:		
Depreciation and amortization	19,075	8,467	
Cash received from (paid to) FDIC under loss share	(714) 949	
Stock option compensation expense	900	900	
Reversal of provision for loan losses	(11,381) (11,936)
(Gain) loss on investment securities and real estate held for sale	(25,817) 598	
Prepayment penalty from repayment of borrowings	10,554		
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable	12,487	(2,174)
Decrease (increase) in FDIC loss share receivable	1,795	(2,029)
Decrease in federal and state income tax	10,883	8,258	
Increase in cash surrender value in bank owned life insurance	(1,720) —	
Increase in other assets	(37,376) (14,514)
Decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(23,738) (10,487)
Net cash provided by operating activities	72,766	94,835	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	,	, ,,,,,,,,,	
Net loan originations	(204,527) (329,076)
Loans purchased	(183,406) —	
FHLB & FRB stock redemption	55,649	9,952	
Available-for-sale securities purchased	(329,490) (1,080,476)
Principal payments and maturities of available-for-sale securities	502,561	363,103	,
Proceeds on available-for-sale securities sold	244,749		
Held-to-maturity securities purchased	(249,382) —	
Principal payments and maturities of held-to-maturity securities	207,954	68,981	
Net cash received from acquisitions		1,776,660	
Proceeds from sales of real estate owned and held for investment	45,603	49,550	
Proceeds from sales of covered REO	17,474	17,216	
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	(100,000) —	
Premises and equipment purchased and REO improvements	(24,582) (35,647)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(17,397) 840,263	,
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(17,0)7) 0.10,203	
Net decrease in customer accounts	(138,390) (178,161)
Repayments of borrowings	(210,554) —	,
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options and related tax benefit	1,676	10,358	
Dividends paid on common stock	(38,997) (31,393)
Treasury stock purchased	(103,049) (64,231)
Increase (decrease) in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	1,652	(13,930)
Net cash used in financing activities	(487,662) (277,357)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(432,293) 657,741	,
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	781,843	203,563	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$349,550	\$861,304	
(CONTINUED)	φ <i>5</i> 4 7,55U	φου1,304	
(CONTINUED)			

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	
	(In thousands)		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Non-cash investing activities			
Non-covered real estate acquired through foreclosure	\$23,940	\$32,818	
Covered real estate acquired through foreclosure	1,892	6,163	
Cash paid during the period for			
Interest	88,511	97,485	
Income taxes	48,096	54,072	
The following summarizes the non-cash activities related to acquisitions			
Fair value of assets and intangibles acquired, including goodwill	\$ —	\$80,384	
Fair value of liabilities assumed	_	(1,857,044)
Net fair value of assets (liabilities)	\$ —	\$(1,776,660)

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations - Washington Federal, Inc. is a Washington corporation headquartered in Seattle, Washington. The Company is a bank holding company that conducts its operations through a federally-insured national bank subsidiary. The Bank is principally engaged in the business of attracting deposits from the general public and investing these funds, together with borrowings and other funds, in one-to-four family residential real estate loans, multi-family real estate loans and commercial loans. As used throughout this document, the terms "Washington Federal" or the "Company" refer to Washington Federal, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and the term "Bank" refers to the operating subsidiary Washington Federal, National Association.

Basis of Presentation - The consolidated unaudited interim financial statements included in this report have been prepared by Washington Federal. All intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation are reflected in the interim financial statements. The September 30, 2014 Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition was derived from audited financial statements.

The information included in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes in the Company's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K ("2014 Form 10-K") as filed with the SEC. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - The significant accounting policies used in preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements are disclosed in its 2014 Form10-K. Other than the reclassifications discussed below, there have not been any material changes in our significant accounting policies compared to those contained in our 2014 Form 10-K disclosure for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Exposures – The only material off-balance-sheet credit exposures are loans in process and unused lines of credit, which had a combined balance at June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, of \$686,134,000 and \$583,838,000, respectively. The Company estimates losses on off-balance-sheet credit exposures by allocating a loss percentage derived from historical loss factors for each asset class.

Reclassifications - Reclassification of Other Expenses into Product Delivery and Information Technology line items have been made to the financial statements for the quarters prior to September 30, 2014 to conform to current year classifications.

NOTE B - Acquisitions

There were no acquisitions completed during the nine months ended June 30, 2015. During the 2014 fiscal year, the Bank acquired seventy-four branches from Bank of America, National Association. Effective as of the close of business on October 31, 2013, the Bank completed the acquisition of eleven branches that are located in New Mexico. Effective as of the close of business on December 6, 2013, the Bank completed the acquisition of another forty branches that are located in Washington, Oregon, and Idaho. Effective as of the close of business on May 2, 2014, the Bank completed the acquisition of another twenty-three branches that are located in Arizona and Nevada. Management believes that these transactions represent a significant enhancement of our branch network. These transactions have brought new customers to the Bank and improved the deposit mix and reduced overall funding costs.

The combined acquisitions provided \$1,853,798,000 in deposit accounts, \$12,881,000 in loans, and \$25,097,000 in branch properties. The Bank paid a 1.99% premium on the total deposits and received \$1,776,660,000 in cash from the transactions. The acquisition method of accounting was used to account for the acquisitions. The purchased assets and assumed liabilities are recorded at their respective acquisition date estimated fair values. The Bank recorded \$11,040,000 in core deposit intangible and \$31,225,000 in goodwill related to these transactions.

The operating results include the operating results produced by the first eleven branches for the period from November 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015, for the additional forty branches from December 7, 2013 to June 30, 2015, and for the most recent twenty-three branches from May 3, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The table below displays the adjusted fair value as of the acquisition date for each major class of assets acquired and liabilities assumed during fiscal year 2014:

	Adjusted Fair Value Recorded by
	Washington Federal
	(In thousands)
Assets:	
Cash	\$1,776,660
Loans receivable, net	12,881
Property and equipment, net	25,097
Core deposit intangible	11,040
Goodwill	31,225
Other assets	70
Total Assets	1,856,973
Liabilities:	
Customer accounts	1,853,798
Other liabilities	3,175
Total Liabilities	1,856,973
Net assets acquired	\$—

NOTE C - Dividends

On May 29, 2015, the Company paid its 129th consecutive quarterly cash dividend on common stock. Dividends per share were \$.13 and \$.10 for the quarters ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company also announced the authorization of an additional 5 million shares that may be repurchased under Washington Federal's share repurchase program in May 2015.

On July 27, 2015, the Company announced its 130th consecutive quarterly cash dividend on common stock of \$0.13 per share. The current dividend will be paid on August 21, 2015, to common shareholders of record on August 7, 2015. For the nine months ended June 30, 2015, the Company has repurchased 4.8 million shares or 4.9 percent of the shares that were outstanding at the beginning of the year at an average price of \$21.52.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE D – Loans Receivable (excluding Covered Loans)

(In thousands) Non-acquired loans	
1 toll weggines touling	
Single-family residential \$5,549,746 60.1 % \$5,560,203 64.1	%
Construction - speculative 181,668 2.0 140,060 1.6	
Construction - custom 375,425 4.1 385,824 4.5	
Land - acquisition & development 87,382 0.9 77,832 0.9	
Land - consumer lot loans 102,495 1.1 108,623 1.3	
Multi-family 1,089,682 11.8 917,286 10.6	
Commercial real estate 808,539 8.7 591,336 6.9	
Commercial & industrial 451,478 4.9 379,226 4.4	
HELOC 122,870 1.3 116,042 1.4	
Consumer 205,932 2.2 132,590 1.5	
Total non-acquired loans 8,975,217 97.1 8,409,022 97.2	
Non-impaired acquired loans	
Single-family residential 12,895 0.1 11,716 0.1	
Construction - speculative — — — — —	
Construction - custom — — — — —	
Land - acquisition & development 1,028 — 905 —	
Land - consumer lot loans 2,472 — 2,507 —	
Multi-family 3,692 — 2,999 —	
Commercial real estate 102,089 1.1 97,898 1.1	
Commercial & industrial 57,614 0.6 51,386 0.6	
HELOC 6,414 0.1 8,274 0.1	
Consumer 2,916 — 5,670 0.1	
Total non-impaired acquired loans 189,120 1.9 181,355 2.0	
Credit-impaired acquired loans	
Single-family residential 6,288 0.1 325 —	
Construction - speculative — — — — —	
Land - acquisition & development 1,842 — 1,622 —	
Land - consumer lot loans 496 — — — —	
Multi-family — — — — —	
Commercial real estate 71,196 0.8 63,723 0.7	
Commercial & industrial 3,881 — 3,476 —	
HELOC 8,553 0.1 10,139 0.1	
Consumer 108 — 55 —	
Total credit-impaired acquired loans 92,364 1.0 79,340 0.8	
Total loans	
Single-family residential 5,568,929 60.3 5,572,244 64.2	
Construction - speculative 181,668 2.0 140,060 1.6	
Construction - custom 375,425 4.1 385,824 4.5	
Land - acquisition & development 90,252 0.9 80,359 0.9	
Land - consumer lot loans 105,463 1.1 111,130 1.3	

Multi-family	1,093,374	11.8	920,285	10.6
Commercial real estate	981,824	10.6	752,957	8.7

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Commercial & industrial	512,973	5.5		434,088	5.0	
HELOC	137,837	1.5		134,455	1.6	
Consumer	208,956	2.2		138,315	1.6	
Total Loans	9,256,701	100	%	8,669,717	100	%
Less:						
Allowance for probable losses	105,611			112,347		
Loans in process	438,941			346,172		
Discount on acquired loans	28,399			25,391		
Deferred net origination fees	38,141			37,485		
	611,092			521,395		
	\$8,645,609			\$8,148,322		

Changes in the carrying amount and accretable yield for acquired non-impaired and credit-impaired loans (excluding covered loans) for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were as follows:

June 30, 2015	Acquired Impaired		Acquired Non-impaired		
	Accretable Yield	Net Carrying Amount of Loans	Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	
	(In thousands)				
Balance as of beginning of period	\$32,591	\$57,771	\$4,254	\$177,440	
Transfer from covered loans (2)	23,167	15,866	1,482	33,649	
Additions	_	_	346	_	
Accretion	(11,501) 11,501	(2,427) 2,427	
Transfers to REO	_	(458) —	_	
Payments received, net	_	(18,140) —	(27,556)	
Balance as of end of period	\$44,257	\$66,540	\$3,655	\$185,960	

⁽¹⁾ reclassification due to improvements in expected cash flows of the underlying loans

⁽²⁾ reclassification from covered to non-covered due to expiration of loss share agreement

June 30, 2014	Acquired Impai	red	Acquired Non-impaired			
	Accretable Yield	Net Carrying Amount of Loans		Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	
Balance as of beginning of period	(In thousands) \$37,236	\$69,718		\$4,977	\$245,373	
Reclassification from nonaccretable balance, net (1)	7,300	_		_	_	
Accretion	(8,884	8,884		(606) 606	
Transfers to REO	_	(1,188)		(4,710)
Payments received, net	_	(17,616)		(48,988)
Balance as of end of period	\$35,652	\$59,798		\$4,371	\$192,281	

(1) reclassification due to improvements in expected cash flows of the underlying loans.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The following table sets forth information regarding non-accrual loans (excluding covered loans) held by the Company as of the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2015 (In thousands)			September 30, 2014			
Non-accrual loans:							
Single-family residential	\$56,638	86.7	%	\$74,067	84.8	%	
Construction - speculative	762	1.2		1,477	1.7		
Construction - custom	355	0.5		_			
Land - acquisition & development	_	_		811	0.9		
Land - consumer lot loans	1,308	2.0		2,637	3.0		
Multi-family	786	1.2		1,742	2.0		
Commercial real estate	2,852	4.4		5,106	5.8		
Commercial & industrial	1,205	1.8		7	_		
HELOC	889	1.4		795	0.9		
Consumer	513	0.8		789	0.9		
Total non-accrual loans	\$65,308	100	%	\$87,431	100	%	

The Company recognized interest income on nonaccrual loans of approximately \$5,272,000 in the nine months ended June 30, 2015. Had these loans performed according to their original contract terms, the Company would have recognized interest income of approximately \$2,421,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2015. The recognized interest income may include more than nine months of interest for some of the loans that were brought current.

In addition to the nonaccrual loans reflected in the above table, the Company had \$94,346,000 of loans that were less than 90 days delinquent at June 30, 2015 but which it had classified as substandard for one or more reasons. The following tables provide an analysis of the age of loans (net of LIP and excluding covered loans) in past due status as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, respectively.

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June 30, 2015 Type of Loan Non-acquired loans	Amount of Loans Net of LIP & ChgO (In thousands)	Days Delinqı Mürrent	uent Based 30	on \$ Amou 60	nt of Loans 90	Total	% based on \$	[
Single-family residential	\$5,546,941	\$5,473,728	\$14,525	\$8,585	\$50,103	\$73,213	1.32	%
Construction - speculative	117,711	117,711	_	_	_	_	_	
Construction - custom	204,914	204,140	310	109	355	774	0.38	
Land - acquisition & development	72,856	72,429	427	_	_	427	0.59	
Land - consumer lot loans	102,436	99,717	595	85	2,039	2,719	2.65	
Multi-family	1,013,745	1,012,704		421	620	1,041	0.10	
Commercial real estate	697,960	696,678	421	57	804	1,282	0.18	
Commercial & industrial	· ·	451,404	69		<u> </u>	69	0.02	
HELOC	122,874	121,836	401	62	575	1,038	0.84	
Consumer Total non-acquired loans	205,950	205,259 8,455,606	519 17,267	172 9,491	 54,496	691 81,254	0.34 0.95	
Non-impaired acquired loans	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0,100,000		,,,,,	.,.,,	01,20		
Single-family residential	12,895	12,872			23	23	0.18	
Land - acquisition & development	1,028	1,028	_	_	_	_	_	
Land - consumer lot loans	2,472	2,339	_	16	117	133	5.38	
Multi-family	3,692	3,692	_	_	_	_	—	
Commercial real estate	101,542	101,369	_		173	173	0.17	
Commercial & industrial		57,574			38	38	0.07	
HELOC	6,414	5,973	224	217		441	6.88	
Consumer	2,897	2,491	48	_	358	406	14.01	
Total non-impaired acquired loans	188,552	187,338	272	233	709	1,214	0.64	
Credit-impaired acquired loans								
Single-family residential	6.284	6,284	_		_	_		
Land - acquisition & development	1,842	771	203	_	868	1,071	58.14	
Land - consumer lot loans	495	495	_	_	_	_	NM	
Commercial real estate	71,189	69,448	608		1,133	1,741	2.45	
Commercial & industrial	13,881	3,058	_		823	823	21.21	
HELOC	8,549	8,236			313	313	3.66	

Consumer Total credit-impaired acquired loans	108 92,348	108 88,400	— 811		- 3,137	 3,948	— 4.28	
Total Loans	\$8,817,760	\$8,731,344	\$18,350	\$9,724	\$58,342	\$86,416	0.98	%

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September 30, 2014 Type of Loan	Amount of Loans Net of LIP & Chg((In thousands)	Days Delinq Offsurrent	uent Based 30	l on \$ Amou 60	nt of Loans 90	Total	% based on \$	1
Non-acquired loans	,							
Single-family residentia	1\$5,557,753	\$5,467,239	\$15,926	\$9,139	\$65,449	\$90,514	1.63	%
Construction - speculative	87,035	87,035	_			_		
Construction - custom	192,098	191,262	836			836	0.44	
Land - acquisition & development	68,066	67,911	155	_	_	155	0.23	
Land - consumer lot loans	108,589	104,571	1,246	304	2,468	4,018	3.70	
Multi-family	892,196	891,372	205	16	603	824	0.09	
Commercial real estate	529,453	513,409	67	15,118	859	16,044	3.03	
Commercial & industria	1379,226	377,848	53	1,318	7	1,378	0.36	
HELOC	116,262	115,262	335	292	373	1,000	0.86	
Consumer	132,686	131,642	654	262	128	1,044	0.79	
Total non-acquired loan	s8,063,364	7,947,551	19,477	26,449	69,887	115,813	1.44	
Non-impaired acquired loans								
Single-family residentia	111,716	11,693	_		23	23	0.20	
Land - acquisition & development	905	905	_	_	_	_	_	
Land - consumer lot loans	2,502	2,132	_	370		370	14.79	
Multi-family	2,999	2,999						
Commercial real estate	97,715	96,948	104		663	767	0.78	
Commercial & industria	151,329	51,229	_	100		100	0.19	
HELOC	8,056	8,056	_					
Consumer	5,670	4,983	22	4	661	687	12.12	
Total non-impaired acquired loans	180,892	178,945	126	474	1,347	1,947	1.08	
Credit-impaired acquired loans								
Single-family residentia	1325	325						
Land - acquisition &								
development	1,581	1,581	_	_	_	_		
Commercial real estate	63,713	61,713	152	909	939	2,000	3.14	
Commercial & industria	13,477	3,470	7	_		7	0.20	
HELOC	10,138	9,641	_	75	422	497	4.90	
Consumer	54	54					_	
Total credit-impaired acquired loans	79,288	76,784	159	984	1,361	2,504	3.16	

Total Loans \$8,323,544 \$8,203,280 \$19,762 \$27,907 \$72,595 \$120,264 1.44 %

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Most loans restructured in troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") are accruing and performing loans where the borrower has proactively approached the Company about modification due to temporary financial difficulties. As of June 30, 2015, 95.9% of the Bank's \$321,481,000 in TDRs were classified as performing. Each request is individually evaluated for merit and likelihood of success. The concession for these loans is typically a payment reduction through a rate reduction of between 100 to 200 basis points for a specific term, usually six to twelve months. Interest-only payments may also be approved during the modification period. Principal forgiveness is not an available option for restructured loans. As of June 30, 2015, single-family residential loans comprised 85.7% of TDRs.

The Company reserves for restructured loans within its allowance for loan loss methodology by taking into account the following performance indicators: 1) time since modification, 2) current payment status and 3) geographic area.

The following tables provide information related to loans that were restructured during the periods indicated:

	Quarter F 2015	Ended June 30,		2014		
	2013	Pre-Modification Outstanding	Post-Modification Outstanding		Pre-Modification Outstanding	Post-Modification Outstanding
	Number of	Recorded	Recorded	Number of	Recorded	Recorded
	Contracts	Investment (In thousands)	Investment	Contracts	Investment (In thousands)	Investment
Troubled Debt Restructurings:		(
Single-family residential	8	\$1,611	\$ 1,611	48	\$10,693	\$ 10,693
Land - acquisition & development		_	_	3	756	756
Land - consumer lot loans Commercial real estate	2	203	203 —	5 2	573 1,398	573 1,398
	10	\$1,814	\$ 1,814	58	\$13,420	\$ 13,420
		nths Ended June	30,	2014		
	2015		30, Post-Modification Outstanding		Pre-Modification Outstanding	Post-Modification Outstanding
		Pre-Modification	Post-Modification			
	2015 Number of	Pre-Modification Outstanding	Post-Modification Outstanding	Number of	Outstanding	Outstanding
Troubled Debt	2015 Number of	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Sinvestment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded	Number of	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded
Troubled Debt Restructurings: Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom	2015 Number of	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Sinvestment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded	Number of	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded

Commercial real estate	3	3,175	3,175	3	2,197	2,197
HELOC		_		1	261	261
Consumer	1	85	85	3	207	207
	71	\$19.308	\$ 19.308	221	\$51.500	\$ 51.500

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The following tables provide information on restructured loans for which a payment default occurred during the periods indicated that had been modified as a TDR within 12 months or less of the payment default:

	ed June 30,						
	2015		2014				
	Number of	Recorded	Number of	Recorded			
	Contracts	Investment	Contracts	Investment			
	(In thousand	s)	(In thousand	s)			
Troubled Debt Restructurings That Subsequently							
Defaulted:							
Single-family residential	9	\$1,594	17	\$3,088			
Land - consumer lot loans	2	301	1	69			
Consumer	_	_	1	170			
	11	\$1,895	19	\$3,327			
	Nine Months Ended June 30,						
	2015		2014				
	Number of	Recorded	Number of	Recorded			
	Contracts	Investment	Contracts	Investment			
	(In thousand	s)	(In thousand	s)			
Troubled Debt Restructurings That Subsequently			•				
Defaulted:							
Single-family residential	19	\$3,329	42	\$9,206			
Land - consumer lot loans	7	991	4	445			
Consumer		_	1	170			

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE E – Allowance for Losses on Loans

The following table summarizes the activity in the allowance for loan losses (excluding certain acquired and covered loans) for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	Allowance	Charge-offs		Recoveries	Provision & Transfers		Ending Allowance
0: 1 6 1 11 11	(In thousands)	ф.(1, coo	,	Φ2.070	Φ (4.020	,	Φ.5.2.00.4
Single-family residential	\$54,762	\$(1,698)	\$3,878	\$(4,938)	\$52,004
Construction - speculative	5,445				488		5,933
Construction - custom	968				17		985
Land - acquisition & development	7,405			1	(1,634)	5,772
Land - consumer lot loans	3,035	(276)	187	53		2,999
Multi-family	4,673			_	362		5,035
Commercial real estate	6,734	(1,592)	230	1,896		7,268
Commercial & industrial	21,146	(2,106)	896	1,726		21,662
HELOC	850	(26)	1	39		864
Consumer	3,305	(853)	1,045	(408)	3,089
	\$108,323	\$(6,551)	\$6,238	\$(2,399)	\$105,611
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Beginning	CI CC		D	Provision &		Ending
	1 –	(harge-offs		Recoveries			-
Timee Months Ended June 30, 2014	Allowance	Charge-offs		Recoveries	Transfers		Allowance
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Allowance (In thousands)	C		Recoveries	Transfers		Allowance
Single-family residential	Allowance	\$(2,530)	\$4,717	Transfers \$(3,175)	\$62,360
	(In thousands)	C))	\$62,360
Single-family residential	(In thousands) \$63,348	C)	\$4,717	\$(3,175)	\$62,360
Single-family residential Construction - speculative	(In thousands) \$63,348 6,773	C)	\$4,717	\$(3,175 (388)	\$62,360 6,387
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom	(In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599	C)	\$4,717 \$2 —	\$(3,175) (388) 79	,	\$62,360 6,387 1,678
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development	(In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599 6,027	\$(2,530)	\$4,717 \$2 — 85	\$(3,175) (388) 79) 843	,	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans	(In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599 6,027 2,974	\$(2,530)	\$4,717 \$2 — 85	\$(3,175) (388) 79) 843 (26)	,	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family	(In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599 6,027 2,974 4,187	\$(2,530)	\$4,717 \$2 — 85 —	\$(3,175) (388) 79) 843 (26) (46))	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate	Allowance (In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599 6,027 2,974 4,187 5,924	\$(2,530 (86 (32)))))	\$4,717 \$2 — 85 — 24	\$(3,175) (388) 79) 843 (26) (46) 773)	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141 6,689
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial	(In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599 6,027 2,974 4,187 5,924 20,403	\$(2,530 (86 (32 (38))))))	\$4,717 \$2 — 85 — 24	\$(3,175) (388) 79) 843 (26) (46) 773 (1,673))	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141 6,689 18,696
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC	Allowance (In thousands) \$63,348 6,773 1,599 6,027 2,974 4,187 5,924 20,403 975	\$(2,530 (86 (32 (38 (18))))))))	\$4,717 \$2 — 85 — 24 4	\$(3,175) (388) 79 843 (26) (46) 773 (1,673) 58)	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141 6,689 18,696 1,015

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015	Beginning Allowance (In thousands)	Charge-offs		Recoveries	Provision & Transfers		Ending Allowance
Single-family residential	\$62,763	\$(4,801)	\$10,553	\$(16,511)	\$52,004
Construction - speculative	6,742	(388)	\$75	(496)	5,933
Construction - custom	1,695				(710)	985
Land - acquisition & development	5,592	(38)	206	12		5,772
Land - consumer lot loans	3,077	(363)	221	64		2,999
Multi-family	4,248	-		220	567		5,035
Commercial real estate	7,548	(1,619)	711	628		7,268
Commercial & industrial	16,527	(2,461)	948	6,648		21,662
HELOC	928	(26)	1	(39)	864
Consumer	3,227	(1,981)	2,394	(551)	3,089
	\$112,347	\$(11,677)	\$15,329	\$(10,388)	\$105,611
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014	Beginning Allowance (In thousands)	Charge-offs		Recoveries	Provision & Transfers		Ending Allowance
		Charge-offs \$(7,307)	Recoveries \$15,631)	•
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014 Single-family residential Construction - speculative	Allowance (In thousands)	_)		Transfers)	Allowance
Single-family residential	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184	\$(7,307)	\$15,631	Transfers \$(10,148)	Allowance \$62,360
Single-family residential Construction - speculative	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407	\$(7,307)	\$15,631	Transfers \$(10,148 (1,179))	Allowance \$62,360 6,387
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407 882	\$(7,307 (938 —))	\$15,631 \$97 —	Transfers \$(10,148 (1,179 796))))))	Allowance \$62,360 6,387 1,678
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407 882 9,165	\$(7,307 (938 — (541)))	\$15,631 \$97 — 823	Transfers \$(10,148 (1,179 796 (2,492)))))	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407 882 9,165 3,552	\$(7,307 (938 — (541))))	\$15,631 \$97 — 823	Transfers \$(10,148 (1,179 796 (2,492 (153)))))	Allowance \$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407 882 9,165 3,552 3,816	\$(7,307 (938 — (541 (559 —)))))))	\$15,631 \$97 — 823 22	\$(10,148) (1,179) 796 (2,492) (153) 325)))))))	Allowance \$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407 882 9,165 3,552 3,816 5,595	\$(7,307 (938 — (541 (559 — (105)))))))))	\$15,631 \$97 — 823 22 — 24	\$(10,148) (1,179) 796 (2,492) (153) 325 1,175)))))))	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141 6,689
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial	Allowance (In thousands) \$64,184 8,407 882 9,165 3,552 3,816 5,595 16,614	\$(7,307 (938 — (541 (559 — (105 (730)))))))))	\$15,631 \$97 — 823 22 — 24	\$\(10,148\) (1,179\) 796 (2,492 (153\) 325 1,175 (465)))))))))	\$62,360 6,387 1,678 6,955 2,862 4,141 6,689 18,696

The Company recorded a \$1,932,000 reversal of the provision for loan losses during the quarter ended June 30, 2015, while a reversal of \$3,000,000 was recorded for the same quarter one year ago. While the credit quality of the portfolio has been improving significantly and economic conditions are more favorable, the Company experienced two isolated charge-offs in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that explain some of this reduction. The change in the current period was comprised of a reversal of \$2,399,000 in allowance for loan losses and an increase in the reserve for unfunded commitments of \$467,000. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, there was a transfer of \$2,910,000 from the general allowance to establish a reserve for unfunded commitments. Unfunded commitments are likely to be higher going forward as commercial loans are becoming a greater portion of balances. This reserve was \$2,366,000 as of June 30, 2015.

Non-performing assets ("NPAs") amounted to \$128,883,000, or 0.90% of total assets at June 30, 2015, compared to \$147,311,000, or 1.00%, of total assets as of September 30, 2014. Non-accrual loans decreased from \$87,431,000 at September 30, 2014, to \$65,308,000 at June 30, 2015.

Acquired loans, including covered loans, are not usually classified as non-performing because at acquisition, the carrying value of these loans is adjusted to reflect fair value. As of June 30, 2015, \$33,573,000 in acquired loans were subject to the general allowance as the discount related to these balances was no longer sufficient to absorb potential

losses.

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A loan is charged-off when the loss is estimable and it is confirmed that the borrower will not be able to meet its contractual obligations. The Company had net charge-offs of \$313,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 compared with \$2,219,000 of net recoveries for the same quarter one year prior.

As of June 30, 2015, \$105,611,000 of the allowance was calculated under the formulas contained in our general allowance methodology. As of September 30, 2014, \$112,287,000 of the allowance was calculated under the formulas contained in our general allowance methodology and the remaining \$60,000 was made up of specific reserves on loans which were deemed to be impaired.

The following tables shows a summary of loans collectively and individually evaluated for impairment and the related allocation of general and specific reserves as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

June 30, 2015	Loans Collectively Evaluated for Impairment Loans Individually Evaluated for Impairment										
	Allowance Allocation	Recorded Investment of Loans (1)	Ratio		Allowance Allocation	Recorded Investment of Loans (1)	Ratio				
	(In thousand	ds)			(In thousand	ds)					
Single-family residential	\$52,004	\$5,497,635	1.0	%	\$ —	\$49,305		%			
Construction - speculative	5,933	110,727	5.4			6,983					
Construction - custom	985	204,914	0.5			_					
Land - acquisition & development	5,772	68,234	8.5		_	3,237	_				
Land - consumer lot loans	2,999	91,392	3.3		_	11,044					
Multi-family	5,035	1,008,452	0.5			4,584					
Commercial real estate	7,268	685,198	1.1			11,133					
Commercial & industrial	21,662	484,902	4.5			_	_				
HELOC	864	121,241	0.7			1,633	_				
Consumer	3,089	205,862	1.5			89	_				
	\$105,611	\$8,478,557	1.3	%	\$	\$88,008	_	%			

(1) Excludes acquired loans with discounts sufficient to absorb potential losses and covered loans

September 30, 2014	Loans Collectively Evaluated for Impairment Loans Individually Evaluated for Impairment									
	Allocation	Recorded Investment of Loans (1)	Ratio		Allowance Allocation	Recorded Investment of Loans (1)	Ratio			
	(In thousands)				(In thousands)					
Single-family residential	\$62,067	\$5,487,331	1.1	%	\$ —	\$72,869		%		
Construction - speculative	6,682	130,901	5.5		60	9,159	0.7			
Construction - custom	1,695	385,464	0.5			360				
Land - acquisition & development	5,592	73,999	7.6		_	3,833	_			
Land - consumer lot loans	3,077	95,684	3.2		_	12,939				
Multi-family	4,248	911,162	0.5		_	6,124				
Commercial real estate	7,548	563,534	1.4			27,802				
Commercial & industrial	17,223	421,816	4.6			_				
HELOC	928	114,393	0.9		_	1,650				
Consumer	3,227	132,590	2.4		_	_				
	\$112,287	\$8,316,874	1.4	%	\$60	\$134,736		%		

(1) Excludes acquired loans with discounts sufficient to absorb potential losses and covered loans

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The Company has an asset quality review function that analyzes its loan portfolios and reports the results of the review to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The single-family residential, HELOC and consumer portfolios are evaluated based on their performance as a pool of loans, since no single loan is individually significant or judged by its risk rating, size or potential risk of loss. The construction, land, multi-family, commercial real estate and commercial and industrial loans are risk rated on a loan by loan basis to determine the relative risk inherent in specific borrowers or loans. Based on that risk rating, the loans are assigned a grade and classified as follows:

Pass – the credit does not meet one of the definitions below.

Special mention – A special mention credit is considered to be currently protected from loss but is potentially weak. No loss of principal or interest is foreseen; however, proper supervision and Management attention is required to deter further deterioration in the credit. Assets in this category constitute some undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a risk rating of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitutes an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific asset.

Substandard – A substandard credit is an unacceptable credit. Additionally, repayment in the normal course is in jeopardy due to the existence of one or more well defined weaknesses. In these situations, loss of principal is likely if the weakness is not corrected. A substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified will have a well defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. Loss potential, while existing in the aggregate amount of substandard assets, does not have to exist in individual assets risk rated substandard.

Doubtful – A credit classified doubtful has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified substandard with the added characteristic that the weakness makes collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. The probability of loss is high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors that may work to the advantage and strengthening of the asset, its classification as an estimated loss is deferred until its more exact status may be determined. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, or liquidation procedures, capital injection, perfecting liens on additional collateral, and refinancing plans.

Loss – Credits classified loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as a bankable asset is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off this asset even though partial recovery may be affected in the future. Losses should be taken in the period in which they are identified as uncollectible. Partial charge-off versus full charge-off may be taken if the collateral offers some identifiable protection.

The following tables provide information on loans (net of LIP and excluding covered loans) based on credit quality indicators as defined above as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014.

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June 30, 2015	Internally Ass Pass (In thousands)	Special mention	on Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Gross Loans	
Non-acquired loans Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom	\$5,456,628 114,706 204,914	\$— — —	\$90,313 3,005	\$— —	\$— —	\$5,546,941 117,711 204,914	
Land - acquisition & development	67,726	_	5,130		_	72,856	
Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC Consumer	102,007 1,009,785 682,908 411,925 122,626 205,950 8,379,175	5,068 965 — 6,033	429 3,960 9,984 38,583 248 — 151,652			102,436 1,013,745 697,960 451,473 122,874 205,950 8,536,860	
Non-impaired acquired loans Single-family residential Land - acquisition &	12,872	_	23	_	_	12,895	
development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC Consumer	651 2,355 3,692 86,529 54,243 6,414 2,484 169,240		377 117 — 14,502 2,141 — 413 17,573			1,028 2,472 3,692 101,542 57,612 6,414 2,897 188,552	
Credit-impaired acquired loans Pool 1 - Construction and land A&D Pool 2 - Single-family residential	6,655 320	_	2,305	_	_ _	8,960 320	
Pool 3 - Multi-family Pool 4 - HELOC & other	— 8,598	_	— 638	_	_	9,236	
consumer Pool 5 - Commercial real estate		_	22,811	_	_	70,526	
Pool 6 - Commercial & industrial	2,931		375	_	_	3,306	
Total credit impaired acquired loans	66,219	_	26,129		_	92,348	
Total gross loans	\$8,614,634	\$7,772	\$195,354	\$—	\$—	\$8,817,760	
	97.7	6 0.1	% 2.2 %	· — %	· — %		

Total grade as a % of total gross loans

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September 30, 2014	Internally Assignass Pass (In thousands)	gned Grade Special mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Gross Loans
Non-acquired loans Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom	\$5,424,624 81,931 192,098	\$2,793 — —	\$130,339 5,104 —	\$— —	\$— — —	\$5,557,756 87,035 192,098
Land - acquisition & development	61,949	_	6,117	_	_	68,066
Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC Consumer	107,979 887,639 495,892 359,168 115,794 132,444 7,859,518		610 4,556 31,441 5,265 248 241 183,921			108,589 892,195 529,304 379,173 116,042 132,685 8,062,943
Non-impaired acquired loans Single-family residential	11,716	_	_	_	_	11,716
Land - acquisition &	503	_	402	_		905
development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC Consumer	2,502 2,999 88,940 36,309 8,274 5,670 156,913		- 6,353 1,375 - 8,130	 58 58		2,502 2,999 97,864 51,384 8,274 5,670 181,314
Credit-impaired acquired loans Pool 1 - Construction and land A&D	d 1,251	_	330	_	_	1,581
Pool 2 - Single-family residential	325	_	_	_	_	325
Pool 3 - Multi-family Pool 4 - HELOC & other	_	_	_	_	_	_
consumer	10,194	_	_	_	_	10,194
Pool 5 - Commercial real estate	48,867	2,143	12,702	_	_	63,712
Pool 6 - Commercial & industrial	643	_	2,833	_	_	3,476
Total credit impaired acquired loans	61,280	2,143	15,865	_		79,288
Total gross loans	\$8,077,711	\$37,860	\$207,916	\$58	\$ —	\$8,323,545

Total grade as a % of total gross 97.2 % 0.4 % 2.4 % — % — %

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Credit Risk Profile Based on Payment Activity (excludes acquired and covered loans):

June 30, 2015	Performing Loans			Non-Performing	Loans	
	Amount	% of Total Gross Loans	3	Amount	% of Total Gross Loans	
	(In thousands)					
Single-family residential	\$5,490,303	99.0	%	\$56,638	1.0	%
Construction - speculative	116,949	99.4		762	0.6	
Construction - custom	204,559	99.8		355	0.2	
Land - acquisition & development	71,471	100.0		_	_	
Land - consumer lot loans	101,128	98.4		1,308	1.6	
Multi-family	1,012,250	99.8		786	0.2	
Commercial real estate	693,479	99.7		2,852	0.3	
Commercial & industrial	450,124	99.8		1,205	0.2	
HELOC	121,985	99.3		889	0.7	
Consumer	205,437	99.8		513	0.2	
	\$8,467,685	99.2	%	\$65,308	0.8	%
September 30, 2014	Performing Loans	S		Non-Performing	Loans	
······································	% of Total				% of Total	
	Amount	Gross Loans	5	Amount	Gross Loans	
	(In thousands)					
Single-family residential	\$5,486,136	98.7	%	\$74,067	1.3	%
Construction - speculative	138,583	98.9		1,477	1.1	
Construction - custom	205.024					
Construction Custom	385,824	100.0				
	385,824 77,021	100.0 99.0		 811	 1.0	
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans	·			— 811 2,637		
Land - acquisition & development	77,021	99.0				
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans	77,021 105,986 915,544	99.0 97.6		2,637 1,742	2.4	
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family	77,021 105,986 915,544 586,230	99.0 97.6 99.8		2,637	2.4 0.2	
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate	77,021 105,986 915,544 586,230 379,219	99.0 97.6 99.8 99.1		2,637 1,742 5,106	2.4 0.2 0.9	
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial	77,021 105,986 915,544 586,230 379,219 115,247	99.0 97.6 99.8 99.1 100.0		2,637 1,742 5,106 7	2.4 0.2 0.9	
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC	77,021 105,986 915,544 586,230 379,219	99.0 97.6 99.8 99.1 100.0 99.3	%	2,637 1,742 5,106 7 795	2.4 0.2 0.9 — 0.7	%
Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC	77,021 105,986 915,544 586,230 379,219 115,247 131,801	99.0 97.6 99.8 99.1 100.0 99.3 99.4	%	2,637 1,742 5,106 7 795 789	2.4 0.2 0.9 — 0.7 0.6	%

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The following table provides information on impaired loan balances and the related allowances by loan types as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

June 30, 2015	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
	(In thousands)			
With no related allowance recorded:				
Single-family residential	\$21,524	\$24,151	\$ —	\$20,724
Construction - speculative	613	808	_	615
Construction - custom	355	355	_	178
Land - acquisition & development	680	1,223	_	683
Land - consumer lot loans	1,101	1,187	_	969
Multi-family	1,531	1,531		1,138
Commercial real estate	10,416	14,797		9,795
Commercial & industrial	4,340	18,276		5,664
HELOC	1,008	1,819	_	905
Consumer	414	627	_	414
	41,982	64,774		41,085
With an allowance recorded:				
Single-family residential	275,179	279,043	8,057	275,889
Construction - speculative	6,371	7,161		6,389
Construction - custom	_			_
Land - acquisition & development	3,536	4,476	_	3,571
Land - consumer lot loans	11,540	11,805	_	11,627
Multi-family	3,843	3,843		3,853
Commercial real estate	19,251	21,206		19,962
Commercial & industrial	_			_
HELOC	1,394	1,394	_	1,394
Consumer	120	291	_	121
	321,234	329,219	8,057	(1) 322,806
Total:				
Single-family residential	296,703	303,194	8,057	296,613
Construction - speculative	6,984	7,969	_	7,004
Construction - custom	355	355	_	178
Land - acquisition & development	4,216	5,699		4,254
Land - consumer lot loans	12,641	12,992		12,596
Multi-family	5,374	5,374	_	4,991
Commercial real estate	29,667	36,003	_	29,757
Commercial & industrial	4,340	18,276	_	5,664
HELOC	2,402	3,213	_	2,299
Consumer	534	918	_	535
	\$363,216	\$393,993	\$8,057	(1) \$363,891

⁽¹⁾Included in the general reserves.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2014	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
	(In thousands)			
With no related allowance recorded:				
Single-family residential	\$24,044	\$26,628	\$ —	\$16,843
Construction - speculative	1,603	2,173	_	1,804
Land - acquisition & development	837	2,325		1,038
Land - consumer lot loans	974	1,072		713
Multi-family	1,111	1,111	_	327
Commercial real estate	13,234	20,085	_	11,720
Commercial & industrial	3,195	17,166		3,900
HELOC	1,019	1,730	_	612
Consumer	663	833	_	517
	46,680	73,123	_	37,474
With an allowance recorded:				
Single-family residential	322,320	327,869	10,527	316,348
Construction - speculative	7,556	7,986	60	7,532
Land - acquisition & development	4,696	5,636	_	4,114
Land - consumer lot loans	13,002	13,385	_	12,858
Multi-family	5,243	5,463	_	4,957
Commercial real estate	34,159	35,028	_	18,572
HELOC	1,486	1,486	_	1,204
Consumer	43	214	_	79
	388,505	397,067	10,587	(1) 365,664
Total:				
Single-family residential	346,364	354,497	10,527	333,191
Construction - speculative	9,159	10,159	60	9,336
Land - acquisition & development	5,533	7,961		5,152
Land - consumer lot loans	13,976	14,457		13,571
Multi-family	6,354	6,574		5,284
Commercial real estate	47,393	55,113	_	30,292
Commercial & industrial	3,195	17,166	_	3,900
HELOC	2,505	3,216	_	1,816
Consumer	706	1,047	_	596
	\$435,185	\$470,190	\$10,587	(1) \$403,138

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$60,000 of specific reserves and \$10,527,000 included in the general reserves.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014
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NOTE F – New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03,

Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. These amendments require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. These amendments are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. ASU 2015-02 may be applied retrospectively in previously issued financial statements for one or more years with a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. The Company does not expect this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-11, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) - Repurchase to Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures. Under this new accounting guidance, repurchase-to-maturity transactions will be accounted for as secured borrowings rather than sales of an asset, and transfers of financial assets with contemporaneous repurchase financings will no longer be evaluated to determine whether they should be accounted for on a combined basis as forward contracts. The new guidance also prescribes additional disclosures particularly on the nature of collateral pledged in repurchase financings accounted for as secured borrowings. The amendments in this update were effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 31, 2014, with the exception of the collateral disclosures which will be effective for interim periods beginning after March 15, 2015. This guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This new accounting guidance clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers. The new accounting guidance does not apply to financial instruments. For public companies, this update will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company does not expect the new guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-04, Receivables - Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40) - Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. The new guidance clarifies that an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, and a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either: (a) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure; or (b) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy that loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. ASU 2014-04 is effective for annual and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. Adoption of the new guidance is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE G – Fair Value Measurements

U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. U.S. GAAP also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair

value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active exchange markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

We have established and documented the Company's process for determining the fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities, where applicable. Fair value is based on quoted market prices, when available, for identical or similar assets or liabilities. In the absence of quoted market prices, fair value is determined using valuation models or third-party appraisals. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used to measure and report the fair value of financial assets and liabilities on a recurring or nonrecurring basis:

Measured on a Recurring Basis

Securities

Securities available for sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Most securities at fair value are priced using model pricing based on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted prices as provided by an independent third party, and under the provisions of the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification are considered a Level 2 input method. Securities that are traded on active exchanges are considered a Level 1 input method.

Bank owned life insurance is recorded at the fair values of insurance policies owned based on the insurance contracts' cash surrender values. These are considered a Level 2 input method.

The bank offers interest rate swaps to its variable rate borrowers who want to manage their interest rate risk. At the same time, the bank enters into the opposite trade with a counter party to offset its interest rate risk. The bank has also entered into long term borrowing hedges through forward starting interest rate swaps. The fair value of these interest rate swaps are estimated by a third party pricing service using a discounted cash flow technique. These are considered a Level 2 input method.

The following tables present the balance of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

	Fair Value at J	June 30, 2015		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(In thousands)	1		
Financial Assets				
Available-for-sale securities:				
Equity securities	\$102,447	\$ —	\$	\$102,447
Obligations of U.S. government		529,472		529,472
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	_	27,275	_	27,275
Corporate debt securities		528,716		528,716
Agency pass-through certificates	_	1,328,852	_	1,328,852
Other Commercial MBS	_	107,612	_	107,612
Total available-for-sale securities	102,447	2,521,927	_	2,624,374
Bank owned life insurance	_	101,720	_	101,720
Interest rate contracts	_	5,429	_	5,429
Total financial assets	\$102,447	\$2,629,076	\$ —	\$2,731,523
Financial Liabilities				
Interest rate contracts		5,429	_	5,429
Long term borrowing hedge	_	3,914	_	3,914
Total financial liabilities	\$ —	\$9,343	\$ —	\$9,343
There were no transfers between into	and/or out of Level	s 1 2 or 3 during the	auarter ended In	ine 30, 2015

There were no transfers between, into and/or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the quarter ended June 30, 2015.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

	Fair Value at September 30, 2014					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	(In thousands)					
Financial Assets						
Available-for-sale securities:						
Equity securities	\$101,387	\$—	\$ —	\$101,387		
Obligations of U.S. government		731,943		731,943		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		23,681		23,681		
Obligations of foreign governments		_				
Corporate debt securities		509,007		509,007		
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates		1,584,508		1,584,508		
Other Commercial MBS		98,916		98,916		
Total available-for-sale securities	101,387	2,948,055		3,049,442		
Interest rate contracts		2,879		2,879		
Total financial assets	\$101,387	\$2,950,934	\$ —	\$3,052,321		
Financial Liabilities						
Interest rate contracts		2,879		2,879		
Long term borrowing hedge		268		268		
Total financial liabilities	\$ —	\$3,147	\$ —	\$3,147		

There were no transfers between, into and/or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Measured on a Nonrecurring Basis

Impaired Loans & Real Estate Held for Sale

Real estate held for sale consists principally of properties acquired through foreclosure. From time to time, and on a nonrecurring basis, fair value adjustments are recorded to reflect increases or decreases of principal balances based on the current appraisal or estimated value of the collateral, but only up to the fair value of the real estate owned as of the initial transfer date less selling costs.

When management determines that the fair value of the collateral or the real estate held for sale requires additional adjustments, either as a result of a non-current appraisal value or when there is no observable market price, the Company classifies the impaired loan or real estate held for sale as Level 3. Level 3 assets recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2015 included loans for which a specific reserve allowance was established or a partial charge-off was recorded based on the fair value of collateral, as well as covered REO and real estate held for sale for which fair value of the properties was less than the cost basis.

The following tables present the aggregated balance of assets that were measured at estimated fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, and the total losses (gains) resulting from those fair value adjustments for the quarters and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014. These estimated fair values are shown gross of estimated selling costs.

	Nine Mo	nths Ended	ed line 30 7015		Quarter Ended June 30, 2015		Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Total Losses (Gains)		ins)	
	(In thous	ands)						
Impaired loans (1)	\$	\$ —	\$6,735	\$6,735	\$3,621		\$4,201	
Covered REO (2)			1,950	1,950	(20)	168	
Real estate held for sale (2)			71,831	71,831	2,386		(8,571)
Balance at end of period	\$ —	\$ —	\$80,516	\$80,516	\$5,987		\$(4,202)

- (1) The losses represent remeasurements of collateral-dependent loans.
- (2) The (gains) losses represent net valuation adjustments on real estate held for sale.

	Nine Mon	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014				Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014
	Level 1 (In thousa		Level 3	Total	Total Losses (Gains)
Impaired loans (1)	\$	\$	\$10,156	\$10,156	\$(775)	\$(1,311)
Covered REO (2)		_	8,935	8,935	374	503
Real estate held for sale (2)			43,082	43,082	10,400	16,782
Balance at end of period	\$ —	\$ —	\$62,173	\$62,173	\$9,999	\$15,974

⁽¹⁾ The gains represents remeasurements of collateral-dependent loans.

Impaired loans - The Company adjusts the carrying amount of impaired loans when there is evidence of probable loss and the expected fair value of the loan is less than its contractual amount. The amount of the impairment may be determined based on the estimated present value of future cash flows or the fair value of the underlying collateral.

⁽²⁾ The losses represent aggregate net writedowns and charge-offs on real estate held for sale.

Impaired loans with a specific reserve allowance based on cash flow analysis or the value of the underlying collateral are classified as Level 3 assets.

The evaluations for impairment are prepared by the Problem Loan Review Committee, which is chaired by the Chief Credit Officer and includes the Loan Review manager and Special Credits manager, as well as senior credit officers, division managers and group executives, as applicable. These evaluations are performed in conjunction with the quarterly allowance for probable loan & lease losses process.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Applicable loans that were included in the previous quarter's review are reevaluated and if their values are materially different from the prior quarter evaluation, the underlying information (loan balance and collateral value) are compared. Material differences are evaluated for reasonableness and discussions are held between the relationship manager and their division manager to understand the difference and determine if any adjustment is necessary. The inputs are developed and substantiated on a quarterly basis, based on current borrower developments, market conditions and collateral values. The following methods are used to value impaired loans:

The fair value of the collateral, which may take the form of real estate or personal property, is based on internal estimates, field observations, assessments provided by third-party appraisers and other valuation models. The Company performs or reaffirms valuations of collateral-dependent impaired loans at least annually. Adjustments are made if management believes that more recent information is available and relevant with respect to the fair value of the collateral.

The present value of the expected future cash flows of the collateral is used for measurement of non collateral-dependent loans to test for impairment. The Company calculates the amount and timing of the future cash flows, the effective interest rate to be used to discount the cash flows and the basis for determination of the cash flows, including consideration of current economic and environmental factors, as well as other information relating to current or previous conditions.

Real estate held for sale ("REO") - When a loan is reclassified from loan status to real estate held for sale due to the Company taking possession of the collateral, a Special Credits officer, along with the Special Credits manager, obtains a valuation, which may include appraisals or third-party price options, which is used to establish the fair value of the underlying collateral. The determined fair value, less selling costs, becomes the carrying value of the REO asset. The fair value of REO assets is re-evaluated quarterly and the REO asset is adjusted to reflect the fair value as necessary. After foreclosure, the valuations are updated periodically and current market conditions may require the assets to be written down further or up to the cost basis established on the date of transfer. The carrying balance of REO assets are also written down or up once a bona fide offer is contractually accepted, through execution of a Purchase and Sale Agreement, where the accepted price is lower than the cost established on the transfer date. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

U. S. GAAP requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized on the statement of financial condition, for which it is practicable to estimate those values. Certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments are excluded from the disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value estimates presented do not reflect the underlying fair value of the Company. Although management is not aware of any factors that would materially affect the estimated fair value amounts presented below, such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of these financial statements since the dates shown, and therefore, estimates of fair value subsequent to those dates may differ significantly from the amounts presented below.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014
(UNAUDITED)

		June 30, 2013	5	September 30, 2014		
	Level in Fair Value Hierarchy	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	
	, , ,	(In thousands	s)			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1	\$349,550	\$349,550	\$781,843	\$781,843	
Available-for-sale securities						
Equity securities	1	102,447	102,447	101,387	101,387	
Obligations of U.S. government	2	529,472	529,472	731,943	731,943	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		27,275	27,275	23,681	23,681	
Corporate debt securities	2	528,716	528,716	509,007	509,007	
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates	2	1,328,852	1,328,852	1,584,508	1,584,508	
Other Commercial MBS	2	107,612	107,612	98,916	98,916	
Total available-for-sale securities		2,624,374	2,624,374	3,049,442	3,049,442	
Held-to-maturity securities						
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates	2	1,586,514	1,553,716	1,548,265	1,499,218	
Total held-to-maturity securities		1,586,514	1,553,716	1,548,265	1,499,218	
Loans receivable	3	8,645,609	9,175,928	8,148,322	8,667,771	
Covered loans	3	77,311	81,737	176,476	176,761	
FDIC indemnification asset	3	18,783	18,263	36,860	35,976	
FHLB and FRB stock	2	103,189	103,189	158,839	158,839	
Bank owned life insurance	2	101,720	101,720			
Other assets - interest rate contracts	2		5,429		2,879	
other assets interest rate contracts	2		3,12)		2,077	
Financial liabilities						
Customer accounts	2	10,578,385	9,830,817	10,716,928	9,946,586	
FHLB advances	2	1,730,000	1,833,413	1,930,000	2,054,437	
Other liabilities - interest rate contracts	2	_	5,429	_	2,879	
Other liabilities - long term borrowing hedge	2	_	3,914	_	268	

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents – The carrying amount of these items is a reasonable estimate of their fair value. Available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities – Securities at fair value are primarily priced using model pricing based on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted prices as provided by an independent third party, and under the provisions of the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification are considered a Level 2 input method. Equity securities which are exchange traded are considered a Level 1 input method.

Loans receivable and covered loans – For certain homogeneous categories of loans, such as fixed- and variable-rate residential mortgages, fair value is estimated for securities backed by similar loans, adjusted for differences in loan characteristics, using the same methodology described above for AFS and HTM securities. The fair value of other loan types is estimated by discounting the future cash flows and estimated prepayments using the current rates at

which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining term. Some loan types were valued at carrying value because of their floating rate or expected maturity characteristics. Net deferred loan fees are not included in the fair value calculation but are included in the carrying amount.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

FDIC indemnification asset – The fair value of the indemnification asset is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current rates.

FHLB and FRB stock – The fair value is based upon the par value of the stock which equates to its carrying value. Bank owned life insurance – Fair values of insurance policies owned are based on the insurance contracts' cash surrender values.

Customer accounts – The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts, and money market accounts is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

FHLB advances – The fair value of FHLB advances and other borrowings is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar remaining maturities. Interest Rate Contracts – The bank offers interest rate swaps to its variable rate borrowers who want to manage their interest rate risk. At the same time, the bank enters into the opposite trade with a counterparty to offset its interest rate risk. The fair value of these interest rate swaps are estimated by a third party pricing service using a discounted cash flow technique.

Long Term Borrowing Hedges – The fair value of the forward starting interest rate swaps are estimated by a third party pricing service using a discounted cash flow technique.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The following tables provide a reconciliation of amortized cost to fair value of available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities as of June 30, 2015, and September 30, 2014:

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	June 30, 2015						
	Amortized	Gross Unreali			Fair	Yield	
	Cost	Gains	Losses		Value	11010	
	(In thousands)						
Available-for-sale securities							
U.S. government and agency securities							
due							
1 to 5 years	\$135,967	\$2,078	\$(460		\$137,585	1.43	%
5 to 10 years	75,441	149	(7)	75,583	1.20	
Over 10 years	316,929	435	(1,060)	316,304	1.31	
Equity Securities							
Within 1 year	500	18			518	1.80	
1 to 5 years	100,000	1,929	_		101,929	1.90	
5 to 10 years			_			_	
Corporate bonds due							
Within 1 year	39,702	283			39,985	0.68	
1 to 5 years	303,094	1,414	_		304,508	0.81	
5 to 10 years	133,306	1,814	(1,647)	133,473	1.54	
Over 10 years	50,000	750			50,750	3.00	
Municipal bonds due							
1 to 5 years	2,278		(1)	2,277	1.23	
5 to 10 years	1,295		(14)	1,281	2.05	
Over 10 years	20,387	3,330	_		23,717	6.45	
Mortgage-backed securities							
Agency pass-through certificates	1,316,686	14,988	(2,822)	1,328,852	2.58	
Other Commercial MBS	107,512	151	(51)	107,612	1.48	
	2,603,097	27,339	(6,062)	2,624,374	2.00	
Held-to-maturity securities							
Mortgage-backed securities							
Agency pass-through certificates	1,586,514	6,193	(38,991)	1,553,716	3.16	
- · · - · · -	\$4,189,611	\$33,532	\$(45,053)	\$4,178,090	2.43	%
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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

	September 30	ember 30, 2014					
	Amortized	Gross Unrea	alized	Fair		Viold	
	Cost	Gains	Losses		Value	Yield	
	(In thousands)					
Available-for-sale securities							
U.S. government and agency securities							
due							
1 to 5 years	\$171,154	\$2,585	\$(748)	\$172,991	1.26	%
5 to 10 years	203,317	300	(102)	203,515	1.45	
Over 10 years	354,828	1,028	(419)	355,437	1.25	
Equity Securities							
1 to 5 years	100,500	887			101,387	1.90	
Corporate bonds due							
Within 1 year	15,000	75			15,075	1.00	
1 to 5 years	302,540	2,372			304,912	0.71	
5 to 10 years	138,201	1,789	(970)	139,020	1.43	
Over 10 years	50,000				50,000	3.00	
Municipal bonds due							
Over 10 years	20,402	3,279			23,681	6.45	
Mortgage-backed securities							
Agency pass-through certificates	1,561,639	24,893	(2,024)	1,584,508	2.57	
Other Commercial MBS	98,851	65			98,916	1.49	
	3,016,432	37,273	(4,263)	3,049,442	1.99	
Held-to-maturity securities							
Mortgage-backed securities							
Agency pass-through certificates	1,548,265	4,855	(53,902)	1,499,218	3.13	
	\$4,564,697	\$42,128	\$(58,165)	\$4,548,660	2.38	%

During the quarter ended June 30, 2015, there were \$238,000,000 of available-for-sale securities sold for a gain of \$9,639,000. There were no available-for-sale securities sold during the quarter ended June 30, 2014. Substantially all of the agency mortgage-backed securities have contractual due dates that exceed 10 years.

The following tables show the unrealized gross losses and fair value of securities as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, by length of time that individual securities in each category have been in a continuous loss position. The decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates. Because the Company does not intend to sell these securities and does not consider it more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before the recovery of amortized cost basis, which may be upon maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other than temporarily impaired.

June 30, 2015	Less than 1 Unrealized Gross Losses (In thousan	Fair Value	12 months or Unrealized Gross Losses	Fair	Total Unrealized Gross Losses	Fair Value
Corporate bonds due Municipal bonds due	\$(1,022 (15) \$23,978) 3,558	\$(625) —	\$34,375	\$(1,647 (15	\$58,353 3,558
	(558) 140,285	(969)	142,318	(1,527	282,603

U.S. government and agency securities due

Agency pass-through certificates (1,919) 454,980 (39,945) 1,360,218 (41,864) 1,815,198 \$(3,514) \$622,801 \$(41,539) \$1,536,911 \$(45,053) \$2,159,712

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2014	Less than 1	2 months	12 months or more	Total
	Unrealized Gross Losse		Unrealized Fair Gross Losses Value	Unrealized Gross Fair Value Losses
	(In thousand	nds)		
Corporate bonds due	\$(125) \$24,875	\$(845) \$24,155	\$(970) \$49,030
U.S. government and agency securities due	(472) 316,578	(797) 109,354	(1,269) 425,932
Agency pass-through certificates	(215) 19,212	(55,711) 1,509,209	(55,926) 1,528,421
	\$(812) \$360,665	\$(57,353) \$1,642,71	8 \$(58,165) \$2,003,383

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE H – Covered Assets

Covered assets represent loans and real estate held for sale acquired from the FDIC that are subject to loss sharing agreements and these net balances were \$81,745,000 as of June 30, 2015 compared to \$200,558,000 as of September 30, 2014. The FDIC loss share coverage for the acquired commercial loans from the former Horizon Bank of \$47,774,000 expired as of March 31, 2015 with final reporting as of April 30, 2015 and these loans were transferred to non-covered loans receivable. Recoveries to the extent that claims were made will continue to be shared through March 31, 2018. As of June 30, 2015, there were \$38,712,000 of commercial loans from the former Home Valley Bank which are scheduled to have their loss share expire on September 30, 2015. The FDIC loss share coverage for single family residential loans will continue for another five years.

Changes in the net carrying amount and accretable yield for acquired impaired and non-impaired covered loans for the year to date period ended June 30, 2015 and the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 were as follows:

June 30, 2015	Acquired Impaired				Acquired Non-impaired			
	Accretable Yield		Net Carrying Amount of Loans		Accretable Yield		Net Carrying Amount of Loans	
	(In thousands)							
Balance at beginning of period	\$64,534		\$78,055		\$10,259		\$98,422	
Transfer to non-covered	(23,167)	(15,866)	(1,482)	(33,649)
Reclassification from nonaccretable balance, net	6,307		_		_		_	
Accretion	(11,577)	11,577		(4,358)	4,358	
Transfers to REO	_		(1,893)			_	
Payments received, net	_		(19,845)			(43,848)
Balance at end of period	\$36,097		\$52,028		\$4,419		\$25,283	
September 30, 2014	Acquired Impair	rec	d		Acquired Non-impaired			
	Accretable Yield		Net Carrying Amount of Loans		Accretable Yield		Carrying Amount of Loans	
	(In thousands)							
Balance at beginning of period	\$78,277		\$138,091		\$17,263		\$157,856	
Reclassification from nonaccretable balance, net	10,186		(2,069)	_		_	
Accretion	(23,929)	23,929		(7,004)	7,004	
Transfers to REO	_		(8,943)			_	
Payments received, net			(72,953)			(66,438)
Balance at end of period	\$64,534		\$78,055		\$10,259		\$98,422	

At June 30, 2015, none of the acquired impaired or non-impaired covered loans were classified as non-performing assets. Therefore, interest income, through accretion of the difference between the carrying amount of the loans and the expected cash flows, was recognized on all acquired loans.

The outstanding principal balance of acquired covered loans was \$81,164,000 and \$213,203,000 as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, respectively. The discount balance related to the acquired covered loans was \$3,853,000 and \$34,483,000 as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, respectively.

There is no allowance for covered loans as of June 30, 2015. There was an allowance of \$2,244,000 as of September 30, 2014.

The allowance for credit losses related to the acquired loans as of September 30, 2014 results from decreased expectations of future cash flows due to increased credit losses for certain acquired loan pools. The allowance allocation was reversed during the quarter ended December 31, 2014 due to improvements in the expected future cash flows of certain acquired loan pools.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows the year to date activity for the FDIC indemnification asset:

	June 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	,
	(In thousands)		
Balance at beginning of fiscal year 2015 and 2014	\$36,860	\$64,615	
Additions and deletions (1)	(1,795) 1,795	
Payments made (received)	714	(2,502)
Amortization	(17,418) (27,850)
Accretion	422	802	
Balance at end of period	\$18,783	\$36,860	

⁽¹⁾ reclassification of ALLL allowance due to changes in cash flows

The following tables provide information on covered loans based on credit quality indicators (defined in Note E) as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

June 30, 2015 and September 3	0, 2014:					
June 30, 2015	Internally As	ssigned Grade				Total
	Pass	Special mentio	nSubstandard	Doubtful	Loss	Net Loans
	(In thousand	s)				
Acquired non-impaired loans:						
Single-family residential	\$15,300	\$—	\$593	\$—	\$ —	\$15,893
Commercial & industrial			28			28
HELOC	9,214		_	_	_	9,214
	\$24,514	\$—	\$621	\$—	\$ —	\$25,135
Total grade as a % of total net loans	97.5 %	%	2.5 %	_ %	%	
Acquired credit-impaired loans						
Pool 1 - Construction and land A&D	\$151	\$—	\$1,613	\$ —	\$—	\$1,764
Pool 2 - Single-family residential	14,375	_	331	_	_	14,706
Pool 3 - Multi-family	48		377			425
Pool 4 - HELOC & other consumer	2,611	_	_		_	2,611
Pool 5 - Commercial real estate	23,805		11,048	_		34,853
Pool 6 - Commercial & industrial	394	_	1,276	_		1,670
	\$41,384	\$ <i>-</i>	\$14,645	\$ —	\$ —	56,029
				Total covere	ed loans	81,164
					Discount	(3,853)
					Allowance	_
					Covered	\$77,311
					loans, net	Ψ / / , J 1 1

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2014	Internally Assigned Grade Pass Special mentionSubstandard (In thousands)			Doubtful	Loss	Total Net Loans
Acquired non-impaired loans: Single-family residential Land - acquisition &	\$21,311	\$ —	\$1,756	\$—	\$—	\$23,067
development	972	_	392	_	_	1,364
Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial HELOC Consumer Total grade as a % of total net loans	73 6,598 26,940 2,801 11,777 454 \$70,926 70.8 %					73 6,598 51,336 5,492 11,777 454 \$100,161
Acquired credit-impaired loans: Pool 1 - Construction and land	\$8,349	\$ <i>-</i>	\$11,912	\$—	\$ —	\$20,261
A&D Pool 2 - Single-family residentia Pool 3 - Multi-family	115,585 52		379 471			15,964 523
Pool 4 - HELOC & other	2,804	_	1,173	_	_	3,977
consumer Pool 5 - Commercial real estate Pool 6 - Commercial & industria	33,909 13,509 \$64,208	700 — \$ 700	29,782 3,892 \$47,609		S— loans Discount Allowance Covered loans, net	64,391 7,926 113,042 213,203 (34,483) (2,244)

The following tables provide an analysis of the age of acquired non credit-impaired covered loans in past due status as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

June 30, 2015	Amount of Loans	Days Delinquent Based on \$ Amount of Loans						
Type of Loans	Net of LIP & ChgOff	SCurrent	30	60	90	Total Past Due	% based on \$	
Single-family residential	\$ 15,893	\$15,300	\$—	\$214	\$379	\$593	3.73	%
Commercial & industrial	28	28	_	_	_	_		
HELOC	9,214	9,204	10	_		10	0.11	
	\$ 25,135	\$24,532	\$10	\$214	\$379	\$603	2.40	%

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2014	Amount of Loans	Days Delinquent Based on \$ Amount of Loans						
Type of Loans	Net of LIP & ChgOff	sCurrent	30	60	90	Total Past Due	% based on \$	
Single-family residential	\$ 23,067	\$22,391	\$230	\$40	\$406	\$676	2.93	%
Land - acquisition & development	1,364	1,328	_	_	36	36	2.64	
Land - consumer lot loans	73	73	_	_	_	_		
Multi-family	6,598	5,502	_	_	1,096	1,096	16.61	
Commercial real estate	51,336	51,336	_	_	_	_		
Commercial & industrial	5,492	5,492	_		_	_		
HELOC	11,777	11,777						
Consumer	454	443	11	_		11	2.42	
	\$ 100,161	\$98,342	\$241	\$40	\$1,538	\$1,819	1.82	%

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE I – Derivatives and Hedging Activities

The Bank periodically enters into certain commercial loan interest rate swap agreements in order to provide commercial loan customers the ability to convert from variable to fixed interest rate payments, while the Bank retains a variable rate loan. Under these agreements, the Bank enters into a variable rate loan agreement and a swap agreement with the client. The swap agreement effectively converts the client's variable rate loan into a fixed rate. The Bank enters into a corresponding swap agreement with a third party in order to offset its exposure on the variable and fixed components of the client's swap agreement. The interest rate swap agreements with the clients and third parties are not designated as hedges under ASC 815, the Derivatives and Hedging topic; the instruments are marked to market in earnings.

The notional amount of open interest rate swap agreements at June 30, 2015 was \$736,232,000 compared to \$264,169,000 as of September 30, 2014. There was no impact to the statement of operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 as the asset and liability side of the swaps offset each other. The fee income related to swaps was \$936,673 for the nine months ended June 30, 2015.

Additionally, the Bank had \$400,000,000 in forward starting interest rate swaps to hedge future borrowing rates as of June 30, 2015. Their impact on accumulated other comprehensive income as of June 30, 2015 was an after-tax loss of \$2,476,000. These derivatives are designated as cash flow hedging instruments in accordance with ASC 815.

The following table presents the fair value and balance sheet classification of derivatives at June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

	Asset Deriv	vatives			Liability Derivatives				
	June 30, 20)15	September	30, 2014	June 30, 20	15	September 30, 2014		
	Balance		Balance	Balance		Balance			
	Sheet		Sheet		Sheet		Sheet		
	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair Value	
	(In thousan	ids)							
Interest rate	Other	\$5,429	Other	\$2,879	Other	\$5,429	Other	\$2,879	
contracts	assets	\$3,429	assets	\$2,079	liabilities	\$5,429	liabilities	\$2,879	
Long term borrowing hedge	Other assets	_	Other assets	_	Other liabilities	3,914	Other liabilities	268	

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I – Financial Information

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes certain "forward-looking statements," as defined in the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act"), based on current management expectations. Actual results could differ materially from those management expectations. Such forward-looking statements include statements regarding the Company's intentions, beliefs or current expectations as well as the assumptions on which such statements are based. Stockholders and potential stockholders are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause future results to vary from current management expectations include, but are not limited to: general economic conditions; legislative and regulatory changes, including without limitation the potential effect of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and regulations being promulgated thereunder; monetary fiscal policies of the federal government; changes in tax policies; rates and regulations of federal, state and local tax authorities; changes in interest rates; deposit flows; cost of funds; demand for loan products; demand for financial services; competition; changes in the quality or composition of the Company's loan and investment portfolios; changes in accounting principles; policies or guidelines and other economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors affecting the Company's operations, markets, products, services and fees. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results over time. **GENERAL**

Washington Federal, Inc. is a Washington corporation headquartered in Seattle, Washington. The Company is a bank holding company that conducts its operations through the Bank, a federally-insured national bank subsidiary, Washington Federal, National Association. The Bank converted from a federal savings association to a national bank charter with the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency on July 17, 2013. At the same time, the Company which had previously been a savings and loan holding company, became a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act.

The Company's fiscal year end is September 30th. All references to 2014 represent balances as of September 30, 2014 or activity for the fiscal year then ended.

The results discussed below were impacted by the acquisition on close of business October 31, 2013 of eleven branches from Bank of America, National Association ("BOA"); these branches are located in New Mexico. Effective as of the close of business on December 6, 2013, the Bank completed the acquisition of another forty branches from BOA; these branches are located in Washington, Oregon, and Idaho. Effective as of the close of business on May 2, 2014, the Bank completed the acquisition of an additional twenty-three branches from BOA; these branches are located in Arizona and Nevada. The combined acquisitions provided \$1,853,798,000 in deposit accounts, \$12,881,000 of loans, and \$25,097,000 in branch properties. Washington Federal paid a 1.99% premium on the total deposits and received \$1,776,660,000 in cash from the transactions.

The operating results of the Company include the operating results produced by the first eleven branches for the period from November 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015, the additional forty branches from December 7, 2013 to June 30, 2015 and the twenty-three branches from May 3, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Based on Management's assessment of the current interest rate environment, the Bank has taken steps to reduce its interest rate risk profile compared to its historical norms, including growing shorter-term business loans, transaction deposit accounts and extending the maturity on borrowings. The recent branch acquisitions have accelerated these efforts. The mix of transaction accounts is now approximately 54% of total deposits. The Bank has also been purchasing more variable rate investments. The composition of the investment portfolio is 43% variable and 57%

fixed rate. In addition, \$1,586,514,000 of its purchased 30-year fixed rate mortgage-backed securities have been designated as held-to-maturity. With rising interest rates, these securities may be subject to unrealized losses. As of June 30, 2015, the net unrealized loss on these securities was \$32,798,000. The net unrealized gain on the net balance of \$2,603,097,000 of available-for-sale securities was \$21,277,000 as of June 30, 2015. The Bank has executed \$400,000,000 in forward starting interest rate swaps to hedge future borrowing rates as of June 30, 2015. The net unrealized loss on the interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2015 was \$3,914,000. All of the above are pre-tax net unrealized gains/(losses).

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The Company relies on various measures of interest rate risk, including an asset/liability maturity gap analysis, modeling of changes in forecasted net interest income under various rate change scenarios, and the impact of interest rate changes on the net portfolio value ("NPV") of the Company.

Repricing Gap Analysis. At June 30, 2015, the Company had approximately \$1,901,989,000 more in liabilities subject to maturity or repricing in the next year than assets, which resulted in a negative one-year maturity gap of 13.2% of total assets. This was an increase from the 11.3% negative gap as of September 30, 2014. A negative maturity gap implies that funding costs will change more rapidly than interest income on earning assets with movements in interest rates. A negative maturity gap typically results in lower margins when interest rates rise and higher margins when interest rates decline. Gap analysis provides management with a high-level indication of interest rate risk, but it is considered less reliable than more detailed modeling.

Net Interest Income Sensitivity. The potential impact of rising interest rates on net interest income in the future under various rate change scenarios is estimated using a model that is based on account level detail for loans and deposits. In the event of an immediate and parallel increase of 200 basis points in both short and long-term interest rates, the model estimates that net interest income will decrease by 2.20% in the next year. This compares to an estimated decrease of 1.50% as of the September 30, 2014 analysis. This analysis assumes zero balance sheet growth and a constant percentage composition of assets and liabilities for consistency. It also assumes that loan and deposit prices respond in full to the increase in market rates. Actual results will differ from the assumptions used in this model, as Management monitors and adjusts loan and deposit pricing and the size and composition of the balance sheet to respond to changing interest rates. It is noted that a flattening yield curve due to a greater increase in short term rates as compared to long term rates would likely result in a more significant decrease in net interest income. Management estimates that a gradual increase of 300 basis points in short term rates and 100 basis points in long term rates over two years would result in a net interest income decrease of 3.25% in the first year and 6.50% in the second year assuming a constant balance sheet and no changes in management actions.

NPV Sensitivity. The NPV is an estimate of the market value of shareholder's equity. It is derived by calculating the difference between the present value of expected cash flows from interest-earning assets and the present value of expected cash flows from interest-paying liabilities and off-balance-sheet contracts. The sensitivity of the NPV to changes in interest rates provides a longer term view of interest rate risk as it incorporates all future expected cash flows. In the event of an immediate and parallel increase of 200 basis points in interest rates, the NPV is estimated to decline by \$572,000,000 or 20.4% and the NPV to total assets ratio to decline to 16.50% from a base of 19.23%. As of September 30, 2014, the NPV in the event of a 200 basis point increase in rates was estimated to decline by \$598,000,000 or 21.7% and the NPV to total assets ratio to decline to 15.68% from a base of 18.53%. The decreased NPV sensitivity and higher base NPV ratio is due to lower interest rates and higher prices as of June 30, 2015. Interest Rate Spread. The interest rate spread is measured as the difference between the rate on total loans and investments and the rate on costing liabilities at the end of each period. The interest rate spread increased to 2.71% at June 30, 2015 from 2.66% at September 30, 2014. The spread increased primarily due to lower rates on deposits and borrowings. As of June 30, 2015, the weighted average rate on customer deposit accounts and borrowings decreased by 3 basis points compared to September 30, 2014, while the weighted average rate on earning assets declined by 2 basis points to 3.61%.

Net Interest Margin. The net interest margin is measured using the interest income and expense over the average assets and liabilities for the period. The net interest margin decreased to 3.02% for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 from 3.05% for the quarter ended June 30, 2014. The yield on earning assets decreased 15 basis points to 3.89% and the cost of interest bearing liabilities declined 12 basis points to 0.93%. The lower yield on earning assets is the result

of lower rates on loans and investments due to the continued low interest rate environment. The decrease in interest costs was a combination of continued downward repricing of time deposits and the prepayment of a \$100,000,000 FHLB advance in the quarter ended December 31, 2014. Management prepaid an additional \$100,000,000 FHLB advance in the quarter ended June 30, 2015.

The following table sets forth the information explaining the changes in the net interest margin for the periods indicated compared to the same periods one year ago.

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2014
Average Rate
89 5.39 %
2.46
1.20
0.99
3.99 %
, ,
9 0.54 %
3.64

1.02 %
1.02 //
79
3.05 %
t a

As of June 30, 2015, total assets had declined by \$385,545,000 to \$14,370,496,000 from \$14,756,041,000 at September 30, 2014. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2014, loans (including covered loans) increased \$398,122,000 or 4.78%. Investment securities decreased \$386,819,000 or 8.41%. Cash and cash equivalents of \$349,550,000 and stockholders' equity of \$1,959,121,000 as of June 30, 2015 provides management with flexibility in managing interest rate risk going forward.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The principal sources of funds for the Company's activities are loan repayments (including prepayments), net deposit inflows, repayments and sales of investments and borrowings and retained earnings, if applicable. The Company's principal sources of revenue are interest on loans and interest and dividends on investments.

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The Bank has a credit line with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines ("FHLB") equal to 49.0% of total assets, providing a substantial source of additional liquidity if needed. On June 1, 2015, the FHLB of Seattle merged into the FHLB of Des Moines to create a larger, financially stronger, member-owned cooperative. The resulting institution is headquartered in Des Moines with a smaller presence maintained in Seattle for members of the former FHLB of Seattle. This merger will benefit the Bank due to the return of excess FHLB stock and projected improvements in the cash dividends on the remaining activity based stock that will be required.

The Bank has entered into borrowing agreements with the FHLB to borrow funds under a short-term floating rate cash management advance program and fixed-rate term loan agreements. All borrowings are secured by stock of the FHLB, deposits with the FHLB, and a blanket pledge of qualifying loans receivable as provided in the agreements with the FHLB. The total collateral value on loans receivable as of June 30, 2015 was \$4,748,000,000 and the remaining FHLB borrowing capacity was \$3,013,000,000. The Bank is also eligible to borrow under the Federal Reserve Bank's primary credit program.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents amounted to \$349,550,000 at June 30, 2015, a decrease from \$781,843,000 at September 30, 2014. These amounts include the Bank's operating cash.

The Company's net worth at June 30, 2015 was \$1,959,121,000, or 13.63% of total assets. This was a decrease of \$14,162,000 from September 30, 2014 when net worth was \$1,973,283,000 which was 13.37% of total assets. The Company's net worth was impacted in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 by net income of \$117,818,000, the payment of \$38,997,000 in cash dividends, treasury stock purchases of \$103,049,000, as well as a decrease in other comprehensive income of \$9,731,000. The ratio of tangible capital to tangible assets at June 30, 2015 was 11.79%. The Company has paid out 33.1% of its 2015 earnings year-to-date in cash dividends to common shareholders, compared with 26.7% for fiscal year 2014. For the nine months ended June 30, 2015, \$142,046,000 or 121% of net income was returned to shareholders in the form of cash dividends or share repurchases. Management believes this strong net worth position will help the Company manage its interest rate risk and provide the capital support needed for controlled growth in a regulated environment.

The Company (on a consolidated basis) and its banking subsidiary are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company and the Bank's financial statements.

In July 2013, federal banking agencies released new regulatory capital rules which became effective on January 1, 2015. These new rules raise the minimum capital ratios and establish new criteria for regulatory capital. Minimum capital ratios for four measures are established for capital adequacy purposes. These new standards are indicated in the table below. The common equity tier 1 capital ratio is new; it recognizes common equity as the highest form of capital. The denominator for all except the leverage ratio is risk weighted assets. The new rules also set forth a "capital conservation buffer" of up to 2.5%. In the event that a bank's capital levels fall below the minimum ratios plus these buffers, restrictions can be placed on the bank by its regulators. These restrictions include reducing dividend payments, share-backs, and staff bonus payments. The purpose of these buffers is to require banks to build up capital outside of periods of stress that can be drawn down during periods of stress. As a result, even during periods where losses are incurred, the minimum capital ratios can still be met. The new capital rules detail a phase-in period for the new minimum ratios and the capital buffers, before the full minimum ratios take effect in 2019. The Company has calculated its capital ratios using the new rules as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015. This did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

There are also new standards for Adequate and Well Capitalized criteria that are used for "Prompt Corrective Action" purposes. To remain categorized as well capitalized, the Bank and Holding Company must maintain minimum common equity risk-based, tier 1 risk-based, total risk-based and tier 1 leverage ratios as set forth in the following

table.

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	Actual			Minimum Capital Adequacy Guidelines			Minimum Well-Capitalized Guidelines		
	Capital	Ratio		Capital	tal Ratio		Capital	Ratio	
	(In thousand	ls)							
June 30, 2015									
Common Equity Tier I risk-based capital									
ratio:									
The Company	\$1,651,546	19.60	%	\$638,737	4.50	%	\$ 922,620	6.50	%
The Bank	1,630,586	19.35	%	638,683	4.50	%	922,542	6.50	%
Tier I risk-based capital ratio:									
The Company	1,651,546	19.60	%	505,489	6.00	%	673,985	8.00	%
The Bank	1,630,586	19.35	%	505,547	6.00	%	674,063	8.00	%
Total risk-based capital ratio:									
The Company	1,757,778	20.86	%	673,985	8.00	%	842,482	10.00	%
The Bank	1,736,830	20.61	%	674,063	8.00	%	842,579	10.00	%
Tier 1 Leverage ratio:									
The Company	1,651,546	11.64	%	567,766	4.00	%	709708	5.00	%
The Bank	1,630,586	11.49	%	567,718	4.00	%	709,648	5.00	%
September 30, 2014									
Tier I risk-based capital ratio:									
The Company	1,648,199	22.71	%	290,335	4.00	%	NA	NA	
The Bank	1,658,704	22.85	%	290,386	4.00	%	435,579	6.00	%
Total risk-based capital ratio:									
The Company	1,739,658	23.97	%	580,671	8.00	%	NA	NA	
The Bank	1,750,179	24.11	%	580,772	8.00	%	725,965	10.00	%
Tier 1 Leverage ratio:									
The Company	1,648,199	11.39	%	578,804	4.00	%	NA	N/A	
The Bank	1,658,704	11.46	%	578,816	4.00	%	723,520	5.00	%

CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

Available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities: Available-for-sale securities decreased \$425,068,000, or 13.9%, during the nine months ended June 30, 2015, due to sales and prepayments, calls and maturities which were partially offset by the purchase of \$329,490,000 of available-for-sale securities. There were \$235,109,000 of available-for-sale securities sold during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 at a gain of \$9,639,000. During the same period, there were \$249,382,000 million in held-to-maturity securities purchased. There were no held to maturity securities sold. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities and long term borrowing hedges of \$10,977,000, net of tax, which were recorded as part of other comprehensive income. This includes a net unrealized gain (net of tax) of \$13,453,000 on available for sale securities and a net unrealized loss (net of tax) of \$2,476,000 on long term borrowing hedges.

Loans receivable: During the nine months ended June 30, 2015, the balance of net loans receivable increased to \$8,645,609,000 compared to \$8,148,322,000 at September 30, 2014. This increase includes net loan activity (originations less principal payments and maturities) for non-covered loans of \$267,222,000, loan purchases of \$183,406,000, and transfers from covered loans of \$49,515,000. During the nine month period, \$23,940,000 of

non-covered loans were transferred to REO.

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Covered loans: As of June 30, 2015, FDIC covered loans decreased 56.2%, or \$99,165,000 to \$77,311,000, compared to September 30, 2014. There was a reduction of \$49,515,000 due to the expiration of the FDIC loss share coverage for the acquired commercial loans from the former Horizon Bank that expired after March 31, 2015. The FDIC loss share coverage for single family residential loans will continue for another five years. There were also \$65,585,000 of net principal payments, maturities and transfers to REO which were partially offset by \$15,935,000 in accretable yield.

There are \$38,712,000 of covered assets from the former Home Valley Bank as of June 30, 2015 that will lose their FDIC loss share coverage as of September 30, 2015. If all FDIC loss share coverage had expired as of June 30, 2015, the NPA ratio would increase from 0.90% to 1.04% and the delinquency rate would rise from 0.98% to 1.05%.

The following table shows the loan portfolio by category for the last three quarters.

The following those shows the f	•		01		•				
Loan Portfolio by Category *	June 30, 2015			March 31, 20	15		December 31, 2014		
Non-Acquired loans	(In thousands	*							
Single-family residential	\$5,549,746	60.1	%	\$5,535,104	61.4	%	\$5,608,208	63.9	
Construction - speculative	181,668	2.0		163,657	1.8		152,450	1.7	
Construction - custom	375,425	4.1		370,693	4.1		377,561	4.3	
Land - acquisition &	87,382	0.9		105,058	1.2		84,000	1.0	
development	07,302	0.7		103,036			04,000	1.0	
Land - consumer lot loans	102,495	1.1		102,082	1.2		104,492	1.2	
Multi-family	1,089,682	11.8		1,010,003	11.2		977,752	11.2	
Commercial real estate	808,539	8.7		741,137	8.2		597,436	6.8	
Commercial & industrial	451,478	4.9		408,358	4.6		391,327	4.5	
HELOC	122,870	1.3		120,901	1.3		118,047	1.3	
Consumer	205,932	2.2		218,680	2.5		126,929	1.4	
Total non-acquired loans	8,975,217	97.1		8,775,673	97.5		8,538,202	97.3	
Non-impaired acquired loans									
Single-family residential	12,895	0.1		10,977	0.1		11,163	0.1	
Land - acquisition &	1,028			728			872		
development	1,026			120			012		
Land - consumer lot loans	2,472			2,476			2,496	_	
Multi-family	3,692			2,912			2,954	_	
Commercial real estate	102,089	1.1		87,313	1.0		92,133	1.0	
Commercial & industrial	57,614	0.6		55,659	0.6		58,836	0.7	
HELOC	6,414	0.1		6,700	0.1		7,749	0.1	
Consumer	2,916	_		2,794			4,369	_	
Total non-impaired acquired	189,120	1.9		169,559	1.8		180,572	1.9	
loans	169,120	1.9		109,339	1.0		160,372	1.9	
Credit-impaired acquired loans									
Single-family residential	6,288	0.1		322			323	_	
Land - acquisition &	1,842			1 205			1 522		
development	1,842	_		1,395			1,533	_	
Land - consumer lot loans	496	_		_			_	_	
Commercial real estate	71,196	0.8		56,727	0.6		60,287	0.7	
Commercial & industrial	3,881	_		2,190	_		3,255	_	
HELOC	8,553	0.1		8,838	0.1		9,202	0.1	

%

Consumer	108	_	51		54	_
Total credit-impaired acquired loans	92,364	1.0	69,523	0.7	74,654	0.8
Total Loans						
Single-family residential	5,568,929	60.3	5,546,403	61.5	5,619,694	64.0
Construction - speculative	181,668	2.0	163,657	1.8	152,450	1.7
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Construction - custom	375,425	4.1	370,693	4.1	377,561	4.3	
Land - acquisition & development	90,252	0.9	107,181	1.2	86,405	1.0	
Land - consumer lot loans	105,463	1.1	104,558	1.2	106,988	1.2	
Multi-family	1,093,374	11.8	1,012,915	11.2	980,706	11.2	
Commercial real estate	981,824	10.6	885,177	9.8	749,856	8.5	
Commercial & industrial	512,973	5.5	466,207	5.2	453,418	5.2	
HELOC	137,837	1.5	136,439	1.5	134,998	1.5	
Consumer	208,956	2.2	221,525	2.5	131,352	1.4	
Total Loans	9,256,701	100	% 9,014,755	100 %	8,793,428	100	%
Less:							
Allowance for probable losses	105,611		108,323		108,700		
Loans in process	438,941		426,836		370,655		
Discount on acquired loans	28,399		20,845		22,535		
Deferred net origination fees	38,141		37,763		37,621		
	611,092		593,767		539,511		
	\$8,645,609		\$8,420,988		\$8,253,917		

^{*} Excludes covered loans

Non-performing assets (excludes discounted acquired assets): NPAs decreased during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 to \$128,883,000 from \$147,311,000 at September 30, 2014, a 12.5% decrease. The decrease is due to improving credit conditions and credit quality. Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets was 0.90% at June 30, 2015 compared to 1.00% at September 30, 2014. This level of NPAs is improved from the 0.96% average in the Company's 29+ year history as a public company.

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The following table sets forth information regarding restructured and non-accrual loans and REO held by the Company at the dates indicated.

· · · ·	June 30, 2015 (In thousands)			September 30 2014	,	
Restructured loans:						
Single-family residential	\$275,428	85.7	%	\$323,732	86.3	%
Construction - speculative	6,370	2.0		7,360	2.0	
Land - acquisition & development	3,536	1.1		4,737	1.3	
Land - consumer lot loans	11,539	3.6		13,002	3.5	
Multi - family	3,843	1.2		5,243	1.4	
Commercial real estate	19,251	6.0		19,140	5.1	
HELOC	1,394	0.4		1,486	0.4	
Consumer	120	_		43	_	
Total restructured loans (1)	\$321,481	100	%	\$374,743	100	%
Non-accrual loans:						
Single-family residential	\$56,638	86.7	%	\$74,067	84.8	%
Construction - speculative	762	1.2		1,477	1.7	
Construction - custom	355	0.5		_	_	
Land - consumer lot loans	1,308	2.0		2,637	3.0	
Multi-family	786	1.2		1,742	2.0	
Commercial real estate	2,852	4.4		5,106	5.8	
Commercial & industrial	1,205	1.8		7	_	
HELOC	889	1.4		795	0.9	
Consumer	513	0.8		789	0.9	
Total non-accrual loans (2)	65,308	100	%	87,431	100	%
Total REO (3)	59,239			55,072		
Total REHI (3)	4,336			4,808		
Total non-performing assets	\$128,883			\$147,311		
Total non-performing assets and						
performing restructured loans as a	3.04	%		3.37	%	
percentage of total assets						
(1) Restructured loans were as follows:						
Performing	\$308,355	95.9	%	\$350,653	93.6	%
Non-performing (included in non-accrual	13,126	4.1		24,090	6.4	
loans above)	13,120			۵٦,070		
	\$321,481	100	%	\$374,743	100	%

⁽²⁾ The Company recognized interest income on cash payments received from the borrower on nonaccrual loans of approximately \$5,272,000 in the nine months ended June 30, 2015. Had these loans performed according to their original contract terms, the Company would have recognized interest income of approximately \$2,421,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2015. The recognized interest income may include more than nine months of interest

for some of the loans that were brought current. In addition to the nonaccrual loans reflected in the above table, the Company had \$94,346,000 of loans that were less than 90 days delinquent at June 30, 2015 but which it had classified as substandard for one or more reasons. If these loans were deemed non-performing, the Company's ratio of total NPAs and performing restructured loans as a percent of total assets would have increased to 3.04% at June 30, 2015.

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(3) Total REO and REHI includes real estate held for sale acquired in settlement of loans or acquired from purchased institutions in settlement of loans. Includes net exposure to covered REO of \$3,748,000.

Restructured single-family residential loans are reserved for under the Company's general reserve methodology. If any individual loan is significant in balance, the Company may establish a specific reserve as warranted.

Most restructured loans are accruing and performing loans where the borrower has proactively approached the Bank about modifications due to temporary financial difficulties. Each request is individually evaluated for merit and likelihood of success. Single-family residential loans comprised 85.7% of restructured loans as of June 30, 2015. The concession for these loans is typically a payment reduction through a rate reduction of from 100 to 200 bps for a specific term, usually six to twelve months. Interest-only payments may also be approved during the modification period.

For commercial loans, six consecutive payments on newly restructured loan terms are required prior to returning the loan to accrual status. In some instances after the required six consecutive payments are made, a management assessment will conclude that collection of the entire principal balance is still in doubt. In those instances, the loan will remain on non-accrual. Homogeneous loans may or may not be on accrual status at the time of restructuring, but all are placed on accrual status upon the restructuring of the loan. Homogeneous loans are restructured only if the borrower can demonstrate the ability to meet the restructured payment terms; otherwise, collection is pursued and the loan remains on non-accrual status until liquidated. If the homogeneous restructured loan does not perform it will be placed in non-accrual status when it is 90 days delinquent.

A loan that defaults and is subsequently modified would impact the Company's delinquency trend, which is part of the qualitative risk factors component of the general reserve calculation. Any modified loan that re-defaults and is charged-off would impact the historical loss factors component of the Company's general reserve calculation. Allocation of the allowance for loan losses: The following table shows the allocation of the Company's allowance for loan losses at the dates indicated.

	June 30, 2013	Tune 30, 2015					September 30, 2014						
	Amount	Loans to Total Loans (1)		Coverage Ratio (2)		Amount	Loans to Total Loans (1)		Coverage Ratio (2)				
	(In					(In							
	thousands)					thousands)							
Single-family residential	\$52,004	64.8	%	0.9	%	\$62,763	65.6	%	1.1	%			
Construction - speculativ	e5,933	1.4		5.0		6,742	1.7		5.2				
Construction - custom	985	2.4		0.5		1,695	4.6		0.5				
Land - acquisition & development	5,772	0.8		8.1		5,592	0.9		7.2				
Land - consumer lot loan	s2,999	1.2		2.9		3,077	1.3		2.8				
Multi-family	5,035	11.8		0.5		4,248	10.9		0.5				
Commercial real estate	7,268	8.1		1.0		7,548	7.0		1.3				
Commercial & industrial	21,662	5.7		4.5		16,527	5.0		4.6				
HELOC	864	1.4		0.7		928	1.4		0.9				
Consumer	3,089	2.4		1.5		3,227	1.6		2.4				
	\$105,611	100	%			\$112,347	100	%					

Represents the total amount of the loan category as a % of total gross loans, excluding non-acquired and non-covered loans outstanding not subject to the allowance for loan loss.

(2) Represents the allocated allowance of the loan category as a % of total gross loans, excluding non-acquired and non-covered loans outstanding not subject to the allowance for loan loss, for the same loan category.

Real Estate Held for Sale: Real estate held for sale increased during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 by \$419,000 to \$55,491,000. The increase is attributable to upward net market value adjustments from prior period corrections and the addition of previously covered loans from the commercial portion of the former Horizon Bank portfolio which were partially offset by sales of existing REO properties during the quarter.

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Interest Receivable: Interest receivable decreased by \$12,487,000 as compared to September 30, 2014, largely as a result of the correction for the over-accrual of interest income of \$8,872,000 that was made in a prior quarter that had accumulated since fiscal 2011 and was detected during this fiscal year. Management believes this error and its correction had no material impact to any prior reporting period. The remaining difference is primarily due to lower yields on earning assets.

Bank Owned Life Insurance: The Company purchased \$100,000,000 in bank-owned life insurance, with a expected 2015 pre-tax equivalent yield of 5.14%, in the quarter ended December 31, 2014 to assist in funding the growth of employee benefit costs.

Customer accounts: Customer accounts decreased \$138,543,000, or 1.3%, to \$10,578,385,000 at June 30, 2015 compared with \$10,716,928,000 at September 30, 2014.

The following table shows the composition of the Bank's customer accounts by deposit type as of the dates shown:

	June 30, 2015				September 30, 2014					
	Deposit	As a % of		Wtd. Avg.		Deposit	As a % of		Wtd. Avg.	
	Account	Total		Rate		Account	Total Deposits		Rate	
	Balance	Deposits				Balance			Kate	
	(In thousands)					(In thousands)				
Non-interest checking	\$933,645	8.8	%	_	%	\$883,601	8.2	%	_	%
Interest checking	1,556,136	14.7		0.06	%	1,447,569	13.5		0.09	%
Savings (passbook/stmt)	671,426	6.4		0.10	%	622,546	5.8		0.10	%
Money Market	2,535,329	24.0		0.14	%	2,536,971	23.7		0.18	%
CD's	4,881,849	46.1		0.93	%	5,226,241	48.8		0.92	%
Total	\$10,578,385	100	%	0.48	%	\$10,716,928	100	%	0.51	%

FHLB advances and other borrowings: Total borrowings were \$1,730,000,000 as of June 30, 2015 which is lower than the balance as of September 30, 2014 by \$200,000,000. In December 2014, there was a prepayment of a FHLB advance of \$100,000,000 with a maturity date in September 2015, resulting in a prepayment penalty of \$2,613,000. In June 2015, there was a prepayment of a FHLB advance of \$100,000,000 with a maturity date in September 2017, resulting in a prepayment penalty of \$7,941,000.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Income: The quarter ended June 30, 2015 produced net income of \$39,050,000 compared to \$37,910,000 for the same quarter one year ago. For the nine months ended June 30, 2015, net income totaled \$117,818,000 compared to \$116,803,000 for the same period one year ago. Net income for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015 benefited from higher net interest income and overall lower credit costs, which included the reversal of loan loss provision and net gains rather than losses on real estate acquired through foreclosure for the nine month period. Some of this benefit was offset by higher other expenses during these periods. Please see the discussion below about these changes.

Net Interest Income: For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, net interest income was \$2,714,000 lower than in the same quarter of the prior year. Average earning assets were \$229,050,000 lower due to repayments of cash and investments that were not completely offset by loan growth. In addition, the yield on interest earning assets declined by 10 basis points and the cost of funds only declined by 9 basis points. The net interest margin decreased to 3.02% from 3.05% in quarter ended June 30, 2014.

Net interest income was \$4,402,000 higher for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2014 as average earnings assets were higher by \$302,440,000 and the cost of funds declined as the Company shifted from certificates of deposit to transaction accounts.

The following table sets forth certain information explaining changes in interest income and interest expense for the periods indicated compared to the same periods one year ago. For each category of interest-earning asset and interest-bearing liability, information is provided on changes attributable to (1) changes in volume (changes in volume multiplied by old rate) and (2) changes in rate (changes in rate multiplied by old volume). The change in interest income and interest expense attributable to changes in both volume and rate has been allocated proportionately to the change due to volume and the change due to rate.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I – Financial Information

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Rate / Volume Analysis:

Ž	Comparison of Quarters Ended 6/30/15 and 6/30/14						Comparison of Nine Months Ended 6/30/15 and 6/30/14					
	Volume		Rate		Total		Volume		Rate		Total	
	(In thousa	and	ls)				(In thousa	anc	ls)			
Interest income:												
Loans and covered loans	\$7,510		\$(8,349)	\$(839)	\$21,831		\$(18,664)	\$3,167	
Mortgaged-backed securities	(1,848)	(1,664)	(3,512)	(3,041)	(3,593)	(6,634)
Investments (1)	(1,463)	103		(1,360)	(195)	256		61	
All interest-earning assets	4,199		(9,910)	(5,711)	18,595		(22,001)	(3,406)
Interest expense:												
Customer accounts	38		(1,791)	(1,753)	2,226		(8,239)	(6,013)
FHLB advances and other	(960)	(284)	(1,244)	(2,452)	657		(1,795)
borrowings	(200	,	(204	,	(1,277	,	(2,732	,	037		(1,7)3	,
All interest-bearing liabilities	(922)	(2,075)	(2,997)	(226)	(7,582)	(7,808)
Change in net interest income	\$5,121		\$(7,835)	\$(2,714)	\$18,821		\$(14,419)	\$4,402	

⁽¹⁾ Includes interest on cash equivalents and dividends on FHLB & FRB stock

Provision (Reversal) for Loan Losses: The provision for loan losses amounted to a reversal of provision of \$1,932,000 and \$11,381,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to a reversal of provision of \$3,000,000 and \$11,936,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The reversals of provision for loan losses are the result of the continued improvement of the Company's loan portfolio. The related improvement in the allowance for loan losses is in response to three primary factors: first, the amount of NPAs improved year-over-year; second, non-accrual loans as a percentage of net loans decreased from 1.30% at June 30, 2014, to 0.76% at June 30, 2015; and third, the percentage of loans 30 days or more delinquent decreased from 1.57% at June 30, 2014, to 0.98% at June 30, 2015.

The Company had net charge-offs of \$313,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared with \$2,219,000 of net recoveries for the same quarter one year ago. Non-performing assets amounted to \$128,883,000, or 0.90%, of total assets at June 30, 2015, compared to \$162,357,000, or 1.10% of total assets at June 30, 2014. Non-accrual loans decreased from \$94,226,000 at June 30, 2014, to \$65,308,000 at June 30, 2015, a 30.7% decrease.

Management believes the allowance for loan losses plus the reserve for unfunded commitments, totaling \$107,977,000, or 1.17% of gross loans, is sufficient to absorb estimated losses inherent in the portfolio. See Note E for further discussion and analysis of the allowance for loan losses for the quarter ended June 30, 2015.

Other Income: For the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015, total other income was \$11,811,000 and \$28,031,000 as compared to \$8,072,000 and \$20,562,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2014. Deposit fee income was \$5,156,000 and \$16,538,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$4,036,000 and \$9,120,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2014. The increase was primarily due to the increase in branches and customers obtained through acquisitions during fiscal 2014. Loan fee income of \$1,915,000 and \$6,028,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015 was also higher than the same quarter and nine months of the prior year.

The remaining other income was \$3,042,000 in the current quarter compared to \$1,739,000 in the same quarter of the prior year. During the quarter, there was a \$9,639,000 gain on the sale of \$235,109,000 in available for sale securities.

This was partially offset by a prepayment charge of \$7,941,000 due to the payoff of a \$100,000,000 Federal Home Loan Bank advance that was accruing interest at 4.49% and was scheduled to expire in September 2017. For the nine months ended June 30, 2015, other income was \$6,380,000 compared to \$5,774,000 in the same period of the prior year.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I – Financial Information

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Other Expense: The quarter ended June 30, 2015 produced total other expense of \$56,719,000 compared to \$53,293,000 for the same quarter one year ago, a 6.4% increase. This increase was driven primarily by an increase in employees as well as occupancy, product delivery and marketing expenses related to the branch acquisitions during the 2014 fiscal year.

Total other expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 equaled 1.57% and 1.47%, respectively, of average assets. The number of staff, including part-time employees on a full-time equivalent basis, was 1,839 and 1,948 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Higher staff and occupancy expense were both due to an increase in the number of branches from 231 as of June 30, 2014 to 246 as of June 30, 2015.

Gain (Loss) on Real Estate Acquired Through Foreclosure: Gains (losses) recognized on real estate acquired through foreclosure was a net gain of \$3,188,000 and \$4,976,000 for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to a net loss of \$2,056,000 and \$3,454,000 for the quarter and nine month periods one year ago, respectively. The table below indicates some of the activity in the gain (loss) on real estate acquired through foreclosure in the periods indicated above.

	Quarter Ended June 30,			Nine Mo	ine		
			2015	2014			
	(In thousands)			(In thousands)			
Net Gain on Sale	\$2,970	\$2,466		\$8,446	\$7,161		
REO Net Writedowns	(57) (2,953)	(1,489) (6,069)	
REO Operating Expenses	275	(1,569)	(1,982) (4,546)	
Gain (loss) on real estate acquired through foreclosure net	\$3,188	\$(2,056)	\$4,975	\$(3,454)	

Taxes: Income taxes increased to \$21,727,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, as compared to \$21,092,000 for the same period one year ago. Income taxes for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 were \$65,556,000 which was similar to the nine months ended June 30, 2014 as income before taxes was similar. The effective tax rate for both the quarters and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 was 35.75%. The Company expects a lower effective tax rate going forward due to the effects of the addition of Bank owned life insurance and increased investment in low income housing tax credit partnerships.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Management believes that there have been no material changes in the Company's quantitative and qualitative information about market risk since September 30, 2014. For a complete discussion of the Company's quantitative and qualitative market risk, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's 2014 Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company maintains a set of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer along with the Company's Senior Vice

President and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management has evaluated, with the participation of the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer along with the Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on the evaluation, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer along with the Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. During the period to which this report relates, there have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, such controls.

WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART II - Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time the Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, none of which are considered to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed under "Part I--Item 1A--Risk Factors" in the 2014 Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014. These factors could materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and capital position, and could cause its actual results to differ materially from our historical results or the results contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this report.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
The following table provides information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of the Company of the
Company's common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan (1)	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan at the End of the Period
April 1, 2015 to April 30 2015	·	\$22.08	278,327	6,147,942
May 1, 2015 to May 31, 2015	787,647	21.87	787,647	5,360,295
June 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015	105,688	22.00	105,688	5,254,607
Total	1,171,662	\$21.93	1,171,662	5,254,607

The Company's only stock repurchase program was publicly announced by its Board of Directors on February 3, 1995 and has no expiration date. Under this ongoing program, a total of 46,956,264 shares have been authorized for repurchase. This includes the authorization of an additional 5 million shares that may be repurchased under Washington Federal's share repurchase program that was announced in May 2015.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities Not applicable

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information Not applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

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- (a) Exhibits
 - 31.1 Section 302 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer
 - 31.2 Section 302 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer
 - 32 Section 906 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer
 - Financial Statements from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2015 formatted in XBRL

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

August 7, 2015 /S/ ROY M. WHITEHEAD

ROY M. WHITEHEAD

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

August 7, 2015 /S/ DIANE L. KELLEHER

DIANE L. KELLEHER

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer