EVEREST RE GROUP LTD Form 10-Q November 10, 2014

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

## QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD Commission file number:

ENDED: 1-15731

September 30, 2014

#### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda 98-0365432 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Wessex House – 2nd Floor 45 Reid Street PO Box HM 845 Hamilton HM DX, Bermuda 441-295-0006

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES X NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large X Accelerated accelerated filer filer

Non-accelerated Smaller filer reporting company

(Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES NO X

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Common Shares, \$0.01 par value Number of Shares Outstanding At November 1, 2014 45,246,968

#### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD

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## PART I

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars and share amounts in thousands, except par value per share) ASSETS:	September 30, 2014 (unaudited)			
	Φ	13,643,326	Φ	12 626 007
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at market value (amortized cost: 2014, \$13,327,754; 2013, \$12,391,164)	\$	15,045,520	\$	12,636,907
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at fair value		18,426		19,388
Equity securities - available for sale, at market value (cost: 2014, \$147,068;		10,420		19,300
2013, \$148,342)		146,135		144,081
Equity securities - available for sale, at fair value		1,341,111		1,462,079
Short-term investments		1,496,739		1,402,079
Other invested assets (cost: 2014, \$551,179; 2013, \$508,447)		551,179		508,447
Cash		401,803		611,382
Total investments and cash		17,598,719		16,596,483
Accrued investment income		115,326		119,058
Premiums receivable		1,705,394		1,453,114
Reinsurance receivables		776,465		540,883
Funds held by reinsureds		234,825		228,000
Deferred acquisition costs		393,191		363,721
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		180,737		81,779
Income taxes		186,924		178,334
Other assets		295,632		246,664
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	21,487,213	\$	19,808,036
TOTAL ASSETS	Ф	21,407,213	φ	19,606,030
LIABILITIES:				
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	9,795,429	\$	9,673,240
Future policy benefit reserve	ψ	57,633	Ψ	59,512
Unearned premium reserve		1,831,831		1,579,945
Funds held under reinsurance treaties		3,506		2,692
Commission reserves		70,168		66,160
Other net payable to reinsurers		216,031		116,387
Losses in course of payment		497,727		332,631
4.868% Senior notes due 6/1/2044		497,727		332,031
5.4% Senior notes due 10/15/2014		249,998		249,958
6.6% Long term notes due 5/1/2067		238,363		238,361
Accrued interest on debt and borrowings		18,312		4,781
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		
Equity index put option liability Unsettled securities payable		31,455 97,059		35,423 53,867
Other liabilities		193,103		
Total liabilities		13,700,615		333,425
Total Havillues		13,700,013		12,746,382

# NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS:

Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re	404,411	93,378
Commitments and contingencies (Nets 0)		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred shares, par value: \$0.01; 50,000 shares authorized;		
no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common shares, par value: \$0.01; 200,000 shares authorized; (2014) 68,309		
and (2013) 67,965 outstanding before treasury shares	683	680
Additional paid-in capital	2,059,956	2,029,774
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of deferred income tax		
expense		
(benefit) of \$63,790 at 2014 and \$57,661 at 2013	185,397	157,728
Treasury shares, at cost; 23,060 shares (2014) and 20,422 shares (2013)	(2,385,815)	(1,985,873)
Retained earnings	7,521,966	6,765,967
Total shareholders' equity attributable to Everest Re Group	7,382,187	6,968,276
TOTAL LIABILITIES, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 21,487,213	\$ 19,808,036
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial		
statements.		
1		

# EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 2013 2 (unaudited)		20	Nine Month September 2014 2 (unaudi			er 30, 2013						
REVENUES:	ф	1 200 00	١٥.		ф	1 005 75	_	ф	2 006 00	_	ф	2.466.04	
Premiums earned	\$	, ,			\$	1,225,755	)	\$	3,806,80	)	\$	3,466,04	
Net investment income		142,143				127,872			396,524			422,382	
Net realized capital gains (losses):													
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed		(106							(40.5	,		(101	,
maturity securities		(106		)		-			(495	)		(191	)
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed													
maturity securities													
transferred to other comprehensive income (loss)		-				-			-			-	
Other net realized capital gains (losses)		(9,342		)		44,958			71,189			205,789	
Total net realized capital gains (losses)		(9,448		)		44,958			70,694			205,598	
Net derivative gain (loss)		1,855				5,639			3,968			33,005	
Other income (expense)		11,332				(2,726	)		(5,835	)		(3,318	)
Total revenues		1,535,88	30			1,401,498	3		4,272,15	5		4,123,71	.4
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:													
Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses		837,757				770,102			2,192,86	3		2,074,33	
Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees		290,519				248,587			820,208			723,700	
Other underwriting expenses		63,113				59,860			172,165			167,707	
Corporate expenses		9,958				4,758			18,802			16,643	
Interest, fees and bond issue cost amortization													
expense		12,424				7,637			28,970			38,480	
Total claims and expenses		1,213,77	71			1,090,944	1		3,233,00	3		3,020,86	6
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES		322,109				310,554			1,039,14	3		1,102,84	8
Income tax expense (benefit)		20,856				72,027			137,948			204,336	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	301,253			\$	238,527		\$	901,200		\$	898,512	
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling													
interests		(26,337		)		(3,768	)		(42,167	)		(3,768	)
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO													
EVEREST RE GROUP	\$	274,916			\$	234,759		\$	859,033		\$	894,744	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:													
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)													
("URA(D)") on securities arising during the period		(74,074		)		(20,925	)		65,318			(340,267	7)
Reclassification adjustment for realized losses		` '										,	
(gains) included in net income (loss)		(5,684		)		(1,592	)		(1,641	)		(7,511	)
Total URA(D) on securities arising during the		,											
period		(79,758		)		(22,517	)		63,677			(347,778	3)
•		. ,											

Foreign currency translation adjustments	(34,974)	(5,913	)	(38,374	)	(13,228	)
	(= 1,5 )	(0)2-0		(00,0)	,	(,	,
Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss) for the period	-	-		-		-	
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of net							
(gain) loss included in net income (loss)	825	1,470		2,366		4,161	
Total benefit plan net gain (loss) for the period	825	1,470		2,366		4,161	
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of							
tax	(113,907)	(26,960	)	27,669		(356,845	5)
Other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to							
noncontrolling interests	-	-		-		-	
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of							
tax attributable to Everest Re Group	(113,907)	(26,960	)	27,669		(356,845	<b>5</b> )
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 161,009	\$ 207,799		\$ 886,702		\$ 537,899	
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE							
ATTRIBUTABLE TO EVEREST RE GROUP:							
Basic	\$ 6.05	\$ 4.85		\$ 18.64		\$ 18.09	
Diluted	6.00	4.81		18.47		17.94	
Dividends declared	0.75	0.48		2.25		1.44	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(Dollars in thousands, except share and	• • • •		•		•		•				
dividends per share amounts)	201			)13				)13			
COMMON GHADES (1		(unaud	11te	ed)		(unau	dite	nea)			
COMMON SHARES (shares outstanding):	4	15 (01 015		40.500.040		47.542.122		51 417 062			
Balance, beginning of period		15,691,015		48,588,040		47,543,132		51,417,962			
Issued during the period, net		29,622		51,018		344,761		758,110			
Treasury shares acquired	,	470,807 )		(724,654)		(2,638,063)		(4,261,668)			
Balance, end of period	4	15,249,830		47,914,404		45,249,830		47,914,404			
COMMON CHADES (non volve).											
COMMON SHARES (par value):	\$ 6	02	Φ	678	\$	680	Φ	671			
Balance, beginning of period Issued during the period, net	\$ 0	003	Ф	1	Ф	3	Ф	8			
Balance, end of period	-	583		679		683		679			
balance, end of period	O	003		0/9		083		0/9			
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL:											
Balance, beginning of period	2	2,052,682		2,003,166		2,029,774		1,946,439			
Share-based compensation plans		1,032,082 1,274		10,025		30,182		66,752			
Balance, end of period		2,059,956		2,013,191		2,059,956		2,013,191			
Balance, end of period		2,039,930		2,013,191		2,039,930		2,013,191			
ACCUMULATED OTHER											
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS),											
NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAXES:											
Balance, beginning of period	2	299,304		207,164		157,728		537,049			
Net increase (decrease) during the period		113,907		(26,960)		27,669		(356,845)			
Balance, end of period		85,397		180,204		185,397		180,204			
Barance, end of period	1	103,371		100,204		105,577		100,204			
RETAINED EARNINGS:											
Balance, beginning of period	7	7,281,023		6,225,705		6,765,967		5,613,266			
Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re	,	,201,023		0,223,703		0,703,707		3,013,200			
Group	2	274,916		234,759		859,033		894,744			
Dividends declared (\$0.75 per share in third	_	27 1,910		231,739		057,055		071,711			
quarter 2014 and \$2.25 year-to-date											
per share in 2014 and \$0.48 per share in third											
quarter 2013 and \$1.44											
year-to-date per share in 2013)	C	33,973 )		(23,174)		(103,034)		(70,720)			
Balance, end of period	,	7,521,966		6,437,290		7,521,966		6,437,290			
	,	, , , , , , ,		-, , <del>-</del> , - , - , - , -		. ,. = 1,700		=, , <b>_</b>			
TREASURY SHARES AT COST:											
Balance, beginning of period	C	2,310,824)		(1,813,913)		(1,985,873)		(1,363,958)			
Purchase of treasury shares		74,991 )		(100,001)		(399,942)		(549,956)			
Balance, end of period		2,385,815)		(1,913,914)		(2,385,815)		(1,913,914)			
.,	(	, ,- <del></del> ,		( ) ) )		( , , )		( ) ) ')			

TOTAL	SHAREHOLDERS	S' EQUITY,	END
OF DED	NOD		

OF PERIOD \$ 7,382,187 \$ 6,717,450 \$ 7,382,187 \$ 6,717,450

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 2013 (unaudited)				20	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 2013 (unaudited)					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING		(u	nauc	lite	d)		(ι	ınaud	dite	ed)	
ACTIVITIES:											
Net income (loss)	\$	301,253		\$	238,527	\$	901,200		\$	898,512	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		,			,		,			,	
Decrease (increase) in premiums receivable		(157,818	)		(181,317)		(255,645	)		(401,623	)
Decrease (increase) in funds held by reinsureds,											
net		(9,077	)		12,729		(6,929	)		485	
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance receivables		(119,381	)		(11,187)		(256,458	)		(77,165	)
Decrease (increase) in income taxes		(29,953	)		73,279		(14,696	)		130,008	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid reinsurance											
premiums		(33,132	)		(14,605)		(101,478	)		(21,513	)
Increase (decrease) in reserve for losses and loss											
adjustment expenses		164,456			(100,751)		172,511			(275,893	)
Increase (decrease) in future policy benefit											
reserve		(735	)		(285)		(1,879	)		(852	)
Increase (decrease) in unearned premiums		158,734			178,193		255,537			304,728	
Increase (decrease) in other net payable to											
reinsurers		1,438			33,937		101,984			63,702	
Increase (decrease) in losses in course of payment		3,115			174,701		165,105			404,836	
Change in equity adjustments in limited											
partnerships		(21,238	)		(4,343 )		(24,438	)		(40,693	)
Distribution of limited partnership income		27,735			5,638		41,165			48,733	
Change in other assets and liabilities, net		24,758			6,754		(32,114	)		(68,112	)
Non-cash compensation expense		4,952			4,923		14,720			15,088	
Amortization of bond premium (accrual of bond											
discount)		10,942			14,773		38,010			50,280	
Amortization of underwriting discount on senior											
notes		15			14		43			41	
Net realized capital (gains) losses		9,448			(44,958)		(70,694	)		(205,598	)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating											
activities		335,512			386,022		925,944			824,964	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:											
Proceeds from fixed maturities matured/called -											
available for sale, at market value		590,769			594,260		1,638,278			1,912,978	3
Proceeds from fixed maturities matured/called -											
available for sale, at fair value		-			-		875			7,213	
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold - available for	•										
sale, at market value		443,606			214,173		1,050,082			845,357	

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Proceeds from fixed maturities sold - available for	2.002		1.056	22.056	10.200
sale, at fair value	3,093		1,056	23,856	18,398
Proceeds from equity securities sold - available	2.502		226	11.154	45.740
for sale, at market value	2,502		326	11,174	45,749
Proceeds from equity securities sold - available	1.17.600		101 156	150 511	4.50.04.5
for sale, at fair value	147,622		101,176	452,514	459,945
Distributions from other invested assets	36,744		5,236	59,264	79,689
Cost of fixed maturities acquired - available for					
sale, at market value	(1,270,700	)	(671,876)	(3,729,423)	(2,794,035)
Cost of fixed maturities acquired - available for					
sale, at fair value	(22,375	)	(2,092)	(23,684)	(4,798)
Cost of equity securities acquired - available for					
sale, at market value	(1,254	)	(1,097)	(11,873)	(54,584)
Cost of equity securities acquired - available for					
sale, at fair value	( )	)	(180,308)	(262,871)	(424,252)
Cost of other invested assets acquired	()	)	(3,762)	(120,911 )	(15,063)
Net change in short-term investments	138,855		(139,544)	(284,822 )	(7,408)
Net change in unsettled securities transactions	(7,137	)	(70,186)	13,496	(14,518)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(104,355	)	(152,638)	(1,184,045)	54,671
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Common shares issued during the period, net	2,322		5,103	15,465	51,672
Purchase of treasury shares	(74,991	)	(100,001)	(399,942)	(549,956)
Revolving credit borrowings	-		(40,000)	-	-
Net cost of junior subordinated debt securities					
redemption	-		-	-	(329,897)
Net proceeds from issuance of senior notes	-		-	400,000	-
Third party investment in redeemable					
noncontrolling interest	(65,000	)	87,500	136,200	87,500
Dividends paid to shareholders	(33,973	)	(23,174)	(103,034)	(70,720)
Dividends paid on third party investment in					
redeemable noncontrolling interest	(10,334	)	-	(10,334)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing					
activities	(181,976	)	(70,572)	38,355	(811,401)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES					
ON CASH	11,052		(12,414)	10,167	(15,750)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	60,233		150,398	(209,579)	52,484
Cash, beginning of period	341,570		439,136	611,382	537,050
	\$ 401,803	\$	·	\$ 401,803	\$ 589,534
, I			ĺ		
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW					
INFORMATION:					
	\$ 49,319	\$	(1,820 )	\$ 146,560	\$ 64,918
Interest paid	132	- T	243	15,150	23,524
1				, -	,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

#### 1. GENERAL

Everest Re Group, Ltd. ("Group"), a Bermuda company, through its subsidiaries, principally provides reinsurance and insurance in the U.S., Bermuda and international markets. As used in this document, "Company" means Group and its subsidiaries.

Effective February 27, 2013, the Company established a new subsidiary, Mt. Logan Re Ltd. ("Mt. Logan Re") and effective July 1, 2013, Mt. Logan Re established separate segregated accounts and issued non-voting redeemable preferred shares to capitalize the segregated accounts. Accordingly, the financial position and operating results for Mt. Logan Re are consolidated with the Company and the non-controlling interests in Mt. Logan Re's operating results and equity are presented as separate captions in the Company's financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results on an interim basis. Certain financial information, which is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), has been omitted since it is not required for interim reporting purposes. The December 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 included in the Company's most recent Form 10-K filing.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain reclassifications and format changes have been made to prior years' amounts to conform to the 2014 presentation. One reclassification relates to a correction in the manner in which the Company reports distributions received from limited partnership investments in the consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Prior to the fourth quarter of 2013, the Company incorrectly reflected all distributions as cash flows from investing activities in its Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Starting with the fourth quarter of 2013, cash distributions from the limited partnerships that represent net investment income are reflected as cash flows from operating activities and distributions that represent the return of capital contributions are reflected as cash flows from investing activities. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, \$5,638 thousand and \$48,733 thousand, respectively, have been reclassified from "Distributions from other invested assets" included in cash flows from investing activities to "Distribution of limited partnership income" included in cash flows from operations. The Company has determined that this error is not material to the financial statements of any prior period.

Application of Recently Issued Accounting Standard Changes.

Presentation of Comprehensive Income. In June 2011, FASB issued amendments to existing guidance to provide two alternatives for the presentation of comprehensive income. Components of net income and comprehensive income can either be presented within a single, continuous financial statement or be presented in two separate but consecutive financial statements. The Company has chosen to present the components of net income and comprehensive income in a single, continuous financial statement. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December

15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012. In February, 2013, the FASB issued an additional amendment for the presentation of amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. The Company implemented the proposed guidance as of January 1, 2013.

Treatment of Insurance Contract Acquisition Costs. In October 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance for the accounting for costs associated with acquiring or renewing insurance contracts. The guidance identifies the incremental direct costs of contract acquisition and costs directly related to acquisition activities that should be capitalized. This guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012 and determined that \$13,492 thousand of previously deferrable acquisition costs would be expensed, including \$10,876 thousand and \$2,616 thousand expensed in the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2013, respectively. No additional expense will be incurred related to this guidance implementation in future periods.

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost, market value and gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of available for sale, fixed maturity and equity security investments, carried at market value, are as follows for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands) Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of	Amortized Cost	At Septemb Unrealized Appreciation	per 30, 2014 Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ 716,191	\$ 5,513	\$ (830 )	\$ 720,874
Obligations of U.S. states and political	ψ /10,171	Ψ 3,313	ψ (650 )	ψ 720,074
subdivisions	792,193	43,524	(994)	834,723
Corporate securities	4,594,903	144,022	(30,854)	4,708,071
Asset-backed securities	311,772	1,950	(519)	313,203
Mortgage-backed securities	,	,		,
Commercial	216,264	12,385	(686 )	227,963
Agency residential	2,156,374	37,989	(17,151)	2,177,212
Non-agency residential	2,982	54	(69)	2,967
Foreign government securities	1,532,505	63,180	(15,853)	1,579,832
Foreign corporate securities	3,004,570	95,383	(21,472)	3,078,481
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 13,327,754	\$ 404,000	\$ (88,428)	\$ 13,643,326
Equity securities	\$ 147,068	\$ 5,419	\$ (6,352)	\$ 146,135
(Dollars in thousands) Fixed maturity securities	Amortized Cost	At Decemb Unrealized Appreciation	er 31, 2013 Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value
(Dollars in thousands) Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of		Unrealized	Unrealized	
Fixed maturity securities		Unrealized	Unrealized	
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political	Cost	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation	Value
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations	Cost	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation	Value
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political	Cost \$ 160,013	Unrealized Appreciation \$ 2,690	Unrealized Depreciation \$ (1,678)	Value \$ 161,025
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions	Cost \$ 160,013 970,735	Unrealized Appreciation  \$ 2,690 40,815	Unrealized Depreciation \$ (1,678 ) (9,022 )	Value \$ 161,025 1,002,528
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions Corporate securities	Cost \$ 160,013 970,735 3,950,887	Unrealized Appreciation  \$ 2,690 40,815 155,619	Unrealized Depreciation  \$ (1,678 )  (9,022 ) (27,090 )	Value \$ 161,025 1,002,528 4,079,416
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions Corporate securities Asset-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Commercial	Cost \$ 160,013 970,735 3,950,887	Unrealized Appreciation  \$ 2,690  40,815 155,619 3,485  16,683	Unrealized Depreciation  \$ (1,678 )  (9,022 ) (27,090 ) (422 )  (1,007 )	Value \$ 161,025 1,002,528 4,079,416 173,043 270,441
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions Corporate securities Asset-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Commercial Agency residential	Cost  \$ 160,013  970,735  3,950,887  169,980  254,765  2,294,719	Unrealized Appreciation  \$ 2,690  40,815 155,619 3,485  16,683 34,509	Unrealized Depreciation  \$ (1,678 )  (9,022 ) (27,090 ) (422 )  (1,007 ) (50,175 )	Value \$ 161,025 1,002,528 4,079,416 173,043 270,441 2,279,053
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions Corporate securities Asset-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Commercial Agency residential Non-agency residential	Cost  \$ 160,013  970,735 3,950,887 169,980  254,765 2,294,719 4,816	Unrealized Appreciation  \$ 2,690  40,815 155,619 3,485  16,683 34,509 229	Unrealized Depreciation  \$ (1,678 )  (9,022 ) (27,090 ) (422 )  (1,007 ) (50,175 ) (226 )	Value \$ 161,025 1,002,528 4,079,416 173,043 270,441 2,279,053 4,819
Fixed maturity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions Corporate securities Asset-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Commercial Agency residential	Cost  \$ 160,013  970,735  3,950,887  169,980  254,765  2,294,719	Unrealized Appreciation  \$ 2,690  40,815 155,619 3,485  16,683 34,509	Unrealized Depreciation  \$ (1,678 )  (9,022 ) (27,090 ) (422 )  (1,007 ) (50,175 )	Value \$ 161,025 1,002,528 4,079,416 173,043 270,441 2,279,053

Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 12,391,164	\$ 410,338	\$ (164,595)	\$ 12,636,907
Equity securities	\$ 148,342	\$ 4,336	\$ (8,597)	\$ 144,081

The \$1,579,832 thousand of foreign government securities at September 30, 2014 included \$672,976 thousand of European sovereign securities. Approximately 59.3%, 17.6% and 6.2% of European sovereign securities represented securities held in the governments of the United Kingdom, France and the Netherlands, respectively. No other countries represented more than 5% of the European sovereign securities. The Company held no sovereign securities of Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece or Spain at September 30, 2014.

In accordance with FASB guidance, the Company reclassified the non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairments from retained earnings into accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), on April 1, 2009. The table below presents the pre-tax cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on those corporate securities, for the periods indicated:

	At September 30,	At December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013
Pre-tax cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$ 2,989	\$ 3,169

The amortized cost and market value of fixed maturity securities are shown in the following table by contractual maturity. Mortgage-backed securities are generally more likely to be prepaid than other fixed maturity securities. As the stated maturity of such securities may not be indicative of actual maturities, the totals for mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are shown separately.

	At Septemb	per 30, 2014	At Decemb	per 31, 2013
	Amortized	Market	Amortized	Market
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Fixed maturity securities – available for sale:				
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,231,500	\$ 1,238,990	\$ 1,059,052	\$ 1,067,799
Due after one year through five years	6,155,821	6,283,753	5,565,112	5,740,662
Due after five years through ten years	2,309,641	2,353,164	2,081,908	2,101,234
Due after ten years	943,400	1,046,074	960,812	999,856
Asset-backed securities	311,772	313,203	169,980	173,043
Mortgage-backed securities:				
Commercial	216,264	227,963	254,765	270,441
Agency residential	2,156,374	2,177,212	2,294,719	2,279,053
Non-agency residential	2,982	2,967	4,816	4,819
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 13,327,754	\$ 13,643,326	\$ 12,391,164	\$ 12,636,907

The changes in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the Company's investments are derived from the following sources for the periods indicated:

		Three Month September			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2014			2013	2014	2013	
Increase (decrease) during the period between the	market va	lue and cost					
of investments carried at market value, and							
deferred taxes thereon:							
Fixed maturity securities	\$	(87,859	)	\$ (26,106)	\$ 70,010	\$ (385,727)	
Fixed maturity securities,							
other-than-temporary impairment		(261	)	(144)	(180)	(1,516)	
Equity securities		(3,287	)	(1,447)	3,327	(15,522)	
Change in unrealized appreciation							
(depreciation), pre-tax		(91,407	)	(27,697)	73,157	(402,765)	
Deferred tax benefit (expense)		11,649		5,180	(9,480)	54,847	
Deferred tax benefit (expense),							
other-than-temporary impairment		-		_	-	140	
• • •							

# Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation),

net of deferred taxes, included in shareholders' equity

\$ (79,758) \$ (22,517) \$ 63,677 \$ (347,778)

The Company frequently reviews all of its fixed maturity, available for sale securities for declines in market value and focuses its attention on securities whose fair value has fallen below 80% of their amortized cost at the time of review. The Company then assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company evaluates the current market and interest rate environment as well as specific issuer information. Generally, a change in a security's value caused by a change in the market, interest rate or foreign exchange environment does not constitute an other-than-temporary impairment, but rather a temporary decline in market value. Temporary declines in market value are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If the Company determines that the decline is other-than-temporary and the Company does not have the intent to sell the security; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis, the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value. The fair value adjustment that is credit or foreign exchange related is recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The fair value adjustment that is non-credit related is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, and is included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's assessments are based on the issuers current and expected future financial position, timeliness with respect to interest and/or principal payments, speed of repayments and any applicable credit enhancements or breakeven constant default rates on mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, as well as relevant information provided by rating agencies, investment advisors and analysts.

The majority of the Company's equity securities available for sale at market value are primarily comprised of mutual fund investments whose underlying securities consist of fixed maturity securities. When a fund's value reflects an unrealized loss, the Company assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company considers the composition of its portfolios and their related markets, reports received from the portfolio managers and discussions with portfolio managers. If the Company determines that the declines are temporary and it has the ability and intent to continue to hold the investments, then the declines are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If declines are deemed to be other-than-temporary, then the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value and recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Retrospective adjustments are employed to recalculate the values of asset-backed securities. All of the Company's asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities have a pass-through structure. Each acquisition lot is reviewed to recalculate the effective yield. The recalculated effective yield is used to derive a book value as if the new yield were applied at the time of acquisition. Outstanding principal factors from the time of acquisition to the adjustment date are used to calculate the prepayment history for all applicable securities. Conditional prepayment rates, computed with life to date factor histories and weighted average maturities, are used in the calculation of projected prepayments for pass-through security types.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

		Duration of Unrealized Loss at September 30, 2014 By Security Less than 12 months Greater than 12 months Total										
		Gross		Gross		Gross						
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized						
	Market		Market		Market							
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation						
Fixed maturity securities -		-		-		-						
available for sale												
U.S. Treasury securities and												
obligations of												
U.S. government agencies and												
corporations	\$ 35,516	\$ (190 )	\$ 25,462	\$ (640 )	\$ 60,978	\$ (830 )						
Obligations of U.S. states and												
political subdivisions	18,198	(426)	36,680	(568)	54,878	(994)						
Corporate securities	1,533,633	(21,194)	371,829	(9,660)	1,905,462	(30,854)						
Asset-backed securities	159,751	(519)	-	-	159,751	(519)						
Mortgage-backed securities												
Commercial	15,440	(27)	10,962	(659)	26,402	(686)						
Agency residential	157,297	(563)	829,667	(16,588)	986,964	(17,151)						
Non-agency residential	-	-	1,362	(69)	1,362	(69)						
Foreign government securities	284,210	(4,567)	213,313	(11,286)	497,523	(15,853)						
Foreign corporate securities	478,718	(5,997)	410,294	(15,475)	889,012	(21,472)						

Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 2,682,763	\$ (33,483)	\$ 1,899,569	\$ (54,945)	\$ 4,582,332	\$ (88,428)
Equity securities	41,908	(1,794)	76,821	(4,558)	118,729	(6,352)
Total	\$ 2,724,671	\$ (35,277)	\$ 1,976,390	\$ (59,503)	\$ 4,701,061	\$ (94,780)

	Dura	Duration of Unrealized Loss at September 30, 2014 By Ma								
	Less than	12 months	Greater than	n 12 months	Total					
		Gross		Gross						
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized				
	Market		Market		Market					
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation				
Fixed maturity securities										
Due in one year or less	\$84,658	\$ (1,512 )	\$107,000	\$ (8,116 )	\$191,658	\$ (9,628 )				
Due in one year through five years	1,446,131	(17,614)	617,461	(15,101)	2,063,592	(32,715)				
Due in five years through ten years	772,425	(11,162)	244,999	(10,019)	1,017,424	(21,181)				
Due after ten years	47,061	(2,086)	88,118	(4,393)	135,179	(6,479)				
Asset-backed securities	159,751	(519)	-	-	159,751	(519)				
Mortgage-backed securities	172,737	(590)	841,991	(17,316)	1,014,728	(17,906)				
Total fixed maturity securities	\$2,682,763	\$ (33,483)	\$1,899,569	\$ (54,945)	\$4,582,332	\$ (88,428)				

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2014 were \$4,701,061 thousand and \$94,780 thousand, respectively. The market value of securities for the single issuer whose securities comprised the largest unrealized loss position at September 30, 2014, did not exceed 1.1% of the overall market value of the Company's fixed maturity securities. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$33,483 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of foreign and domestic corporate securities, as well as foreign government securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$13,870 thousand were related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The \$54,945 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to agency residential mortgage-backed securities, domestic and foreign corporate securities and foreign government securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$51,746 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included \$28 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

The Company, given the size of its investment portfolio and capital position, does not have the intent to sell these securities; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis. In addition, all securities currently in an unrealized loss position are current with respect to principal and interest payments.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2013 By Security Type										
	Less than	12 months	Greater tha	an 12 months	To	Total					
		Gross		Gross		Gross					
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized					
	Market		Market		Market						
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation					
Fixed maturity securities - available											
for sale											
U.S. Treasury securities and											
obligations of											
U.S. government agencies and											
corporations	\$74,847	\$ (1,033 )	\$8,751	\$ (645 )	\$83,598	\$ (1,678 )					
Obligations of U.S. states and											
political subdivisions	92,760	(4,852)	39,689	(4,170 )	132,449	(9,022)					
Corporate securities	959,396	(22,331)	75,946	(4,759)	1,035,342	(27,090)					
Asset-backed securities	5,494	(6)	1,128	(416)	6,622	(422)					
Mortgage-backed securities											
Commercial	51	-	11,353	(1,007)	11,404	(1,007)					
Agency residential	1,220,845	(40,420 )	264,640	(9,755)	1,485,485	(50,175)					
Non-agency residential	1,758	(22)	1,541	(204)	3,299	(226)					
Foreign government securities	409,252	(20,350)	85,029	(8,997)	494,281	(29,347)					
Foreign corporate securities	872,907	(34,819)	151,748	(10,809)	1,024,655	(45,628)					
Total fixed maturity securities	\$3,637,310	\$ (123,833)	\$639,825	\$ (40,762)	\$4,277,135	\$ (164,595)					
Equity securities	127,030	(8,597)	-	-	127,030	(8,597)					
Total	\$3,764,340	\$ (132,430)	\$639,825	\$ (40,762)	\$4,404,165	\$ (173,192)					

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2013 By Maturity									
	Less than	12 months	Greater that	an 12 months	To	Total				
		Gross		Gross						
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized				
	Market		Market		Market					
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation				
Fixed maturity securities		-		-		-				
Due in one year or less	\$143,098	\$ (3,503)	\$46,691	\$ (5,330 )	\$189,789	\$ (8,833 )				
Due in one year through five years	1,125,680	(25,365)	204,779	(11,279)	1,330,459	(36,644)				
Due in five years through ten years	810,969	(35,169)	48,064	(3,844)	859,033	(39,013)				
Due after ten years	329,415	(19,348)	61,629	(8,927)	391,044	(28,275)				
Asset-backed securities	5,494	(6)	1,128	(416)	6,622	(422)				
Mortgage-backed securities	1,222,654	(40,442)	277,534	(10,966)	1,500,188	(51,408)				
Total fixed maturity securities	\$3,637,310	\$ (123,833)	\$639,825	\$ (40,762)	\$4,277,135	\$ (164,595)				

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at December 31, 2013 were \$4,404,165 thousand and \$173,192 thousand, respectively. The market value of securities

for the single issuer whose securities comprised the largest unrealized loss position at December 31, 2013, did not exceed 0.4% of the overall market value of the Company's fixed maturity securities. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$123,833 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities, foreign government securities and agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$112,658 thousand were related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The \$40,762 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to domestic and foreign corporate securities, foreign government securities, municipal securities and agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$38,964 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included \$273 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

The components of net investment income are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

		nths Ended aber 30,		nths Ended nber 30,
(D-1111-)	*	·	•	· ·
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Fixed maturities	\$ 115,057	\$ 117,814	\$ 348,872	\$ 358,824
Equity securities	11,086	10,337	36,111	32,873
Short-term investments and cash	295	339	1,202	819
Other invested assets				
Limited partnerships	21,690	4,574	25,658	41,642
Other	869	1,055	3,220	5,311
Gross investment income before adjustments	148,997	134,119	415,063	439,469
Funds held interest income (expense)	1,817	1,708	6,875	7,984
Future policy benefit reserve income (expense)	(471)	(395)	(915)	(1,547)
Gross investment income	150,343	135,432	421,023	445,906
Investment expenses	(8,200)	(7,560)	(24,499)	(23,524)
Net investment income	\$ 142,143	\$ 127,872	\$ 396,524	\$ 422,382

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The Company records results from limited partnership investments on the equity method of accounting with changes in value reported through net investment income. Due to the timing of receiving financial information from these partnerships, the results are generally reported on a one month or quarter lag. If the Company determines there has been a significant decline in value of a limited partnership during this lag period, a loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The Company had contractual commitments to invest up to an additional \$266,152 thousand in limited partnerships at September 30, 2014. These commitments will be funded when called in accordance with the partnership agreements, which have investment periods that expire, unless extended, through 2019.

The components of net realized capital gains (losses) are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months I September 3				
(Dollars in thousands)	20	)14		20	13	20	14	20	)13	
Fixed maturity securities, market value:										
Other-than-temporary impairments	\$	(106	)	\$	-	\$	(495)	\$	(191)	
Gains (losses) from sales		7,311			1,895		3,668		6,468	
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:										
Gains (losses) from sales		82			37		1,022		127	
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments		(938	)		577		(938)		(1,004)	
Equity securities, market value:										
Gains (losses) from sales		(181	)		(2)		(1,235)		2,649	
Equity securities, fair value:										
Gains (losses) from sales		(1,823	)		1,827		(1,873)		25,879	
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments		(13,79)	2)		40,623		70,548		171,655	
Short-term investments gain (loss)		(1	)		1		(3)		15	
Total net realized capital gains (losses)	\$	(9,448	)	\$	44,958	\$	70,694	\$	205,598	

The Company recorded as net realized capital gains (losses) in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) both fair value re-measurements and write-downs in the value of securities deemed to be impaired on an other-than-temporary basis as displayed in the table above. The Company had no other-than-temporary impaired securities where the impairment had both a credit and non-credit component.

The proceeds and split between gross gains and losses, from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended				
	Septem	ber 30,	Septemb	per 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Proceeds from sales of fixed maturity securities	\$ 446,699	\$ 215,229	\$ 1,073,938	\$ 863,755			
Gross gains from sales	12,821	7,734	28,828	26,655			
Gross losses from sales	(5,428)	(5,802)	(24,138)	(20,060)			
Proceeds from sales of equity securities	\$ 150,124	\$ 101,502	\$ 463,688	\$ 505,694			
Gross gains from sales	2,545	3,992	13,047	36,495			
Gross losses from sales	(4,549 )	(2,167)	(16,155)	(7,967)			

#### 4. DERIVATIVES

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts, based on two indices, in 2001 and 2005, which remain outstanding. The Company sold these equity index put options as insurance products with the intent of achieving a profit. These equity index put option contracts meet the definition of a derivative under FASB guidance and the Company's position in these equity index put option contracts is unhedged. Accordingly, these equity index put option contracts are carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets with changes in fair value recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The Company sold six equity index put option contracts, based on the Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") index, for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$22,530 thousand. At September 30, 2014, fair value for these equity index put option contracts was \$25,443 thousand. These equity index put option contracts each have a single exercise date, with maturities ranging from 12 to 30 years and strike prices ranging from \$1,141.21 to \$1,540.63. No amounts will be payable under these equity index put option contracts if the S&P 500 index is at, or above, the strike prices on the exercise dates, which fall between June 2017 and March 2031. If the S&P 500 index is lower than the strike price on the applicable exercise date, the amount due would vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2014 S&P 500 index value, the Company estimates the probability that each equity index put option contract of the S&P 500 index falling below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 20%. The theoretical maximum payouts under these six equity index put option contracts would occur if on each of the exercise dates the S&P 500 index value were zero. At September 30, 2014, the present value of these theoretical maximum payouts using a 3% discount factor was \$416,895 thousand. Conversely, if the contracts had all expired on September 30, 2014, with the S&P index at \$1,972.29, there would have been no settlement amount.

The Company sold one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$6,706 thousand. At September 30, 2014, fair value for this equity index put option contract was \$6,011 thousand. This equity index put option contract has an exercise date of July 2020 and a strike price of 5,989.75. No amount will be payable under this equity index put option contract if the FTSE 100 index is at, or above, the strike price on the exercise date. If the FTSE 100 index is lower than the strike price on the exercise date, the amount due will vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2014 FTSE 100 index value, the Company estimates the probability that the equity index put option contract of the FTSE 100 index will fall below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 39%. The theoretical maximum payout under the equity index put option contract would occur if on the exercise date the FTSE 100 index value was zero. At September 30, 2014, the present value of the theoretical maximum payout using a 3% discount factor and current exchange rate was \$45,037

thousand. Conversely, if the contract had expired on September 30, 2014, with the FTSE index at 6,622.70, there would have been no settlement amount.

The fair value of the equity index put options can be found in the Company's consolidated balance sheets as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)					
Derivatives not designated as	Location of fair value		At		At
hedging instruments	in balance sheets	Septe	ember 30, 2014	Dece	ember 31, 2013
		•	,		,
Equity index put option	Equity index put option				
contracts	liability	\$	31,455	\$	35,423
Total		\$	31,455	\$	35,423

The change in fair value of the equity index put option contracts can be found in the Company's statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)		For the Three Months Ended					For the Nine Months Ended							
Derivatives not designated as	Location of gain (loss) in statements of operations and comprehensive	September 30,				statements of September			nber 30, Sept			otember 30,		
hedging instruments	income (loss)	2014		4 2013		2014		2013						
Equity index put option														
contracts	Net derivative gain (loss)	\$	1,855	\$	5,639	\$	3,968	\$	33,005					
Total		\$	1,855	\$	5,639	\$	3,968	\$	33,005					

The Company's equity index put option contracts contain provisions that require collateralization of the fair value, as calculated by the counterparty, above a specified threshold, which is based on the Company's financial strength ratings (Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) and/or debt ratings (Standard & Poor's Ratings Services). The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that were in a liability position on September 30, 2014, was \$31,455 thousand for which the Company had posted collateral with a market value of \$17,827 thousand. If on September 30, 2014, the Company's ratings were such that the collateral threshold was zero, the Company's collateral requirement would increase by \$55,000 thousand.

## 5. FAIR VALUE

The Company's fixed maturity and equity securities are primarily managed by third party investment asset managers. The investment asset managers obtain prices from nationally recognized pricing services. These services seek to utilize market data and observations in their evaluation process. They use pricing applications that vary by asset class and incorporate available market information and when fixed maturity securities do not trade on a daily basis the services will apply available information through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. In addition, they use model processes, such as the Option Adjusted Spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios for securities that have prepayment features.

In limited instances where prices are not provided by pricing services or in rare instances when a manager may not agree with the pricing service, price quotes on a non-binding basis are obtained from investment brokers. The investment asset managers do not make any changes to prices received from either the pricing services or the investment brokers. In addition, the investment asset managers have procedures in place to review the reasonableness of the prices from the service providers and may request verification of the prices. In addition, the Company continually performs analytical reviews of price changes and tests the prices on a random basis to an independent pricing source. No material variances were noted during these price validation procedures. In limited situations, where financial markets are inactive or illiquid, the Company may use its own assumptions about future cash flows

and risk-adjusted discount rates to determine fair value. The Company made no such adjustments at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The Company internally manages a small public equity portfolio which had a fair value at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 of \$185,973 thousand and \$174,628 thousand, respectively, and all prices were obtained from publically published sources.

Equity securities in U.S. denominated currency are categorized as Level 1, Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets, since the securities are actively traded on an exchange and prices are based on quoted prices from the exchange. Equity securities traded on foreign exchanges are categorized as Level 2 due to potential foreign exchange adjustments to fair or market value.

Fixed maturity securities are generally categorized as Level 2, Significant Other Observable Inputs, since a particular security may not have traded but the pricing services are able to use valuation models with observable market inputs such as interest rate yield curves and prices for similar fixed maturity securities in terms of issuer, maturity and seniority. Valuations that are derived from techniques in which one or more of the significant inputs are unobservable (including assumptions about risk) are categorized as Level 3, Significant Unobservable Inputs. These securities include broker priced securities and the Company's equity index put option contracts.

As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, all Level 3 fixed maturity securities, were priced using single non-binding broker quotes since prices for these securities were not provided by normal pricing service companies. The single broker quotes are provided by market makers or broker-dealers who are recognized as market participants in the markets in which they are providing the quotes. The prices received from brokers are reviewed for reasonableness by the third party asset managers and the Company.

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts which meet the definition of a derivative. The Company's position in these contracts is unhedged. The Company records the change in fair value of equity index put option contracts in its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The fair value was calculated using an industry accepted option pricing model, Black-Scholes, which used the following assumptions:

	At Septembe	r 30, 2014 Contract
	Contracts	based on
	based on	FTSE 100
	S & P	
	500	Index
	Index	
Equity index	1,972.3	6,622.7
Interest rate	1.23% to 3.49%	2.42%
Time to maturity	2.6 to 16.5 yrs	5.8 yrs
Volatility	20.4% to 24.9%	22.5%

The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

			Fair Value Measurement Using:							
			Quoted							
				Prices						
			i	n Active	,	Significant				
			M	larkets for		Other	Si	gnificant		
			]	Identical	(	Observable	Uno	bservable		
				Assets		Inputs		Inputs		
	S	September 30,				•		•		
(Dollars in thousands)		2014	(	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(]	Level 3)		
Assets:										
Fixed maturities, market value										
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of										
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$	720,874	\$	-	\$	720,874	\$	-		
Obligations of U.S. States and political										
subdivisions		834,723		-		834,723		-		
Corporate securities		4,708,071		-		4,706,755		1,316		
Asset-backed securities		313,203		-		287,835		25,368		
Mortgage-backed securities										
Commercial		227,963		-		227,963		-		
Agency residential		2,177,212		-		2,147,367		29,845		
Non-agency residential		2,967		-		2,967		-		
Foreign government securities		1,579,832		-		1,579,832		-		
Foreign corporate securities		3,078,481		-		3,074,026		4,455		
Total fixed maturities, market value		13,643,326		-		13,582,342		60,984		
Fixed maturities, fair value		18,426		-		18,426		-		
Equity securities, market value		146,135		128,791		17,344		-		
Equity securities, fair value		1,341,111		1,231,870		109,241		-		
Liabilities:										
Equity index put option contracts	\$	31,455	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,455		

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

	1	December 31,	Fair Value Measurement Using: Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets for Other Significant Identical Observable Unobservable Inputs Inputs					
(Dollars in thousands)		2013	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(	Level 3)		
Assets:						•		
Fixed maturities, market value								
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of								
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$	161,025	\$ -	\$ 161,025	\$	-		
Obligations of U.S. States and political								
subdivisions		1,002,528	-	1,002,528		-		
Corporate securities		4,079,416	-	4,079,416		-		
Asset-backed securities		173,043	-	167,744		5,299		
Mortgage-backed securities								
Commercial		270,441	-	270,441		-		
Agency residential		2,279,053	-	2,279,053		-		
Non-agency residential		4,819	-	4,472		347		
Foreign government securities		1,780,769	-	1,780,769		-		
Foreign corporate securities		2,885,813	-	2,885,332		481		
Total fixed maturities, market value		12,636,907	-	12,630,780		6,127		
Fixed maturities, fair value		19,388	-	19,388		-		
Equity securities, market value		144,081	127,030	17,051		-		
Equity securities, fair value		1,462,079	1,342,278	119,801		-		
Liabilities:								
Equity index put option contracts	\$	35,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$	35,423		
Equity index put option contracts	φ	JJ,T4J	Ψ -	ψ -	Ψ	JJ, <del>†</del> 4J		
16								

The following tables present the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs by asset type, for the periods indicated:

70 H	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 Corporatesset-backedForeigNon-agencyAgency												
(Dollars in thousands)	Securitie	esSecurities	Corporat	eRMBS	RMBS	Total	Securitie	esSecurities	«Corporat	eRMBS	RMBS		
Beginning balance	\$-	\$3,000	\$-	\$259	\$-	\$3,259	\$-	\$5,299	\$481		\$-		
Total gains or	Ψ	Ψυ,	Ψ	Ψ=-	Ψ	Ψ υ ,	Ψ	Ψυ,	Ψ	Ψυ	Ψ		
(losses)											!		
(realized/unrealized)											!		
Included in earnings		1,203	-	187	-	1,390	-	1,259	18	329	-		
Included in other													
comprehensive											!		
income (loss)	42	(201)	(62)	(114)	) -	(335)	) 42	(126)	(82)	(138)	-		
Purchases, issuances													
and settlements	1,274	22,797	4,517	(332)	29,845	58,101	1,274	21,303	4,038	(538)	29,845		
Transfers in and/or													
(out) of Level 3		(1,431)	) -		-	(1,431)	) -	(2,367)	,				
Ending balance	\$1,316	\$25,368		\$-	\$29,845	\$60,984				\$-	\$29,845		
<u> </u>													
The amount of total													
gains or losses for													
the period included													
in earnings (or													
changes in net											İ		
assets) attributable to	)												
the													
change in unrealized													
gains or losses													
relating to assets													
still held at the													
reporting date	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
(Some amounts may													
not reconcile due to													
rounding.)													
		e Months E						Ionths Ende	•				
	Asset-back	kedForeign	Foreign	Non-age	ncy	Asset-bac	ckedForei	gn Foreigh	Mon-agen	ıcyAgenc	<i>:</i> у		
(Dollars in										-			
thousands)		esCorporat <b>6</b>					ies Corpoi	rat <b>6</b> overnm	neiRMBS	RMBS			
Beginning balance	\$6,017	\$11,576	\$2,614	\$780	\$20,987	\$4,849	9 \$11,91	13 \$-	\$426	\$34,842	2 \$52,03		
Total gains or													
(losses)													
(realized/unrealized)													
Included in earnings	58	(4)	) -	40	94	74	(739	) (112)	131	-	(646		
Included in other	(208)	) 51	-	(8	) (165	) (569	) (592	) (179)	) (35)	-	(1,37)		
comprehensive													

income (loss)											
Purchases, issuances											
and settlements	(469	) (1,750)	-	(57)	(2,276)	(489)	2,865	516	(273)	-	2,619
Transfers in and/or											
(out) of Level 3	-	(9,391)	(2,614)	(391)	(12,396)	1,533	(12,965)	(225)	115	(34,842)	(46,3)
Ending balance	\$5,398	\$482	\$-	\$364	\$6,244	\$5,398	\$482	\$-	\$364	\$-	\$6,244
The amount of total											
gains or losses for											
the period included											
in earnings (or											
changes in net											
assets) attributable to											
the											
change in unrealized											
gains or losses											
relating to assets											
still held at the											
reporting date	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
(Some amounts may											
not reconcile due to											

not reconcile due to rounding.)

The transfers from level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, of \$2,367 thousand and \$46,384 thousand of investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively, primarily relate to securities that were priced using single non-binding broker quotes as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The securities were subsequently priced using a recognized pricing service as of September 30, 2014 and 2013, and were classified as level 2 as of those dates.

The following table presents the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs for equity index put option contracts, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mont Septemb			
(Dollars in thousands)	20	14	20	13	20	14	20	13
Liabilities:								
Balance, beginning of period	\$	33,309	\$	52,101	\$	35,423	\$	79,467
Total (gains) or losses (realized/unrealized)								
Included in earnings		(1,855)		(5,639)		(3,968)		(33,005)
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)		-		-		-		-
Purchases, issuances and settlements		-		-		-		-
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3		-		-		-		-
Balance, end of period	\$	31,455	\$	46,462	\$	31,455	\$	46,462
The amount of total gains or losses for the period included								
in earnings								
(or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in								
unrealized								
gains or losses relating to liabilities still held at the reporting								
date	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)								

#### 6. REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST - MT. LOGAN RE

Mt. Logan Re is a Class 3 insurer registered in Bermuda effective February 27, 2013 under The Segregated Accounts Companies Act 2000 and 100% of the voting common shares are owned by Group. Separate segregated accounts have been established effective July 1, 2013 and non-voting, redeemable preferred shares have been issued to capitalize the segregated accounts. Each segregated account will invest in a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographic regions globally. The financial statements for Mt. Logan Re are consolidated with the Company with adjustments reflected for the third party noncontrolling interests reflected as separate captions in the Company's financial statements.

The following table presents the activity for redeemable noncontrolling interests in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At 2014	September 30,	At 2013	December 31,
Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re, beginning of period	\$	93,378	\$	-
Unaffiliated third party investments during period, net		279,200		87,500
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		42,167		5,878
Dividends paid on third party investment in redeemable noncontrolling interest		(10,334	)	-
Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re, end of period	\$	404,411	\$	93,378

#### (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

In addition, the Company has invested \$50,000 thousand in the segregated accounts from inception to date.

The Company expects its participation level in the segregated funds to fluctuate over time.

# 7. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

On July 9, 2014, the Company renewed its shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as a Well Known Seasoned Issuer. This shelf registration statement can be used by Group to register common shares, preferred shares, debt securities, warrants, share purchase contracts and share purchase units; by Holdings to register debt securities and by Everest Re Capital Trust III ("Capital Trust III") to register trust preferred securities.

### 8. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that would occur if options granted under various share-based compensation plans were exercised resulting in the issuance of common shares that would participate in the earnings of the entity.

Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group per common share has been computed as per below, based upon weighted average common basic and dilutive shares outstanding.

					Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	sands, except per share amounts) s) attributable to Everest Re Group per	20	014		20	013	2	014		20	)13	
	Numerator											
	Net income (loss) attributable to Everest											
	Re Group	\$	274,916	5	\$	234,759	\$	859,033	3	\$	894,74	4
	Less: dividends declared-common		,		·	,		,			,	
	shares and nonvested common shares		(33,973	)		(23,174)	)	(103,03	4)		(70,720	))
	Undistributed earnings		240,943			211,585		755,999			824,02	
	Percentage allocated to common		•			ĺ		•			,	
	shareholders (1)		98.9	%		99.1	%	99.0	%		99.1	%
	,		238,407	7		209,638		748,273	3		816,74	4
	Add: dividends declared-common		,			,		,			,	
	shareholders		33,631			22,971		101,993	3		70,097	
	Numerator for basic and diluted earnings											
	per common share	\$	272,038	3	\$	232,609	\$	850,266	5	\$	886,84	1
			,			,		,			,	
	Denominator											
	Denominator for basic earnings per											
	weighted-average common shares		44,941			47,925		45,615			49,028	
	Effect of dilutive securities:							•				
	Options		415			403		426			407	
	Denominator for diluted earnings per											
	adjusted weighted-average common											
	shares		45,356			48,328		46,041			49,435	
			,			ĺ		•			ĺ	
	Per common share net income (loss)											
	Basic	\$	6.05		\$	4.85	\$	18.64		\$	18.09	
	Diluted	\$	6.00		\$	4.81	\$	18.47		\$	17.94	
(1)	Basic weighted-average common shares											
	outstanding		44,941			47,925		45,615			49,028	
	Basic weighted-average common shares		•			ĺ		•			ĺ	
	outstanding and nonvested common											
	shares expected to vest		45,419			48,370		46,086			49,465	
	Percentage allocated to common											
	shareholders		98.9	%		99.1	%	99.0	%		99.1	%

# (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

There were no anti-diluted options outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

All outstanding options expire on or between September 21, 2015 and September 19, 2022.

#### 9. CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in lawsuits, arbitrations and other formal and informal dispute resolution procedures, the outcomes of which will determine the Company's rights and obligations under insurance and reinsurance agreements. In some disputes, the Company seeks to enforce its rights under an agreement or to collect funds owing to it. In other matters, the Company is resisting attempts by others to collect funds or enforce alleged rights. These disputes arise from time to time and are ultimately resolved through both informal and formal means, including negotiated resolution, arbitration and litigation. In all such matters, the Company believes that its positions are legally and commercially reasonable. The Company considers the statuses of these proceedings when determining its reserves for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Aside from litigation and arbitrations related to these insurance and reinsurance agreements, the Company is not a party to any other material litigation or arbitration.

In 1993 and prior, the Company had a business arrangement with The Prudential Insurance Company of America ("The Prudential") wherein, for a fee, the Company accepted settled claim payment obligations of certain property and casualty insurers, and, concurrently, became the owner of the annuity or assignee of the annuity proceeds funded by the property and casualty insurers specifically to fulfill these fully settled obligations. In these circumstances, the Company would be liable if The Prudential, which has an A+ (Superior) financial strength rating from A.M. Best Company ("A.M. Best"), was unable to make the annuity payments. The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

	At September 30,	At December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013
	\$ 144,415	\$ 144,734

Prior to its 1995 initial public offering, the Company purchased annuities from an unaffiliated life insurance company with an A+ (Superior) financial strength rating from A.M. Best to settle certain claim liabilities of the company. Should the life insurance company become unable to make the annuity payments, the Company would be liable for those claim liabilities. The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

	A	t September 30,	A	at December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)		2014		2013
	\$	31,338	\$	30,664

# 10. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following tables present the components of comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor	nths Ended Se 2014	eptember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014			
		Tax		Before	Tax	Net of	
(Dollars in thousands)	Before Tax	Effect	Net of Tax	Tax	Effect	Tax	
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)							
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary	\$ (84,122)	\$ 10,309	\$ (73,813)	1 7	\$ (9,777)	\$ 65,498	
URA(D) on securities - OTTI	(261)	) –	(261)	(180)	-	(180)	
Reclassification of net realized losses							
(gains) included in net income (loss)	(7,024)	) 1,340	(5,684)	(1,938)	297	(1,641 )	
Foreign currency translation							
adjustments	(38,998)	4,024	(34,974)	(42,998)	4,624	(38,374)	
Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reclassification of benefit plan							
liability amortization included in net							
income (loss)	1,269	(444 )	825	3,640	(1,274)	2,366	
Total other comprehensive income							
(loss)	\$ (129,136)	\$ 15,229	\$ (113,907)	\$ 33,799	\$ (6,130)	\$ 27,669	
(Dollars in thousands)	Three Mon Before Tax	ths Ended Sep 2013 Tax Effect	Net of	Nine Month	as Ended Sept 2013 Tax	tember 30,	
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	1 uA		Tax	Refore Tax	Effect	Net of Tax	
			Tax	Before Tax	Effect	Net of Tax	
* *	\$ (25,661.)						
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary	\$ (25,661)	\$ 4,880	\$ (20,781)	\$ (392,324)	\$ 53,433	\$ (338,891)	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI	\$ (25,661) (144)						
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses	(144 )	\$ 4,880 -	\$ (20,781 ) (144 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516)	\$ 53,433 140	\$ (338,891 ) (1,376 )	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss)		\$ 4,880	\$ (20,781)	\$ (392,324)	\$ 53,433	\$ (338,891)	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation	(144 )	\$ 4,880 - 300	\$ (20,781 ) (144 ) (1,592 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516) (8,925)	\$ 53,433 140 1,414	\$ (338,891) (1,376) (7,511)	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments	(144 )	\$ 4,880 -	\$ (20,781 ) (144 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516)	\$ 53,433 140	\$ (338,891 ) (1,376 )	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan liability adjustments	(144 )	\$ 4,880 - 300	\$ (20,781 ) (144 ) (1,592 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516) (8,925)	\$ 53,433 140 1,414	\$ (338,891) (1,376) (7,511)	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan liability adjustments Reclassification of benefit plan	(144 )	\$ 4,880 - 300	\$ (20,781 ) (144 ) (1,592 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516) (8,925)	\$ 53,433 140 1,414	\$ (338,891) (1,376) (7,511)	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan liability adjustments Reclassification of benefit plan liability amortization included in net	(144 ) (1,892 ) (9,056 )	\$ 4,880 - 300 3,143 -	\$ (20,781 ) (144 ) (1,592 ) (5,913 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516) (8,925) (20,262)	\$ 53,433 140 1,414 7,034	\$ (338,891 ) (1,376 ) (7,511 ) (13,228 )	
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan liability adjustments Reclassification of benefit plan	(144 )	\$ 4,880 - 300	\$ (20,781 ) (144 ) (1,592 )	\$ (392,324) (1,516) (8,925)	\$ 53,433 140 1,414	\$ (338,891) (1,376) (7,511)	

The following table presents details of the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") for the periods indicated:

	Three n	nonths ended	Nine n	nonths ended	
					Affected line item within the
	Sept	September 30,		tember 30,	statements of
					operations and
AOCI component	2014	2013	2014	2013	comprehensive income (loss)

# (Dollars in thousands)

					Other net realized capital
URA(D) on securities	\$ (7,024)	\$ (1,892) \$	(1,938)	\$ (8,925)	gains (losses)
	1,340	300	297	1,414	Income tax expense (benefit)
	\$ (5,684)	\$ (1,592) \$	(1,641)	\$ (7,511)	Net income (loss)
Benefit plan net gain (loss)	\$ 1,269	\$ 2,262 \$	3,640	\$ 6,402	Other underwriting expenses
	(444 )	(792)	(1,274)	(2,241)	Income tax expense (benefit)
	\$ 825	\$ 1,470 \$	2,366	\$ 4,161	Net income (loss)

The following table presents the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	t Septembe	er 30,	At 20	December	r 31,
Beginning balance of URA (D) on securities	\$ 201,154		\$	603,928	
Current period change in URA (D) of investments - temporary	63,857			(401,335	)
Current period change in URA (D) of investments - non-credit OTTI	(180	)		(1,439	)
Ending balance of URA (D) on securities	264,831			201,154	
Beginning balance of foreign currency translation adjustments	(4,530	)		(4,368	)
Current period change in foreign currency translation adjustments	(38,374	)		(162	)
Ending balance of foreign currency translation adjustments	(42,904	)		(4,530	)
Beginning balance of benefit plan net gain (loss)	(38,896	)		(62,511	)
Current period change in benefit plan net gain (loss)	2,366			23,615	
Ending balance of benefit plan net gain (loss)	(36,530	)		(38,896	)
Ending balance of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 185,397		\$	157,728	
•					

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

#### 11. CREDIT FACILITIES

The Company has two active credit facilities for a total commitment of up to \$1,100,000 thousand, providing for the issuance of letters of credit and/or unsecured revolving credit lines. The following table presents the costs incurred in connection with the three credit facilities for the periods indicated:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended		onths Ended
	Septen	iber 30,	Septe	mber 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Credit facility fees incurred	\$ 132	\$ 243	\$ 527	\$ 720

The terms and outstanding amounts for each facility are discussed below:

#### **Group Credit Facility**

Effective June 22, 2012, Group, Bermuda Re and Everest International entered into a four year, \$800,000 thousand senior credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, which amended and restated in its entirety the July 27, 2007, five year, \$850,000 thousand senior credit facility. Both the June 22, 2012 and July 27, 2007 senior credit facilities, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Group Credit Facility". Wells Fargo Corporation ("Wells Fargo Bank") is the administrative agent for the Group Credit Facility, which consists of two tranches. Tranche one provides up to \$200,000 thousand of unsecured revolving credit for liquidity and general corporate purposes, and for the issuance of unsecured standby letters of credit. The interest on the revolving loans shall, at the Company's option, be either (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin. The Base Rate is the higher of (a) the prime commercial lending rate established by Wells Fargo Bank, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum or (c) the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Group Credit Facility depends on Group's senior unsecured debt rating. Tranche two exclusively

provides up to \$600,000 thousand for the issuance of standby letters of credit on a collateralized basis.

The Group Credit Facility requires Group to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and to maintain a minimum net worth. Minimum net worth is an amount equal to the sum of \$4,249,963 thousand plus 25% of consolidated net income for each of Group's fiscal quarters, for which statements are available ending on or after January 1, 2012 and for which consolidated net income is positive, plus 25% of any increase in consolidated net worth during such period attributable to the issuance of ordinary and preferred shares, which at September 30, 2014, was \$5,028,551 thousand. As of September 30, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all Group Credit Facility covenants.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in								
thousands)			At Septe	mber 30, 2	014	At ?	December 31,	2013
					Date of			Date of
Bank	(	Commitm	ent	In Use	Expir <b>y</b> Cor	nmitment	In Use	Expiry
Wells Fargo Bank								
Group Credit								
Facility	Tranche One	\$ 200,0	000 \$	-	\$	200,000	\$ -	
	Tranche Two	600,0	000	499,366	12/31/2014	600,000	502,059	12/31/2014
Total Wells Fargo B	ank Group							
Credit Facility		\$ 800,0	000 \$	499,366	\$	800,000	\$ 502,059	

### Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility

Bermuda Re has a \$300,000 thousand letter of credit issuance facility with Citibank N.A. referred to as the "Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility", which commitment is reconfirmed annually with updated fees. The Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility provides for the issuance of up to \$300,000 thousand of secured letters of credit to collateralize reinsurance obligations as a non-admitted reinsurer. The interest on drawn letters of credit shall be (A) 0.35% per annum of the principal amount of issued standard letters of credit (expiry of 15 months or less) and (B) 0.45% per annum of the principal amount of issued extended tenor letters of credit (expiry maximum of up to 60 months). The commitment fee on undrawn credit shall be 0.15% per annum.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At Se	eptember 30, 20	)14 At I	At December 31, 2013				
			Date of		Date of			
Bank	Commitment	In Use	ExpiryCommitment	In Use	Expiry			
Citibank Bilateral Letter of								
Credit Agreement	\$ 300,000	\$ 3,672	11/24/2014 \$ 300,000	\$ 119	8/30/2014			
		70,708	12/31/2014	3,672	11/24/2014			
		124	8/30/2015	79,336	12/31/2014			
		4,107	12/31/2015	1,045	12/31/2015			
		145,638	9/30/2018	22,800	12/31/2017			
		-		129,147	3/30/2018			
Total Citibank Bilateral								
Agreement	\$ 300,000	\$ 224,249	\$ 300,000	\$ 236,119				

#### Holdings Credit Facility - Expired

Effective August 15, 2011, the Company entered into a three year, \$150,000 thousand unsecured revolving credit facility, referred to as the "Holdings Credit Facility", which expired on August 15, 2014. The Company decided not to renew the Holdings Credit Facility at expiration. Citibank N.A. was the administrative agent for the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility was used for liquidity and general corporate purposes. The Holdings Credit Facility provided for the borrowing of up to \$150,000 thousand with interest at a rate selected by Holdings equal to either, (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) a periodic fixed rate equal to the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin. The Base Rate meant a fluctuating interest rate per annum in effect from time to time to be equal to the higher of (a) the rate of interest publicly announced by Citibank as its base rate, (b) 0.5% per annum above the Federal

Funds Rate or (c) 1% above the one month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), in each case plus the applicable margin. The amount of margin and the fees paid for the Holdings Credit Facility depended upon Holdings' senior unsecured debt rating.

The Holdings Credit Facility required Holdings to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and Everest Re to maintain its statutory surplus at \$1,875,000 thousand plus 25% of future aggregate net income and 25% of future aggregate capital contributions after December 31, 2010.

There are certain regulatory and contractual restrictions on the ability of Holdings' operating subsidiaries to transfer funds to Holdings in the form of cash dividends, loans or advances. The insurance laws of the State of Delaware, where Holdings' direct insurance subsidiaries are domiciled, require regulatory approval before those subsidiaries can pay dividends or make loans or advances to Holdings that exceed certain statutory thresholds. At December 31, 2013, \$2,294,461 thousand of the \$3,136,782 thousand in net assets of Holdings' consolidated subsidiaries were subject to the foregoing regulatory restrictions.

The following table summarizes outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in							
thousands)		At Septer	mber 30, 2014		At Decembe	r 31, 2013	
		În	Date of Matu	rity/Expiry		Date of Ma	aturity/Expiry
Bank	Commitment	Use	Loan	<b>Dat</b> Commitment	In Use	Loan	Date
Citibank							
Holdings C	redit						
Facility	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 150,000	\$ -		
Total revolv	ving						
credit borro	owings	-			-		
Total letters	s of						
credit		-			851		12/31/2014
Total Citiba	ank						
Holdings C	redit						
Facility	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 150,000	\$ 851		

#### 12. REINSURANCE AND TRUST AGREEMENTS

Certain subsidiaries of Group have established trust agreements, which effectively use the Company's investments as collateral, as security for assumed losses payable to certain non-affiliated ceding companies. At September 30, 2014, the total amount on deposit in trust accounts was \$305,386 thousand.

On April 24, 2014, the Company entered into two collateralized reinsurance agreements with Kilimanjaro Re Limited ("Kilimanjaro"), a Bermuda based special purpose reinsurer, to provide the Company with catastrophe reinsurance coverage. These agreements are multi-year reinsurance contracts which cover specified named storm and earthquake events. The first agreement provides up to \$250,000 thousand of reinsurance coverage from named storms in specified states of the Southeastern United States. The second agreement provides up to \$200,000 thousand of reinsurance coverage from named storms in specified states of the Southeast, Mid-Atlantic and Northeast regions of the United States and Puerto Rico as well as reinsurance coverage from earthquakes in specified states of the Southeast, Mid-Atlantic, Northeast and West regions of the United States, Puerto Rico and British Columbia.

Kilimanjaro has financed the property catastrophe reinsurance coverage by issuing \$450,000 thousand of catastrophe bonds to unrelated, external investors. The proceeds from the catastrophe bond issuance will be held in a reinsurance trust throughout the duration of the reinsurance agreements and invested solely in US government money market funds with a rating of at least "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's at the time of the bond issuance.

#### 13. SENIOR NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding senior notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these senior notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

				September 30, 2014		December	31, 2013
				Consolidated		Consolidated	
				Balance		Balance	
(Dollars in	Date		Principal	Sheet	Market	Sheet	Market
thousands)	Issued	Date Due	Amounts	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
	10/12/2004	10/15/2014 \$	250,000	\$ 249,998	\$ 250,485	\$ 249,958	\$ 259,130

5.40% Senior						
notes						
4.868% Senior						
notes	06/05/2014 06/01/2044	400,000	400,000	395,824	-	-

On June 5, 2014, Holdings issued \$400,000 thousand of 30 year senior notes at 4.868%, which will mature on June 1, 2044. Capitalized costs of approximately \$4,300 thousand related to the issuance of the senior notes will be expensed over the 30 year life of the notes. Interest will be paid semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The proceeds from the issuance have been used in part to pay off the \$250,000 thousand of 5.40% senior notes which matured on October 15, 2014.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these senior notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	Three Months Ended		
	Septem	ber 30,	Septen	nber 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest expense incurred	\$ 8,256	\$ 3,388	\$ 16,385	\$ 10,163

#### 14. LONG TERM SUBORDINATED NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these subordinated notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

			Maturity Date September		30, 2014	Decembe	r 31, 2013	
					Consolidated		Consolidated	
		Original			Balance		Balance	
(Dollars in	Date	Principal			Sheet	Market	Sheet	Market
thousands)	Issued	Amount	Scheduled	Final	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
6.6% Long								
term								
subordinated								
notes	04/26/2007	\$ 400,000	05/15/2037	05/01/206	57 \$ 238,363	\$ 257,763	\$ 238,361	\$ 233,292

During the fixed rate interest period from May 3, 2007 through May 14, 2017, interest will be at the annual rate of 6.6%, payable semi-annually in arrears on November 15 and May 15 of each year, commencing on November 15, 2007, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. During the floating rate interest period from May 15, 2017 through maturity, interest will be based on the 3 month LIBOR plus 238.5 basis points, reset quarterly, payable quarterly in arrears on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. Deferred interest will accumulate interest at the applicable rate compounded semi-annually for periods prior to May 15, 2017, and compounded quarterly for periods from and including May 15, 2017.

Holdings can redeem the long term subordinated notes prior to May 15, 2017, in whole but not in part at the applicable redemption price, which will equal the greater of (a) 100% of the principal amount being redeemed and (b) the present value of the principal payment on May 15, 2017 and scheduled payments of interest that would have accrued from the redemption date to May 15, 2017 on the long term subordinated notes being redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis at a discount rate equal to the treasury rate plus an applicable spread of either 0.25% or 0.50%, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. Holdings may redeem the long term subordinated notes on or after May 15, 2017, in whole or in part at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest; however, redemption on or after the scheduled maturity date and prior to May 1, 2047 is subject to a replacement capital covenant. This covenant is for the benefit of certain senior note holders and it mandates that Holdings receive proceeds from the sale of another subordinated debt issue, of at least similar size, before it may redeem the subordinated notes. Effective upon the maturity of the Company's 5.40% senior notes due October 15, 2014, the Company's 4.868% senior notes, due on June 1, 2044, will become the Company's long term indebtedness that ranks senior to the long term subordinated notes.

On March 19, 2009, Group announced the commencement of a cash tender offer for any and all of the 6.60% fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Upon expiration of the tender offer, the Company had reduced its outstanding debt by \$161,441 thousand.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these long term subordinated notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

		Three Months Ended September 30,		nths Ended
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	nber 30, 2013
Interest expense incurred	\$ 3,937	\$ 3,937	\$ 11,811	\$ 11,811

#### 15. JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBT SECURITIES PAYABLE

In accordance with the provisions of the junior subordinated debt securities which were issued on March 29, 2004, Holdings elected to redeem the \$329,897 thousand of 6.2% junior subordinated debt securities outstanding on May 24, 2013. As a result of the early redemption, the Company incurred pre-tax expense of \$7,282 thousand related to the immediate amortization of the remaining capitalized issuance costs on the trust preferred securities.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these junior subordinated debt securities is as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended		Ionths Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Interest expense incurred	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,181	

Holdings considered the mechanisms and obligations relating to the trust preferred securities, taken together, constituted a full and unconditional guarantee by Holdings of Capital Trust II's payment obligations with respect to their trust preferred securities.

#### 16. SEGMENT REPORTING

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and Accident and Health ("A&H") business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes non-U.S. property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance, including medical stop loss insurance, directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada. The Mt. Logan Re segment represents business written for the segregated accounts of Mt. Logan Re, which were formed on July 1, 2013. The Mt. Logan Re business represents a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographical regions globally.

These segments, with the exception of Mt. Logan Re, are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results. The Mt. Logan Re segment is managed independently and seeks to write a diverse portfolio of catastrophe risks for each segregated account to achieve desired risk and return criteria.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re's business is sourced through operating subsidiaries of the Company; however, the activity is only reflected in the Mt. Logan Re segment. For other inter-affiliate reinsurance, business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced, consistent with how the business is managed.

Except for Mt. Logan Re, the Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

The following tables	present the underwriting	g results for the o	nerating segmen	ts for the periods indicated:

The following tubles present the under writing results	Three Mon	-	Nine Mont	
U.S. Reinsurance	Septem		Septem	
(Dollars in thousands)	2014		2014	2013
Gross written premiums	\$ 640,660	\$ 520,759	\$ 1,573,776	\$ 1,373,917
Net written premiums	615,078	519,020	1,536,114	1,371,698
Premiums earned	\$ 559,488	\$ 448,979	\$ 1,478,258	\$ 1,232,959
Incurred losses and LAE	249,004	224,925	701,473	660,671
Commission and brokerage	123,432	92,039	339,166	265,092
Other underwriting expenses	12,118	12,013	33,054	32,541
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 174,934	\$ 120,002	\$ 404,565	\$ 274,655
T		onths Ended		nths Ended
International (Dellars in the county)		nber 30,	_	nber 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014 \$ 406,254	2013	2014	2013
Gross written premiums		\$ 331,511	\$ 1,181,513	\$ 977,173
Net written premiums	352,608	330,245	977,235	972,296
Premiums earned	\$ 320,020	\$ 310,392	\$ 958,399	\$ 948,440
Incurred losses and LAE	236,559	212,990	604,166	558,518
Commission and brokerage	73,143	71,530	215,716	220,039
Other underwriting expenses	8,758	8,722	24,683	24,319
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 1,560	\$ 17,150	\$ 113,834	\$ 145,564
Chack withing gain (1888)	Ψ 1,500	Ψ 17,120	Ψ 115,05	Ψ 110,001
	Three M	Ionths Ended	Nine Mo	nths Ended
Bermuda		Ionths Ended ember 30,		nths Ended mber 30,
Bermuda (Dollars in thousands)				
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums	Septe	ember 30, 2013	Septer 2014	mber 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	Septo 2014	ember 30, 2013 \$ 224,696	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793	mber 30, 2013
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums	Septo 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447	ember 30, 2013 \$ 224,696 223,616	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned	Septo 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754	ember 30, 2013 \$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE	Septo 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961	ember 30, 2013 \$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 5 310,602	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage	Septo 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421	ember 30, 2013 \$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 5 310,602 140,968	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses	\$ 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 5 310,602 140,968 25,805	s 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage	Septo 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421	ember 30, 2013 \$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 5 310,602 140,968	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses	\$ 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360 \$ 15,012	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324	s 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360 \$ 15,012 Three M	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 Ionths Ended	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 5 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324 Nine Mo	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 nths Ended
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360 \$ 15,012 Three M. Septe	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 **Inded tember 30,	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 \$ 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer	s 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 nths Ended mber 30,
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands)	\$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360 \$ 15,012 Three M Septe	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 Ionths Ended ember 30, 2013	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 3 10,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014	s 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 nths Ended mber 30, 2013
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums	\$ 2014 \$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360 \$ 15,012 Three Machine	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 Ionths Ended ember 30, 2013 \$ 374,866	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242	s 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 and the Ended of the moder 30, 2013 \$ 943,935
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands)	\$ 205,342 189,447 \$ 181,754 108,961 48,421 9,360 \$ 15,012 Three M Septe	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 Ionths Ended ember 30, 2013	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242	s 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 nths Ended nber 30, 2013
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums	Septe 2014 \$ 205,342	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 **Ionths Ended ember 30, 2013 \$ 374,866 304,849	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242 802,431	s 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 and the Ended and the Body and the Survey of t
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned	Septe 2014 \$ 205,342	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 Ionths Ended ember 30, 2013 \$ 374,866 304,849 \$ 273,113	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 548,210 2 \$ 546,699 3 10,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242 802,431	s 597,799 589,128 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 S 66,599 S 943,935 806,927 \$ 721,227
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE	Septe 2014  \$ 205,342	\$ 224,696	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 48,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242 802,431 6 \$ 742,038 557,047	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 nths Ended mber 30, 2013 \$ 943,935 806,927 \$ 721,227 525,811
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage	Septe 2014  \$ 205,342	\$ 224,696 223,616 \$ 183,992 123,805 46,791 8,090 \$ 5,306 **Ionths Ended ember 30, 2013 \$ 374,866 304,849 \$ 273,113 206,467 37,083	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 48,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242 802,431 6 \$ 742,038 557,047 114,535	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 In this Ended mber 30, 2013 \$ 943,935 806,927 \$ 721,227 525,811 101,919
(Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums  Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)  Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE	Septe 2014  \$ 205,342	\$ 224,696	Septer 2014 5 \$ 573,793 5 48,210 2 \$ 546,699 310,602 140,968 25,805 \$ 69,324  Nine Mo Septer 2014 5 \$ 911,242 802,431 6 \$ 742,038 557,047	mber 30, 2013 \$ 597,799 589,128 \$ 554,142 327,421 135,506 24,616 \$ 66,599 nths Ended mber 30, 2013 \$ 943,935 806,927 \$ 721,227 525,811

Three Months Ended

Nine Months Ended

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Mt. Logan Re	Septemb	per 30,	Septem	ber 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Gross written premiums	\$ 50,334	\$ 13,152	\$ 109,163	\$ 13,152
Net written premiums	49,757	11,417	98,666	11,417
Premiums earned	\$ 38,218	\$ 9,279	\$ 81,411	\$ 9,279
Incurred losses and LAE	3,410	1,915	19,575	1,915
Commission and brokerage	5,105	1,144	9,823	1,144
Other underwriting expenses	1,566	1,264	4,951	1,264
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 28,137	\$ 4,956	\$ 47,062	\$ 4,956

The following table reconciles the underwriting results for the operating segments to income before taxes as reported in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				Inded	
		Septemb	oer 3	30,	September 30,			30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	20	014	20	)13	20	14		20	13
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$	198,609	\$	147,206	\$	621,569		\$	500,304
Net investment income		142,143		127,872		396,524			422,382
Net realized capital gains (losses)		(9,448)		44,958		70,694			205,598
Net derivative gain (loss)		1,855		5,639		3,968			33,005
Corporate expenses		(9,958)		(4,758)		(18,802)			(16,643)
Interest, fee and bond issue cost amortization expense		(12,424)		(7,637)		(28,970)			(38,480 )
Other income (expense)		11,332		(2,726)		(5,835)			(3,318)
Income (loss) before taxes	\$	322,109	\$	310,554	\$	1,039,148		\$	1,102,848

The Company produces business in the U.S., Bermuda and internationally. The net income deriving from and assets residing in the individual foreign countries in which the Company writes business are not identifiable in the Company's financial records. Based on gross written premium, the table below presents the largest country, other than the U.S., in which the Company writes business, for the period indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013		
United Kingdom	\$ 199,052	\$ 167,645	\$ 536,928	\$ 434,788		

No other country represented more than 5% of the Company's revenues.

### 17. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, no share-based compensation awards were granted.

#### 18. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company maintains both qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans and a retiree health plan for its U.S. employees employed prior to April 1, 2010.

Net periodic benefit cost for U.S. employees included the following components for the periods indicated:

Pension Benefits	Three Mon Septem			nths Ended ober 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Service cost	\$ 2,460	\$ 2,794	\$ 7,381	\$ 8,251
Interest cost	2,542	2,144	7,625	6,292
Expected return on plan assets	(2,822)	(2,124)	(8,468)	(6,367)
Amortization of prior service cost	13	12	38	37
Amortization of net (income) loss	1,173	2,064	3,356	5,872
FAS 88 settlement charge	5,269	-	5,269	-
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 8,635	\$ 4,890	\$ 15,201	\$ 14,085

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Other Benefits	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(D. 11	•	•	•	·	
(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Service cost	\$ 407	\$ 462	\$ 1,221	\$ 1,460	
Interest cost	342	291	1,026	845	
Amortization of net (income) loss	82	185	246	493	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 831	\$ 938	\$ 2,493	\$ 2,798	

The Company did not make any contributions to the qualified pension benefit plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

# 19. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the normal course of business, the Company, through its affiliates, engages in reinsurance and brokerage and commission business transactions with companies controlled by or affiliated with one or more of its outside directors. Such transactions, individually and in the aggregate, are not material to the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

#### 20. INCOME TAXES

The Company is domiciled in Bermuda and has significant subsidiaries and/or branches in Canada, Ireland, Singapore, the United Kingdom, and the United States. The Company's Bermuda domiciled subsidiaries are exempt from income taxation under Bermuda law until 2035. Pre-tax income generated by Group's non-Bermuda subsidiaries and the UK branch of Bermuda is subject to applicable federal, foreign, state and local taxes on corporations. Company subsidiaries domiciled in the US as well as the Canadian and Singapore branches of Everest Re generate US pre-tax income (loss). Foreign domiciled subsidiaries, including the UK branch of Bermuda Re, generate non-US pre-tax income (loss). Fluctuations in US and non-US pre-tax income (loss) primarily result from the impact of catastrophe losses and realized investment gains (losses).

For interim reporting periods, the company is generally required to use the annualized effective tax rate ("AETR") method, as prescribed by ASC 740-270, Interim Reporting, to calculate its income tax provision. Under this method, the AETR is applied to the interim year-to-date pre-tax income to determine the income tax expense or benefit for the year-to-date period. The income tax expense or benefit for a quarter represents the difference between the year-to-date income tax expense or benefit for the current year-to-date period less such amount for the immediately preceding year-to-date period. Management considers the impact of all known events in its estimation of the Company's annual pre-tax income and AETR.

#### 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company will be entering into a reinsurance agreement with Kilimanjaro Re Limited ("Kilimanjaro") to provide the Company with earthquake-only catastrophe reinsurance coverage. Kilimanjaro will fund the reinsurance coverage through the issuance of a catastrophe reinsurance bond, with estimated proceeds of \$500,000 thousand.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

#### **Industry Conditions.**

The worldwide reinsurance and insurance businesses are highly competitive, as well as cyclical by product and market. As such, financial results tend to fluctuate with periods of constrained availability, high rates and strong profits followed by periods of abundant capacity, low rates and constrained profitability. Competition in the types of reinsurance and insurance business that we underwrite is based on many factors, including the perceived overall financial strength of the reinsurer or insurer, ratings of the reinsurer or insurer by A.M. Best and/or Standard & Poor's, underwriting expertise, the jurisdictions where the reinsurer or insurer is licensed or otherwise authorized, capacity and coverages offered, premiums charged, other terms and conditions of the reinsurance and insurance business offered, services offered, speed of claims payment and reputation and experience in lines written. Furthermore, the market impact from these competitive factors related to reinsurance and insurance is generally not consistent across lines of business, domestic and international geographical areas and distribution channels.

We compete in the U.S., Bermuda and international reinsurance and insurance markets with numerous global competitors. Our competitors include independent reinsurance and insurance companies, subsidiaries or affiliates of established worldwide insurance companies, reinsurance departments of certain insurance companies and domestic and international underwriting operations, including underwriting syndicates at Lloyd's. Some of these competitors have greater financial resources than we do and have established long term and continuing business relationships, which can be a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the lack of strong barriers to entry into the reinsurance business and the potential for securitization of reinsurance and insurance risks through capital markets provide additional sources of potential reinsurance and insurance capacity and competition.

Worldwide insurance and reinsurance market conditions continued to be very competitive, particularly in the casualty lines of business. Generally, there was ample insurance and reinsurance capacity relative to demand. Competition and its effect on rates, terms and conditions vary widely by market and coverage yet continued to be most prevalent in the U.S. casualty insurance and reinsurance markets and additional capacity from the capital markets is impacting worldwide catastrophe rates.

Catastrophe rates tend to fluctuate by global region, particularly areas recently impacted by large catastrophic events. During the second and third quarters of 2013, Canada experienced historic flooding in Alberta and Toronto, which has resulted in higher catastrophe rates in these areas. Although there were flooding and wind storm events in Europe and Asia in the latter part of 2013, the overall 2013 catastrophe losses for the industry were lower than average. This lower level of losses, combined with increased competition is putting downward pressure on rates in certain geographical areas resulting in lower rates for most catastrophe coverages in 2014.

Overall, we believe that current marketplace conditions, particularly for catastrophe coverages, provide profit opportunities for us given our strong ratings, distribution system, reputation and expertise. We continue to employ our strategy of targeting business that offers the greatest profit potential, while maintaining balance and diversification in our overall portfolio.

# Financial Summary.

We monitor and evaluate our overall performance based upon financial results. The following table displays a summary of the consolidated net income (loss), ratios and shareholders' equity for the periods indicated.

	September 30,		Increas	Increase/ Septer			nths Ended ober 30,	Percentage Increase/				
(Dollars in millions)	2014		2013		(Decrea				2013		(Decre	
Gross written premiums	\$ 1,666.7		\$ 1,465.		13.8		\$ 4,349.5		\$ 3,906.0		11.4	%
Net written premiums	1,517.6	6	1,389.	1	9.2	%	3,962.7		3,751.5		5.6	%
REVENUES:												
Premiums earned	\$ 1,390.0	)	\$ 1,225.	8	13.4	%	\$ 3,806.8		\$ 3,466.0		9.8	%
Net investment income	142.1		127.9		11.2	%	396.5		422.4		-6.1	%
Net realized capital gains (losses)	(9.4	)	45.0		-121.0	)%	70.7		205.6		-65.6	5 %
Net derivative gain (loss)	1.9		5.6		-67.1	%	4.0		33.0		-88.0	) %
Other income (expense)	11.3		(2.7	)	N	M	(5.8	)	(3.3	)	75.9	%
Total revenues	1,535.9	)	1,401.	5	9.6	%	4,272.2		4,123.7		3.6	%
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:												
Incurred losses and loss adjustment	927.0		770.1		0.0	01	2 102 0		2.074.2		5 7	01
expenses	837.8		770.1		8.8	%	2,192.9		2,074.3		5.7	%
Commission, brokerage, taxes and	200.5		240.6		160	04	020.2		700 7		10.0	04
fees	290.5		248.6		16.9	%	820.2		723.7		13.3	
Other underwriting expenses	63.1		59.9		5.4	%	172.2		167.7		2.7	%
Corporate expenses	10.0		4.8		109.3	%	18.8		16.6		13.0	%
Interest, fees and bond issue cost	40.4					~	•••		20.7			- ~
amortization expense	12.4		7.6		62.7	%	29.0		38.5		-24.7	
Total claims and expenses	1,213.8	3	1,090.	9	11.3	%	3,233.0		3,020.9		7.0	%
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	322.1		310.6		3.7	%	1,039.1		1,102.8		-5.8	%
Income tax expense (benefit)	20.9		72.0		-71.0	%	137.9		204.3		-32.5	5 %
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 301.3		\$ 238.5		26.3	%	\$ 901.2		\$ 898.5		0.3	%
Net (income) loss attributable to												
noncontrolling interests	(26.3	)	(3.8	)	N	M	(42.2	)	(3.8	)	N	JM
NET INCOME (LOSS)	·		·				·		·			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO EVEREST												
RE GROUP	\$ 274.9		\$ 234.8		17.1	%	\$ 859.0		\$ 894.7		-4.0	%
					Poin	t					Poir	nt
RATIOS:					Chang						Chan	
Loss ratio	60.3	%	62.8	%		)	57.6	%	59.8	%	(2.2	_
Commission and brokerage ratio	20.9	%	20.3	%	0.6	,	21.5	%	20.9	%	0.6	,
Other underwriting expense ratio	4.5	%	4.9	%	(0.4	)	4.6	%	4.9	%	(0.3	)
Combined ratio	85.7	%	88.0	%		)	83.7	%	85.6	%	(1.9	,
					(	,				, -	(>	
							At		At		Percen	tage
							Septemb	er	Decemb	er	т	,
							30,		31,		Increa	
							2014		2013		(Decre	ase)

# (Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Balance sheet data:			
Total investments and cash	\$ 17,598.7	\$ 16,596.5	6.0 %
Total assets	21,487.2	19,808.0	8.5 %
Loss and loss adjustment expense			
reserves	9,795.4	9,673.2	1.3 %
Total debt	888.4	488.3	81.9 %
Total liabilities	13,700.6	12,746.4	7.5 %
Redeemable noncontrolling interests -			
Mt. Logan Re	404.4	93.4	NM
Shareholders' equity	7,382.2	6,968.3	5.9 %
Book value per share	163.14	146.57	11.3 %

# (NM, not meaningful)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

#### Revenues.

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 13.8% to \$1,666.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$1,465.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, reflecting a \$175.3 million, or 16.3%, increase in our reinsurance business and an increase of \$37.2 million from the Mt. Logan Re segment, while our insurance business decreased \$10.8 million, or 2.9%. The increase in reinsurance premiums was mainly due to new business: quota share contracts, contracts with catastrophe exposed risks and mortgage guaranty business. Gross written premiums increased by 11.4% to \$4,349.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$3,906.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, reflecting a \$380.2 million, or 12.9%, increase in our reinsurance

business and \$96.0 million from the Mt. Logan Re segment, which commenced operations in the third quarter of 2013, partially offset by a \$32.7 million, or 3.5%, decrease in our insurance business. The increase in reinsurance premiums was mainly due to new business: quota share contracts, contracts with catastrophe exposed risks and mortgage guaranty business. The decrease in insurance premiums was primarily due to lower crop premiums, partially offset by an increase in non-standard auto business.

Net written premiums increased by 9.2% to \$1,517.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1,389.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and increased by 5.6% to \$3,962.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$3,751.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The variance between the increase in gross written premiums compared to the increase in net written premiums is primarily due to a higher utilization of reinsurance related to the new quota share contracts. Premiums earned increased by 13.4% to \$1,390.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$1,225.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and increased by 9.8% to \$3,806.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$3,466.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income increased by 11.2% to \$142.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared with net investment income of \$127.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Net investment income decreased by 6.1% to \$396.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared with net investment income of \$422.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net pre-tax investment income, as a percentage of average invested assets, was 3.4% and 3.2% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, compared to 3.3% and 3.6% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The increase in income and yield for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to 2013 was primarily due to an increase in our limited partnership income. The decline in income and yield for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to 2013 was primarily the result of a decrease in our limited partnership income and lower reinvestment rates for the fixed income portfolios.

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses). Net realized capital losses were \$9.4 million and net realized capital gains were \$45.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The \$9.4 million was comprised of \$14.7 million of net losses from fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$0.1 million of other-than-temporary impairments, partially offset by \$5.4 million of net realized capital gain from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities. The net realized capital gains of \$45.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, were the result of \$41.2 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements and \$3.7 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities.

Net realized capital gains were \$70.7 million and \$205.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The \$70.7 million was comprised of \$69.6 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$1.6 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$0.5 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The net realized capital gains of \$205.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, were the result of \$170.7 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements and \$35.1 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, which were partially offset by \$0.2 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

Net Derivative Gain (Loss). In 2005 and prior, we sold seven equity index put option contracts, which remain outstanding. These contracts meet the definition of a derivative in accordance with FASB guidance and as such, are fair valued each quarter with the change recorded as net derivative gain or loss in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As a result of these adjustments in value, we recognized net derivative gains of \$1.9 million and \$4.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and net

derivative gains of \$5.6 million and \$33.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The change in the fair value of these equity index put option contracts is indicative of the change in the equity markets and interest rates over the same periods.

Other Income (Expense). We recorded other income of \$11.3 million and other expense of \$5.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. We recorded other expense of \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The changes were primarily the result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates for the corresponding periods.

# Claims and Expenses.

Incurred Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses. The following tables present our incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") for the periods indicated.

Three Months Ended September 30,

	C	Current	Ratio %/	]	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Year	Pt Change	`	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
Attritional (a)	\$	807.3	58.1 %	\$	0.5	0.0 %	\$ 807.8	58.1 %
Catastrophes		30.0	2.2 %		-	0.0 %	30.0	2.2 %
Total	\$	837.3	60.3 %	\$	0.5	0.0 %	\$ 837.8	60.3 %
2013								
Attritional (a)	\$	694.9	56.7 %	\$	0.2	0.0 %	\$ 695.1	56.7 %
Catastrophes		75.0	6.1 %		-	0.0 %	75.0	6.1 %
Total	\$	769.9	62.8 %	\$	0.2	0.0 %	\$ 770.1	62.8 %
Variance 2014/2013								
Attritional (a)	\$	112.4	1.4 pts	\$	0.3	- pts	\$ 112.7	1.4 pts
Catastrophes		(45.0)	(3.9) pts		-	- pts	(45.0)	(3.9) pts
Total	\$	67.4	(2.5) pts		0.3	- pts	\$ 67.7	(2.5) pts
			Nine	Мс	onths Ende	ed September	30,	
		Current	Ratio		Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Year	Pt Char	nge	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
Attritional (a)	\$	2,120.8	55.7 %	,	\$ (2.9)	-0.1 %	\$ 2,117.9	55.6%
Catastrophes		75.0	2.0 %		-	0.0 %	75.0	2.0 %
Total	\$	2,195.8	57.7%	Ó	\$ (2.9)	-0.1 %	\$ 2,192.9	57.6%
2013								
Attritional (a)	\$	1,910.2	55.0%	,	\$ (0.9)	0.0 %	\$ 1,909.3	55.0%
Catastrophes		165.0	4.8 %	'n	-	0.0 %	165.0	4.8 %
Total	\$	2,075.2	59.8%	'n	\$ (0.9)	0.0 %	\$ 2,074.3	59.8%
Variance 2014/2013								
Attritional (a)	\$	210.6	0.7	pts	\$ (2.0)	(0.1) pts	\$ 208.6	0.6 pts
Catastrophes		(90.0	) (2.8)	•		- pts		(2.8) pts
Total	\$	120.6		•	\$ (2.0)	_		(2.2) pts
(a) Attritional losses exclude								

# (a) Attritional losses exclude

catastrophe losses.

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 8.8% to \$837.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$770.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to increases in current year attritional losses, partially offset by a reduction in current year catastrophe losses. The increase in current year attritional losses of \$112.4 million is primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned. The \$30.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 represented 2.2 points and related to Hurricane Odile (\$20.0 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$10.0 million). The \$75.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 represented 6.1 points and related to Canadian floods (\$55.0 million) and German hailstorms (\$20.0 million).

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 5.7% to \$2,192.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$2,074.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to increases in current year attritional losses, partially offset by a reduction in current year catastrophe losses. The increase in current year attritional losses of \$210.6 million is primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned. The \$75.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 represented 2.0 points and related to the Japan snowstorm (\$30.0 million), the

Chilean earthquake (\$25.0 million) and Hurricane Odile (\$20.0 million). The \$165.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 represented 4.8 points and related to Canadian floods (\$75.0 million), U.S. storms (\$50.0 million), European floods (\$20.0 million) and German hailstorms (\$20.0 million).

Commission, Brokerage, Taxes and Fees. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees increased by 16.9% to \$290.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$248.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees increased by 13.3% to \$820.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$723.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. These changes were primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned and changes in the mix of business.

Other Underwriting Expenses. Other underwriting expenses were \$63.1 million and \$59.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Other underwriting expenses were \$172.2 million and \$167.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increases in other underwriting expenses were mainly due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

Corporate Expenses. Corporate expenses, which are general operating expenses that are not allocated to segments, were \$10.0 million and \$4.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$18.8 million and \$16.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increases in corporate expenses were mainly due to higher compensation and benefit expenses.

Interest, Fees and Bond Issue Cost Amortization Expense. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$12.4 million and \$7.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase was primarily due to the impact of the issuance of \$400.0 million of senior notes in June 2014. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$29.0 million and \$38.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decreases were primarily due to the redemption of \$329.9 million of trust preferred securities in May 2013, partially offset by the impact of the issuance of \$400.0 million of senior notes in June 2014.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). We had income tax expenses of \$20.9 million and \$72.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and income tax expenses of \$137.9 million and \$204.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Income tax expense is primarily a function of the geographic location of the Company's pre-tax income and the statutory tax rates in those jurisdictions, as affected by tax-exempt investment income and as calculated under the annualized effective tax rate ("AETR") method. Variations in the AETR generally result from changes in the relative levels of pre-tax income, including the impact of catastrophe losses and net capital gains (losses), among jurisdictions with different tax rates. The decrease in income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 is primarily due to lower net realized capital gains in the U.S. and the realization of additional foreign tax credits.

#### Net Income (Loss).

Our net income was \$301.3 million and \$238.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our net income was \$901.2 million and \$898.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The changes were primarily driven by the financial component fluctuations explained above.

#### Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Everest Re Group.

Our net income attributable to Everest Re Group was \$274.9 million and \$234.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our net income attributable to Everest Re Group was \$859.0 million and \$894.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The changes were primarily driven by the financial component fluctuations described above, as well as the impact of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

#### Ratios.

Our combined ratio decreased by 2.3 points to 85.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to 88.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and decreased by 1.9 points to 83.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to 85.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The loss ratio components decreased 2.5 points and 2.2 points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, over the same periods last year, primarily due to lower current year catastrophe losses. The commission and brokerage ratio components increased by 0.6 points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, over the same periods last year, primarily due to changes in the mix of business. The other underwriting expense ratio components decreased slightly by 0.4 points and 0.3 points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, over the same periods last year.

#### Shareholders' Equity.

Shareholders' equity increased by \$413.9 million to \$7,382.2 million at September 30, 2014 from \$6,968.3 million at December 31, 2013, principally as a result of \$859.0 million of net income attributable to Everest Re Group, \$63.7 million of unrealized appreciation on investments, net of tax, share-based compensation transactions of \$30.2 million and \$2.4 million of net benefit plan obligation adjustments, partially offset by repurchases of 2.6 million common shares for \$399.9 million, \$103.0 million of shareholder dividends and \$38.4 million of net foreign currency translation adjustments.

#### Consolidated Investment Results

#### Net Investment Income.

Net investment income increased by 11.2% to \$142.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$127.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to an increase in income from our limited partnership investments. Net investment income decreased by 6.1% to \$396.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$422.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to a decline in income from our limited partnership investments and a decline in income from our fixed maturities, reflective of lower reinvestment rates.

The following table shows the components of net investment income for the periods indicated.

		e Months Ende	ed N	ine Months I September 3			
(Dollars in millions)	2014	2013	2014	20	)13		
Fixed maturities	\$ 115	.1 \$ 11	7.8 \$ 3	48.9 \$	358.8		
Equity securities	11.1	10	0.3	6.1	32.9		
Short-term investments and cash	0.3	0.3	3 1.	.2	0.8		
Other invested assets							
Limited partnerships	21.7	7 4.0	6 2:	5.7	41.6		
Other	0.9	1.3	1 3.	.2	5.3		
Gross investment income before adjustments	149	.0 13	34.1 4	15.1	439.5		
Funds held interest income (expense)	1.8	1.′	7 6	.9	8.0		
Future policy benefit reserve income (expense)	(0.5	(0,	.4 ) ((	).9 )	(1.5)		
Gross investment income	150	.3 13	35.4 4	21.0	445.9		
Investment expenses	(8.2	(7.	.6 ) (2	24.5 )	(23.5)		
Net investment income	\$ 142	.1 \$ 12	27.9 \$ 39	96.5 \$	422.4		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The following tables show a comparison of various investment yields for the periods indicated.

		At	At	
	Sep	tember I	December	
		30,	31,	
	201	4 2	013	
Imbedded pre-tax yield of cash and invested assets		3.0%	3.2%	
Imbedded after-tax yield of cash and invested assets		2.5%	2.8%	
	Three N	<b>Months</b>	Nine l	Months
	Three M End			Months ded
		ded	En	
	Enc	ded	En	ded
Annualized pre-tax yield on average cash and invested assets	End Septem	ded ber 30,	En Septen 2014	ded nber 30,

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses).

The following table presents the composition of our net realized capital gains (losses) for the periods indicated.

	Three	Mon	ths ]	Ende	d Se	ptember									
				30,			N	Nine Mo	onth	s E	nded S	epte	mb	er 30,	
(Dollars in millions)	2014		20	13		Variance	20	)14		20	13		Va	ariance	<u> </u>
Gains (losses) from sales:															
Fixed maturity securities, market															
value:															
Gains	\$ 12.7		\$	7.7		\$ 5.0	\$	27.5		\$	26.3		\$	1.2	
Losses	(5.5	)		(5.8)	)	0.3		(23.9	)		(19.8	)		(4.1	)
Total	7.3			1.9		5.4		3.7			6.5			(2.8	)
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:															
Gains	0.1			-		0.1		1.3			0.4			0.9	
Losses	-			-		-		(0.3)	)		(0.3)	)		-	
Total	0.1			-		0.1		1.0			0.1			0.9	
Equity securities, market value:															
Gains	-			-		-		-			3.0			(3.0)	)
Losses	(0.1)	)		-		(0.1)		(1.2	)		(0.3)	)		(0.9)	)
Total	(0.1)	)		-		(0.1)		(1.2	)		2.6			(3.8)	)
Equity securities, fair value:															
Gains	2.5			3.9		(1.4)		13.0			33.5			(20.5	)
Losses	(4.4	)		(2.2)	)	(2.2)		(14.9	)		(7.7)	)		(7.2	)
Total	(1.9	)		1.8		(3.7)		(1.9	)		25.9			(27.8	)
Total net realized capital gains (losses)															
from sales:															
Gains	15.4			11.8		3.6		41.9			63.2			(21.3	)
Losses	(10.0	)		(7.9	)	(2.1)		(40.3	)		(28.0	)		(12.3	)
Total	5.4			3.7		1.7		1.6			35.1			(33.5	)

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Other-than-temporary impairments:	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	(0.5	(0.2)	(0.3)
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments:						
Fixed maturities, fair value	(0.9)	0.6	(1.5)	(0.9)	(1.0)	0.1
Equity securities, fair value	(13.8)	40.7	(54.5)	70.5	171.7	(101.2)
Total	(14.7)	41.2	(56.0)	69.6	170.7	(101.1)
Total net realized capital gains (losses)	\$ (9.4 )	\$ 45.0	\$ (54.4) \$	70.7	\$ 205.6	\$ (134.9)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Net realized capital losses were \$9.4 million and net realized capital gains were \$45.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we recorded \$14.7 million of net realized capital losses due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$0.1 million of other-than-temporary impairments, partially offset by \$5.4 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, we recorded \$41.2 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$3.7 million of net realized capital gains from

sales of fixed maturity and equity securities. The fixed maturity and equity sales for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 related primarily to adjusting the portfolios for overall market changes and individual credit shifts along with maintaining a balanced foreign currency exposure.

Net realized capital gains were \$70.7 million and \$205.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we recorded \$69.6 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$1.6 million of other-than-temporary impairments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recorded \$170.7 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$35.1 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$0.2 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The fixed maturity and equity sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 related primarily to adjusting the portfolios for overall market changes and individual credit shifts along with maintaining a balanced foreign currency exposure.

#### Segment Results.

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and A&H business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes foreign property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance, including medical stop loss insurance, directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada. The Mt. Logan Re segment represents business written for the segregated accounts of Mt. Logan Re, which were formed on July 1, 2013. The Mt. Logan Re business represents a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographical regions globally.

These segments, with the exception of Mt. Logan Re, are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results. The Mt. Logan Re segment is managed independently and seeks to write a diverse portfolio of catastrophe risks for each segregated account to achieve desired risk and return criteria.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and LAE incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re's business is sourced through operating subsidiaries of the Company; however, the activity is only reflected in the Mt. Logan Re segment. For other inter-affiliate reinsurance, business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced, consistent with how the business is managed.

Except for Mt. Logan Re, the Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

Our loss and LAE reserves are our best estimate of our ultimate liability for unpaid claims. We re-evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, including all prior period reserves, taking into consideration all available information and, in particular, recently reported loss claim experience and trends related to prior periods. Such re-evaluations are

recorded in incurred losses in the period in which re-evaluation is made.

The following discusses the underwriting results for each of our segments for the periods indicated.

U.S. Reinsurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine	e Mo	nths End	led S	September 3	ptember 30,				
						%							%		
(Dollars in millions)	2014	2	013	,	Variance	Change	20	014		2013		Variance	Change		
Gross written premiums	\$ 640.7	\$	520.8	3 :	\$ 119.9	23.0 %	\$	1,573.8	3	\$ 1,373.	9	\$ 199.9	14.5 %		
Net written premiums	615.1		519.0	)	96.1	18.5 %		1,536.1	L	1,371.	7	164.4	12.0%		
Premiums earned	\$ 559.5	\$	449.0	) :	\$ 110.5	24.6 %	\$	1,478.3	3	\$ 1,233.	0	\$ 245.3	19.9 %		
Incurred losses and LAE	249.0	)	224.9	)	24.1	10.7 %		701.5		660.7		40.8	6.2 %		
Commission and															
brokerage	123.4	-	92.0		31.4	34.1 %		339.2		265.1		74.1	27.9%		
Other underwriting															
expenses	12.1		12.0		0.1	0.9 %		33.1		32.5		0.5	1.6 %		
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 174.9	\$	120.0	) :	\$ 54.9	45.8 %	\$	404.6		\$ 274.7		\$ 129.9	47.3 %		
						Point	,						Point		
						Chg							Chg		
Loss ratio	44.5	%	50.1	%		(5.6)		47.5	%	53.6	%		(6.1)		
Commission and															
brokerage ratio	22.1	%	20.5	%		1.6		22.9	%	21.5	%		1.4		
Other underwriting															
expense ratio	2.1	%	2.7	%		(0.6)		2.2	%	2.6	%		(0.4)		
Combined ratio	68.7	%	73.3	%		(4.6)		72.6	%	77.7	%		(5.1)		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 23.0% to \$640.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$520.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to new business opportunities, particularly for contracts with catastrophe exposed risks and mortgage guaranty business. Net written premiums increased by 18.5% to \$615.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$519.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, which is in line with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 24.6% to \$559.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$449.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 14.5% to \$1,573.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$1,373.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to new business opportunities, particularly for contracts with catastrophe exposed risks and mortgage guaranty business. Net written premiums increased by 12.0% to \$1,536.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1,371.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, which is in line with the increase in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 19.9% to \$1,478.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1,233.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned

relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,						
	C	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
Attritional	\$	246.7	44.1 %	\$ 1.3	0.2 %	\$ 248.1	44.3 %
Catastrophes		-	0.0 %	0.9	0.2 %	0.9	0.2 %
Total segment	\$	246.7	44.1 %	\$ 2.3	0.4 %	\$ 249.0	44.5 %
2013							
Attritional	\$	219.2	48.9%	\$ 4.1	0.9 %	\$ 223.3	49.8 %
Catastrophes		0.2	0.0 %	1.4	0.3 %	1.6	0.3 %
Total segment	\$	219.4	48.9 %	\$ 5.5	1.2 %	\$ 224.9	50.1 %
Variance 2014/2013							
Attritional	\$	27.5	(4.8) pts	\$ (2.8)	(0.7) pts	\$ 24.8	(5.5) pts
Catastrophes		(0.2)	- pts	(0.5)	(0.1) pts	(0.7)	(0.1) pts
Total segment	\$	27.3	(4.8) pts	\$ (3.2)	(0.8) pts	\$ 24.1	(5.6) pts
			Nine		ed September		
			D	~// D:	D	TD . 1	D .: 67.1
(B. 11		Current	Ratio		Ratio %/		Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Current Year	Ratio <sup>c</sup> Pt Char				Ratio %/ Pt Change
· ·	\$			nge Years			
2014		Year 691.3 6.3	Pt Char	years \$ 2.3 1.5	Pt Change	\$ 693.6 7.8	Pt Change
2014 Attritional		Year 691.3	Pt Char 46.8 %	years \$ 2.3 1.5	Pt Change	e Incurred \$ 693.6	Pt Change 46.9%
2014 Attritional Catastrophes	\$	Year 691.3 6.3	Pt Char 46.8 % 0.4 %	years \$ 2.3 1.5	0.2 % 0.1 %	\$ 693.6 7.8	Pt Change 46.9 % 0.5 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment	\$	Year 691.3 6.3	Pt Char 46.8 % 0.4 %	years  2 \$ 2.3  3 1.5  4 \$ 3.8	0.2 % 0.1 %	\$ 693.6 7.8	Pt Change 46.9 % 0.5 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment	\$	Year 691.3 6.3 697.7	Pt Char 46.8 % 0.4 % 47.2 %	years  2 \$ 2.3  1.5  3 3.8	0.2 % 0.1 % 0.3 %	\$ 693.6 7.8 \$ 701.5	Pt Change 46.9 % 0.5 % 47.5 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2013 Attritional	\$	Year 691.3 6.3 697.7	Pt Char 46.8 % 0.4 % 47.2 %	\$ 2.3 1.5 \$ 3.8 \$ 2.9 14.5	Pt Chang  0.2 %  0.1 %  0.3 %	\$ 693.6 7.8 \$ 701.5	Pt Change 46.9 % 0.5 % 47.5 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2013 Attritional Catastrophes	\$ \$ \$	Year  691.3 6.3 697.7  588.1 55.2	Pt Char 46.8 % 0.4 % 47.2 % 47.7 % 4.5 %	\$ 2.3 1.5 \$ 3.8 \$ 2.9 14.5	0.2 % 0.1 % 0.3 %  0.2 % 1.2 %	\$ 693.6 7.8 \$ 701.5 \$ 591.0 69.7	Pt Change 46.9 % 0.5 % 47.5 %  47.9 % 5.7 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2013 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  Variance 2014/2013	\$ \$ \$	Year  691.3 6.3 697.7  588.1 55.2 643.3	Pt Char 46.8 % 0.4 % 47.2 % 47.7 % 4.5 % 52.2 %	\$ 2.3 1.5 \$ 3.8 \$ 2.9 14.5 \$ 17.4	0.2 % 0.1 % 0.3 %  0.2 % 1.2 % 1.4 %	\$ 693.6 7.8 \$ 701.5 \$ 591.0 69.7 \$ 660.7	Pt Change 46.9 % 0.5 % 47.5 %  47.9 % 5.7 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2013 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  Variance 2014/2013 Attritional	\$ \$ \$	Year  691.3 6.3 697.7  588.1 55.2 643.3	Pt Char  46.8 % 0.4 % 47.2 %  47.7 % 4.5 % 52.2 %	\$ 2.3 1.5 \$ 3.8 \$ 2.9 14.5 \$ 17.4	0.2 % 0.1 % 0.3 %  0.2 % 1.2 % 1.4 %	\$ 693.6 7.8 \$ 701.5 \$ 591.0 69.7 \$ 660.7	Pt Change  46.9% 0.5 % 47.5%  47.9% 5.7 % 53.6%  (1.0) pts
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2013 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  Variance 2014/2013	\$ \$ \$	Year  691.3 6.3 697.7  588.1 55.2 643.3	Pt Char  46.8% 0.4 % 47.2%  47.7% 4.5 % 52.2%  (0.9) ) (4.1)	\$ 2.3 1.5 \$ 3.8 \$ 2.9 14.5 \$ 17.4	0.2 % 0.1 % 0.3 %  0.2 % 1.2 % 1.4 %	\$ 693.6 7.8 \$ 701.5 \$ 591.0 69.7 \$ 660.7	Pt Change  46.9 %  0.5 %  47.5 %  47.9 %  5.7 %  53.6 %

#### (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses increased by 10.7% to \$249.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$224.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$27.5 million resulting primarily from the impact of the increase in premiums earned. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The \$0.2 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were related to the Canadian floods.

Incurred losses increased by 6.2% to \$701.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$660.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to the increase in current year attritional

losses of \$103.2 million resulting primarily from to the impact of the increase in premiums earned, partially offset by a decrease of \$48.9 million in current year catastrophe losses and a decrease of \$13.0 million in prior year catastrophe losses. The \$6.3 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 related to the Japan snowstorm (\$6.3 million). The \$55.2 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, were mainly due to U.S. Storms (\$50.0 million) and the European floods (\$5.0 million).

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage expenses increased by 34.1% to \$123.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$92.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Commission and brokerage expenses increased by 27.9% to \$339.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$265.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. These variances were due to the impact of the increases in premiums earned and changes in the mix of business.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased slightly to \$12.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$12.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and increased slightly to \$33.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$32.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

International.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the International segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine	e M	onths Er	ideo	d Septembe	er 30,				
					_		%						_	%	
(Dollars in millions)	2014		2013		Varianc	e	Change	•	2014		2013		Variance	Chang	ge
Gross written premiums	\$406.3		\$331.5		\$74.7		22.5	%	\$1,181.5	5	\$977.2		\$ 204.3	20.9	%
Net written premiums	352.6		330.2		22.4		6.8	%	977.2		972.3		4.9	0.5	%
Premiums earned	\$320.0		\$310.4		\$9.6		3.1	%	\$958.4		\$948.4		\$ 10.0	1.1	%
Incurred losses and LAE	236.6		213.0		23.6		11.1	%	604.2		558.5		45.6	8.2	%
Commission and															
brokerage	73.1		71.5		1.6		2.3	%	215.7		220.0		(4.3)	-2.0	%
Other underwriting															
expenses	8.8		8.7		-		0.4	%	24.7		24.3		0.4	1.5	%
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$1.6		\$17.2		\$(15.6	)	-90.9	%	\$113.8		\$145.6		\$ (31.7)	-21.8	%
							Po	oint						P	oint
							C	hg						(	Chg
Loss ratio	73.9	%	68.6	%			5.3		63.0	%	58.9	%		4.1	
Commission and															
brokerage ratio	22.9	%	23.0	%			(0.1)	)	22.5	%	23.2	%		(0.7)	)
Other underwriting															
expense ratio	2.7	%	2.9	%			(0.2)	)	2.6	%	2.6	%		-	
Combined ratio	99.5	%	94.5	%			5.0		88.1	%	84.7	%		3.4	

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 22.5% to \$406.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$331.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due new quota share contracts. Net written premiums increased by 6.8% to \$352.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$330.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The variance of the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is due to a higher utilization of reinsurance related to the new quota share contracts. Premiums earned increased 3.1% to \$320.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$310.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 20.9% to \$1,181.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$977.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to new quota share contracts, partially offset by a negative \$29.9 million impact of foreign exchange movements year over year. Net written premiums increased by 0.5% to \$977.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$972.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The variance of the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is due to a higher utilization of reinsurance related to the new quota share contracts. Premiums earned increased 1.1% to \$958.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$948.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the International segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,							
	C	urrent	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/	
(Dollars in millions)	•	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change	
2014								
Attritional	\$	213.0	66.5 %	\$ (4.6)	-1.4 %	\$ 208.4	65.1 %	
Catastrophes		29.3	9.2 %	(1.2)	-0.4 %	28.1	8.8 %	
Total segment	\$	242.3	75.7 %	\$ (5.8)	-1.8 %	\$ 236.6	73.9 %	
2013								
Attritional	\$	166.1	53.5 %	\$ (3.9)	-1.3 %	\$ 162.1	52.2 %	
Catastrophes		52.7	17.0%	(1.8)	-0.6 %	50.9	16.4%	
Total segment	\$	218.8	70.5 %	\$ (5.8)	-1.9 %	\$ 213.0	68.6 %	
Variance 2014/2013								
Attritional	\$	46.9	13.0 pts	\$ (0.7)	(0.1) pts	\$ 46.3	12.9 pts	
Catastrophes	Ψ.	(23.4)	(7.8) pts	0.6	0.2 pts	(22.8)	(7.6) pts	
Total segment	\$	23.5	5.2 pts	\$ -	0.1 pts	\$ 23.6	5.3 pts	
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Current Year	Nine Ratio Pt Cha	%/ Prior	ed September 3 Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total	Ratio %/ Pt Change	
Attritional	\$	548.2	57.1 %	6 \$ (4.7	) -0.5 %	\$ 543.5	56.6%	
Catastrophes	Ψ	63.9	6.7 %		·	60.6	6.4 %	
Total segment	\$	612.1	63.89	(	/	\$ 604.2	63.0%	
2013								
Attritional	\$	492.9	51.99	6 \$ (5.9	) -0.6 %	\$ 487.0	51.3%	
Catastrophes	φ	72.7	7.7 %			71.5	7.6 %	
Total segment	\$	565.6	59.69	•	,	\$ 558.5	58.9%	
Total segment	Ф	303.0	39.07	o \$ (7.1	) -0.7 %	\$ 220.2	30.9 %	
Variance 2014/2013								
Attritional	\$	55.3	5.2	pts \$ 1.2	0.1 pts	\$ \$ 56.5	5.3 pts	
Catastrophes		(8.8)	) (1.0)	pts (2.1	) (0.2) pts	s (10.9)	(1.2) pts	
Total segment	\$	46.5	4.2	pts \$ (0.9	) (0.1) pts	s \$ 45.6	4.1 pts	

#### (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 11.1% to \$236.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$213.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, due primarily to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$46.9 million, primarily due to increased losses in the Middle East, Africa and Latin America, partially offset by the decrease in current year catastrophe losses of \$23.4 million. The \$29.3 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 were due to Hurricane Odile (\$19.7 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$9.6 million). The \$52.7 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were due to the Canadian floods.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 8.2% to \$604.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$558.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$55.3 million, primarily due to increased losses in the Middle East, Africa and Latin America, partially offset by the decrease in current year catastrophe losses of \$8.8 million. The \$63.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were due to the Chilean earthquake (\$24.2 million), Japan snowstorm (\$20.0 million) and Hurricane Odile (\$19.7 million). The \$72.7 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were due to the Canadian floods.

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage increased 2.3% to \$73.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$71.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase was primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned. Commission and brokerage decreased 2.0% to \$215.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$220.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. This decrease was primarily due to the new quota share contracts which have lower net commission rates, partially offset by the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased slightly to \$8.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$8.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and slightly increased to \$24.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$24.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Bermuda.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
				%				%	
(Dollars in millions)	2014	2013	Variance	Change	2014	2013	Variance	Change	
Gross written premiums	\$ 205.3	\$ 224.7	\$ (19.4)	-8.6 %	\$ 573.8	\$ 597.8	\$ (24.0)	-4.0 %	
Net written premiums	189.4	223.6	(34.2)	-15.3 %	548.2	589.1	(40.9)	-6.9 %	
Premiums earned	\$ 181.8	\$ 184.0	\$ (2.2)	-1.2 %	\$ 546.7	\$ 554.1	\$ (7.4)	-1.3 %	
Incurred losses and LAE	109.0	123.8	(14.8)	-12.0 %	310.6	327.4	(16.8)	-5.1 %	
Commission and									
brokerage	48.4	46.8	1.6	3.5 %	141.0	135.5	5.5	4.0 %	
Other underwriting									
expenses	9.4	8.1	1.3	15.7 %	25.8	24.6	1.2	4.8 %	
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 15.0	\$ 5.3	\$ 9.7	182.9%	\$ 69.3	\$ 66.6	\$ 2.7	4.1 %	
				Point				Point	
				Chg				Chg	
Loss ratio	59.9 %	67.3 %		(7.4)	56.8 %	6 59.1 %		(2.3)	
Commission and									
brokerage ratio	26.6 %	25.4 %		1.2	25.8 %	6 24.5 %		1.3	
Other underwriting									
expense ratio	5.2 %	4.4 %		0.8	4.7 %	6 4.4 %		0.3	
Combined ratio	91.7 %	97.1 %		(5.4)	87.3 %	88.0 %		(0.7)	

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 8.6% to \$205.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$224.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to the non-renewal of a casualty quota share contract. Net written premiums decreased by 15.3% to \$189.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$223.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The variance of the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is due to a higher utilization of reinsurance related to the new quota share contracts and cessions to Mt. Logan. Premiums earned decreased 1.2% to \$181.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$184.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing;

premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums decreased by 4.0% to \$573.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$597.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to the non-renewal of a casualty quota share contract, partially offset by a favorable impact of foreign exchange movements year over year. Net written premiums decreased by 6.9% to \$548.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$589.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The variance of the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is due to a higher utilization of reinsurance related to the new quota share contracts and cessions to Mt. Logan. Premiums earned decreased 1.3% to \$546.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$554.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

	Cī	urrent	Thro Ratio %/	ee Months E Prior	nded Septembe Ratio %/	r 30, Total	Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions) 2014	Ţ	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
Attritional	\$	108.8	59.8 %	\$ -	0.0 %	\$ 108.8	59.8 %
Catastrophes		-	0.0 %	0.2	0.1 %	0.2	0.1 %
Total segment	\$	108.8	59.8 %	\$ 0.2	0.1 %	\$ 109.0	59.9 %
2013							
Attritional		103.3	56.1 %	\$ -	0.0 %	\$ 103.3	56.1 %
Catastrophes		20.0	10.9 %	0.5	0.3 %	20.5	11.2 %
Total segment	\$	123.3	67.0 %	\$ 0.5	0.3 %	\$ 123.8	67.3 %
Variance 2014/2013							
Attritional	\$	5.5	3.7 pts	\$ -	- pts	\$ 5.5	3.7 pts
Catastrophes		(20.0)	(10.9) pts	(0.3)	(0.2) pts	(20.3)	(11.1) pts
Total segment	\$	(14.5)	(7.2) pts	\$ (0.3)	(0.2) pts	\$ (14.8)	(7.4) pts
		C			ded September		D - 4' - 0' /
(D-11)		Current	Ratio				Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Year	Pt Cha	nge Year			Pt Change
Attritional	\$	313.7	57.4%	, (		\$ 308.7	56.5%
Catastrophes		-	0.0 %		0.3 %	1.9	0.3 %
Total segment	\$	313.7	57.4%	% \$ (3.1	) -0.6 %	\$ 310.6	56.8%
2013							
Attritional	\$	310.6	56.1 %	% \$ (5.0	-0.9 %	\$ 305.6	55.2%
Catastrophes		35.0	6.3 %	76 (13.	2) -2.4 %	21.8	3.9 %
Total segment	\$	345.6	62.4 %	% \$ (18.	2) -3.3 %	\$ 327.4	59.1%
	Ψ						37.1 /0
	Ψ						37.1 70
Variance 2014/2013							
Attritional	\$	3.1	1.3	pts \$ -		es \$ 3.1	1.3 pts
			) (6.3)	_	l 2.7 pt	s (19.9)	

#### (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE decreased by 12.0% to \$109.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$123.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 primarily due to a \$20.0 million decrease in current year catastrophe losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The \$20.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were due to the German hailstorms.

Incurred losses and LAE decreased by 5.1% to \$310.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$327.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 primarily due to a \$35.0 million decrease

in current year catastrophe losses, partially offset by \$15.1 million of less favorable prior year catastrophe development in 2014 compared to 2013, which mainly related to the 2011 Japan earthquake. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The \$35.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were due to the German hailstorms (\$20.0 million) and the European floods (\$15.0 million).

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage increased by 3.5% to \$48.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$46.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Commission and brokerage increased by 4.0% to \$141.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$135.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. These increases are primarily due to higher commissions on business written through the Bermuda office.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$9.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$8.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$25.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$24.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Insurance.

The following tables present the underwriting results and ratios for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three M	Ionths Ende	d Septembe	er 30, %	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(Dollars in millions)	2014	2013	Variance	% Change	2014	2013	Variance	% Change	
Gross written premiums	\$ 364.1	\$ 374.9	\$ (10.8)		\$ 911.2	\$ 943.9	\$ (32.7)	-3.5 %	
Net written premiums	310.7	304.8	5.8	1.9 %	802.4	806.9	(4.5)	-0.6 %	
·									
Premiums earned	\$ 290.5	\$ 273.1	\$ 17.4	6.4 %	\$ 742.0	\$ 721.2	\$ 20.8	2.9 %	
Incurred losses and LAE	239.8	206.5	33.4	16.2 %	557.0	525.8	31.2	5.9 %	
Commission and									
brokerage	40.4	37.1	3.3	9.0 %	114.5	101.9	12.6	12.4 %	
Other underwriting									
expenses	31.3	29.8	1.5	5.2 %	83.7	85.0	(1.3)	-1.5 %	
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ (21.0)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (20.8)	NM	\$ (13.2)	\$ 8.5	\$ (21.7)	NM	
				Point Chg				Point Chg	
Loss ratio	82.5 %	75.6 %		6.9	75.1 %	72.9 %		2.2	
Commission and									
brokerage ratio	13.9 %	13.6 %		0.3	15.4 %	14.1 %		1.3	
Other underwriting									
expense ratio	10.8 %	10.9 %		(0.1)	11.3 %	11.8 %		(0.5)	
Combined ratio	107.2%	100.1 %		7.1	101.8%	98.8 %		3.0	
(NM, not meaningful.)									
(Some amounts may not									
reconcile due to									
rounding.)									

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 2.9% to \$364.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$374.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. This decrease was primarily driven by a decline in crop business. Net written premiums increased by 1.9% to \$310.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$304.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The variance of the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is due to a lesser utilization of reinsurance, particularly on the crop business. Premiums earned increased 6.4% to \$290.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$273.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums decreased by 3.5% to \$911.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$943.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. This decrease was primarily driven by a decline in crop business. Net written premiums decreased by 0.6% to \$802.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$806.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The variance of the

change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is due to a lesser utilization of reinsurance, particularly on the crop business. Premiums earned increased 2.9% to \$742.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$721.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,							
	C	urrent	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/	
(Dollars in millions)		Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change	
2014								
Attritional	\$	236.1	81.2 %	\$ 3.7	1.3 %	\$ 239.8	82.5 %	
Catastrophes		-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	
Total segment	\$	236.1	81.2%	\$ 3.7	1.3 %	\$ 239.8	82.5 %	
2013								
Attritional	\$	204.5	74.9%	\$ -	0.0 %	\$ 204.5	74.9%	
Catastrophes		2.1	0.8 %	(0.1)	-0.1 %	2.0	0.7 %	
Total segment	\$	206.6	75.7 %	\$ (0.1)	-0.1 %	\$ 206.5	75.6%	
Variance 2014/2013								
Attritional	\$	31.6	6.3 pts	\$ 3.7	1.3 pts	\$ 35.3	7.6 pts	
Catastrophes		(2.1)	(0.8) pts	0.1	0.1 pts	(2.0)	(0.7) pts	
Total segment	\$	29.5	5.5 pts	\$ 3.8	1.4 pts	\$ 33.4	6.9 pts	
		Current	Ratio	%/ Prior		Total	Ratio %/	
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Year	Pt Cha	nge Years	s Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change	
Attritional	\$	552.5	74.5 %	6 \$ 4.5	0.6 %	\$ 557.0	75.1%	
Catastrophes		-	0.0 %	6 0.1	0.0 %	0.1	0.0 %	
Total segment	\$	552.5	74.5%	% \$ 4.6	0.6 %	\$ 557.0	75.1%	
2013								
Attritional	\$	516.8	71.69	% \$ 7.1	1.0 %	\$ 523.9	72.6%	
Catastrophes		2.1	0.3 9	6 (0.2)	2) 0.0 %	1.9	0.3 %	
Total segment	\$	518.9	71.9%	,	1.0 %	\$ 525.8	72.9%	
Variance 2014/2013								
Attritional	\$	35.7	2.9	pts \$ (2.6	(0.4) pts	\$ 33.1	2.5 pts	
Catastrophes	Ψ			ρω ψ (2.0	, , ( <del>0.4</del> ) pu		2.5 pts	
		(2.1	(0.3.)	nts $0.3$	- nto	(18)	(0.3) nts	
Total segment	\$	(2.1 33.6	) (0.3) 2.6	pts 0.3 pts \$ (2.3	- pts 3 ) (0.4 ) pts		(0.3) pts 2.2 pts	

#### (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 16.2% to \$239.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$206.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, mainly due to an increase of \$31.6 million on current year attritional losses quarter over quarter, which were mainly related to the crop book of business. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The \$2.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were due to Canadian floods.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 5.9% to \$557.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$525.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, mainly due to an increase of \$35.7 million on current year attritional losses year over year, which were mainly related to the crop book of business. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The \$2.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were due to Canadian floods.

Segment Expenses Commission and brokerage increased by 9.0% to \$40.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$37.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Commission and brokerage increased by 12.4% to \$114.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$101.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increases were primarily driven by the shift in the mix of premium away from crop business, which carries a lower commission rate than other insurance lines.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$31.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$29.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The quarter over quarter increase was mainly due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned. Segment other underwriting expenses decreased to \$83.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$85.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The year over year decrease was primarily due to lower employee related expenses.

Mt. Logan Re. The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Mt. Logan Re segment for the periods indicated. The initial reporting period for this segment began in the third quarter of 2013.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
				% ~				% ~	
(Dollars in millions)	2014	2013	Variance	Change	2014	2013	Variance	Change	
Gross written premiums	\$ 50.3	\$ 13.2	\$ 37.2	NM	\$ 109.2	\$ 13.2	\$ 96.0	NM	
Net written premiums	49.8	11.4	38.3	NM	98.7	11.4	87.2	NM	
Premiums earned	\$ 38.2	\$ 9.3	\$ 28.9	NM	\$ 81.4	\$ 9.3	\$ 72.1	NM	
Incurred losses and LAE	3.4	1.9	1.5	NM	19.6	1.9	17.7	NM	
Commission and brokerage	5.1	1.1	4.0	NM	9.8	1.1	8.7	NM	
Other underwriting									
expenses	1.6	1.3	0.3	NM	5.0	1.3	3.7	NM	
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 28.1	\$ 5.0	\$ 23.2	NM	\$ 47.1	\$ 5.0	\$ 42.1	NM	
				Point				Point	
				Chg				Chg	
Loss ratio	8.9 %	20.6 %		(11.7)	24.0 %	20.6 %		3.4	
Commission and brokerage									
ratio	13.4 %	12.3 %		1.1	12.1 %	12.3 %		(0.2)	
Other underwriting expense									
ratio	4.1 %	13.7 %		(9.6)	6.1 %	13.7 %		(7.6)	
Combined ratio	26.4 %	46.6 %		(20.2)	42.2 %	46.6 %		(4.4)	
(NM, not meaningful.)									
(Some amounts may not									
reconcile due to rounding.)									

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased to \$50.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$13.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, as this segment continues to expand from its initial start-up in the third quarter of last year. Net written premiums increased to \$49.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$11.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased to \$38.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$9.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased to \$109.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$13.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as this segment continues to expand from its initial start-up in the third quarter of last year. Net written premiums increased to \$98.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$11.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased to \$81.4 million for the nine months ended

September 30, 2014 compared to \$9.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Mt. Logan Re segment for the periods indicated.

		Three Months Ended September 30,										
		rent	Ratio			rior	Ratio			Total	Rati	
(Dollars in millions)	$\mathbf{Y}_{0}$	ear	Pt Ch	ange	Y	ears	Pt Ch	ange	In	curred	Pt Ch	ange
2014												
Attritional	\$ 2		7.2	%	\$		0.0		\$	2.7	7.2	%
Catastrophes		).7	1.7	%		-	0.0			0.7	1.7	%
Total segment	\$ 3	3.4	8.9	%	\$	-	0.0	%	\$	3.4	8.9	%
2013												
Attritional	\$ 1	.9	20.1	%	\$	-	0.0	%	\$	1.9	20.1	%
Catastrophes	(	).1	0.5	%		-	0.0	%		0.1	0.5	%
Total segment	\$ 1	.9	20.6	%	\$	-	0.0	%	\$	1.9	20.6	%
Variance 2014/2013												
Attritional	\$ (	).8	(12.9	) pts	\$	_	-	pts	\$	0.8	(12.	9) pts
Catastrophes		).6	1.2	pts		_	_	pts	Ψ	0.6	1.2	pts
Total segment		.5		7) pts	\$		_	pts	\$	1.5		7) pts
(Dollars in millions) 2014		Current Year		Nine Ratio <sup>o</sup> Pt Chai	<i>%</i> /	ths Ende Prior Years	Ŕ	tember atio % Chang	/	Total Incurred		io %/ hange
Attritional	\$	15.0		18.4%	)	\$ -	0	.0 %		\$ 15.0	18.4	4 %
Catastrophes	4	4.7		5.8 %		(0.2		0.2 %		4.5	5.6	
Total segment	\$	19.8		24.2 %		\$ (0.2		0.2 %		\$ 19.6	24.0	
2012												
2013	¢	1.0		20.1.07		¢	0	0 07		¢ 10	20	1.07
Attritional	\$	1.9		20.1%		\$ -		.0 %		\$ 1.9	20.	
Attritional Catastrophes		0.1		0.5 %	ר	-	0	.0 %		0.1	0.5	%
Attritional	\$				ר	•	0					%
Attritional Catastrophes Total segment		0.1		0.5 %	ר	-	0	.0 %		0.1	0.5	%
Attritional Catastrophes		0.1		0.5 %	)	-	0	0.0 %	ots	0.1	0.5	% 5%
Attritional Catastrophes Total segment Variance 2014/2013	\$	0.1 1.9		0.5 % 20.6 %	)	\$ -	0	0.0 %		0.1 \$ 1.9	0.5 20.0	% 5%

#### (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 78.1% to \$3.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, mainly due to the increase in current year attritional losses, resulting from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, and an increase in current year catastrophes. The \$0.7 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 were due to the Chilean earthquake (\$0.4 million) and Hurricane Odile (\$0.3 million). The \$0.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were due to Canadian floods.

Incurred losses and LAE increased to \$19.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, mainly due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$13.1 million, resulting from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, and an increase in current year catastrophes of \$4.6 million. The \$4.7 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were mainly due to the Japan snowstorm (\$3.7 million), the Chilean earthquake (\$0.8 million) and Hurricane Odile (\$0.3 million). The \$0.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were due to Canadian floods.

Segment Expenses Commission and brokerage increased to \$5.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Commission and brokerage increased to \$9.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increases are primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased slightly to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$5.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increases are primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned and increased operations.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and Invested Assets. Aggregate invested assets, including cash and short-term investments, were \$17,598.7 million at September 30, 2014, an increase of \$1,002.2 million compared to \$16,596.5 million at December 31, 2013. This increase was primarily the result of \$925.9 million of cash flows from operations, \$400.0 million from issuance of senior notes, \$136.2 million from external third party net capital investment into Mt. Logan Re, \$73.2 million of pre-tax unrealized appreciation, \$69.6 million in fair value re-measurements, \$24.4 million in equity adjustments of our limited partnership investments, \$15.5 million from common share issuance under share based compensation plans, net of expense incurred and \$13.5 million of unsettled securities, partially offset by \$399.9 million paid for share repurchases, \$103.0 million paid out in dividends to shareholders, \$64.7 million due to fluctuations in foreign currencies, \$38.0 million of amortization bond premium and \$10.3 million paid out in dividends to third party investors in redeemable noncontrolling interests.

Our principal investment objectives are to ensure funds are available to meet our insurance and reinsurance obligations and to maximize after-tax investment income while maintaining a high quality diversified investment portfolio. Considering these objectives, we view our investment portfolio as having two components: 1) the investments needed to satisfy outstanding liabilities (our core fixed maturities portfolio) and 2) investments funded by our shareholders' equity.

For the portion needed to satisfy global outstanding liabilities, we generally invest in taxable and tax-preferenced fixed income securities with an average credit quality of Aa3. For the U.S. portion of this portfolio, our mix of taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected U.S. operating results, market conditions and our tax position. This global fixed maturity securities portfolio is externally managed by an independent, professional investment manager using portfolio guidelines approved by internal management.

Our global portfolio included \$1,579.8 million of foreign government securities at September 30, 2014, of which \$673.0 million were European sovereign securities. Approximately 59.3%, 17.6% and 6.2% of European sovereign securities represented securities held in the governments of the United Kingdom, France and the Netherlands, respectively. No other countries represented more than 5% of the European sovereign securities. We held no sovereign securities of Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece or Spain at September 30, 2014.

Over the past several years, we have expanded the allocation of our investments funded by shareholders' equity to include: 1) a greater percentage of publicly traded equity securities, 2) emerging market fixed maturities through mutual fund structures, as well as individual holdings, 3) high yield fixed maturities, 4) bank loan securities and 5) private equity limited partnership investments. The objective of this portfolio diversification is to enhance the risk-adjusted total return of the investment portfolio by allocating a prudent portion of the portfolio to higher return asset classes, which are also less subject to changes in value with movements in interest rates. We limit our allocation to these asset classes because of 1) the potential for volatility in their values and 2) the impact of these investments on regulatory and rating agency capital adequacy models. We use investment managers experienced in these markets and adjust our allocation to these investments based upon market conditions. At September 30, 2014, the market value of investments in these investment market sectors, carried at both market and fair value, approximated 58.2% of shareholders' equity.

The Company's limited partnership investments are comprised of limited partnerships that invest in private equities. Generally, the limited partnerships are reported on a quarter lag. We receive annual audited financial statements for all of the limited partnerships which are prepared using fair value accounting in accordance with FASB guidance. For the quarterly reports, the Company's staff performs reviews of the financial reports for any unusual changes in carrying value. If the Company becomes aware of a significant decline in value during the lag reporting period, the loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The tables below summarize the composition and characteristics of our investment portfolio as of the dates indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	At September 30	, 2014		At December 31	, 2013	
Fixed maturities, market value	\$ 13,643.3	77.5	% \$	12,636.9	76.1	%
Fixed maturities, fair value	18.4	0.1	%	19.4	0.1	%
Equity securities, market value	146.1	0.8	%	144.1	0.9	%
Equity securities, fair value	1,341.1	7.6	%	1,462.1	8.8	%
Short-term investments	1,496.7	8.5	%	1,214.2	7.3	%
Other invested assets	551.2	3.2	%	508.4	3.1	%
Cash	401.8	2.3	%	611.4	3.7	%
Total investments and cash	\$ 17,598.7	100.0	% \$	16,596.5	100.0	%

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

	At	At
	September	December
	30, 2014	31, 2013
Fixed income portfolio duration (years)	3.0	3.2
Fixed income composite credit quality	Aa3	Aa3
Imbedded end of period yield, pre-tax	3.0%	3.2%
Imbedded end of period yield, after-tax	2.5%	2.8%

The following table provides a comparison of our total return by asset class relative to broadly accepted industry benchmarks for the periods indicated.

	Nine Months Ended	Twelve Months Ended
	September	December 31,
	30, 2014	2013
Fixed income portfolio total return	3.0%	0.4%
Barclay's Capital - U.S. aggregate index	4.1%	-2.0%
Common equity portfolio total return	6.3%	22.4%
S&P 500 index	8.3%	32.4%
Other invested asset portfolio total return	8.8%	16.9%

The pre-tax equivalent total return for the bond portfolio was approximately 3.1% and 0.6%, respectively, at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The pre-tax equivalent return adjusts the yield on tax-exempt bonds to the fully taxable equivalent.

Our fixed income and equity portfolios have different compositions than the benchmark indexes. Our fixed income portfolios have a shorter duration because we align our investment portfolio with our liabilities. We also hold foreign securities to match our foreign liabilities while the index is comprised of only U.S. securities. Our equity portfolios reflect an emphasis on dividend yield and growth equities, while the index is comprised of the largest 500 equities by market capitalization.

#### Reinsurance Receivables.

Reinsurance receivables for both paid and recoverable on unpaid losses totaled \$776.5 million at September 30, 2014 and \$540.9 million at December 31, 2013. At September 30, 2014, \$179.5 million, or 23.1%, was receivable from Federal Crop Insurance Company; \$112.3 million, or 14.5%, was receivable from C.V. Starr (Bermuda); \$82.5 million, or 10.6%, was receivable from Resolution Group Reinsurance (Barbados) Limited and \$41.0 million, or 5.3%, was receivable from Transatlantic Reinsurance Company. The receivable from C.V. Starr is fully collateralized by a trust agreement. No other retrocessionaire accounted for more than 5% of our receivables.

Loss and LAE Reserves. Gross loss and LAE reserves totaled \$9,795.4 million at September 30, 2014 and \$9,673.2 million at December 31, 2013.

The following tables summarize gross outstanding loss and LAE reserves by segment, classified by case reserves and IBNR reserves, for the periods indicated.

	At September 30, 2014				
	Case	IBNR	Total	% of	
(Dollars in millions)	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves	Total	
U.S. Reinsurance	\$ 1,432.0	\$ 1,977.8	\$ 3,409.8	34.8 %	
International	969.4	848.7	1,818.1	18.6 %	
Bermuda	826.6	1,211.8	2,038.4	20.8 %	
Insurance	939.4	1,220.8	2,160.2	22.0 %	
Mt. Logan Re	7.5	11.8	19.4	0.2 %	
Total excluding A&E	4,175.0	5,270.9	9,445.9	96.4 %	
A&E	251.9	97.7	349.6	3.6 %	
Total including A&E	\$ 4,426.9	\$ 5,368.6	\$ 9,795.4	100.0 %	

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

	At December 31, 2013			
	Case	IBNR	Total	% of
(Dollars in millions)	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves	Total
U.S. Reinsurance	\$ 1,522.5	\$ 1,819.0	\$ 3,341.5	34.5 %
International	1,007.4	686.5	1,694.0	17.5 %
Bermuda	885.3	1,166.3	2,051.5	21.2 %
Insurance	967.3	1,212.2	2,179.5	22.5 %
Mt. Logan Re	1.8	2.5	4.3	0.1 %
Total excluding A&E	4,384.3	4,886.5	9,270.8	95.8 %
A&E	250.3	152.2	402.5	4.2 %
Total including A&E	\$ 4,634.6	\$ 5,038.6	\$ 9,673.2	100.0 %

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Changes in premiums earned and business mix, reserve re-estimations, catastrophe losses and changes in catastrophe loss reserves and claim settlement activity all impact loss and LAE reserves by segment and in total.

Our loss and LAE reserves represent our best estimate of our ultimate liability for unpaid claims. We continuously re-evaluate our reserves, including re-estimates of prior period reserves, taking into consideration all available information and, in particular, newly reported loss and claim experience. Changes in reserves resulting from such re-evaluations are reflected in incurred losses in the period when the re-evaluation is made. Our analytical methods and processes operate at multiple levels including individual contracts, groupings of like contracts, classes and lines of business, internal business units, segments, legal entities, and in the aggregate. In order to set appropriate reserves, we make qualitative and quantitative analyses and judgments at these various levels. Additionally, the attribution of reserves, changes in reserves and incurred losses among accident years requires qualitative and quantitative adjustments and allocations at these various levels. We utilize actuarial science, business expertise and management judgment in a manner intended to ensure the accuracy and consistency of our reserving practices. Nevertheless, our reserves are estimates, which are subject to variation, which may be significant.

There can be no assurance that reserves for, and losses from, claim obligations will not increase in the future, possibly by a material amount. However, we believe that our existing reserves and reserving methodologies lessen the probability that any such increase would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. In this context, we note that over the past 10 years, as presented in our previous year's 10-K filing, our calendar year operations have been affected by effects from prior period reserve re-estimates, ranging from a favorable \$30.9 million in 2010, representing 0.4% of the net prior period reserves for the year in which the adjustment was made, to an unfavorable \$249.4 million in 2004, representing 4.8% of the net prior period reserves for the year in which the adjustment was made.

Asbestos and Environmental Exposures. A&E exposures represent a separate exposure group for monitoring and evaluating reserve adequacy. The following table summarizes incurred losses and outstanding loss reserves with respect to A&E reserves on both a gross and net of retrocessions basis for the periods indicated.

	At	At	
	September	December	
	30,	31,	
(Dollars in millions)	2014	2013	
Gross reserves	\$ 349.6	\$ 402.5	
Reinsurance receivable	(14.0	) (15.8	)
Net reserves	\$ 335.6	\$ 386.7	

With respect to asbestos only, at September 30, 2014, we had gross asbestos loss reserves of \$331.1 million, or 94.7%, of total A&E reserves, of which \$263.1 million was for assumed business and \$68.1 million was for direct business.

Ultimate loss projections for A&E liabilities cannot be accomplished using standard actuarial techniques. We believe that our A&E reserves represent our best estimate of the ultimate liability; however, there can be no assurance that ultimate loss payments will not exceed such reserves, perhaps by a significant amount.

Industry analysts use the "survival ratio" to compare the A&E reserves among companies with such liabilities. The survival ratio is typically calculated by dividing a company's current net reserves by the three year average of annual paid losses. Hence, the survival ratio equals the number of years that it would take to exhaust the current reserves if future loss payments were to continue at historical levels. Using this measurement, our net three year asbestos survival ratio was 6.2 years at September 30, 2014. These metrics can be skewed by individual large settlements occurring in the prior three years and therefore, may not be indicative of the timing of future payments.

Shareholders' Equity. Our shareholders' equity increased to \$7,382.2 million as of September 30, 2014 from \$6,968.3 million as of December 31, 2013. This increase was result of \$859.0 million of net income attributable to Everest Re Group, \$63.7 million of unrealized appreciation on investments, net of tax, share-based compensation transactions of \$30.2 million and \$2.4 million of net benefit plan obligation adjustments, partially offset by repurchases of 2.6 million common shares for \$399.9 million, \$103.0 million of shareholder dividends and \$38.4 million of net foreign currency translation adjustments.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Capital. Our business operations are in part dependent on our financial strength and financial strength ratings, and the market's perception of our financial strength, as measured by shareholders' equity, which was \$7,382.2 million at September 30, 2014 and \$6,968.3 million at December 31, 2013. On March 25, 2013, Moody's downgraded the Company and its subsidiaries, including the senior debt of Everest Reinsurance Holdings, Inc., by one level. While Moody's believes that our profitability, fixed charge coverage and market position are very good, the rating agency concluded that our business franchise and diversity and predictability of earnings position us more appropriately with peers at the adjusted rating level. A.M. Best and Standard & Poor's affirmed ratings for the Company and its subsidiaries on July 25, 2014 and May 23, 2013, respectively. We continue to possess significant financial flexibility and access to the debt and equity markets as a result of our perceived financial strength, as evidenced by the financial strength ratings as assigned by independent rating agencies.

From time to time, we have used open market share repurchases to adjust our capital position and enhance long term expected returns to our shareholders. On May 15, 2013, our existing Board authorization to purchase up to 20 million of our shares was amended to authorize the purchase of up to 25 million shares. As of September 30, 2014, we had repurchased 23.1 million shares under this authorization.

On July 9, 2014, we renewed our shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), as a Well Known Seasoned Issuer. This shelf registration statement can be used by Group to register common shares, preferred shares, debt securities, warrants, share purchase contracts and share purchase units; by Holdings to register debt securities and by Everest Re Capital Trust III ("Capital Trust III") to register trust preferred securities.

Liquidity. Our principal investment objectives are to ensure funds are available to meet our insurance and reinsurance obligations and to maximize after-tax investment income while maintaining a high quality diversified investment portfolio. Considering these objectives, we view our investment portfolio as having two components: 1) the investments needed to satisfy outstanding liabilities (our core fixed maturities portfolio) and 2) investments funded by our shareholders' equity.

For the portion needed to satisfy global outstanding liabilities, we generally invest in taxable and tax-preferenced fixed income securities with an average credit quality of Aa3. For the U.S. portion of this portfolio, our mix of taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected U.S. operating results, market conditions and our tax position. This global fixed maturity securities portfolio is externally managed by an independent, professional investment manager using portfolio guidelines approved by internal management.

Over the past several years, we have expanded the allocation of our investments funded by shareholders' equity to include: 1) a greater percentage of publicly traded equity securities, 2) emerging market fixed maturities through mutual fund structures as well as individual holdings, 3) high yield fixed maturities, 4) bank loan securities and 5) private equity limited partnership investments. The objective of this portfolio diversification is to enhance the risk-adjusted total return of the investment portfolio by allocating a prudent portion of the portfolio to higher return asset classes, which are also less subject to changes in value with movements in interest rates. We limit our allocation to these asset classes because of 1) the potential for volatility in their values and 2) the impact of these investments on regulatory and rating agency capital adequacy models. We use investment managers experienced in these markets and adjust our allocation to these investments based upon market conditions. At September 30, 2014, the market value of investments in these investment market sectors, carried at both market and fair value, approximated 58.2% of shareholders' equity.

Our liquidity requirements are generally met from positive cash flow from operations. Positive cash flow results from reinsurance and insurance premiums being collected prior to disbursements for claims, which disbursements generally take place over an extended period after the collection of premiums, sometimes a period of many years. Collected premiums are generally invested, prior to their use in such disbursements, and investment income provides additional funding for loss payments. Our net cash flows from operating activities were \$925.9 million and \$825.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Additionally, these cash flows reflected net tax payments of \$146.6 million and \$64.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and net catastrophe loss payments of \$258.7 million and \$344.7 million for the nine months September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

If disbursements for claims and benefits, policy acquisition costs and other operating expenses were to exceed premium inflows, cash flow from reinsurance and insurance operations would be negative. The effect on cash flow from insurance operations would be partially offset by cash flow from investment income. Additionally, cash inflows from investment maturities and dispositions, both short-term investments and longer term maturities are available to supplement other operating cash flows.

As the timing of payments for claims and benefits cannot be predicted with certainty, we maintain portfolios of long term invested assets with varying maturities, along with short-term investments that provide additional liquidity for payment of claims. At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we held cash and short-term investments of

\$1,898.5 million and \$1,825.6 million, respectively. All of our short-term investments are readily marketable and can be converted to cash. In addition to these cash and short-term investments, at September 30, 2014, we had \$1,239.0 million of available for sale fixed maturity securities maturing within one year or less, \$6,283.8 million maturing within one to five years and \$3,399.2 million maturing after five years. Our \$1,487.2 million of equity securities are comprised primarily of publicly traded securities that can be easily liquidated. We believe that these fixed maturity and equity securities, in

conjunction with the short-term investments and positive cash flow from operations, provide ample sources of liquidity for the expected payment of losses in the near future. We do not anticipate selling securities or using available credit facilities to pay losses and LAE but have the ability to do so. Sales of securities might result in realized capital gains or losses. At September 30, 2014 we had \$314.6 million of net pre-tax unrealized appreciation, comprised of \$409.4 million of pre-tax unrealized appreciation and \$94.8 million of pre-tax unrealized depreciation.

Management expects annual positive cash flow from operations, which in general reflects the strength of overall pricing, to persist over the near term, absent any unusual catastrophe activity. In the intermediate and long term, our cash flow from operations will be impacted to the extent by which competitive pressures affect overall pricing in our markets and by which our premium receipts are impacted from our strategy of emphasizing underwriting profitability over premium volume.

Effective June 22, 2012, Group, Bermuda Re and Everest International entered into a four year, \$800.0 million senior credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, which amended and restated in its entirety the July 27, 2007, five year, \$850.0 million senior credit facility. Both the June 22, 2012 and July 27, 2007 senior credit facilities, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Group Credit Facility". Wells Fargo Corporation ("Wells Fargo Bank") is the administrative agent for the Group Credit Facility, which consists of two tranches. Tranche one provides up to \$200.0 million of unsecured revolving credit for liquidity and general corporate purposes, and for the issuance of unsecured standby letters of credit. The interest on the revolving loans shall, at the Company's option, be either (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin. The Base Rate is the higher of (a) the prime commercial lending rate established by Wells Fargo Bank, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum or (c) the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Group Credit Facility depends on Group's senior unsecured debt rating. Tranche two exclusively provides up to \$600.0 million for the issuance of standby letters of credit on a collateralized basis.

The Group Credit Facility requires Group to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and to maintain a minimum net worth. Minimum net worth is an amount equal to the sum of \$4,250.0 million plus 25% of consolidated net income for each of Group's fiscal quarters, for which statements are available ending on or after January 1, 2012 and for which consolidated net income is positive, plus 25% of any increase in consolidated net worth during such period attributable to the issuance of ordinary and preferred shares, which at September 30, 2014, was \$5,028.6 million. As of September 30, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all Group Credit Facility covenants.

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had no outstanding short-term borrowings from the Group Credit Facility revolving credit line. There were no short-term borrowings outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The highest amount outstanding for year ended December 31, 2013, was \$50.0 million for the period from October 31, 2013 to December 2, 2013. At September 30, 2014, the Group Credit Facility had no outstanding letters of credit under tranche one and \$499.4 million outstanding letters of credit under tranche one and \$502.1 million outstanding letters of credit under tranche two.

Effective August 15, 2011, the Company entered into a three year three year, \$150.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility, referred to as the "Holdings Credit Facility", which expired on August 15, 2014. The Company decided not to renew the Holdings Credit Facility at expiration. Citibank N.A. was the administrative agent for the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility was used for liquidity and general corporate purposes. The Holdings Credit Facility provided for the borrowing of up to \$150.0 million with interest at a rate selected by Holdings equal to either, (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) a periodic fixed rate equal to the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin. The Base Rate meant a fluctuating interest rate per annum in effect from time to time to be equal to the higher of (a) the rate of interest publicly announced by Citibank as its base rate, (b) 0.5% per annum above the Federal Funds Rate or (c) 1% above the one month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), in each case plus the applicable

margin. The amount of margin and the fees paid for the Holdings Credit Facility depended upon Holdings' senior unsecured debt rating.

The Holdings Credit Facility required Holdings to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and Everest Re to maintain its statutory surplus at \$1,875.0 million plus 25% of future aggregate net income and 25% of future aggregate capital contributions after December 31, 2010.

At December 31, 2013, the Company had no outstanding short-term borrowings from the Holdings Credit Facility revolving credit line and there were no short-term borrowings outstanding during 2014. The highest amount outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2013, was \$40.0 million for the period from May 22, 2013 to July 24, 2013. At December 31, 2013, the Holdings Credit Facility had outstanding letters of credit \$0.9 million.

Costs incurred in connection with the Group Credit Facility and the Holdings Credit Facility were \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Costs incurred in connection with the Group Credit Facility and the Holdings Credit Facility were \$0.5 million and \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

On June 5, 2014, Holdings issued \$400.0 million of 30 year senior notes at 4.868%. These senior notes will mature on June 1, 2044. The proceeds from the issuance were used to retire the \$250.0 million of senior notes due on October 15, 2014, and for general operating purposes.

On May 24, 2013, Holdings elected to redeem all of the outstanding \$329.9 million of 6.2% junior subordinated debt securities. Funds to redeem the debt were from operating cash flows and \$40.0 million of borrowings from Holdings Credit Facility, which was repaid on July 24, 2013.

#### Market Sensitive Instruments.

The SEC's Financial Reporting Release #48 requires registrants to clarify and expand upon the existing financial statement disclosure requirements for derivative financial instruments, derivative commodity instruments and other financial instruments (collectively, "market sensitive instruments"). We do not generally enter into market sensitive instruments for trading purposes.

Our current investment strategy seeks to maximize after-tax income through a high quality, diversified, taxable and tax-preferenced fixed maturity portfolio, while maintaining an adequate level of liquidity. Our mix of taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected operating results, market conditions and our tax position. The fixed maturity securities in the investment portfolio are comprised of non-trading available for sale securities. Additionally, we have invested in equity securities. We have also written a small number of equity index put option contracts.

The overall investment strategy considers the scope of present and anticipated Company operations. In particular, estimates of the financial impact resulting from non-investment asset and liability transactions, together with our capital structure and other factors, are used to develop a net liability analysis. This analysis includes estimated payout characteristics for which our investments provide liquidity. This analysis is considered in the development of specific investment strategies for asset allocation, duration and credit quality. The change in overall market sensitive risk exposure principally reflects the asset changes that took place during the period.

Interest Rate Risk. Our \$17.6 billion investment portfolio, at September 30, 2014, is principally comprised of fixed maturity securities, which are generally subject to interest rate risk and some foreign currency exchange rate risk, and some equity securities, which are subject to price fluctuations and some foreign exchange rate risk. The overall economic impact of the foreign exchange risks on the investment portfolio is partially mitigated by changes in the dollar value of foreign currency denominated liabilities and their associated income statement impact.

Interest rate risk is the potential change in value of the fixed maturity securities portfolio, including short-term investments, from a change in market interest rates. In a declining interest rate environment, it includes prepayment

risk on the \$2,408.1 million of mortgage-backed securities in the \$13,661.8 million fixed maturity portfolio. Prepayment risk results from potential accelerated principal payments that shorten the average life and thus the expected yield of the security.

The table below displays the potential impact of market value fluctuations and after-tax unrealized appreciation on our fixed maturity portfolio (including \$1,496.7 million of short-term investments) for the period indicated based on upward and downward parallel and immediate 100 and 200 basis point shifts in interest rates. For legal entities with a U.S. dollar functional currency, this modeling was performed on each security individually. To generate appropriate price estimates on mortgage-backed securities, changes in prepayment expectations under different interest rate environments were taken into account. For legal entities with a non-U.S. dollar functional currency, the effective duration of the involved portfolio of securities was used as a proxy for the market value change under the various interest rate change scenarios.

	Impact of Interest Rate Shift in Basis Points At September 30, 2014									
	-200		-100		Ô		100		200	
(Dollars in millions)										
Total Market/Fair Value	\$ 15,939.	0	\$ 15,560.	3	\$ 15,15	8.5	\$ 14,735.	5	\$ 14,303.	8
Market/Fair Value Change from Base										
(%)	5.1	%	2.7	%	0.0	%	-2.8	%	-5.6	%
Change in Unrealized Appreciation										
After-tax from Base (\$)	\$ 655.2		\$ 338.2		\$ -		\$ (356.7	)	\$ (720.4	)

We had \$9,795.4 million and \$9,673.2 million of gross reserves for losses and LAE as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. These amounts are recorded at their nominal value, as opposed to present value, which would reflect a discount adjustment to reflect the time value of money. Since losses are paid out over a period of time, the present value of the reserves is less than the nominal value. As interest rates rise, the present value of the reserves decreases and, conversely, as interest rates decline, the present value increases. These movements are the opposite of the interest rate impacts on the fair value of investments. While the difference between present value and nominal value is not reflected in our financial statements, our financial results will include investment income over time from the investment portfolio until the claims are paid. Our loss and loss reserve obligations have an expected duration of approximately 3.7 years, which is reasonably consistent with our fixed income portfolio. If we were to discount our loss and LAE reserves, net of ceded reserves, the discount would be approximately \$1.1 billion resulting in a discounted reserve balance of approximately \$8.1 billion, representing approximately 53.7% of the value of the fixed maturity investment portfolio funds.

Equity Risk. Equity risk is the potential change in fair and/or market value of the common stock, preferred stock and mutual fund portfolios arising from changing prices. Our equity investments consist of a diversified portfolio of individual securities and mutual funds, which invest principally in high quality common and preferred stocks that are traded on the major exchanges, and mutual fund investments in emerging market debt. The primary objective of the equity portfolio is to obtain greater total return relative to our core bonds over time through market appreciation and income.

The table below displays the impact on fair/market value and after-tax change in fair/market value of a 10% and 20% change in equity prices up and down for the period indicated.

	Impact of Percentage Change in Equity Fair/Market Values				
		At	September 30,	2014	
(Dollars in millions)	-20%	-10%	0%	10%	20%
Fair/Market Value of the Equity Portfolio	\$ 1,189.8	\$ 1,338.5	\$ 1,487.2	\$ 1,636.0	\$ 1,784.7
After-tax Change in Fair/Market Value	\$ (206.3)	\$ (103.2)	\$ -	\$ 103.2	\$ 206.3

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the potential change in value, income and cash flow arising from adverse changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Each of our non-U.S./Bermuda ("foreign") operations maintains capital in the currency of the country of its geographic location consistent with local regulatory guidelines. Each foreign operation may conduct business in its local currency, as well as the currency of other countries in which it operates. The primary foreign currency exposures for these foreign operations are the Canadian Dollar, the Singapore Dollar, the British Pound Sterling and the Euro. We mitigate foreign exchange exposure by generally matching the currency and duration of our assets to our corresponding operating liabilities. In accordance with FASB guidance, we translate the assets, liabilities and income of non-U.S. dollar functional currency legal entities to the U.S. dollar. This translation amount is reported as a component of other comprehensive income. As of September 30, 2014, there has been no material change in exposure to foreign exchange rates as compared to December 31, 2013.

Equity Index Put Option Contracts. Although not considered material in the context of our aggregate exposure to market sensitive instruments, we have issued six equity index put option contracts based on the Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") index and one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index, that are market sensitive and sufficiently unique to warrant supplemental disclosure.

We sold six equity index put option contracts, based on the S&P 500 index, for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$22.5 million. At September 30, 2014, fair value for these equity index put option contracts was \$25.4 million. These equity index put option contracts each have a single exercise date, with maturities ranging from 12 to 30 years and strike prices ranging from \$1,141.21 to \$1,540.63. The S&P 500 index value at September 30, 2014 was \$1,972.29. No amounts will be payable under these equity index put option contracts if the S&P 500 index is at, or above, the strike prices on the exercise dates, which fall between June 2017 and March 2031. If the S&P 500 index is lower than the strike price on the applicable exercise date, the amount due would vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2014 S&P 500 index value, we estimate the probability that each equity index put option contract of the S&P 500 index falling below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 20%. The theoretical maximum payouts under these six equity index put option contracts would occur if on each of the exercise dates the S&P 500 index value were zero. At September 30, 2014, the present value of these theoretical maximum payouts using a 3% discount factor was \$416.9 million. Conversely, if the contracts had all expired on September 30, 2014, with the S&P index at \$1,972.29, there would be no settlement amount.

We sold one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$6.7 million. At September 30, 2014, fair value for this equity index put option contract was \$6.0 million. This equity index put option contract has an exercise date of July 2020 and a strike price of 5,989.75. The FTSE 100 index value at September 30, 2014 was 6,622.70. No amount will be payable under this equity index put option contract if the FTSE 100 index is at, or above, the strike price on the exercise date. If the FTSE 100 index is lower than the strike price on the exercise date, the amount due will vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2014 FTSE 100 index value, we estimate the probability that the equity index put option contract of the FTSE 100 index will fall below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 39%. The theoretical maximum payout under the equity index put option contract would occur if on the exercise date the FTSE 100 index value was zero. At September 30, 2014, the present value of the theoretical maximum payout using a 3% discount factor and current exchange rate was \$45.0 million. Conversely, if the contract had expired on September 30, 2014, with the FTSE index at 6,622.70, there would be no settlement amount.

Because the equity index put option contracts meet the definition of a derivative, we report the fair value of these instruments in our consolidated balance sheets as a liability and record any changes to fair value in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as a net derivative gain (loss). Our financial statements reflect fair values for our obligations on these equity index put option contracts at September 30, 2014, of \$31.5 million; even though it may not be likely that the ultimate settlement of these transactions would require a payment

that would exceed the initial consideration received, or any payment at all.

As there is no active market for these instruments, the determination of their fair value is based on an industry accepted option pricing model, which requires estimates and assumptions, including those regarding volatility and expected rates of return.

The table below displays the impact of potential movements in interest rates and the equity indices, which are the principal factors affecting fair value of these instruments, looking forward from the fair value for the period indicated. As these are estimates, there can be no assurance regarding future market performance. The asymmetrical results of the interest rate and S&P 500 and FTSE 100 indices shift reflect that the liability cannot fall below zero whereas it can increase to its theoretical maximum.

	Equity Indices Put Options Obligation – Sensitivity Analysis				
(Dollars in millions)		At S	eptember 3	30, 2014	
Interest Rate Shift in Basis Points:	-200	-100	0	100	200
Total Fair Value	\$ 55.7	\$ 41.9	\$ 31.5	\$ 23.5	\$ 17.6
Fair Value Change from Base (%)	-77.1 %	-33.3 %	0.0	% 25.2 %	44.1 %
Equity Indices Shift in Points (S&P 500/FTSE					
100):	-500/-2000	-250/-1000	0	250/1000	500/2000
Total Fair Value	\$ 65.0	\$ 44.7	\$ 31.5	\$ 22.7	\$ 16.8
Fair Value Change from Base (%)	-106.7 %	-42.2 %	0.0	% 27.9 %	46.5 %
Combined Interest Rate /	-200/	-100/		100/	200/
Equity Indices Shift (S&P 500/FTSE 100):	-500/-2000	-250/-1000	0/0	250/1000	500/2000
Total Fair Value	\$ 102.7	\$ 57.9	\$ 31.5	\$ 16.5	\$ 8.4
Fair Value Change from Base (%)	-226.6 %	-84.0 %	0.0	% 47.6 %	73.4 %

#### Safe Harbor Disclosure.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements in the federal securities laws. In some cases, these statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "may", "will", "should", "could", "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "plan", "believe", "predict", "potential" and "intend". Fo statements contained in this report include information regarding our reserves for losses and LAE, the adequacy of capital in relation to regulatory required capital, the adequacy of our provision for uncollectible balances, estimates of our catastrophe exposure, the effects of catastrophic events on our financial statements, the ability of Everest Re, Holdings, Holdings Ireland and Bermuda Re to pay dividends and the settlement costs of our specialized equity index put option contracts. Forward-looking statements only reflect our expectations and are not guarantees of performance. These statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual events or results may differ materially from our expectations. Important factors that could cause our actual events or results to be materially different from our expectations include those discussed under the caption ITEM 1A, "Risk Factors". We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk Instruments. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Market Sensitive Instruments" in PART I – ITEM 2.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, our management carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based on their evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Our management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, also conducted an evaluation of our internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the quarter covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, there has been no such change during the quarter covered by this report.

#### **PART II**

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in lawsuits, arbitrations and other formal and informal dispute resolution procedures, the outcomes of which will determine the Company's rights and obligations under insurance and reinsurance agreements. In some disputes, the Company seeks to enforce its rights under an agreement or to collect funds owing to it. In other matters, the Company is resisting attempts by others to collect funds or enforce alleged rights. These disputes arise from time to time and are ultimately resolved through both informal and formal means, including negotiated resolution, arbitration and litigation. In all such matters, the Company believes that its positions are legally and commercially reasonable. The Company considers the statuses of these proceedings when determining its reserves for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Aside from litigation and arbitrations related to these insurance and reinsurance agreements, the Company is not a party to any other material litigation or arbitration.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

No material changes.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

	Issuer Pur	chases o	of Equity Securi	ties	
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
					Maximum
					Number (or
				Total Number	Approximate
				of	Dollar
				Shares (or	Value) of Shares
				Units)	(or
				Purchased as	Units) that May
				Part	Yet
	Total				Be Purchased
	Number of			of Publicly	Under
	Shares (or	Av	verage Price	Announced	
	Units)		Paid	Plans or	the Plans or
		pe	er Share (or		
Period	Purchased		Unit)	Programs	Programs (1)
July 1 - 31, 2014	143,086	\$	159.4543	143,086	2,262,075
August 1 - 31, 2014	234,777	\$	158.1341	234,777	2,027,298
September 1 - 30, 2014	96,492	\$	161.9591	92,944	1,934,354
Total	474,355	\$	-	470,807	1,934,354

(1) On September 21, 2004, the Company's board of directors approved an amended share repurchase program authorizing the Company and/or its subsidiary Holdings to purchase up to an aggregate of 5,000,000 of the Company's common shares through open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or both. On July 21, 2008; February 24, 2010; February 22, 2012; and May 15, 2013, the Company's executive committee of the Board of Directors approved subsequent amendments to the share repurchase program authorizing the Company and/or its subsidiary Holdings, to purchase up to a current aggregate of 25,000,000 of the Company's shares (recognizing that the number of shares authorized for repurchase has been reduced by those shares that have already been purchased) in open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or both. Through November 1, 2014, the Company purchased an additional 18,800 shares for \$3.1 million under the share repurchase program.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

## ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit
Index:

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Section 302 Certification of Dominic J. Addesso
31.2	Section 302 Certification of Craig Howie
32.1	Section 906 Certification of Dominic J. Addesso and Craig Howie
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

### Everest Re Group, Ltd.

### Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Everest Re Group, Ltd. (Registrant)

/S/ CRAIG HOWIE Craig Howie Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: November 10, 2014