PRESSTEK INC /DE/ Form 10-Q August 13, 2002

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q	
(Mar	k One)	
X 	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended June 29, 2002	ſe
	OR	
	Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities  Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from to	
	COMMISSION FILE NO. 0-17541	
	PRESSTEK, INC.	
	(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
	DELAWARE 02-0415170	
	te or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	55 EXECUTIVE DRIVE, HUDSON, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03051-4903	
	(Address of principal executive offices including zip code)	
Regi	strant's telephone number, including area code: (603) 595-7000	
	(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X  $\sim$  No

--- ---

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of August 08, 2002, there were 34,125,481 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding.

PRESSTEK, INC.

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PART I -- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PRESSTEK, INC.

JUNE 29 December 29 2002 2001

(In thousands, except share data)	(UNAUDITED)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12 <b>,</b> 931	\$ 2,49
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for losses	10 007	10 11
of \$2,220 and \$2,420 in fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively Inventories	12 <b>,</b> 927	18,11 17,81
Inventories Advances to suppliers	16 <b>,</b> 828 	17 <b>,</b> 81
Other current assets	1,096	81
Total current assets	43,782	39 <b>,</b> 54
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	55,501	61,23
OTHER ASSETS:		
Patent application costs and license rights, net	4,140	4,35
Other	121	1,70
Total other assets	4,261	6,06
TOTAL	\$ 103 <b>,</b> 544	\$ 106 <b>,</b> 84
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	\$	\$ 96
Current portion of long-term debt	2,954	2,34
Accounts payable	4,425	2,06
Accrued expenses Deferred revenues	10,320 1,932	5 <b>,</b> 92
Deferred revenues	±, ೨೨८	1,50
Total current liabilities	19 <b>,</b> 631	12,80
LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT PORTION	15,205	14,05
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 1,000,000 shares; no shares issued or outstanding		_
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 75,000,000 shares;		
Issued and outstanding 34,125,481 shares at		
June 29, 2002; 34,115,906 shares at December 29, 2001	341	3
Additional paid-in capital	97,403	97,3
	(29 <b>,</b> 036)	
Accumulated deficit		
	68 <b>,</b> 708	

See notes to financial statements

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PRESSTEK, INC.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)
For the Three and Six Months Ended
(In thousands, except per share data)

	THREE MON	THREE MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 29 2002	June 30 2001	JUNE 29 2002
REVENUES:			
Product sales Royalties and fees from licensees		\$ 24,908 2,223	
Total revenues		27,131	
COSTS AND EXPENSES:			
Cost of products sold	15,755	15,991 3,430	28,283
Research and product development	0 101	0 105	F F 1.0
Sales, marketing and customer support General and administrative	3,104	3,435	5,542 5,479
Special charges			5,479 5,961
Total costs and expenses	30,577	26,675	50 <b>,</b> 990
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(11,284)	456	(10,900
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET:			
Interest, net	(224)	(312)	(455
Other, net		(39)	
Total other expense, net		(351)	(438
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(11,521)	105	(11,338
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES			
NET INCOME (LOSS)		\$ 105	
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE BASIC:		\$ 0.00	
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE DILUTED	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.33

WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC	34,125	34,101	34 <b>,</b> 123
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING DILUTED	34,125	34,662	34,123

See notes to financial statements

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PRESSTEK, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In thousands)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED	JUNE 29 2002
CASH FLOWS OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net Income (loss)	\$(11,338)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Ÿ (11 <b>,</b> 336)
Depreciation and amortization	4,907
Provision for warranty and other costs	352
Special charges and discontinued programs	10,696
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	282
Other, net	232
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	4,915
Inventories	(1,722)
Advances to suppliers and other current assets	22
Accounts payable	2,358
Accrued expenses	(916)
Deferred revenue	424
Other assets	(229)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,983
CASH FLOWS INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(600)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	203
Net cash used in investing activities	(397)
CASH FLOWS FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Net proceeds from stock option exercises	61
Proceeds under line of credit	
Repayments under line of credit	(967)
Repayments of mortgage term loan	(527)

Proceeds under lease line of credit Repayments of lease line of credit	3,000 (714)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	853	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF PERIOD	10,439 2,492	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF PERIOD	\$ 12,931	\$
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION  Cash paid during the period for:  Interest	\$ 518	\$
Income taxes	\$	===== \$

See notes to financial statements

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PRESSTEK, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) JUNE 29, 2002

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Presstek, Inc. (the "Company" or "Presstek") is a manufacturer, developer and marketer of digital laser imaging and chemistry-free plate technologies for the printing and graphic arts industries. Presstek's products and applications incorporate its patented Direct Imaging (DI(R)) technologies and consumables for computer-to-plate ("CTP") and direct-to-press applications.

The Company also operates Lasertel, Inc. ("Lasertel"), a subsidiary located in Tucson, Arizona. Lasertel is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of the Company's high-powered laser diodes.

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the Digital Imaging Products segment and the Lasertel segment. The Digital Imaging Products segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture and sale of proprietary digital imaging systems and printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press applications. The Lasertel segment is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of Presstek's high-powered laser diodes.

The Company operates and reports on a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Accordingly, the financial statements include the thirteen-week periods ended June 29, 2002 ("the second quarter of fiscal 2002") and June 30, 2001 ("the second quarter of fiscal 2001"), and the twenty-six week periods ended June 29, 2002 ("the first six months of fiscal 2002"), and June 30, 2001 ("the first six months of fiscal 2001").

The unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not

include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The financial information included in the quarterly report should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and related notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001. The December 29, 2001 information has been derived directly from the annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and all such adjustments were normal and recurring. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 29, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 28, 2002.

Certain accounts in the June 30, 2001 financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the June 29, 2002 financial statements.

#### 2. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following at June 29, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	JUNE 29 2002	December 29 2001
Raw materials	\$ 5,570	\$ 4,458
Work in process	5,373	4,530
Finished goods	5,885 	8 <b>,</b> 830
Total inventories	\$16 <b>,</b> 828	\$17,818

The June 29, 2002 inventories reflect a write-down of \$2.7 million for inventory related to certain discontinued programs.

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#### 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consisted of the following at June 29, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	JUNE 29 2002	December 29 2001
At cost:		
Land and improvements	\$ 2,038	\$ 2,038
Buildings and leasehold improvements	26,245	26,245
Production equipment and other	47,325	49,147
Office furniture and equipment	5,331	5,119
	 80 <b>,</b> 939	82,549

Less accumulated depreciation	(25,438)	(21,314)
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 55,501	\$ 61,235

The June 29, 2002 property, plant and equipment balances reflect a write-down of \$1.7 million for equipment and leasehold improvements as a result of the consolidation of facilities.

#### 4. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 29, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	JUNE 29 2002	December 29 2001
Accrued payroll and benefits	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 918	\$1 <b>,</b> 811
Accrued warranty	669	793
Accrued special charges and discontinued programs	4,711	
Net current liabilities of discontinued operations	1,496	1,521
Other current liabilities	1,526	1,795
Total accrued expenses	\$10,320	\$5 <b>,</b> 920

#### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 29, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	JUNE 29 2002	December 29 2001
Mortgage term loans Lease line of credit	\$ 7,953 10,206	\$ 8,480 7,918
Less current portion	18,159 (2,954)	16,398 (2,343)
Total long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 15 <b>,</b> 205	\$ 14,055

In addition to the mortgage term loans and the lease line of credit, the Company has a revolving line of credit loan with Citizens Bank New Hampshire, ("Citizens") which expires in September 2002, under which the Company may borrow a maximum of \$16.0 million. The revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base formula based on eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined by the loan agreement, and reduced by the amount of all letters of credit outstanding. The revolving line of credit loan is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets, with interest payable at the LIBOR rate plus 1.50% (3.36% at June 29, 2002). As of June 29, 2002, the Company had \$10.5 million available under the revolving line of credit loan, reduced by \$6.5

million outstanding under standby letters of credit. The Company received a commitment letter from Citizens extending its revolving line of credit loan through October 2003.

On May 1, 2002, the Company borrowed an additional \$3.0 million against its lease line of credit facility with Keybank National Association. The borrowing is secured by certain equipment valued at \$5.0 million, with

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interest payable at the LIBOR rate plus 4.25% (6.11% at June 29, 2002). Principal and interest is due and payable in sixty equal monthly installments of \$58,126, beginning on June 1, 2002.

Under the terms of the mortgage term loans, the lease line of credit and the revolving line of credit agreements, the Company is required to meet various restrictive covenants on a quarterly and annual basis, including maximum funded debt to EBITDA and minimum fixed charge coverage covenants. The Company's lenders waived the terms of certain covenants for the second quarter of fiscal 2002. As a result of the losses recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2002, however, the Company was not in compliance with the amended covenants at June 29, 2002. In July 2002, the Company received waivers from its lenders concerning the non-compliance with these covenants for the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

#### 6. INCOME TAXES

The Company did not record a provision for income taxes, as a result of tax losses incurred in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002.

The Company did not record a provision for income taxes, as a result of the utilization of net operating loss carry forwards in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001.

#### 7. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed giving effect to all diluted potential common shares that were outstanding during the period. Diluted potential common shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants that have an exercise price that is less than the average market price of the common shares for the period.

The following represents the calculation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three and six months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001:

	THREE MOI	NTHS ENDED	SIX MONTHS EN		
(In thousands, except per share data)	JUNE 29 2002	June 30 2001	JUNE 29 2002	Jun	
Net income (loss)	\$(11,521)	\$ 105	\$(11,338)	\$ 1	
Weighted average common shares  Outstanding Basic	34,125	34,101	34,123	34	

Effect of assumed conversion of stock options		561		
Weighted average common shares Outstanding Diluted	34,125	34,662	34,123	34
Earnings (loss) per share Basic:	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.33)	\$
Earnings (loss) per share Diluted:	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.33)	\$

All options and warrants outstanding during the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

Options and warrants to purchase 1,614,001 and 1,634,001 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$11.75 to \$26.94 per share were outstanding during a portion of the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as the exercise prices of the options and warrants were greater than the average market price of the common shares. These options and warrants which, expire from January 2, 2002 through June 11, 2011, were all outstanding at June 30, 2001.

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#### 8. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net income (loss) and all changes in stockholder's equity except those due to investments by owners and distributions to owners. For the second quarter and first six months of both fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001 there were no differences between net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss).

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the Digital Imaging Products segment and the Lasertel segment. The Digital Imaging Products segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture and sales of its proprietary digital imaging systems and printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press applications. The Lasertel segment is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of the Company's high-powered laser diodes.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are consistent with those of the Company. Sales between the segments are recorded at prices which approximate pricing for sales conducted at an arm's length basis. The segments are measured on operating profits or losses before net interest income, minority interest and income taxes. As a result of product returns related to the Company's high-powered laser diodes, the Company's Lasertel segment reported negative revenues for the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

A summary of the Company's operations by segment for the three and six months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001 were as follows:

	DIGITAL			
	IMAGING		INTER-	
(In thousands)	PRODUCTS	LASERTEL	SEGMENT	TOTAL

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002					
Revenues	\$ 19 <b>,</b> 292	\$ (58)	\$	59	\$ 19 <b>,</b> 293
Loss from operations	(8,664)	(2,620)			(11,284)
Total assets	80 <b>,</b> 673	22,871			103,554
Depreciation and amortization	1,789	671			2,460
Capital expenditures	304	196			500
THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001	¢ 07 100	ć 607	<u>^</u>	(604)	¢ 07 101
Revenues	\$ 27,128	\$ 627	\$	(624)	\$ 27,131
Income (loss) from operations Total assets	3,312	(2,856)			456
	97 <b>,</b> 970 1 <b>,</b> 865	21,008 405			118,978 2,270
Depreciation and amortization	644				1,809
Capital expenditures	044	1,165			1,009
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002					
Revenues	\$ 40,089	\$ 234	\$	(233)	\$ 40,090
Loss from operations	(6,653)	(4,247)			(10,900)
Total assets	80,673	22,871			103,544
Depreciation and amortization	3,609	1,298			4,907
Capital expenditures	386	214			600
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001					
Revenues	\$ 52 <b>,</b> 893	\$ 1,215	\$	(1,212)	\$ 52 <b>,</b> 896
Income (loss) from operations	7,277	(5 <b>,</b> 645)			1,632
Total assets	97 <b>,</b> 970	21,008			118,978
Depreciation and amortization	3 <b>,</b> 707	616			4,323
Capital expenditures	1,914	5 <b>,</b> 405			7 <b>,</b> 319

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# 10. DISCONTINUED PROGRAMS AND SPECIAL CHARGES

In the second quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company initiated a process to evaluate the Company's resources and strategically re-focus the Company. During this process, the Company evaluated all aspects of the business, and concluded to reposition and rescale its resources. As part of this exercise, the Company initiated various repositioning actions during the second quarter of fiscal 2002. These actions included the following: (i) creation of market-focused Direct Imaging ("DI") and Computer-to-Plate ("CTP") product lines; (ii) creation of a new senior management organization; (iii) discontinuance of certain programs; and (iv) the consolidation of the Company's Hampshire Drive research and development facility into the main Executive Drive facility in Hudson, NH. As a result of these actions, the Company recorded a charge of \$4.7 million to cost of sales in the second quarter of fiscal 2002 for inventory write-downs (\$2.7 million) and other charges related to discontinued programs. In addition, the Company recorded special charges of \$6.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2002. The special charges include \$1.0 million related to severance and fringe benefit costs associated with the reduction of approximately 50 employees, primarily in manufacturing and research and development, \$2.0 million related to the write-down of equipment and lease termination costs as a result of the Hampshire Drive consolidation, \$1.8 million related primarily to other asset write-downs and costs associated with the repositioning, and \$1.2 million related to executive contractual obligations, as a result of a separation agreement with Robert W. Hallman, former President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Pursuant to the separation agreement, effective April 30, 2002, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Hallman a separation payment equal to three times his current annual salary, payable bi-weekly over 36 months, until May 2005.

The repositioning activity and workforce reduction, which was initiated in June, was substantially complete at the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2002. The Hampshire drive consolidation is expected to be complete by the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2002. As of June 29, 2002, the Company's accrued expenses included \$4.7 million related to the special charges and discontinued programs, and the Company had paid \$258,000 as a result of the forgoing repositioning actions. The Company anticipates the payments related to the discontinued programs and special charges to be completed by May 2005.

#### 11. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), which supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, "Intangible Assets". SFAS 142 eliminates the current requirement to amortize goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, addresses the amortization of intangible assets with a defined life and addresses the impairment testing and recognition for goodwill and intangible assets. SFAS 142 applies to goodwill and intangible assets arising from transactions completed before and after the Statement's effective date. SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal 2002. The adoption of SFAS 142 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company also adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations for a Disposal of a Segment of a Business." SFAS 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, with earlier application encouraged. The adoption of SFAS 144 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS 143"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated retirement costs. SFAS 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company has not yet determined the impact the adoption of SFAS 143 will have on its financial statements.

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# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

"Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: Certain statements contained in this Form 10-Q constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding the Company's expectations for its financial and operating performance in 2002 and beyond, the adequacy of internal cash for the Company's operations, the ability of the Company to manage its working capital and inventory levels, availability of component materials, management's plans and goals with regard to the Company's shipping and production capabilities, the expected timing, effects and benefits of the reorganization and repositioning of the Company's business and the discontinuance of certain programs, including any cost savings related thereto, management's plans and goals for the Company's Lasertel subsidiary, the expected

capital requirements of Lasertel, the strength of the Company's various strategic partnerships both on manufacturing and distribution, among others. Such forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include continued support from the Company's banks, the Company's ability to receive waivers from its banks for any debt covenant violations, the Company's ability to extend and/or amend the terms of the Company's loan facilities, the Company's dependency on its strategic partners (both on manufacturing and distribution), shortages of critical or sole-source component supplies, the availability and quality of Lasertel's laser diodes, manufacturing constraints or difficulties, (as well as manufacturing difficulties experienced by our sub-manufacturing partners and their capacity constraints), the impact of general market factors in the print industry generally and the economy as a whole, market acceptance of and demand for the Company's products and resulting revenues and other risks detailed in the Company's reports on file with the Securities Exchange Commission including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001, as well as those discussed elsewhere in this report. The words "looking forward," "looking ahead," "believe(s)," "should," "plan," "expect(s)," "project(s)," "anticipate(s)," "may," "likely," "potential," "opportunity" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statements were made and readers are advised to consider such forward-looking statements in light of the risks discussed above. Presstek undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### BACKGROUND

Presstek, Inc. (the "Company" or "Presstek"), incorporated in Delaware in 1987, is a manufacturer, developer and marketer of digital laser imaging and chemistry-free plate technologies for the printing and graphic arts industries. Presstek's products and applications incorporate its patented Direct Imaging (DI(R)) technologies and consumables for computer-to-plate ("CTP") and direct-to-press applications. The Company's patented DI thermal laser diode product family enables its customers to produce high quality, full-color lithographic printed materials more quickly and cost effectively than conventional methods. Using digital information and high-powered semiconductor laser diodes to create images in its proprietary printing plate materials, Presstek's patented DI technologies are marketed to leading press manufacturers and used in the Company's Dimension series of CTP systems. Presstek's Dimension systems incorporate its proprietary ProFire(TM) laser imaging technology and use its complementary chemistry-free thermal printing plate, Anthem(TM). Presstek's DI technology eliminates photographic darkrooms, film, and chemical processing, which results in reduced turnaround time and lowers the cost of production for commercial printers.

The Company is also engaged in the development of additional DI products that incorporate its patented, proprietary, digital imaging system and process-free thermal ablation printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press applications.

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the Digital Imaging Products segment and the Lasertel segment. The Digital Imaging Products segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture and sales of proprietary digital imaging systems and printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press

applications. The Lasertel segment is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of Presstek's high-powered laser diodes.

The Company operates and reports on a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Accordingly, the financial statements include the thirteen-week periods ended June 29, 2002 ("the second quarter of fiscal 2002") and June 30, 2001 ("the second quarter of fiscal 2001"), and the twenty-six week periods ended June 29, 2002 ("the first six months of fiscal 2002"), and June 30, 2001 ("the first six months of fiscal 2001").

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

#### General

Presstek's management's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon Presstek's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, Presstek evaluates its estimates, including those related to product returns, bad debts, inventories, income taxes, warranty obligations, and litigation. Presstek bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Presstek believes the following critical accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

### Revenue Recognition

Presstek records revenue for product sales and related royalties at the time of shipment or installation, net of estimated returns, which are adjusted periodically based upon historical rates of return. Certain fees and other reimbursements are recognized as revenue when the related services have been performed or the revenues otherwise earned.

#### Bad Debt

Presstek maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. If the financial condition of Presstek's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

#### Product Warranties

Presstek provides for the estimated cost of product warranties at the time revenue is recognized. While Presstek engages in product quality programs and processes, Presstek's warranty obligation is affected by product failure rates, material usage and service costs incurred in correcting a product failure. Should actual product failure rates, material usage or service costs differ from Presstek's estimates, a revision to the estimated warranty liability would be required.

#### Inventory

Presstek's write-downs for excess and obsolete inventory are primarily based upon forecasted demand for its products. If actual demand is less favorable than what has been projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required. The Company recorded a write-down of \$2.7 million for inventory related to certain discontinued programs in the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

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#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Revenues

Revenues for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 of \$19.3 million and \$40.1 million, respectively, consisted of product sales, customer support revenues, and royalties and license fees. Revenues for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 decreased \$7.8 million or 29% and \$12.8 million or 24% as compared to \$27.1 million and \$52.9 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, respectively. Revenues generated for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001 relate primarily to the Digital Imaging Products segment, as there were no material external revenues generated by the Lasertel segment. The Company's revenues for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 were negatively impacted by the general down-turn in the capital equipment market and the economy as a whole.

Product sales for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 were \$17.7 million and \$37.0 million respectively, compared to \$24.9 million and \$48.5 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$7.2 million or 29% and \$11.5 million or 24%, respectively. These decreases in product sales were due primarily to volume and price decreases of direct imaging kits sold to Heidelberg Druckmaschinen AG ("Heidelberg") for use in the Quickmaster DI, volume decreases of direct imaging kits sold to Ryobi Limited for use in the Ryobi 3404DI, and volume decreases of press shipments to Xerox Corporation for the DocuColor 233DI and the DocuColor 400DI. For the first six months of fiscal 2002, the decrease in product sales was also due to volume decreases of the Company's CTP Dimension platesetter products. These decreases were partially offset by volume increases of the Company's thermal consumable products. The revenues generated from the sale of consumable products were \$12.1 million and \$25.9 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002, respectively, an increase of \$1.0 million or 9% and \$2.3 million or 10%, as compared to \$11.1 million and \$23.6 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, respectively. These consumable product revenues include \$4.6 million and \$10.5 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 respectively, and \$5.7 million and \$10.8 million for the comparable period in fiscal 2001, respectively, sold under the Company's agreements with Heidelberg and its distributors.

Royalties and fees from licensees for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 of \$1.6 million and \$3.1 million respectively, decreased \$605,000 or 27% and \$1.3 million or 29%, as compared to royalties and fees from licensees of \$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001. Royalties decreased \$799,000 or 48% and \$1.8 million or 55% for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 respectively, compared to the same periods of fiscal 2001, primarily as a result of decreased shipments to Heidelberg of direct imaging systems used in the Quickmaster DI. These decreases were partially offset by increases in customer support revenues of \$195,000 or 155% and \$540,000 or 281%, for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002, respectively, as compared to customer support revenues of \$126,000 and \$192,000 for the same periods of fiscal 2001.

Revenues generated under the Company's agreements with Heidelberg and its distributors were \$7.3 million, and \$15.2 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$5.1 million or 41% and \$8.6 million or 36%, respectively, as compared to \$12.4 million and \$23.8 million for the comparable periods in fiscal 2001. Revenues from Heidelberg represented 38% and 45% of total revenues for the first six months of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001, respectively.

In connection with the settlement of its outstanding arbitration proceedings with Heidelberg, the Company agreed to reduce the royalty payable by Heidelberg for imaging kits delivered in connection with the Heidelberg Quickmaster 46 DI by approximately \$9,000 per kit. This reduced royalty rate became effective for imaging kits ordered and delivered after May 1, 2002.

Cost of Products Sold

Cost of products sold consists of the costs of material, labor and overhead, shipping and handling costs and warranty expenses. Cost of products sold for the Digital Imaging Products segment were \$13.8 million or 72% of revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$200,000 or 1%, as compared to \$14.0 million or 52% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Cost of products sold for the first six months of fiscal 2002 were \$25.4 million or 63% of revenue, a decrease of \$2.2 million or 8%, as compared to \$27.6 million or 52% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Included in cost of products sold for the

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second quarter of fiscal 2002 is a charge of \$4.0 million related to the inventory write-downs and other charges associated with discontinued programs.

Gross margin as a percentage of total revenues for the Digital Imaging Products segment was 29% and 37% for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002. Excluding the inventory write-downs and other charges for discontinued programs, gross margin for the Digital Imaging Products segment would have been 49% and 47% for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002, respectively, as compared to 48% for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, respectively. Excluding the inventory write-downs and other charges for discontinued programs, the gross margin increase for the second quarter of fiscal 2002 was primarily as a result of yield improvements related to the manufacturing of the Company's consumable products, and a favorable product mix.

Cost of products sold for the Lasertel segment for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002 included \$1.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, in manufacturing costs. Included in cost of products sold for the second quarter of 2002 is a charge of \$688,000 related to inventory write-downs associated with discontinued programs. Excluding the inventory write-downs, manufacturing costs were \$1.2 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, for the second quarter and first six months of 2002, a decrease of \$700,000 and \$1.6 million, respectively, as compared to \$1.9 million and \$3.8 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001. The decrease in manufacturing costs was primarily as a result of reduced salaries and benefits related to head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

Research and Product Development

Research and product development expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for personnel, parts and supplies, and contracted services

required to conduct the Company's equipment and consumable product development efforts. Research and product development expenses for the Digital Imaging Products segment, were \$2.4 million or 12% of revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$1.0 million as compared to \$3.4 million or 13% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Research and product development expenses for the first six months of fiscal 2002 were \$5.3 million or 13% of revenue, a decrease of \$1.1 million as compared to \$6.4 million or 12% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. These decreases relate primarily to reduced salaries as a result of head count reductions in the first six months of fiscal 2002, as well as reduced professional and contracted services as part of the Company's cost reduction programs put into place in the third quarter of fiscal 2001. The Company's product development cycle centers around major industry trade shows, such as Drupa held every four of five years. As a result, the Company's research and product development expenses vary in accordance with its product development cycle.

Research and product development expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$198,000 or 1% of revenues for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, and \$461,000 or 1% of revenues for the first six months of fiscal 2002. These expenses related primarily to salaries, benefits, and the costs of parts and supplies to support Lasertel's research activities in the graphics industry. Research and product development expenses for the Lasertel segment were not material in the first quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001.

Sales, Marketing and Customer Support

Sales, marketing and customer support expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for personnel, advertising, trade shows, promotional expenses, and travel costs related to the Company's sales, marketing and customer support activities. Sales, marketing and customer support expenses for the Digital Imaging Products segment were \$3.0 million or 16% of revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$115,000 as compared to \$3.1 million or 11% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Sales, marketing and customer support expenses for the first six months of fiscal 2002 were \$5.4 million, or 13% of revenue, a decrease of \$764,000 as compared to \$6.1 million or 12% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. This decrease relates primarily to reduced salaries, benefits, and related travel costs as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, as well as reduced professional and contracted services.

Sales and marketing expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$75,000 or less than 1% of revenues for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$216,000 as compared to \$291,000 or less than 1% of revenues for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Sales and marketing expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$158,000 or less than 1% of revenues for the first six months of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$269,000 as compared to \$427,000 for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. These expenses relate primarily to salaries,

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benefits and advertising expenses to support Lasertel's marketing activities in the defense, medical and graphics industries. These decreases relate primarily to reduced salaries and benefits as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for personnel, and contracted professional services necessary to conduct the finance, information systems, human resources and administrative activities of the Company. General and administrative expenses for the Digital

Imaging Products segment were \$2.8 million or 15% of revenues for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$391,000 as compared to \$3.2 million or 12% of revenues for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. General and administrative expenses for the first six months of fiscal 2002 were \$4.8 million or 12% of revenue, a decrease of \$719,000 as compared to \$5.5 million or 10% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. These decreases relate primarily to decreases in legal fees as a result of the settlement of the Company's arbitration proceedings with Heidelberg in July 2001.

General and administrative expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$329,000 or 2% of revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$277,000 as compared to \$606,000 or 2% of revenues for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. General and administrative expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$667,000 or 2% of revenues for the first six months of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$692,000 as compared to \$1.4 million or 3% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. These decreases relate primarily to reduced salaries and benefits as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

#### Special Charges

In the second quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company initiated a process to evaluate the Company's resources and strategically re-focus the Company. During this process, the Company evaluated all aspects of the business, and concluded to reposition and rescale its resources. As part of this exercise, the Company initiated various repositioning actions during the second quarter of fiscal 2002. These actions included the following: (i) creation of market-focused Direct Imaging ("DI") and Computer-to-Plate ("CTP") product lines; (ii) creation of a new senior management organization; (iii) discontinuance of certain programs; and (iv) the consolidation of the Company's Hampshire Drive research and development facility into the main Executive Drive facility in Hudson, NH. As a result of these actions, the Company recorded special charges of \$6.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2002. The special charges include \$1.0million related to severance and fringe benefit costs associated with the reduction of approximately 50 employees, primarily in manufacturing and research and development, \$2.0 million related to the write-down of equipment and lease termination costs as a result of the Hampshire Drive consolidation, \$1.8 million related primarily to other asset write-downs and costs associated with the repositioning, and \$1.2 million related to executive contractual obligations, as a result of a separation agreement (the "Hallman Agreement") with Robert W. Hallman, former President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Pursuant to the Hallman agreement, effective April 30, 2002, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Hallman a separation payment equal to three times his current annual salary, payable bi-weekly over 36 months, until May 2005. In addition, under the Hallman Agreement, the Company agreed to amend four of Mr. Hallman's outstanding stock options granted under the Company's 1994 Stock Option Plan and 1998 Stock Incentive Plan. In particular, the options were amended to provide that, as of April 30, 2002, all of the shares underlying such options are fully vested and immediately exercisable and that each of the options will remain exercisable by Mr. Hallman until their expiration date. In consideration for the payments and other benefits under the Hallman Agreement, Mr. Hallman agreed for a period of five (5) years commencing on April 30, 2002, not to engage in any business activity on behalf of an entity which is a direct competitor of the Company and agreed not to recruit, solicit or offer employment to any employee of the Company.

The repositioning activity and workforce reduction, which was initiated in June, was substantially complete at the end of the second quarter of 2002. The Hampshire drive consolidation is expected to be complete by the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2002. Through June 29, 2002, the Company had paid \$258,000 as a result of the forgoing repositioning actions.

Other Income and Expense

Other expense, net was \$237,000 or 1% of revenues for the second quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to other expense net, of \$351,000 or 1% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Other expense, net was \$438,000 or 1% of revenue for the first six months of fiscal 2002 as compared to other expense, net of \$554,000 or 1% of revenue for the comparable period in fiscal 2001.

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Interest, net was \$224,000 for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$88,000, as compared to \$312,000 for the comparable period in fiscal 2001. Interest income for the first six months of fiscal 2002 was \$63,000, a decrease of \$101,000 as compared to \$164,000 for the comparable period in fiscal 2001, primarily as a result of lower interest rates. Interest expense was \$273,000 for the second quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$80,000 as compared to \$353,000 for the comparable period in 2001. Interest expense for the first six months of fiscal 2002 was \$518,000, a decrease of \$176,000 as compared to \$694,000 for the comparable period in fiscal 2001, primarily as a result of lower interest rates on borrowings.

Provision for Income Taxes

The Company did not record a provision for income taxes, as a result of tax losses incurred in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002.

The Company did not record a provision for income taxes, as a result of the utilization of net operating loss carry forwards for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001.

Net Income (Loss)

As a result of the foregoing, the Company had net losses of \$11.5 million and \$11.3 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2002, respectively, as compared to net income of \$105,000 and \$1.1 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, respectively.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At June 29, 2002, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$12.9 million and working capital of \$24.2 million as compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$2.5 million and working capital of \$26.7 million at December 29, 2001. The increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$10.4 million for the first six months of fiscal 2002 was primarily attributable to cash provided by operating and financing activities of \$10.0 million and \$853,000, respectively, offset by cash used for investing activities of \$397,000.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$10.0 million for the six months ended June 29, 2002, primarily as a result of net losses of \$11.3 million, and an increase in inventories of \$1.7 million, offset by special charges and discontinued programs of \$10.7 million, depreciation and amortization of \$4.9 million, decreases in accounts receivable of \$4.9 million as a result of an improvement in days sales outstanding and a decrease in revenues, an increase in accounts payable of \$2.4 million and a decrease in accrued expenses of \$916,000.

Net cash used for investing activities of \$397,000 for the six months ended June 29, 2002 consisted primarily of additions to property, plant and equipment used in the Company's business, net of proceeds from sales of equipment used in the Company's business.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 29, 2002 totaled \$853,000 and consisted primarily of proceeds of \$3.0 million from

borrowings under the Company's lease line of credit facility with Keybank National Association, offset by payments on the mortgage term loans and the lease line of credit facility of \$2.2 million.

The Company's long-term debt consists of two mortgage term loans from Citizens Bank New Hampshire ("Citizens"), and a lease line of credit facility from Keybank National Association ("Keybank").

On May 1, 2002, the Company borrowed an additional \$3.0 million against its lease line of credit facility with Keybank National Association. The borrowing is secured by certain equipment valued at \$5.0 million, with interest payable at the LIBOR rate plus 4.25% (6.11% at June 29, 2002). Principal and interest is due and payable in sixty equal monthly installments of \$58,126, beginning on June 1, 2002.

In addition to the mortgage term loans and the lease line of credit, the Company has a revolving line of credit loan with Citizens Bank New Hampshire, ("Citizens") which expires in September 2002, under which the Company may borrow a maximum of \$16.0 million. The revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base

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formula based on eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined by the loan agreement, and reduced by the amount of all letters of credit outstanding. The revolving line of credit loan is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets, with interest payable at the LIBOR rate plus 1.50% (3.36% at June 29, 2002). As of June 29, 2002, the Company had \$10.5 million available under the revolving line of credit loan, reduced by \$6.5 million outstanding under standby letters of credit. The Company received a commitment letter from Citizens extending its revolving line of credit loan through October 2003.

Under the terms of the mortgage term loans, the lease line of credit and the revolving line of credit agreements, the Company is required to meet various restrictive covenants on a quarterly and annual basis, including maximum funded debt to EBITDA and minimum fixed charge coverage covenants. The Company's lenders waived the terms of certain covenants for the second quarter of fiscal 2002. As a result of the losses recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2002, however, the Company was not in compliance with the amended covenants at June 29, 2002. In July 2002, the Company received waivers from its lenders concerning the non-compliance with these covenants for the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

The Company has future contractual payments primarily related to debt, royalty obligations, and operating leases, from 2002 through 2010. The Company's future commitments under its credit facilities total \$18.2 million at June 29, 2002, of which \$3.0 million will be paid in 2002. The future commitments under the Company's royalty agreement with Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., total \$12.5 million at June 29, 2002, of which \$1.2 million is expected to be paid in 2002. The Company also has future minimum rental commitments under various non-cancelable operating leases of \$270,000 at June 29, 2002. The related lease agreements expire on various dates over the next three years. The Company expects to make payments of \$143,000 under its non-cancelable operating lease agreements for the remainder of fiscal 2002.

Although the Company believes that existing funds, cash flows from operations, and cash available under its revolving line of credit and lease line of credit should be sufficient to satisfy working capital requirements and capital expenditures through the term of its current loan agreement, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to renew its existing loan agreement, will not require additional financing, or that such additional financing, if

needed, will be available on acceptable terms. Likewise there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to manage its working capital and elevated inventory levels successfully.

The Company's anticipated capital expenditures for the balance of fiscal 2002 are approximately \$2.0 million, and primarily relate to the purchase of capital equipment to be used in the production of the Company's DI and CTP equipment and consumable products.

#### EFFECT OF INFLATION

Inflation has not had, and is not expected to have, a material impact upon the Company's operations.

#### RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), which supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, "Intangible Assets". SFAS 142 eliminates the current requirement to amortize goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, addresses the amortization of intangible assets with a defined life and addresses the impairment testing and recognition for goodwill and intangible assets. SFAS 142 applies to goodwill and intangible assets arising from transactions completed before and after the Statement's effective date. SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal 2002. The adoption of SFAS 142 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company also adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations for a Disposal of a Segment of a Business." SFAS 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, with earlier application encouraged. The adoption of SFAS 144 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

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In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS 143"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated retirement costs. SFAS 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company has not yet determined the impact the adoption of SFAS 143 will have on its financial statements.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The Company is exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates primarily as a result of its borrowing activities, and to a lesser extent, its investing activities. The majority of the Company's long-term borrowings are in fixed rate instruments, or variable rate instruments with fixed rate conversion provisions. The Company does not enter into interest rate swap agreements or other speculative or leveraged transactions. The Company currently has no material exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its short-term investments.

The Company has limited exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk, as substantially all of its transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars. Some of the Company's customers and strategic partners are not located in the United States, however. As a result, these customers and strategic partners are themselves subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. If their home country currency were to decrease in value relative to the United States dollar, their ability to purchase and market the Company's products could be adversely affected and the Company's products may become less competitive to them. This may have an adverse impact on the Company's business. Likewise, some of the Company's suppliers are not located in the United States and thus, such suppliers are subject to foreign exchange rate risks in transactions with the Company. Decreases in the value of their home country currency versus that of the United States dollar could cause fluctuations in supply pricing which could have an adverse effect on the Company's business.

#### PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See Part I - Item 3 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001 filed with the Commission on March 29, 2002 for a description of certain legal proceedings pending against the Company. All of such information is hereby incorporated by reference in response to this item.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- (a) On June 14, 2002, the Company held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
- (b) Not Applicable.
- (c) At such meeting, the stockholders of the Company voted:
  - (1) To elect seven (7) Directors to serve for the ensuing year. The votes cast were as follows:

Nominees	Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Withheld	Abstained
Richard A. Williams	30,402,161	N/A	729 <b>,</b> 846	N/A
Edward J. Marino	29,848,994	N/A	1,286,013	N/A
Dr. Lawrence Howard	30,152,063	N/A	979 <b>,</b> 944	N/A
John W. Dreyer	30,607,532	N/A	524 <b>,</b> 475	N/A
Daniel S. Ebenstein	30,657,065	N/A	474,942	N/A
John B. Evans	30,301,479	N/A	830 <b>,</b> 528	N/A
Michael D. Moffitt	30,678,523	N/A	453,484	N/A

(2) To ratify the selection of BDO Seidman, LLP, as the Company's independent auditors for the fiscal year ending December 28, 2002. The votes cast were as follows:

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Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Withheld	Abstained	Broker Non Votes
30,700,445	356,508	N/A	75 <b>,</b> 054	N/A

(3) To approve and adopt the Company's 2002 Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The votes cast were as follows:

	Votes	Votes		Broker Non
Votes For	Against	Withheld	Abstained	Votes
29,910,354	1,033,100	N/A	188 <b>,</b> 553	N/A

(d) Not Applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

#### (a) Exhibits

- 10.1 Separation Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Robert W. Hallman dated as of April 26, 2002, and effective as of April 30, 2002 (filed herewith).
- 10.2 Employment Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Edward J. Marino, dated April 3, 2002 (filed herewith).\*\*
- 10.3 Employment Agreement by and between Presstek, Inc. and Moosa
   E. Moosa, dated June 28, 2002 (filed herewith).\*\*
- 10.4 Agreement for Manufacture & Sale of "Sun Press" between
   Presstek, Inc. and Ryobi Limited, dated as of April 5, 2002
   (filed herewith). \*
- 10.5 2002 Employee Stock Purchase Plan of Presstek, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the Commission on August 9, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference). \*\*
- 99.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 99.2 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- \* Confidential treatment requested as to omitted portions pursuant to Rule 24b-2 promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- \*\* Denotes management employment contracts or compensatory plans.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the

Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PRESSTEK, INC. (Registrant)

Date: August 13, 2002 /s/ Edward J. Marino

\_\_\_\_\_

By: Edward J. Marino President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive and Duly Authorized Officer)

Date: August 13, 2002 /s/ Moosa E. Moosa

\_\_\_\_\_

By: Moosa E. Moosa Vice President of Finance, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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#### EXHIBIT INDEX

No.

Description

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